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GTN 625/635/650

Pilot's Guide

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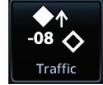
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This manual reflects the operation of System Software version 6.20, or later. Some differences in operation may be observed when comparing the information in this manual to later software versions.

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LIMITED WARRANTY

All Garmin avionics products are warranted to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for: two years from the date of purchase for new Remote-Mount and Panel-Mount products; one year from the date of purchase for new portable products and any purchased newly-overhauled products; six months for newly-overhauled products exchanged through a Garmin Authorized Service Center; and 90 days for factory repaired or newly-overhauled products exchanged at Garmin in lieu of repair. Within the applicable period, Garmin will, at its sole option, repair or replace any components that fail in normal use. Such repairs or replacement will be made at no charge to the customer for parts or labor, provided that the customer shall be responsible for any transportation cost. This warranty does not apply to: (i) cosmetic damage, such as scratches, nicks and dents; (ii) consumable parts, such as batteries, unless product damage has occurred due to a defect in materials or workmanship; (iii) damage caused by accident, abuse, misuse, water, flood, fire, or other acts of nature or external causes; (iv) damage caused by service performed by anyone who is not an authorized service provider of Garmin; or (v) damage to a product that has been modified or altered without the written permission of Garmin. In addition, Garmin reserves the right to refuse warranty claims against products or services that are obtained and/or used in contravention of the laws of any country.

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Garmin retains the exclusive right to repair or replace (with a new or newly-overhauled replacement product) the product or software or offer a full refund of the purchase price at its sole discretion. SUCH REMEDY SHALL BE YOUR SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR ANY BREACH OF WARRANTY.

Online Auction Purchases: Products purchased through online auctions are not eligible for warranty coverage. Online auction confirmations are not accepted for warranty verification. To obtain warranty service, an original or copy of the sales receipt from the original retailer is required. Garmin will not replace missing components from any package purchased through an online auction.

International Purchases: A separate warranty may be provided by international distributors for devices purchased outside the United States depending on the country. If applicable, this warranty is provided by the local in-country distributor and this distributor provides local service for your device. Distributor warranties are only valid in the area of intended distribution. Devices purchased in the United States or Canada must be returned to the Garmin service center in the United Kingdom, the United States, Canada, or Taiwan for service.

To obtain warranty service, contact your local Garmin Authorized Service Center. For assistance in locating a Service Center near you, visit the Garmin web site at http://www.garmin.com or contact Garmin Customer Service at 866-739-5687.

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WARNING: Navigation and terrain separation must NOT be predicated upon the use of the terrain function. The GTN 6XX Terrain Proximity feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight. The Terrain Proximity feature is only to be used as an aid for terrain avoidance and is not certified for use in applications requiring a certified terrain awareness system. Terrain data is obtained from third party sources. Garmin is not able to independently verify the accuracy of the terrain data.

WARNING: The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes.

WARNING: The Garmin GTN 6XX has a very high degree of functional integrity. However, the pilot must recognize that providing monitoring and/or self-test capability for all conceivable system failures is not practical. Although unlikely, it may be possible for erroneous operation to occur without a fault indication shown by the GTN 6XX. It is thus the responsibility of the pilot to detect such an occurrence by means of cross-checking with all redundant or correlated information available in the cockpit.

WARNING: The altitude calculated by GPS receivers is geometric height above Mean Sea Level and could vary significantly from the altitude displayed by pressure altimeters, such as the output from the GDC 74A/B Air Data Computer, or other altimeters in aircraft. GPS altitude should never be used for vertical navigation. Always use pressure altitude displayed by pressure altimeters in the aircraft.

WARNING: Do not use outdated database information. Databases used in the GTN 6XX system must be updated regularly in order to ensure that the information remains current. Pilots using an outdated database do so entirely at their own risk.

WARNING: Do not use basemap (land and water data) information for primary navigation. Basemap data is intended only to supplement other approved navigation data sources and should be considered as an aid to enhance situational awareness.

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⚠ **WARNING:** *Traffic information shown on the GTN 6XX is provided as an aid in visually acquiring traffic. Pilots must maneuver the aircraft based only upon ATC guidance or positive visual acquisition of conflicting traffic.*

⚠ **WARNING:** *Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.*

⚠ **WARNING:** *Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.*

⚠ **WARNING:** *Never use datalinked weather to attempt to penetrate a thunderstorm. Both the FAA Advisory Circular, Subject: Thunderstorms, and the Airman's Information Manual (AIM) recommend avoiding "by at least 20 miles any thunderstorm identified as severe or giving an intense radio echo.*

⚠ **WARNING:** *For safety reasons, GTN 6XX operational procedures must be learned on the ground.*

⚠ **WARNING:** *Never use datalinked weather to attempt to penetrate a thunderstorm. Both the FAA Advisory Circular, Subject: Thunderstorms, and the Airman's Information Manual (AIM) recommend avoiding "by at least 20 miles any thunderstorm identified as severe or giving an intense radar echo."*

⚠ **WARNING:** *To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of the GTN 6XX Pilot's Guide. Thoroughly practice basic operation prior to actual use. During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the GTN 6XX to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety purposes, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.*

CAUTION: The United States government operates the Global Positioning System and is solely responsible for its accuracy and maintenance. The GPS system is subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS equipment. Portions of the Garmin GTN 6XX utilize GPS as a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID). Therefore, as with all NAVAIDs, information presented by the GTN 6XX can be misused or misinterpreted and, therefore, become unsafe.

CAUTION: The Garmin GTN 6XX does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void both the warranty and the pilot's authority to operate this device under FAA/FCC regulations.

CAUTION: The GTN displays use a lens coated with a special anti-reflective coating that is very sensitive to skin oils, waxes, and abrasive cleaners. CLEANERS CONTAINING AMMONIA WILL HARM THE ANTI-REFLECTIVE COATING. It is very important to clean the lens using a clean, lint-free cloth and an eyeglass lens cleaner that is specified as safe for anti-reflective coatings.

CAUTION: TFRs provided by datalink weather sources (i.e., FIS-B and SiriusXM) are only advisory and do not replace a thorough preflight briefing on TFR times and locations. Not all TFRs may be shown. To determine accurate TFR information, verify with official sources, i.e., preflight planning or flight service center.

NOTE: All visual depictions contained within this document, including screen images of the GTN bezel and displays, are subject to change and may not reflect the most current GTN software. Depictions of equipment may differ slightly from the actual equipment.

NOTE: This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: This product, its packaging, and its components contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm. This notice is being provided in accordance with California's Proposition 65. If you have any questions or would like additional information, please refer to our website at www.garmin.com/prop65.

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> ✓ ***NOTE***: *Canadian installations: In accordance with Canadian Radio Specifications Standard 102 (RSS 102), RF field strength exposure to persons from an antenna connected to this device should be limited to 60 V/m for controlled environment and 28 V/m for uncontrolled environment.*

> ✓ ***NOTE:*** *Do not use SafeTaxi or Chartview functions as the basis for ground maneuvering. SafeTaxi and Chartview functions do not comply with the requirements of AC 20-159 and are not qualified to be used as an airport moving map display (AMMD). SafeTaxi and Chartview are to be used by the flight crew to orient themselves on the airport surface to improve pilot situational awareness during ground operations.*

> ✓ ***NOTE:*** *The FAA has asked Garmin to remind pilots who fly with Garmin database-dependent avionics of the following:*

> • *It is the pilot's responsibility to remain familiar with all FAA regulatory and advisory guidance and information related to the use of databases in the National Airspace System.*
>
> • *Garmin equipment will only recognize and use databases that are obtained from Garmin or Jeppesen. Databases obtained from Garmin or Jeppesen are assured compliance with all data quality requirements (DQRs) by virtue of a Type 2 Letter of Authorization (LOA) from the FAA. A copy of the Type 2 LOA is available for each database and can be viewed at http://fly.garmin.com by selecting "Type 2 LOA Status."*
>
> • *Use of a current Garmin or Jeppesen database in your Garmin equipment is required for compliance with established FAA regulatory guidance, but does not constitute authorization to fly any and all terminal procedures that may be presented by the system. It is the pilot's responsibility to operate in accordance with established AFM(S) and regulatory guidance or limitations as applicable to the pilot, the aircraft, and installed equipment.*

> ✓ ***NOTE***: *The pilot/operator must review and be familiar with Garmin's database exclusion list as discussed in SAIB CE-14-04 to determine what data may be incomplete. The database exclusion list can be viewed at www.flygarmin.com by selecting "Database Exclusions List."*

> **NOTE**: The pilot/operator must have access to Garmin and Jeppesen database alerts and consider their impact on the intended aircraft operation. The database alerts can be viewed at www.flygarmin.com by selecting "Aviation Database Alerts."

> **NOTE**: If the pilot/operator wants or needs to adjust the database, contact Garmin Product Support.

> **NOTE**: Garmin requests the flight crew report any observed discrepancies related to database information. These discrepancies could come in the form of an incorrect procedure; incorrectly identified terrain, obstacles and fixes; or any other displayed item used for navigation or communication in the air or on the ground. Go to FlyGarmin.com and select "Aviation Data Error Report."

> **NOTE**: The GTN touchscreen may not respond to touch commands if condensation or moisture accumulates on the touchscreen.

> **NOTE**: Depending on software version and configuration, GTN features and screen images may differ from those shown in this manual.

NOTE: This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC limits for Class B digital devices. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Furthermore, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by relocating the equipment or connecting the equipment to a different circuit than the affected equipment. Consult an authorized dealer or other qualified avionics technician for additional help if these remedies do not correct the problem.

Operation of this device is subject to the following conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

To obtain accessories for your unit, please contact your Garmin dealer.

Help us better support you by completing our on-line registration form today! Registration ensures that you will be notified of product updates and new products and provides lost or stolen unit tracking. Please, have the serial number of your unit handy, connect to our web site (www.garmin.com) and look for our Product Registration link on the Home page.

The display surface is coated with a special anti-reflective coating which is very sensitive to skin oils, waxes and abrasive cleaners. It is very important to clean the lens using an eyeglass lens cleaner which is specified as safe for anti-reflective coatings and a clean, lint-free cloth.

AC 90-100A Statement of Compliance: The Garmin navigational unit meets the performance and functional requirements of AC 90-100A.

Product Registration and Support

Help us better support you by completing your online registration today! Have the serial number of your product handy and connect to the Garmin web site (www.garmin.com). Look for the Product Registration link on the Home page. Also, be sure to record your serial number in the space provided.

If you have any questions, the Garmin Product Support department may be reached Monday through Friday, 7:00 AM to 7:00 PM Central Time.

US: 913-397-8200

US Toll Free: 1-866-739-5687

Canada Toll Free: 1-866-429-9296

Record of Revisions			
Part Number	**Revision**	**Date**	**Description**
190-01004-03	A	02/04/11	Initial release
	B	03/16/11	Update information
	C	11/29/12	Updates for software v3.0
	D	02/28/13	Updates for software v4.0
	E	03/25/13	Updates for software v4.10
	F	08/26/13	Updates for software v5.0
	G	08/01/14	Updates for software v5.10
	H	10/17/14	Updates for software v5.12
	J	7/2015	Updates for software v6.00
	K	1/2016	Updates for software v6.10
	L	9/2016	Updates for software v6.20

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Welcome ...

Welcome to the GTN era of navigation. The Garmin GTN supports airway navigation and flexible flight planning, including arrival and departure procedures and precision approaches. All of these advanced features are easily accessed with an easy-to-use touchscreen display, another first for general aviation. You can be confident in knowing that this product has been designed to meet or exceed industry performance standards and is supported through a global network of Garmin Aviation Distributors.

About This Guide

Take a little time to review the various sections of this guide to familiarize yourself with it. First, read this section and the Getting Started section as an introduction to quickly get you started with the GTN. The other sections are not meant to necessarily be read in order, but provide detailed information on the subject they contain as you need them. Do take the time to review the information before using the product to assist you in getting the most out of your avionics.

Generally, a feature will be described in a section that provides a brief description, a graphic functional diagram, and step-by-step procedures. If read cover-to-cover sequentially, the information may seem repetitive. The guide is designed as a reference and learning tool where you will generally skip around the document learning about a particular feature or function after becoming familiar with the unit.

Electronic Document Features

Versions of this guide are saved in the Adobe Portable Document Format (pdf) and have features that help the user navigate more easily through the document. The cover icons, table of contents, and index are hyperlinks that will take you directly to the selected item.

Versions of aviation products in PDF format are available at www.garmin. com/manuals.

Conventions

The GTN display dynamically tailors the number and position of the controls for each function and are engaged by merely touching them.

Touch   Touch the key with your finger.

Drag   Touch the list or location on the map with your finger. Continue lightly holding your finger to the display surface and drag your finger in the intended direction to scroll through the list or move the location on the map.

In this pilot's guide, keys are noted by bold text. An image of the key used will be shown to the left of a procedure. Keys are outlined areas on the display. Figures in the guide will identify the available controls. A key may have a name of a control, such as **Enter**, **Terrain**, or **Back**. A key may also be an information field, such as a numeric value that can be changed.

Graphic Of Key

Text Description Of Key Operation

While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **Terrain** Map Overlay key to toggle the view of Terrain data.

Graphic Of Key With Numeric Value
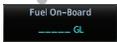
Text Description Of Key

When the Fuel on Board value is selected, touch the **Fuel on Board** key to display the Fuel on Board values.

List "Keys." Touch To Select.

Select Field Type

ESA – Enroute Safe Altitude

ETA – Estimated Time of Arrival

ETA at Dest – ETA at Destination

ETE – Estimated Time Enroute

ETE to Dest – ETE to Destination

Scroll Bar Indicates More Selections Available. Touch Finger To An Item In The List And Drag Your Finger To View More Selections.

Selected Field Type

Touching the **Back** key returns to the previous display. The **Cancel** key cancels any information selected or entered and returns to the previous display.

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1   GETTING STARTED

1.1   Model Descriptions

This guide covers the operation of the GTN 625, 635, and 650. In general, all models will be referred to as the GTN 6XX, except where there are physical or operational differences. The GTN 6XX units are approximately 6.25 inches wide and 2.65 inches high. The display is a 600 by 266 pixel, 4.9 inch diagonal color LCD with touchscreen controls. The units include one removable SD data card for the databases and software upgrades.

The GTN 6XX simplifies your workload with an easy-to-use touch panel that provides a visual display of both controls and functions. The required controls are displayed for the selected function. Keys on the display allow you to access and control their functions by a simple touch on the interactive display.

The GTN 6XX can integrate a variety of avionics that will not only simplify operation, but also save panel space. The GTN 625, 635, and 650 have their own GPS/SBAS navigator and flight planning functions. The GTN 635 adds a VHF Com radio, while the 650 adds VHF Com and VHF Nav radios. Selected optional external equipment allows you to display and control active traffic systems, SirusXM Entertainment Radio, SiriusXM Weather, and a Mode S transponder directly from the GTN 6XX display, and more. When the optional transponder is not installed, the area on the right side of the display will show a line of navigation information instead of the transponder window.

1.1.1   GTN 625

The GTN 625 has a GPS/SBAS engine and is TSO-C146c certified for primary domestic, oceanic, and remote navigation including en route, terminal, and non-precision approaches, and approaches with vertical guidance, such as LPV and LNAV/VNAV. The GTN 625 can simultaneously give aviators vital approach information and weather and traffic data in relation to their position on a large, color moving map display. Thanks to a high-contrast color display, the information can be easily read from wide viewing angles even in direct sunlight. Its color moving map features a built-in database that shows cities, highways, railroads, rivers, lakes, coastlines, and a complete Jeppesen database. The Jeppesen database (that can be updated with a front-loading data card) contains all airports, VORs, NDBs, Intersections, FSSs, Approaches, DPs/STARs, and SUA information.

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Pilots will enjoy the GTN 625 as a flexible and powerful navigator, especially when it is coupled with traffic, lightning detection, and weather interfaces. With the PC-based FDE prediction program, the GTN 625 may be used for oceanic or remote operations. For the latest in graphic and text weather information, the GTN 625 can interface to the SiriusXM Weather Service via the Garmin GDL 69/69A datalink receiver.

1.1.2 GTN 635

The GTN 635 includes all of the features of the GTN 625, and also includes a TSO'd airborne VHF communications transceiver.

1.1.3 GTN 650

The GTN 650 includes all of the features of the GTN 625, and also includes a TSO'd airborne VHF communications transceiver and TSO'd airborne VOR/Localizer and Glideslope receivers.

1.2 About This Pilot's Guide

1.2.1 Conventions

Bold text indicates a control. The **small right** knob is the smaller, inner knob of the two concentric rotary knobs on the lower, right corner of the bezel. The **large right** knob is the larger, outer knob.

Large, Outer Knob

Small, Inner Knob
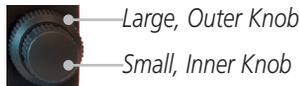
Figure 1-1 Large/Small Concentric Knobs

A graphic of a control on the side of the page refers to the control you should use for the associated step as shown below.

1.2.2 Using the Touchscreen

Most of the controls are operated by touching the display. Highlighted icons and keys may be simply touched to make a selection. A list of menu items may be scrolled by touching the screen and retaining pressure while sliding your finger up or down. Map displays may be panned by touching the screen and retaining pressure while sliding your finger in the desired direction. Pinch-to-zoom capability is available in software v6.20 or later.

You can return to the previous page or exit the current function by touching the **Back** key.

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HOME

Quickly return to the Home page by pressing the **HOME** key. Press and Hold the **HOME** key to reach the Default Nav page.

1.3   Product Description

This section provides an overview of the GTN 6XX product and a quick look at some important features. The GTN 6XX presents a full-color moving map with navigation information to the pilot through a large-format display. Controls are a combination of rotary knobs and push-keys on the bezel with the color display providing information as well as a touchscreen controls. The GTN 6XX has a 600 x 266 pixel, 4.9 inch diagonal LCD display.

Active Com/Nav Frequency

Standby Com/Nav Frequency

Volume, Squelch On/ Off, and Nav ID On/Off

Function Keys

Home Page

HOME Key

Photo Sensor

Direct-To Key

Datacard

Message Annunciation And Key

Locking Screw

Large and Small Knobs

Annunciations

Dual Rotary Knob Function Hints

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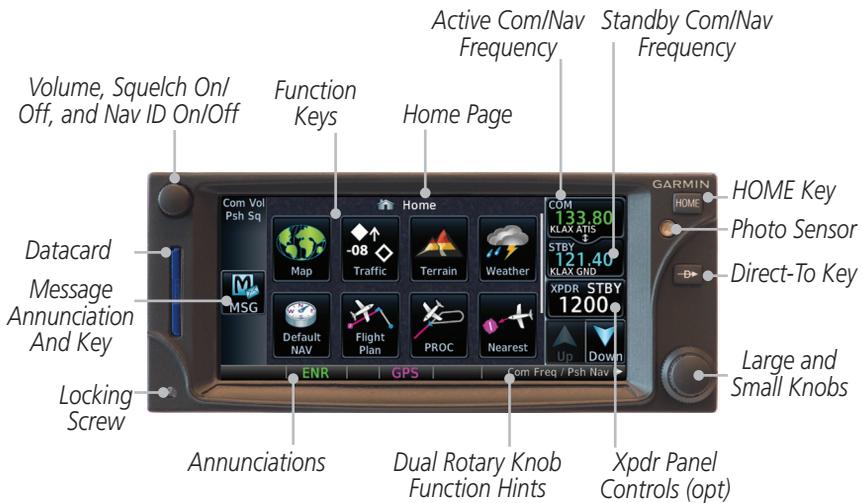
Figure 1-2 GTN 650 Front Panel

1.3.1   Datacard

The GTN 6XX uses a Secure Digital (SD) card or Flight Stream 510 to load and store various types of data. The datacard is required for Terrain, FliteChart, and Chartview database storage and all database updates.

> **NOTE: _Do Not_** *remove or insert the datacard while in flight. Ensure the GTN 6XX is powered off before inserting or removing a datacard.*

> **NOTE**: *For instructions on updating databases, refer to section 18.2.*

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1.3.1.1 Inserting a Datacard

1. Insert the datacard in the datacard slot (the label side of the card should face the right edge of the display bezel).

2. To eject the card, gently press on the datacard to release the spring latch.

1.3.2 Pilot Controls

The GTN 6XX controls have been designed to simplify operation of the system and minimize workload and the time required to access sophisticated functionality. Controls are located on the bezel and on the touchscreen display. Controls are comprised of dual concentric knobs, volume/squelch knob, bezel keys, and active touch areas on the display.

1.3.2.1 Volume/Squelch Knob

The **Volume** knob located in the top left corner of the bezel controls audio volume for the selected Com radio or Nav receiver and other volume levels for external audio input devices that are controlled via the GTN interface, if installed. When the Com radio is active, press the **Volume** knob momentarily to disable automatic squelch control for the Com radio. When the Nav radio is active, press the **Volume** knob momentarily to enable/disable the ident tone for the Nav radio.

Figure 1-3 Volume/Squelch Knob

1.3.2.2 Large/Small Concentric Knobs

The **large right** and **small right** knobs are used for data entry, such as in the Waypoint or Direct-To functions, and to set the frequencies for the NAV/COM radios in units so equipped.

Figure 1-4 Large/Small Concentric Knobs

1.3.2.3 HOME Key

Pressing the **HOME** key displays the Home page, the main screen for accessing the GTN features. Pressing and holding the **HOME** key will open the Default Navigation page from any other page.

Figure 1-5 HOME Key

Page Or Function Name

Touch The Key To Access The Function

Touch Arrow Or Touchscreen And Drag Finger To Scroll Screen For More Keys

Figure 1-6 Home Page On The GTN 650

Navigation Information

Figure 1-7 Home Page On The GTN 625 Without Transponder

1.3.2.4   Direct-To Key

The **Direct-To** key provides access to the direct-to function, which allows you to enter a waypoint and establishes a direct course to the selected destination.

Figure 1-8 Direct-To Key

1.3.2.5   Touchscreen Keys

Touchscreen keys are placed around the display. The keys vary depending on the page selected. Touch the key to perform the function or access the described information.

Touch To View Menu Items

Touch To View Messages

Touch To View Previous Page

Touch To Select CDI Source   Touch To Toggle OBS

Figure 1-9 Touchscreen Key Control Example (Default Nav Page)

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1.4 Unit Power Up

The GTN 6XX System is integrated with the aircraft electrical system and receives power directly from electrical busses. The GTN 6XX and supporting sub-systems include both power-on and continuous built-in test features that exercise the processor, memory, external inputs, and outputs to ensure safe operation.

1.4.1 Start-Up Screens

During system initialization, test annunciations are displayed. All system annunciations should disappear typically within the first 30 seconds after power-up. Upon power-up, key annunciator lights also become momentarily illuminated on the GTN 6XX display bezel.

The splash screen displays the following information:

- Copyright
- Database List and System version
- Instrument Panel Self-Test

Current database information includes valid operating dates, cycle number, and database type. When this information has been reviewed for currency (to ensure that no databases have expired), the pilot is prompted to continue. Databases that are not current will be shown in amber.

During the startup process the user may be asked if they would like to update to newer databases. Additional information on database updates can be found in section 18.2, Database Information and Updates.

The COM and NAV radios, transponder controls, and GDL 88 control panel are displayed on the Start-Up screens. Some functions may be unavailable until after the databases are verified.

1 - Copyright **2 - SW & Database Versions & Dates** **3 - Panel Self-Test**
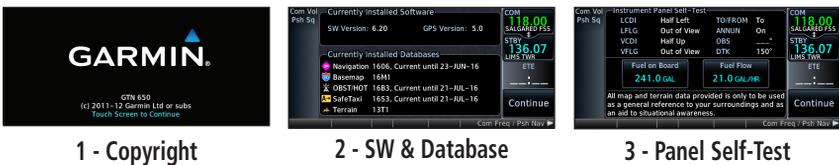
Figure 1-10 System Startup Pages

1.4.2 Database Verification and Fuel Settings

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Continue

1. When the System and Database Version page appears, ensure databases are current. Then, touch **Continue**.

Software and GPS Engine Versions

Ensure Required Databases Are Present And Current

Touch To Continue To Self-Test Page

Figure 1-11 System Startup Pages

2. When the Instrument Panel Self-Test and Fuel Setting page appears, check to ensure that the CDI/HSI outputs and other displayed data are correct on the external interfaced equipment.

3. Touch each of the Fuel value keys and set the appropriate values as desired. Fuel capacity units are selected on the System - Units page.

Start-Up Instrument Panel Test Conditions

Touch To Set Current Fuel Quantity

Touch To Set Fuel Flow

Touch To Continue To Home Page

Figure 1-12 Instrument Panel Self-Test & Fuel Settings Page

NOTE: When the GTN is interfaced with a digital fuel computer the pilot may not be able to manually edit the fuel flow and fuel on board data on the Self-Test.

4. When the Fuel on Board value is selected, touch the **Full** or **Tabs** keys to display those values after they have been set.

Touch To Display Fuel Full Capacity

Touch To Display Fuel Tabs Capacity

Touch To Set Fuel Full or Tab Capacity

Touch Keys To Select Fuel Capacity Values

Touch To Delete Characters

Touch To Accept Fuel on Board Values

Selected Fuel on Board Capacity

Figure 1-13 Fuel On Board Page

5. Touch the **Set Full/Tabs** key to set the fuel values for Fuel Full Capacity and Fuel Tab Capacity. After setting the fuel values, touch the **Back** and then the **Enter** keys to return to the Instrument Panel Self Test page.

Touch To Set Fuel Full Capacity

Touch To Return To Fuel On Board Display

Touch To Set Fuel Tab Capacity

Figure 1-14 Fuel Capacity Setup Page

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Fuel Flow
500.0 LB/HR

Enter

6. On the Instrument Panel Self Test page, touch the **Fuel Flow** key and then use the numeric keypad to set those values. Touch the **Enter** key after selecting the Fuel Flow values.

Selected Fuel Flow Value

Touch Keys To Select Fuel Flow Values

Touch To Cancel Selection And Return To Previous Page

Touch To Delete Characters

Touch To Accept Fuel Flow Values

Figure 1-15 Fuel Flow Setup Page

Continue

7. After returning to the Instrument Panel Self-Test page and the fuel values have been set, touch the **Continue** key to advance to the Home page.

Figure 1-16 Home Page

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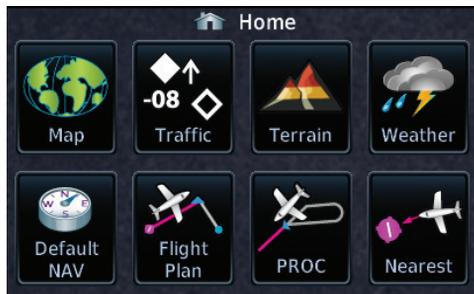
1.5   System Operation

1.5.1   Using the Touchscreen Key Controls

Except for the knobs, the **HOME** key, and **Direct-To** key on the bezel, the controls for the GTN 6XX are located on the display and activated by touch.
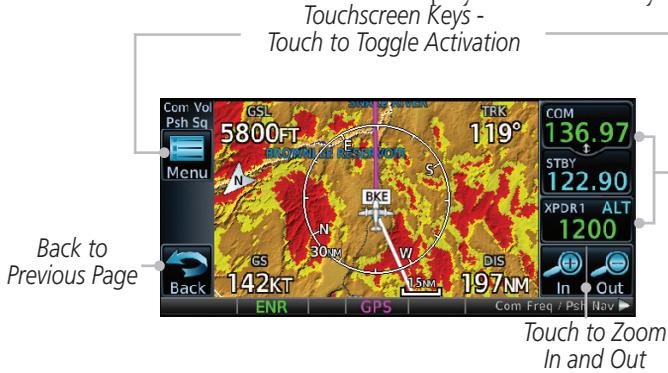
Figure 1-17 On-Screen Keys and Active Display Areas

1.5.2   Setup Page

GTN 6XX system settings are managed on the System page. The following settings can be changed:

- System Status
- GPS Status
- External LRUs
- Setup
- Alerts Settings
- User Fields
- Units Settings
- Audio
- Backlight
- Connext Setup

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GPS Status Page & SBAS Providers

Information on External LRUs

View System Status Values and SW Versions

Select System Setup Values

Set Alert Values

Set System Units of Measurement

Set User Fields

Select Audio Settings

Select Backlight Setting

Select Connext Setup

Figure 1-18 System Page

1.5.2.1   System Setup Values

1.   From the Home page, touch **System** and then **Setup**.

Select CDI and ILS CDI Capture

Set Date/Time with Local Offset & Time Format

Set Nearest Airport Runway Surface & Min Runway Length

Select Crossfill

Select Com Channel Spacing
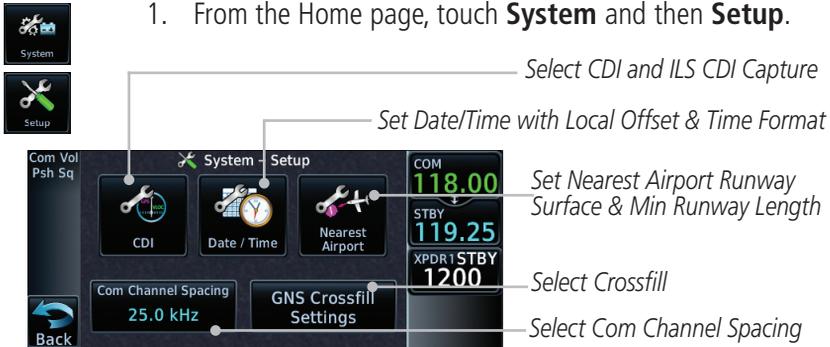
Figure 1-19 System Setup Page

2.   Touch the **Date/Time** key. Then, select the desired Time Format and Local Offset by touching the Time Format (**12 Hour, 24 Hour,** and/or **UTC**) keys and selecting the appropriate Local Time Offset after touching the **Local Offset** key.

3.   Touch the **Com Channel Spacing** key to toggle between 8.33 and 25.0 kHz channel spacing.

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4. For Nearest Airport filtering, touch the **Runway Surface** key and select the desired type of surface that will appear in the Nearest Airport list.

5. Touch the **Minimum Runway Length** key to select the minimum runway length allowed for the Nearest Airport. Selecting 0 feet will show all airports regardless of runway length.
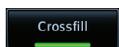
6. Touch the **Crossfill** key to enable or disable crossfill with a second GTN unit.
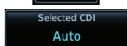
7. Touch the **CDI** key. Then, elect the CDI and ILS CDI Capture method with the **Selected CDI** and **ILS CDI Capture** keys.

1.5.2.2   Units Settings Values

1. From the Home page, touch **System**.

2. Touch the **Units** key and then the desired item key. Select the desired value.

3. Continue to select the desired Units values and then touch the **Back** or **HOME** key to exit.

1.5.2.3   Alerts Settings Values

1. From the Home page, touch **System** and then **Alerts**.

2. Set arrival alerting. Touch the **Arrival** key. Touch the **Proximity** key and select the desired value.

3. Touch the **Airspace Alert Options** key and select the desired values for alerting.

4. Continue to select the desired Alerts values and then touch the **Back** or **HOME** key to exit.

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1.5.3   Dual GTN Installations

Dual GTN units when connected in the aircraft may be set up to communicate and share information by "Crossfilling" or synchronizing information between the two units.

The following Crossfill information is always synchronized between both GTN units:

- User Waypoints
- Flight Plan Catalog
- Alerts (traffic pop-up acknowledgement, missed approach waypoint pop-up acknowledgement, altitude leg pop-up acknowledgement)
- External sensors (transponder status and commands, synchro heading)
- System setup:
    – User-defined NAV frequencies to store favorites
    – Date/Time convention
    – Nearest airport criteria
    – Units (Nav angle, Fuel, Temperature)
    – User-defined COM frequencies to store favorites
    – CDI Scale setting
    – ILS CDI Capture setting

This data is crossfilled only if crossfill is turned on by the pilot:

- Active navigation (flight plan)

> **NOTE:** In dual GTN installations with crossfill on, the OBS course will only be updated in real time on the GTN that is receiving the new OBS course. The course will be transferred to the other GTN when OBS is exited.

> **NOTE:** There is an installer option to turn on a system message that will be provided anytime crossfill is turned off to alert the pilot that flight plans are not being crossfilled.

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1.6   Direct-To Navigation

Pressing the **Direct-To** key to go to the Direct-To function that allows you to quickly navigate from your present position directly to a selected waypoint, flight plan waypoint, or nearest airport.

1.6.1   Direct-To a Waypoint

1. Press **Direct-To**.

2. Touch the **Waypoint** tab and then select the characters for the desired waypoint.

3. Touch **Enter** or press the **small right** knob. Text near the **small right** knob indicates its current function.

OR

Edit Wpt / Psh Activate ▶

1.6.2   Direct-To a Flight Plan Waypoint

1. Press **Direct-To**.

2. Touch the **FPL** tab and then the desired Flight Plan waypoint.

3. Touch **Activate**.

1.6.3   Direct-To a Nearest Airport

1. Press **Direct-To**.

2. Touch the **Nearest** tab and then the desired airport from the Nearest Airport list. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys as needed to show more of the list.

3. Touch **Activate** or press the **small right** knob.

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1.7   Selecting Com/Nav Frequencies
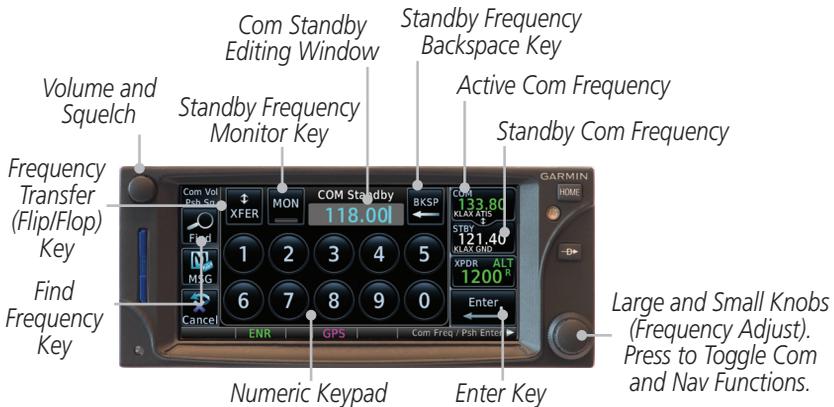
Figure 1-20 Com Radio Frequency Selection Page

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To switch between Com and Nav frequency selection

Tuning control normally remains in the Com window and will return after 30 seconds of inactivity. If you wish to select a NAV frequency, press the **small right** knob momentarily to make the Nav window active for editing. The Standby Nav frequency will be highlighted briefly to indicate that it is active for editing. The standby frequency in blue is active for editing by the **large** and **small right** knobs.

Method 1: Select a Nav/Com frequency using the small and large right rotary knobs

1. Turn the **large right** knob to select the desired megahertz (MHz) value. For example, the "119" portion of the frequency "119.30."

2. Turn the **small right** knob to select the desired kilohertz (kHz) value. For example, the ".30" portion of the frequency "119.30."

3. Touch the Com or NAV window to flip/flop the Active and Standby frequencies. You can also press and hold the **small right** knob to transfer the standby frequency to the active window.

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Method 2: Select a Nav/Com frequency using the numeric keypad

1. Touch the Standby window. A pull down keypad will appear with the current Standby frequency highlighted.

2. Touch the numeric keys to add the desired values and touch **Enter** to accept the displayed value and place it into the Standby window.

3. Touching the **XFER** key will place the selected frequency directly into the Active window.

To transfer the standby frequency to the active frequency

1. Touch the Active (top) frequency window.

Airport Identifier and Type Shown for the Selected Frequency ⎯ COM **118.70** KPDX TWR ⎯ *Active Com Frequency (Touch to Flip/Flop)*

The "+" Sign Indicates More Stations Associated With This Frequency ⎯ STBY **124.35** KPDX CCA+ ⎯ *Standby Com Frequency*

Figure 1-21 Com Radio Frequency Windows (Touch Active to Flip/Flop)

2. Each touch of the Active window will flip/flop the Active and Standby frequencies.

3. The identifier and frequency type will be shown for the selected Com and Nav frequencies for the nearest stations that are in the database when the unit is receiving a valid position input.

Remote Frequency Selection Control

On units configured for remote Com frequency Recall, pressing the remote recall switch will load the next preset Com frequency into the unit's Standby frequency window. The remote recall switch can be pressed multiple times to scroll the entire preset frequency list through the Standby frequency box (the list will "wrap" from the bottom of the list back up to the top, skipping any empty preset positions).

The standby frequency isn't activated until a Com **FLIP/FLOP** switch (either bezel-mounted or remote (COM RMT XFR) is pressed. Remote Frequency Selection only functions on units configured for a remote Com Frequency recall switch.

> *NOTE: Frequencies must be stored in the User Frequency List prior to utilizing the remote channel select switch.*

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1.8   Flight Planning

1.8.1   Creating a Flight Plan

1. From the Home page, touch the **Flight Plan** key. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed.

2. If there is already an Active Flight Plan, touch **Menu** and then the **Delete** and **OK** keys to clear the existing flight plan. If there is not an Active Flight Plan, continue to the next step.

3. Touch **Add Waypoint.** Use the alphanumeric keypad to select the Waypoint Identifier for the first leg in your flight plan and then touch **Enter**.

4. Touch the next Waypoint Identifier field. Use the alphanumeric keypad to select the Waypoint Identifier for the first leg in your flight plan and then touch **Enter**.

5. Continue entering waypoints to complete the flight plan.

6. Touch the **Menu** key and then touch **Store**.

7. The screen will now display the Flight Plan Catalog and show the new flight plan. Flight plan names are listed by the Departure and Destination waypoints.

> **NOTE:** *The destination waypoint is the last airport in the flight plan.*

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1.9   IFR Procedures

Departures (SIDs), arrivals (STARs), non-precision and precision approaches are available using the **PROC** (Procedures) key.

Select an Approach

1. Touch the **PROC** key on the Home page.

2. Touch the **Approach** key and then touch the Airport key to select the desired airport if it is not present.

3. Touch the **Approach** key, if necessary. Select the desired approach.

4. Touch the **Transition** key and then touch the key for the desired transition.

5. Touch the **Load Approach** key to load the approach at the end of the active flight plan. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed.

6. Or, touch the **Load APPR & Activate** key for the flight plan to go Direct-To the selected transition or provide guidance on the final approach course for vectored approaches.

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1.10   Dead Reckoning

Dead reckoning is a feature that enables the GTN to provide limited navigation using the last known position and speed after a loss of GPS navigation while on an active flight plan.

⚠ **CAUTION:** *Navigation using dead reckoning is only an estimate and should not be used as the sole means of navigation. Use other means of navigation, if possible.*

Dead reckoning becomes active after a loss of GPS position while navigating using an active flight plan and the flight phase is either En Route (ENR) or Oceanic (OCN).

"DR" will be overlayed on the ownship icon. The To/From flag is removed from the CDI. The Dead Reckoning annunciator (DR) appears on the lower left side of the map display and will replace ENR or OCN when a GPS position is unavailable and the unit is in Dead Reckoning mode. All external outputs dependent on GPS position are flagged.

Terrain will be noted as not available and new terrain advisory pop-ups will not occur. Traffic and StormScope information will not be shown on the Map page, but will continue to be available on their own dedicated pages. XM weather will still be available on the Map page.

Dead Reckoning mode will continue until GPS position is restored, when GPS navigation is restored Dead Reckoning mode is exited. The DR annunciations will be removed and GPS information will be used to compute navigation related information for the current flight phase.

Dead Reckoning is only allowed in En Route and Oceanic phases of flight. If the unit is in a Terminal or Approach phase of flight when Dead Reckoning takes place, "No GPS Position" will be displayed on the map pages and all navigation data will be dashed. If you are operating in Dead Reckoning mode and a transition to Terminal or Approach phases of flight would occur from the projected Dead Reckoning position, Dead Reckoning mode will be discontinued. "No GPS Position" will be displayed on the map pages and all navigation data will be dashed.

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1.11   Default Navigation

The Default Navigation display provides a text display of basic navigation functions.

Touch To View Menu Items →

Touch To View Messages →

Touch To View Previous Page →

Touch To Select CDI Source   Touch To Toggle OBS
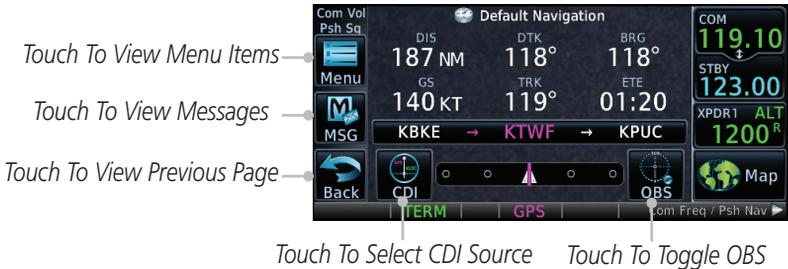
Figure 1-22 Touchscreen Key Control Example (Default Nav Page)

1.11.1   Configuring User Fields

The Configure User Fields selection allows you to configure the Data, Function, and Page field type shown in each of the fields of the Default Navigation page. The information shown in each field may be selected from a list after *Configure User Fields* is selected.

1.   While viewing the Default Navigation page, touch the **Menu** key.

2.   Touch the **Configure User Fields** key.

Touch to Configure
the User Fields

Touch Restore the
Default User Fields

Figure 1-23 Default Navigation Menu

3.   Touch the desired user field key to choose the information type. A list of information types will be displayed.

Touch a Field to Change
the User Field

Figure 1-24 Default Nav Page User Field Selection

![GARMIN logo]

4. Touch the **Data, Function,** or **Page** keys to select the information types.

Selected Field Type

Field Type List. Touch To Select Data Field

Slider Indicates More Selections Available. Press Finger and Slide To View More Selections.

Figure 1-25 Map Data Field Type Selections

5. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys or touch the display and drag your finger to scroll through the list. Touch the desired item to select it or touch the **Back** key to cancel selection.

Data Field Type	
ACTV WPT - Active Waypoint	MSA - Minimum Safe Altitude
B/D APT - BRG/DIS from Dest APT [1]	NAV/COM - Active NAV/COM FREQ
BRG - Bearing to Current Waypoint	OAT (static) - Static Air Temperature
DIS - Distance to Current Waypoint	OAT (total) - Total Air Temperature
DIS to Dest - Distance to Destination [2]	RAD ALT - Radar Altimeter
DTK - Desired Track	Time - Current Time
ESA - Enroute Safe Altitude	Time to TOD - Time to Top of Descent
ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival	TKE - Track Angle Error
ETA at Dest - ETA at Destination	TRK - Track
ETE - Estimated Time Enroute	Trip Timer - Timer Display
ETE to Dest - ETE to Destination	VOR/LOC - Tuned VOR/LOC Info
Fuel Flow - Total Fuel Flow	VSR - Vertical Speed Required
GS - GPS Ground Speed	Wind - Wind Speed and Direction
GSL - GPS Altitude	XTK - Cross Track Error
Generic Timer - Timer Display	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field

Table 1-1 Data Field Types of Information

Note 1: B/D APT is the straight line distance.

Note 2: Dist to DEST is the distance along the flight plan.

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✓ *NOTE: Data Field Types that use the term "Destination" refer to the final destination in the flight plan.*

✓ *NOTE: ETE to Destination is not available when a procedure is loaded and there are waypoints in the Enroute section of the flightplan.*

Function Field Type	
CDI - Course Deviation Indicator	OBS/Suspend/Unsuspend Button
Flap Override - Flap Override [1]	On Scene - "On Scene" Mode Toggle
GPWS Inhibit - GPWS Inhibit [1]	TAWS Inhibit - TAWS Inhibit
G/S Inhibit - G/S Inhibit [1]	Gen Timer - Generic Timer Control
HTAWS RP Mode - HTAWS RP Mode [2]	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field

Table 1-2 Function Field Types of Information

Note 1:   With TAWS-A enabled

Note 2:   With HTAWS enabled

Page Field Type	
DFLT NAV - Default Navigation	Checklist - Checklist Page
Flight Plan - Flight Plan Page	Fuel PLAN - Fuel Planning Page
Map - Map Page	SCHED MSG - Scheduled Messages
Nearest - Nearest Page	Trip PLAN - Trip Planning Page
NEAR APT - Nearest Airport Page	VCALC - VCALC Page
PROC - Procedures Page	User FREQ - User Frequencies
Approach - Approach Page	WPT INFO - Waypoint Information
Arrival - Arrival Page	Weather - Weather Page
Departure - Departure Page	CNXT WX - Connext WX Page
Services - Services Page	FIS-B WX - FIS-B Weather Page
Traffic - Traffic Page	Stormscope - Stormscope Page
Terrain - Terrain Page	SiriusXM WX - Sirius XM WX Page
Utilities - Utilities Page	OFF - Do Not Display Page Field

Table 1-3 Page Field Types of Information

1.11.2   CDI (GTN 650 only)

See the CDI section in the Map chapter for details.

1.11.3   OBS Function

See the OBS section in the Map chapter for details.

1.12   FastFind Predictive Waypoint Entry

FastFind provides the pilot with a shortcut to the nearest waypoint with an identifier that starts with the typed letters. As a result, the GTN can predict the pilot's entry within as little as one key press.

FastFind predictions are shown in the top right-hand corner of the keypad display. Touching the FastFind field will select the predicted waypoint. If the FastFind prediction is not what the pilot is looking for, keep typing until the desired waypoint is displayed.

1.12.1   FastFind With Waypoint Info

1. Use the alphanumeric keypad to begin selecting characters for the desired waypoint.

Selected Wpt Characters — — *Predicted Wpt*
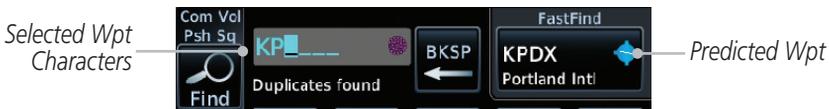
Figure 1-26 Select Characters for FastFind to Predict a Waypoint - KP Selected

Selected Wpt Characters — — *Predicted Wpt*

Figure 1-27 Select Characters for FastFind to Predict a Waypoint - KPA Selected

2. After selecting the desired waypoint, touch the **FastFind** key.

Complete Wpt Selection — — *Touch to Select Displayed Wpt*
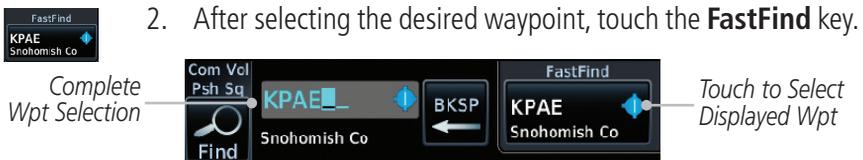
Figure 1-28 Select Characters for FastFind to Predict a Waypoint - KPAE Selected

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1.12.2 FastFind With A Flight Plan

When creating a new flight plan or searching for a waypoint, the GTN will search for waypoints closest to the current GPS position. When adding waypoints in the middle of the flight plan, the GTN will search halfway between the previous and next waypoints. When adding waypoints at the end of the flight plan, the GTN will search for waypoints closest to the last waypoint in the flightplan.

1. When the aircraft is located in KSLE, and the last waypoint in the flight plan is "DRK," the GTN will search for waypoints nearest "DRK."

2. Typing **K**, will result in "KPRC" being displayed as the FastFind prediction because it is the nearest waypoint to "DRK" that starts with "K."

Selected Wpt Characters *Predicted Wpt*

Figure 1-29 Using FastFind to Predict a Waypoint in a Flight Plan

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2   AUDIO AND TRANSPONDER CONTROLS (OPTIONAL)

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The GTN 6XX can perform as the control and display for a transponder (such as one of the GTX family of transponders) or display marker beacon annunciations from an audio panel (such as the GMA 35 or GMA 350). See your dealer for more information.

2.1   Transponder Operation

The GTN 6XX will operate as a control head for remotely connected optional, compatible transponders.

> NOTE: The transponder control panel on the GTN will only contain the Ground key when the GTN is interfaced with a GTX 33/330 with software versions prior to 8.00.

Squawk Code Window

Squawk Code Backspace Key

VFR Squawk Code (1200) Key

Active Transponder Selection

Reply Annunciation

Active XPDR, Code and Mode Display

Enter Key

Mode Key

Context Sensitive Instructions For Rotary Knob
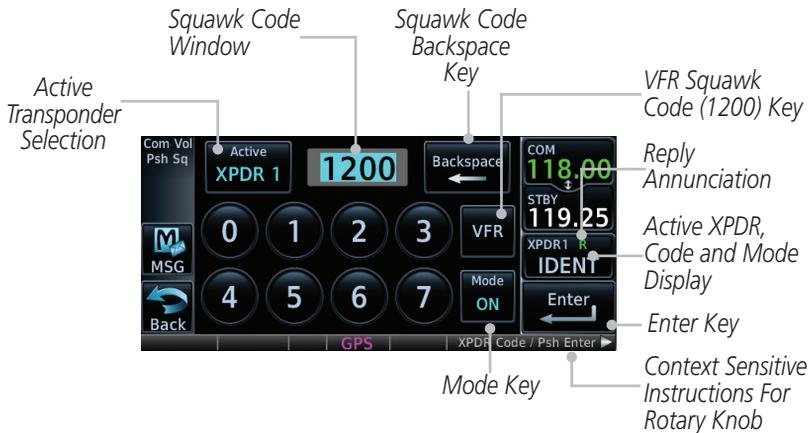
Figure 2-1 XPDR Control Display

Active XPDR

Mode

Ident

VFR

XPDR 1
XPDR 2

Standby
Ground
On
Altitude Reporting

1200
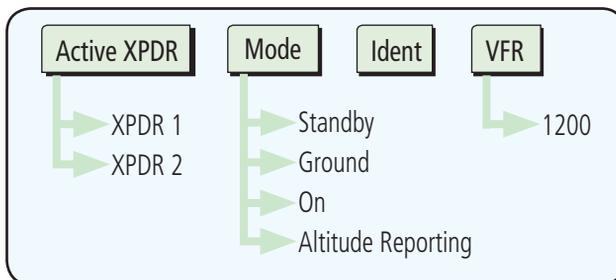
Figure 2-2 XPDR Functional Diagram

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2.1.1   Select Transponder

Active
XPDR 1

1.   Touch the XPDR window and then touch the **XPDR** key to select the desired transponder.

Selected Transponder ————
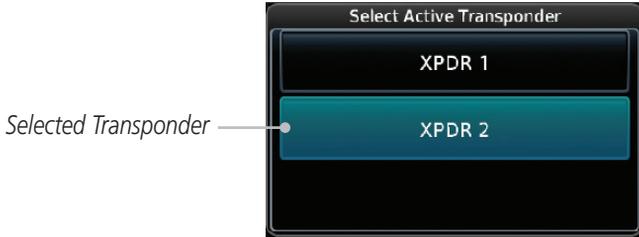
Figure 2-3 Select the Active Transponder

2.   Touch the XPDR 2 selection to activate Transponder 2. Touch the XPDR 1 selection to activate Transponder 1.

Active Transponder   *Active Transponder*

Figure 2-4 Active Transponder Indication

2.1.2   IDENT

XPDR2
IDENT

1.   Touch the **IDENT** key once to reply with an identifying squawk code.

XPDR2   ON
1200ID

2.   The **IDENT** key will show a green "ID" in the bottom right corner of the key to indicate active Ident.

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2.1.3   Transponder Mode

Mode
ON

1. Touch the **Mode** key to allow selection of the transponder mode.

Selected Transponder

Touch To Select Transponder Mode

Figure 2-5 Transponder Mode Selection

Up Down

2. Touch the **Up/Down** keys or touch the display and drag the display up or down to view the available selections.

Transponder Modes

Selected Transponder Mode

Touch The Up/Down Keys Or Drag Display To View Modes

Standby Mode Selection Not Shown

Figure 2-6 Transponder Mode Choices

Enter

3. Touch the desired Transponder mode to select it and then touch the **Enter** key.

2.1.3.1   Standby

Mode
ON

1. Touch the **Mode** key and select Standby and then touch the **Enter** key to place the transponder into Standby mode.

Active XPDR and IDENT Disabled

Mode Key. Transponder Operation "Standby" Mode.

Figure 2-7 Transponder Mode "Standby" Indication

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XPDR2 STBY
1200

2. The transponder will still be powered, but will not transmit information. The active transponder indication and Ident annunciation will be grayed to show they are disabled.

2.1.3.2 Ground

Mode
ON

1. Touch the **Mode** key and select Ground and then touch the **Enter** key to place the transponder into Ground mode.

Active XPDR and IDENT Enabled

Transponder Operation "Ground" Mode

Figure 2-8 Transponder Mode "Ground" Indication

XPDR2 GND
1200

2. Mode S replies will be allowed in Ground mode.

NOTE: *The transponder control panel on the GTN will only contain the Ground key when the GTN is interfaced with a GTX 33/330 with software versions prior to 8.00. With all other GTX software versions, the transponder will automatically transition out of airborne mode.*

2.1.3.3 On

Mode
ON

1. Touch the **Mode** key and select On and then touch the **Enter** key for Mode A operation.

Active XPDR and IDENT Enabled

Transponder Operation "ON" Mode

Figure 2-9 Transponder Mode "ON" Indication

XPDR2 ON
1200

2. The transponder is "On" and will transmit its squawk code when interrogated.

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2.1.3.4   Altitude Reporting

Mode
ON

1. Touch the **Mode** key and select Altitude Reporting and then touch the **Enter** key for Mode C operation.

Enter

— Active XPDR and IDENT Enabled

Transponder Operation "*Altitude Reporting*" Mode

Figure 2-10 Transponder Mode "Altitude Reporting" Indication

XPDR2 ALT
1200

2. The transponder will be "On" and will transmit its squawk code and altitude when interrogated. An "ALT" annunciation will appear when the squawk code is transmitted.

2.1.4   VFR

VFR

Touch the **VFR** key to set the VFR squawk code (1200).

VFR (1200) Transponder Squawk Code ———

XPDR2 ON
1200

Figure 2-11 Transponder VFR Squawk Code

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![GARMIN]

2.1.5   Selecting a Squawk Code

The selected squawk code will always be in use. As you change a squawk code, the original code will be used until you are finished selecting the new code.

Squawk Code	Description
1200	Default VFR code in the USA
7500	Hijacking
7600	Loss of Communications
7700	Emergency

Table 2-1 XPDR Special Squawk Codes

1. Touch the transponder squawk code window at the right side of the display.

2. The XPDR page will be displayed. The Squawk Code value will be active for selection for use by the active Transponder.

3. Touch the numeric keypad, or use the rotary knobs, to select the desired Squawk Code.

4. Then, touch **Enter**.
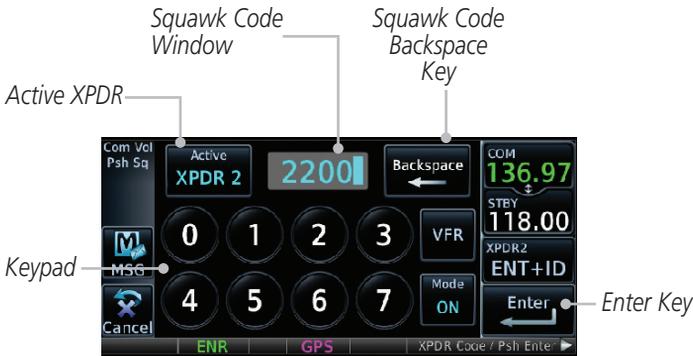
Figure 2-12 XPDR Squawk Code Selection Display

5. The selected Squawk Code will be shown in the XPDR window on the right side of the display.

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2.1.6 GDL 88 ADS-B Reporting

The GDL 88 is a remote-mount ADS-B transceiver that sends ADS-B out messages to ATC and other aircraft and communicates ADS-B In data to panel-mounted avionics for the display of traffic and weather. Reference the GDL 88 Pilot Guide for a full description of GDL 88 functions. When a GTN is interfaced to a GDL88 transceiver for ADS-B Out functions the GTN can control some aspects of the ADS-B Out message and the GTN may provide position information to the GDL88. The display and control of the information sent depends on the equipment installed and how it is configured by the installer. Some installations allow control by the pilot of the information sent, while others do not.

The Anonymous Mode, when armed, will replace the identifying information in the ADS-B Out message with a temporary randomized number for privacy while the position information will still be provided. The call sign will be sent as "VFR." To enable Anonymous Mode, the Squawk Code must be set to the VFR code (based on the GDL 88 configuration) and the **Anonymous** key must be selected.

Viewing the ADS-B Control Panel Without Integrated Transponder Control

ADS-B ALT
1234

1. Touch the Transponder window to view the ADS-B control panel.

Altitude Reporting Status

Current Flight ID

Touch To View ADS-B Control Panel
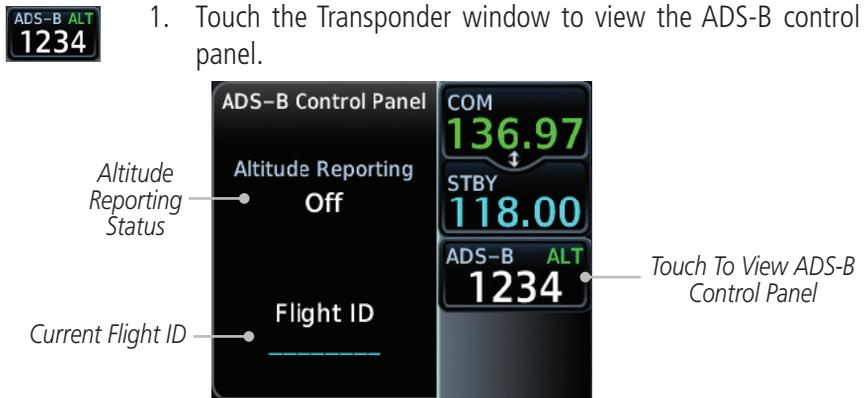
Figure 2-13 ADS-B Control Panel

ADS-B ALT
1234

2. Touch the ADS-B window again to return to the previous display.

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Viewing the ADS-B Control Panel With Integrated Transponder Control

1. Touch the Transponder window and then the **MENU** key to view the ADS-B control panel.

Touch To Toggle Anonymous Mode   *Touch To Select Flight ID*

Figure 2-14 ADS-B/Transponder Control Panel
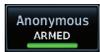
2. Touch the **Anonymous Mode** key to toggle arming the Anonymous mode.

3. Touch the **Flight ID** key to manually set the Flight ID. Use the key pad to select the desired Flight ID and then touch **Enter**.
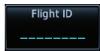
Figure 2-15 Flight ID Entry

> *NOTE: Changing the flight ID while in anonymous mode wouldn't actually change the flight ID because a randomized ID is being broadcast. If the ANONYMOUS key is armed, change the squawk code to the VFR code to activate Anonymous mode.*

2.1.7 Extended Squitter Transmission

When interfaced with a compatible transponder, the GTN can act as a control for the Extended Squitter functions. When "Enable ES" is selected, the GTX turns on Extended Squitter (ES) transmissions.

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Touch To Toggle Extended Squitter   *Touch To Enter Flight ID*

Figure 2-16 Transponder Menu With Extended Squitter Capability

1. While viewing the Transponder (XPDR) page, touch the **Menu** key and then the **Enable ES** key to toggle Extended Squitter Off and On.

2. Touch the **Flight ID** key and use the keypad to select a Flight ID and then touch **Enter**.

3. After selecting a Flight ID, the selected value will be shown in the **Flight ID** key.

2.2 Marker Beacon Annunciations

When connected to a compatible audio panel, a visual annunciation of marker beacons will be shown on the display when the aircraft flies over a marker beacon. The annunciation will appear in the lower left of the display.

Current Beacon	Icon (Standard)	Icon (Blink)	Blink Interval
Inner Marker	IM	IM	250 ms
Middle Marker	MM	MM	333 ms
Outer Marker	OM	OM	750 ms
The marker beacon alternates between the standard icon and the blink icon at the blink interval corresponding to the current beacon.			

Table 2-2 Marker Beacons

2.3 Telligence™ Voice Command

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Garmin's Telligence Voice Command voice recognition feature allows the pilot (and optionally copilot) to control the GTN 6XX connected to a GMA 350 using spoken commands. To activate Voice Recognition, push and hold the Push-to-Command (PTC) switch while speaking a command. When the Push-to-Command switch is released, the GTN 6XX and/or the audio panel will respond.

If a command is understood by the GMA, a positive acknowledgement chime will be played, and the relevant information will be displayed to reflect the change (if applicable). The pilot should verify that the correct response has occurred.

If a command is not understood by the GMA or the GTN is unable to complete the requested action, a negative acknowledge tone will be played. The pilot should repeat the command by using the Push-to-Command switch, or by manually using the GTN 6XX touch screen. In the event of any abnormal Voice Recognition operation, the front panel controls and touch screen may be used to override Voice Recognition and manually control the GTN 6XX.

> **NOTE:** If Telligence Voice Command malfunctions and needs to be disabled, remove power to the GMA 350 audio panel. This will force the audio panel into the fail-safe mode. The pilot will be able to communicate using the COM 2 radio only.

The available voice recognition commands are listed in *GTN 6XX/7XX Telligence Voice Command Guide*, P/N 190-01007-50.

3 NAV/COM
(GTN 650 NAV/COM AND GTN 635 COM ONLY)

The GTN 650 features a digitally-tuned VHF Com radio and digitally-tuned Nav/localizer and glideslope receivers. The GTN 635 has a Com radio only. The Com radio operates in the aviation voice band, from 118.000 to 136.975 MHz, in 25 kHz steps (default). For European operations, a Com radio configuration of 8.33 kHz steps is also available.

Figure 3-1 Nav/Com Controls
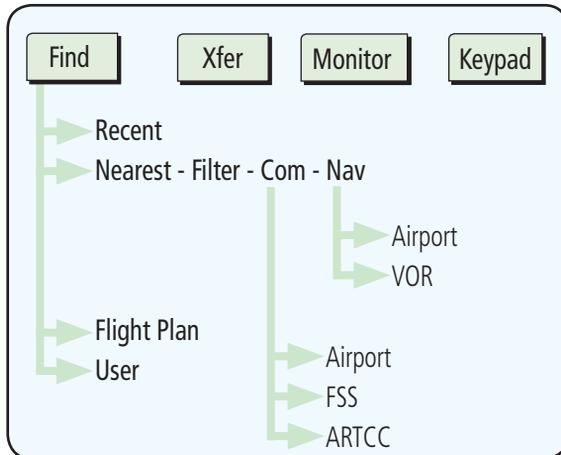
Figure 3-2 Nav/Com Functional Diagram

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3.1 Volume

Com radio volume is adjusted using the **Volume** knob. Turn the **Volume** knob clockwise to increase volume, or counterclockwise to decrease volume. The level will be maintained until changed.

1. Turn the **Volume** knob to set the Com volume.

Percent Of Maximum Volume   *Graphic Scale Showing Volume*

Figure 3-3 Com Volume Setting

2. A bar graph showing the relative volume level will indicate the selected level and will disappear a few seconds after releasing the **Volume** knob.

3.2 Squelch

The Com radio features an automatic squelch to reject many localized noise sources. You may override the squelch function by pressing the **Volume** knob. This facilitates listening to a distant station or setting the desired volume level.

To override the automatic squelch, press the **Volume** knob momentarily. Press the **Volume** knob again to return to automatic squelch operation. A "SQ" indication appears above the active Com frequency window in the upper left corner of the display when automatic squelch is overridden.

Com Volume and Squelch Control   *Com Control Text*   *Receive Annunciation*

Squelch Annunciation

Active Com Frequency (Touch to Flip/Flop)

Standby Com Frequency
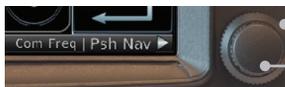
Turn To Select MHz

Turn To Select kHz

Figure 3-4 Com Controls

While receiving a transmission, an "RX" indication appears in the Com frequency window to the immediate right of "Com." A "TX" indication appears at this location while you are transmitting.

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3.3   Com and Nav Frequency Window and Tuning

Communication frequencies are selected by using the **large** and **small right** knobs or by touching the value in the *standby* Com or Nav frequency field and using the displayed keypad. The standby frequency always appears below the active frequency. The active frequency is the frequency currently in use for transmit and receive operations.

Once a frequency is selected in the standby field, it may be transferred to the active frequency by touching the active frequency field.

> **NOTE:** The Com window is normally active for adjustment, unless the NAV window is made active by pressing the **small right** knob. The active state automatically returns to the Com window after 30 seconds of inactivity.

To select a Com or Nav frequency using the small and large right knobs:

1. If the tuning cursor is not currently in the frequency window, press the **small right** knob momentarily. The Standby frequency will be highlighted to indicate that it is active for editing.

2. Turn the **large right** knob to select the desired megahertz (MHz) value. For example, the "118" portion of the frequency "118.30."

3. Turn the **small right** knob to select the desired kilohertz (kHz) value. For example, the ".30" portion of the frequency "118.30."

To select a Com or Nav frequency using the numeric keypad:

1. Touch the Standby window.

2. A keypad will appear with the current Standby frequency highlighted.

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Com Standby Editing Window

Backspace - Frequency Clear Key

Frequency Monitor Key

Frequency Transfer (Flip/Flop) Key

Frequency Monitor Annunciation

Find Frequency Key

Numeric Keypad

Enter Key

Figure 3-5 Com Standby Frequency Numeric Keypad

Nav Standby Editing Window

Backspace - Frequency Clear Key

Frequency Transfer (Flip/Flop) Key

Find Frequency Key

Numeric Keypad

Enter Key

Figure 3-6 Nav Standby Frequency Numeric Keypad

3. Touch the numeric keys to add the desired values and touch **Enter** to accept the displayed value and place it into the Standby frequency window.

4. Touching the **XFER** key will place the selected frequency directly into the Active frequency window.

To make the standby frequency the active frequency:

1. Touch the active frequency (top) window.

2. The Active (top) and Standby frequencies will flip/flop.

3.3.1 Com and Nav Frequency Finding

The GTN 635 (Com) and 650 (Com and Nav) frequency finding feature allows you to quickly select any displayed database Com or Nav frequency as your standby frequency. The following are some examples of selecting frequencies from some of the main GPS pages.

To select a Com or Nav frequency for a User created frequency, Recent selected frequency, Nearest airport, or from your Flight Plan:

1. While viewing the numeric keypad touch the **Find** key. Categories for User, Recent, Nearest, and Flight Plan are available.

Touch to Select Recent Freq List

Touch to Select Fpl Freq List

Touch to Select Nearest Freq List

Touch to Select User Freq List
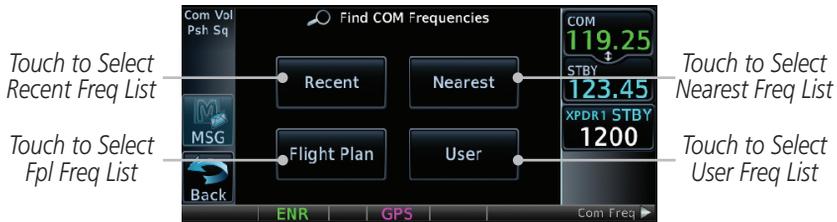
Figure 3-7 Com Nearest Frequencies
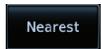
2. Touch **Recent**, **Nearest**, **Flight Plan**, or **User**. A list of the selected frequency types will be displayed.

3. Touch the desired frequency to select it and place it into the Standby window.

3.3.1.1 Find Recent Frequencies

1. While viewing the **Find** results, touch the **Recent** key. A list of the recently selected frequencies will be displayed.

Selected Frequency Category

Touch Frequency From Recent List To Select Standby Frequency

Figure 3-8 Recent Com Frequency List

2. Touch the desired frequency to select it and place it into the Standby window.

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3.3.1.2   Find Nearest Frequencies

Recent

1. While viewing the **Find** results, touch the **Nearest** key. A list of the nearest airport Com frequencies will be displayed.

Select A Frequency Category

Frequencies for Nearest Airport

Range And Bearing To Airport

Figure 3-9 Com Nearest Airport Frequency

Multiple FREQ

2. Touch the **Multiple FREQ** key to show the available frequencies.

Touch A Frequency Key To Place It In The Standby Window

Figure 3-10 Nearest Airport Multiple Frequency List

Filter

3. Touch the **Filter** key to filter the Nearest List by Airports, FSS, or ARTCC.

Figure 3-11 Nearest Com Frequency List

4. Touch the desired Frequency List. Then, touch the desired frequency to load it into the Standby window.

5. Some frequencies will have more information detail available. Touch the key that shows "More Information."

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Touch For More Information
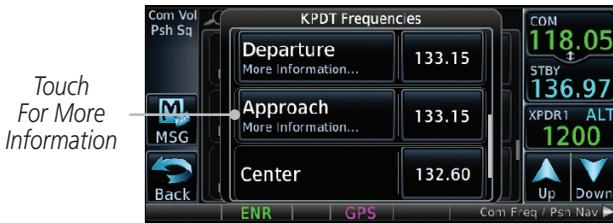
Figure 3-12 More Information Is Available For Some Frequencies

6. More detailed information is shown on the display. Touch the frequency key to load it into the Standby window.

Touch To Insert Into Standby Window

Figure 3-13 More Frequency Detail

3.3.1.3   Find Flight Plan Frequencies

Flight Plan

1. While viewing the **Find** results, touch the **Flight Plan** key. A list of Com or Nav frequencies associated with the active flight plan will be displayed.

Flight Plan Airport Information

Touch To Select From List Of Frequencies

Figure 3-14 Flight Plan Frequency List

Multiple FREQ

2. Touch the **Multiple FREQ** key to show the available frequencies, if present.

3. Touch the desired frequency to select it and place it into the Standby window.

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3.3.1.4   Find User Frequencies
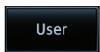
User

1.   While viewing the **Find** results, touch the **User** key. A list of User-created frequencies will be displayed.

2.   Touch the desired frequency to load it into the Standby window.

3.3.2   Simple Frequency Entry

Frequencies can now be entered on the GTN without the leading one and/ or trailing zero(s). As a result, the pilot can now touch "2," "1," and "5" for 121.50. If a number is pressed that is not valid for the cursor location, the pilot is presented with a confirmation pop-up upon selecting the typed frequency. Frequency entry can be accomplished by typing every digit in the frequency or by leaving off the leading one and/or trailing zero(s). The frequency that will be entered is always displayed in the cursor window.

2

1.   Touch the Standby frequency field and then touch the **2** key.

Figure 3-15   Simplified Frequency Entry Without Leading Number

7

2.   Touch the **7** key.

Figure 3-16   Second Frequency Number

2

3.   Touch the **2** key.

Figure 3-17   Final Frequency Without Trailing Number

Enter

4.   Touch **Enter**.

Entered Frequency Value

Figure 3-18   Completed Frequency Entry

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3.3.3   Adding a New User Frequency

1. While viewing the numeric keypad touch the **Find** key on the left side of the display.

2. Touch the **User** key.

3. Touch the **Add User Frequency** key.

Add User Frequency ●———— *Add User Frequency*

No user frequencies ●———— *User Frequency List When Present*
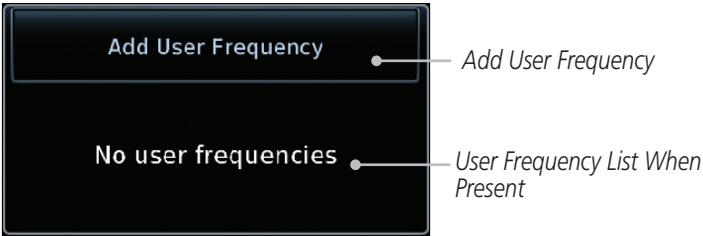
Figure 3-19 Add New User Frequency

4. The Add New User Frequency information window will now be displayed. Touch the **Name** key to select a name for the User frequency.

Add User Frequency

Name ●—————— *User Frequency Name*
Frequency ●—————— *User Frequency Value*
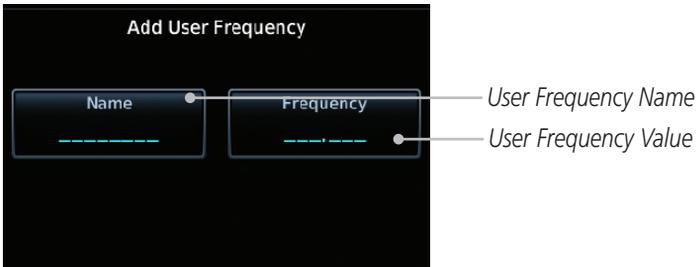
Figure 3-20 Add New User Frequency Detail Window

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5. Touch the lower part of the display to select the desired range of characters. Select the characters from the selected alphanumeric range for the desired name. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the displayed Name.

User Frequency Name

Alphanumeric Keypad Selected Range

Backspace

Alphanumeric Keypad Overview

Figure 3-21 Select a Name for the New User Frequency
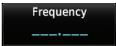
Frequency

Enter

6. Touch the **Frequency** key and select the characters from the keypad for the desired frequency. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the displayed frequency.

User Frequency Value

Figure 3-22 Select a Frequency Value for the New User Frequency

Enter

7. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the displayed name and frequency. The new User Frequency will be added to the list. The list can store up to 15 user frequencies.

User Frequency Name   User Frequency Value

Touch To Edit User Name and/or Frequency Value
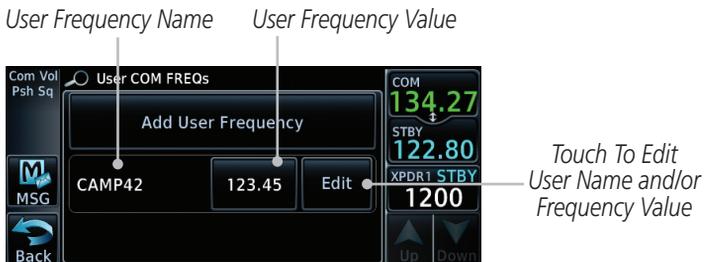
Figure 3-23 Completed New User Frequency

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8. Touch the **Name** or **Frequency** keys to edit the displayed name or frequency, if desired.

Touch To Edit User Frequency Name

Touch To Edit User Frequency Value

Touch To Delete User Frequency
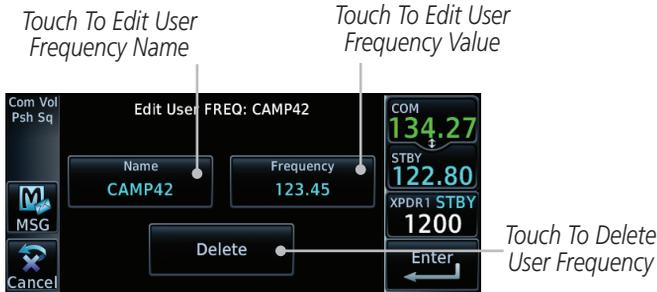
Figure 3-24 Edit The User Frequency

3.3.4   Emergency Frequency

The GTN 635 or 650 emergency frequency select provides a quick method of selecting 121.50 MHz as the active frequency in the event of an in-flight emergency. The emergency frequency select is available whenever the unit is on, regardless of GPS or cursor status, or loss of the display.

 To quickly tune and activate 121.50, press and hold volume knob or the external remote Com flip-flop key for approximately two seconds.

 NOTE: Pressing and holding the remote Com FLIP/FLOP key for approximately two seconds, on units so configured, will lock the COM board, preventing further changes in Com frequency until the Com board is unlocked, by pressing the remote Com FLIP/FLOP key again for two seconds. The following message will notify the pilot that the Com board has been locked: "COM LOCKED TO 121.5 MHZ. HOLD REMOTE COM TRANSFER KEY TO EXIT."

 NOTE: Under some circumstances if the Com system loses communication with the main system, the radio will automatically tune to 121.50 MHz for transmit and receive regardless of the displayed frequency.

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3.3.5 Stuck Microphone

Whenever the GTN 635 or 650 is transmitting, a "TX" indication appears in the Com window. If the push-to-talk key on the microphone is stuck or accidentally left in the keyed position, or continues to transmit after the key is released, the Com transmitter automatically times out (or ceases to transmit) after 30 seconds of continuous broadcasting. You will also receive a "Com push-to-talk key stuck" message as long as the stuck condition exists.

3.3.6 Remote Frequency Selection Control

On units configured for remote Com frequency Recall, pressing the remote recall switch will load the next preset Com frequency into the unit's Standby frequency box. The remote recall switch can be pressed multiple times to scroll the entire preset frequency list through the Standby frequency box (the list will "wrap" from the bottom of the list back up to the top, skipping any empty preset positions).

The standby frequency isn't activated until a Com flip-flop switch (either remote- or bezel-mounted) is pressed. Remote Frequency Selection only functions on units configured for a remote Com Frequency recall switch.

> **NOTE:** For software prior to v5.00, frequencies must be stored in the User Frequency List prior to utilizing the remote channel select switch.

3.3.7 Reverse Frequency Look-Up

When the Reverse Frequency Look-Up feature is enabled in System-Setup, the identifier and frequency type will be shown for the selected Com and Nav frequencies for the nearest stations that are in the aviation database when the unit is receiving a valid position input. Station Identifiers with a "+" sign will have more stations associated with this frequency than just the type displayed.

Identifier and Type Shown for the Selected Frequency ———

The "+" Sign Indicates More Stations Associated With This Frequency ———

Figure 3-25 Reverse Frequency Look-Up

> **NOTE:** It can take up to 2 minutes for the RFL frequency to change after crossing the half way point when flying from one airport to another that both use the same frequency.

3.4   Com Frequency Monitoring

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The Frequency Monitoring function allows you to listen to the Standby frequency in the Com radio, while monitoring the Active frequency for activity.

> **Mon**

1. Touch the **MON** key to listen to the standby frequency. A small "MON" annunciation is displayed to the right of the Standby frequency. A green bar will show on the **MON** key. When the Active frequency receives a signal, the unit will switch automatically to the Active frequency and then switch back to the standby frequency when activity ceases.

Frequency Monitor Key   *Com Standby Editing Window*   *Frequency Monitor Annunciation*

Frequency Transfer (Flip-Flop) Key

Figure 3-26 Com Frequency Monitoring

> **Mon**

2. The Monitor function is deactivated when you touch the **MON** key again and the green bar is extinguished.

> **NOTE:** *The Com radio Monitoring function is different than the Monitor function of the Audio Panel.*

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3.5 Nav (VOR/Localizer/Glideslope) Receiver Operations

The GTN 650 includes digitally-tuned Nav/localizer and glideslope receivers with the desired frequency selected on the *Nav window*, along the top right-hand side of the display. Frequency selection is performed by pressing the **small right** knob to activate Nav Standby frequency editing and then turning the **small** and **large right** knobs or keypad to select the desired frequency.
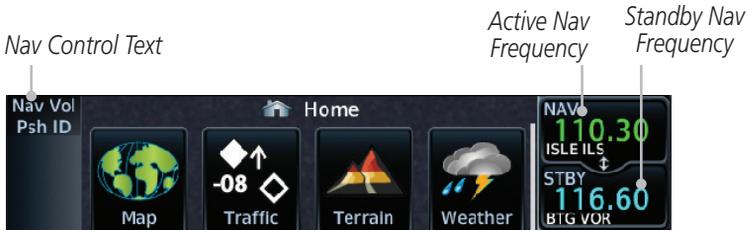
Figure 3-27 Nav Frequency Window

3.5.1 Ident Audio and Volume

Nav ident is enabled by pressing the **Volume** knob when the Nav window is active. When Nav ident is enabled, the ID annunciation will appear in the active Nav window and Morse code tones will be heard. When the Nav function is enabled, the Nav Standby channel window will highlight briefly and then turn to blue text. The Nav Standby frequency will be active for editing for about 30 seconds before the Com Standby frequency becomes active for editing.

Figure 3-28 Nav Standby Frequency Window is Active

Nav audio volume is adjusted using the **Volume** knob. Turn the **Volume** knob clockwise to increase volume, or counterclockwise to decrease volume.

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3.5.2 Nav Tuning Window

Nav frequencies are selected with the tuning cursor in the standby Nav frequency field, and using the small and large right knobs to dial in the desired frequency. The keypad may also be used for frequency entry after touching the Standby window. The standby frequency always appears below the active frequency. The active frequency is the frequency currently in use. The GTN will automatically decode Morse code and display the Ident for the active frequency above it. The RFL (reverse frequency lookup) Identifier is displayed below the frequency and is only dependent on GPS position and database information.

> **NOTE:** *Tuning is normally active in the Com window, unless placed in the Nav window by pressing the **small right** knob. When the tuning cursor is in the Nav window, it automatically returns to the Com window after 30 seconds of inactivity. The active frequency in either window cannot be accessed directly — only the standby frequency is active for editing.*

To select a VOR/localizer/ILS frequency:

1. Touch the **small right** knob momentarily to make the Nav Standby frequency value active for editing. The window will be highlighted momentarily.

2. Turn the **large right** knob to select the desired megaHertz (MHz) value. For example, the "117" portion of the frequency "117.80."

3. Turn the **small right** knob to select the desired kiloHertz (kHz) value. For example, the ".80" portion of the frequency "117.80."

4. Touch the Nav active (top) frequency to make the standby frequency.

5. The Active (top) and Standby frequencies will switch.

Nav Frequencies In The Database Will Display The Ident Based on GPS Position

Nav Frequencies Will Automatically Decode Morse Code And Display The Ident

Figure 3-29 Automatic Nav Frequency Ident Decoding

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3.5.3 Nav Frequency Finding

The GTN 650's frequency finding feature allows you to quickly select any displayed database Nav frequency as your standby frequency.

To select a Nav frequency for a User created frequency, Recent selected frequency, Nearest airport, or from your Flight Plan:

1. While viewing the numeric keypad touch the **Find** key at the bottom of the display. Categories for User, Recent, Nearest, and Flight Plan are available.

2. Touch the **User**, **Recent**, **Nearest**, or **Flight Plan** key.

Touch to Select Recent Freq List

Touch to Select Fpl Freq List

Touch to Select Nearest Freq List

Touch to Select User Freq List
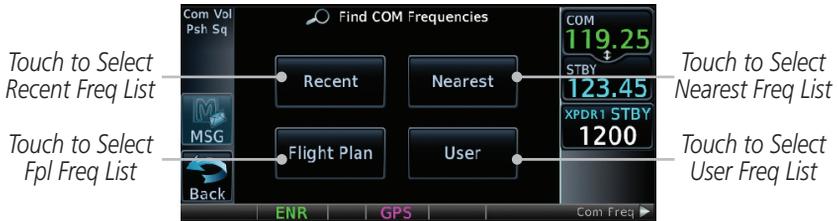
Figure 3-30 Find Nav Frequency Group

3. Touch the desired Nav frequency to select it and place it into the Nav Standby window.

Active Nav Frequency Key

Touch to Filter Nearest List

Nearest Nav Frequency List

Touch Freq Key To Select For Standby Nav Frequency

Touch Up/Down Keys OR Drag Slider To Scroll Frequency List

Figure 3-31 Nearest Airport Nav Frequency List

OR

4. Touch the **Filter** key to narrow the list by category, such as Airport and VOR, and then select a given frequency.

Figure 3-32 Nearest Nav Frequency List

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4 FLIGHT PLANS

The GTN 6XX lets you create up to 99 different flight plans, with up to 100 waypoints in each flight plan. The Flight Plan function is accessed by touching the **Flight Plan** key on the Home page. The Flight Plan function allows you to create, store, edit, and copy flight plans.

Active FPL

Waypoint
Options
→ Activate Leg
→ Insert Before
→ Insert After
→ Load Procedures*
→ Load SAR**
→ Hold at Waypoint
→ Load Airway***
→ Waypoint Info
→ Remove

Menu

→ Catalog
→ Store
→ Delete
→ Preview
→ Parallel Track
→ Invert
→ Edit Data Fields

Add Waypoint

→ Select Waypoint
→ Find
  → Recent
  → Nearest
  → Flight Plan
  → User
  → Search by Name
  → Search by City

*   "Load Procedures" is shown for airports
**   "Load SAR" is only shown when the Search and Rescue feature is enabled by the installer
*** "Load Airway" is shown for waypoints on a published airway

Figure 4-1 Flight Plan Functional Diagram

> **NOTE:** *Navigation is provided for fixed wing aircraft above 30 kts and for rotorcraft above 10 kts.*

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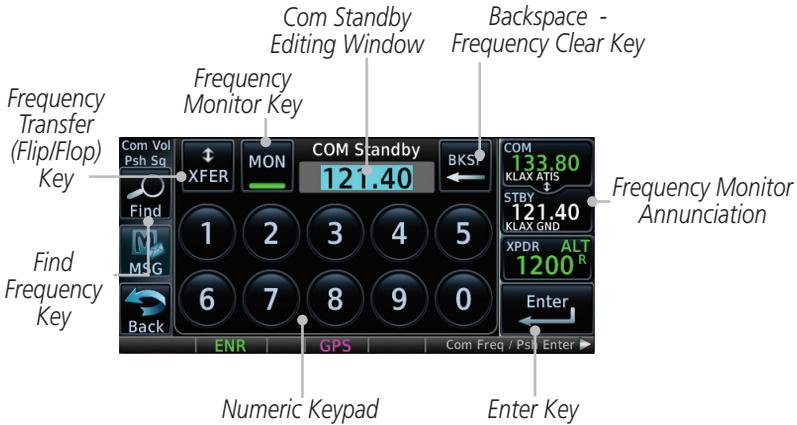
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4.1 Creating a New Flight Plan

NOTE: *If a flight plan that includes a procedure that has been modified by the pilot is saved into the flight plan catalog, the GTN cannot check the accuracy of that procedure when that flight plan is used on a later flight. It is recommended that flight plans with modified procedures not be saved in the flight plan catalog.*

1. From the Home page, touch **Flight Plan**.

Touch To Remove Waypoint

Touch To Add Waypoint

Figure 4-2 Create New Flight Plan

2. If there is already an Active Flight Plan, touch **Menu** and then the **Delete** and **OK** keys to delete the existing active flight plan.

Touch To Delete Flight Plan
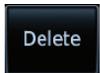
Figure 4-3 Delete Existing Flight Plan

A single waypoint may be deleted by touching the waypoint and then touching the **Remove** key.

Selected Waypoint

Touch To Remove Waypoint
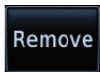
Figure 4-4 Remove Single Existing Waypoint

Navigation sidebar: Foreword, Getting Started, Audio & Xpdr Ctrl, Com/Nav, FPL, Direct-To, Proc, Wpt Info, Map, Traffic, Terrain, Weather, Nearest, Services/Music, Utilities, System, Messages, Symbols, Appendix, Index

4-2   Garmin GTN 625/635/650 Pilot's Guide   190-01004-03 Rev. L

![GARMIN logo]

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3. Touch the **Add Waypoint** key and select a waypoint identifier with the alphanumeric keypad. Then, touch **Enter**.

Touch To Display Waypoint Categories

Selected Waypoint Identifier

Selected Character Range

Touch To Select Character Range

Figure 4-5 Select a Waypoint for the New Flight Plan

4. Touch the **Add Waypoint** key and select the waypoint identifier with the keypad for the next waypoint. Touch **Enter**.

5. Or, touch **Find**, select a category, and then select the waypoint identifier with the keypad. Touch **Enter**.

Touch To Select Waypoint Category
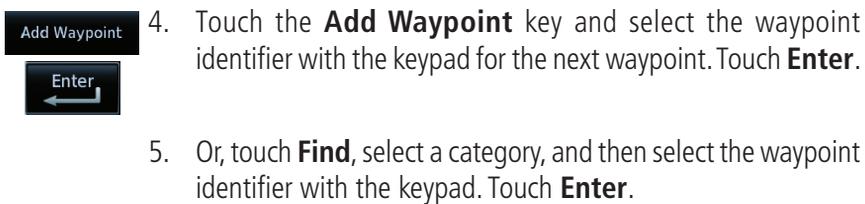
Figure 4-6 Select a Waypoint Category for Selecting Flight Plan Waypoints

6. Continue adding waypoints as needed.

7. Touch **Menu** and then touch **Store** to store the flight plan in the Catalog. The screen will now display the Flight Plan Catalog and show the new flight plan. Flight plans are listed by the Departure and Destination waypoints.

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4.2 Active Flight Plan Page

The Active Flight Plan Page provides information and editing functions for the flight plan currently in use for navigation. Once you have activated a flight plan, the Active Flight Plan Page shows each waypoint for the flight plan, along with the Desired Track (DTK), Distance (DIST) for each leg and Cumulative Distance (CUM). The data fields are user-selectable and may be changed to display Cumulative Distance (CUM), Distance (DIST), Desired Track (DTK), En Route Safe Altitude (ESA), or Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA).
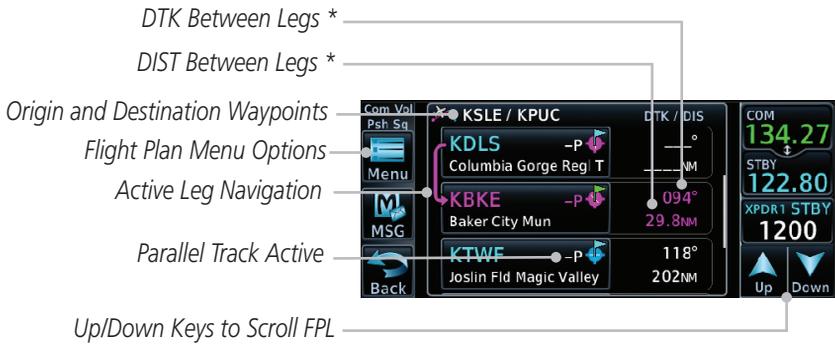
Figure 4-7 Active Flight Plan Page

* The field types may be changed using the Edit Fields function in the Flight Plan page Menu.

4.2.1 Waypoint Options

1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired flight plan waypoint. The Waypoint Options window will be shown.

Figure 4-8 Active Flight Plan Wpt Options

2. Touch one of the options to perform the selected action. Cancel the option selection by touching the **Back** key.

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4.2.1.1   Activate Leg

The Activate Leg option allows you to change the active leg of a flight plan.

Activate Leg

1. On the Waypoint Options menu, touch the desired TO waypoint and then the **Activate Leg** key to select the TO waypoint as the active leg for navigation.

Current Leg

Current TO Wpt

Touch to Select As New TO Wpt and To Activate Leg
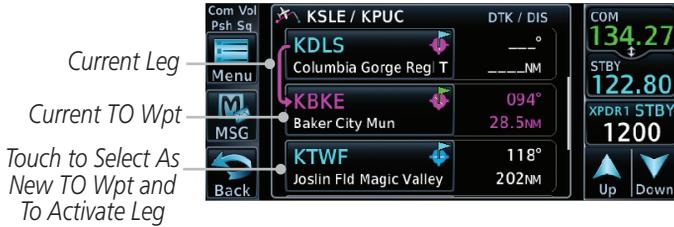
Figure 4-9 Active Flight Plan Activate Leg Option

OK

2. Touch the **OK** key to set the selected leg as the Active Leg, or **Cancel** to not select it.

Touch Cancel To Cancel The Operation And Return To the Flight Plan View

Touch OK To Activate Leg

Figure 4-10 Active Flight Plan Activate Leg Option

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4.2.1.2 Insert Before

The Insert Before option allows you to insert a new waypoint into the active flight plan before the selected waypoint.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will be displayed.

Option Will Insert New Waypoint Before This Selected Flight Plan Waypoint

Insert Before Option Was Selected

Figure 4-11 Active Flight Plan Insert Waypoint Before Option

2. Touch the **Insert Before** key to select a new waypoint before the selected waypoint.

3. Select a waypoint identifier with the alphanumeric keypad.

Choose New Waypoint To "Insert Before" The Selected Flight Plan Waypoint

Figure 4-12 Use the Alphanumeric Keypad to Select Waypoint to Insert Before

4. Then, touch **Enter** to confirm the selection or touch **Cancel** to cancel any changes. The new flight plan will be shown.

New Waypoint Inserted Before The Selected Flight Plan Waypoint

Figure 4-13 New Waypoint Is Inserted Before the Selected Waypoint

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Selected Flight Plan Waypoint   *New Flight Plan Waypoint*

Figure 4-14 Flight Plan Before and After New Waypoint Inserted

4.2.1.3 Insert After

The Insert After option allows you to insert a new waypoint into the active flight plan after the selected waypoint.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will be displayed.

2. Touch the **Insert After** key to select a new waypoint after the selected waypoint.

3. Select a waypoint identifier with the alphanumeric keypad. Then, touch **Enter** to confirm the selection, or touch the **Cancel** key to cancel the operation and return to the Waypoint Options window.

4.2.1.4 Remove

The Remove option allows you to remove the selected waypoint from the active flight plan.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will be displayed.

2. On the Waypoint Options menu, touch the **Remove** key and then the **OK** key to delete the selected waypoint from the active flight plan.

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4.2.1.5   Load Procedures

The Load Procedure selection from the Waypoint Options will start the Procedures function. See the Procedures section for complete information.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will be displayed.

Load
PROC

2. Touch the **Load Procedures** key to go to the Procedure function for adding procedures to the selected flight plan.

Touch to Select a Departure
Touch to Select an Arrival
Touch to Select an Approach

Figure 4-15   Load Procedures Wpt Option

NOTE: In software v5.13 and earlier, for some procedures, due to very small position differences in the database, consecutive flight plan legs do not match up. The total effect on navigational guidance is negligible. The LOC BC 13 at KSLE via UBG shown below is an example of this.

Procedure Flight Plan Leg Discrepancy

Figure 4-16   Procedure Flight Plan Leg Position Difference

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4.2.1.6   Waypoint Info

The Waypoint Info option allows you to view information about the selected waypoint. See the Waypoint Info section for complete information.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will be displayed.

[WPT Info]

2. One Waypoint Options menu, touch the **WPT Info** key to view information about the selected waypoint.

Distance & Bearing To Airport From Current Position

Airport Identifier, City, & Type

Airport Information

Figure 4-17 Active Flight Plan Wpt Info

[Back]

3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Active Flight Plan page.

4.2.2   Airways

Airways may be added as legs in flight plans with any waypoint that is part of an airway, such as a VOR.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired Airway entry waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will then be displayed.

Touch VOR Entry Wpt To Insert Airway

Figure 4-18 Active Flight Plan with VOR Entry Wpt

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2. Touch the **Load Airway** key to select an airway for the selected entry waypoint.

Touch To Insert Airway
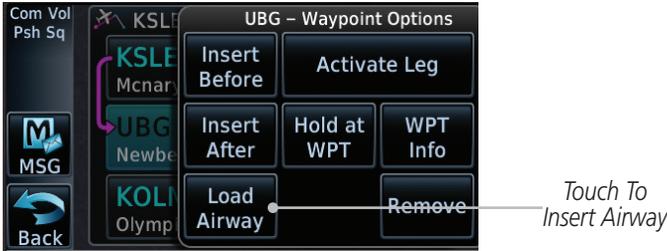
Figure 4-19 Select Load Airway from the Waypoint Options

3. Touch the desired airway to select it.

Touch To Insert Selected Airway

Figure 4-20 Select an Airway from the List

4. Scroll through the list and touch the desired exit point from the airway.

Touch To Select Exit Waypoint

Figure 4-21 Select an Exit Waypoint for the Airway

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[Load]

5. Confirm the airway information and then touch **Load** to insert the selected airway into the flight plan. If changes are desired, touch the **Airway** or **Exit Waypoint** keys to select alternate choices.

Selected Airway. Touch To Change.

Entry Waypoint

Touch For Map Preview Of Airway Waypoints

Selected Exit Waypoint. Touch To Change

Touch To Load Airway Into FPL
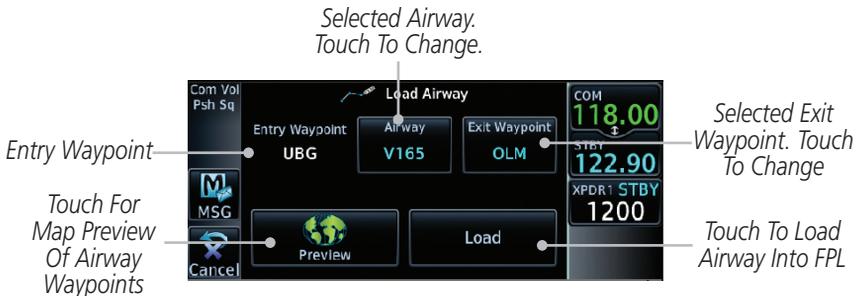
Figure 4-22 Airway Information

6. Touch the **Preview** key to view the airway waypoints and map preview of the airway.

Airway Waypoint List

Map Preview Of Airway Waypoints

Touch To Load Airway Into FPL

Figure 4-23 Airway Preview

7. After loading the airway, it is inserted into the flight plan. The airway waypoints are shown below the **Airway** key on the display. Touch the airway to make any changes.

Entry Waypoint

Selected Airway. Touch To Edit.

Selected Airway Waypoints

Figure 4-24 Airway Waypoints in the Flight Plan

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8. Touch the **Airway** key to display the Airway Options. Make the desired choice or touch **Back**.

Touch To Collapse Airway Waypoint View

Touch To Select New Or Change Current Airway

Touch To Remove Airway From Flight Plan

Figure 4-25 Airway Options

9. Touch the **Collapse All Airways** key to collapse the list of points along the airway. Touch the **Collapse All Airways** key again to toggle the display of airway detail back on.

4.2.3   Load Hold at Waypoint

> *NOTE: This feature is available in software v6.00 and later.*

4.2.3.1   Hold at Waypoint

Holding patterns may be added to existing waypoints within the flight plan.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will then be displayed.

Waypoint Options For Selected Wpt

Option Will Hold At Selected Wpt

Hold AT Wpt Option Selected

Figure 4-26 Active Flight Plan with Hold At Waypoint Option

Hold at WPT

2. Touch the **Hold at WPT** key to open the Hold at Waypoint dialog window.

Touch To Select Course Direction   *Touch To Select Turn Direction*

Touch To Select Hold Course

Touch To Select Leg Length Type

Touch To Preview Selected Hold

Touch To Use Selections To Create Hold At The Selected Wpt

Touch To Select Leg Length   *Touch To Select EFC Time*

Figure 4-27 Creating a User-Defined Hold

Course 341°

3. Touch the **Course** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the inbound or outbound course.

Direction Inbound

4. Touch the **Direction** key to select between Inbound or Outbound for the course direction.

Turn Right Turn

5. Touch the **Turn** key to select between Left or Right for the turn direction.

Leg Type Time

6. Touch the **Leg Type** key to select between Time or Distance for the leg type.

Leg Time 01:00

Leg Distance 6.0 NM

7. Touch the **Leg Time** or **Leg Distance** key to display the keypad. Use the keypad and the Enter key to select the length of the leg.

EFC 19:11 UTC
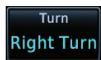
8. Touch the Expect Further Clearance (**EFC**) key to display the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the Expect Further Clearance time for a reminder.

Load Hold

9. Touch the **Load Hold** key to add the hold into the flight plan.

4.2.3.2   Removing a Hold

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the Hold to be removed. The Hold Options window is displayed.

Remove

2. Touch the **Remove** key.

OK

3. Touch the **OK** key in response to "Remove Holding Pattern?" The holding pattern is removed. To cancel the request, touch the **Cancel** key.

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4.2.4 Load Search and Rescue Pattern (Optional)

NOTE: This optional feature is available in software v6.00 and later.

NOTE: Turn smoothing may result in SAR coverage being different than intended. The flight crew should always verify that the SAR pattern created conforms to the specific mission requirements.

Search and Rescue Patterns may be added to existing waypoints within the active flight plan. Only one SAR pattern can exist in the active flight plan. Loading another SAR pattern into the active flight plan when one already exists will remove the first SAR pattern.

Each pattern has a default initial track. When the pilot changes the initial track on a SAR pattern, that change becomes the default initial track the next time the SAR pattern is accessed within the GTN. The pilot can always change the initial track when creating a SAR pattern in the flight plan.

NOTE: Flight plans cannot be stored in the catalog if they contain a SAR pattern.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will then be displayed.

Waypoint Options List For USR002

Option Will Initiate SAR Pattern From This Wpt

SAR Option Is Selected

Figure 4-28 Active Flight Plan with Load SAR Option

2. Touch the **Load SAR** key to open the Search and Rescue Patterns page.

3. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key to select between Parallel Track, Sector Search, Expanding Square, or Orbit for the SAR pattern type. The available patterns can be configured by the installer and all of the listed pattern types may not be available.

4. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.

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Load Pattern

Load PTRN & Activate

5. Confirm the SAR pattern information and then touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan or touch the **Load Pattern & Activate** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the initial waypoint.

SAR – Parallel Track – USR002

SAR Pattern
Parallel Track

6. The SAR pattern waypoints are shown below the **SAR** key on the display. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key to make any changes.

Selected Pattern. Touch To Edit.

Selected SAR Pattern Wpts
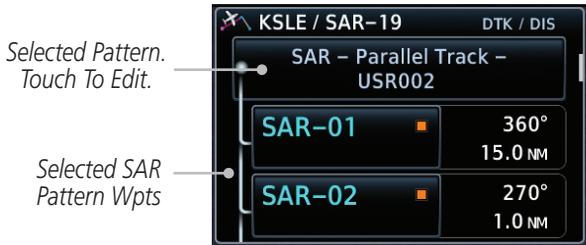
Figure 4-29 SAR Pattern Waypoints in the Flight Plan

SAR – Parallel Track – USR002

7. Touch the **SAR** key to display the Search & Rescue Options. Make the desired choice or touch the **Back** key.

SAR Key

SAR Pattern Detail Shown

Touch To Edit SAR Pattern Parameters

Touch To Collapse SAR Pattern

Touch To Insert Wpt Before SAR Wpts

Touch To Remove SAR Pattern

Figure 4-30 Search & Rescue Options

Collapse Search Pattern

8. Touch the **Collapse Search Pattern** key to collapse the list of the points along the SAR pattern. Touch the **Collapse Search Pattern** key again to toggle the display of SAR pattern detail back on.

SAR Pattern Collapsed

Figure 4-31 SAR Pattern Collapsed in Flight Plan

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4.2.4.1 Creating a Parallel Track Pattern

The Parallel Track SAR pattern starts at the initial waypoint and follows the initial track for the length of the first parallel track leg. A 90° turn in the initial turn direction leads to the spacing leg with a length equal to the track spacing. Another 90° turn leads to the second parallel track leg. The turns at the end of the second parallel track leg are in the opposite direction as the previous parallel track leg. The parallel track pattern terminates once the desired number of parallel track legs have been flown. The default initial track for the Parallel Track Pattern is True North.

Figure 4-32 Search and Rescue Parallel Track Pattern Page
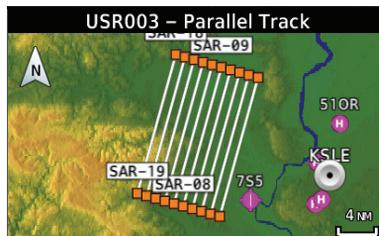
Figure 4-33 Parallel Track Search Pattern

1. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key and select Parallel Track as the pattern type.

2. Touch the **INIT TRK** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the initial course.

3. Touch the **INIT Turn** key to select between Left or Right as the initial turn direction.

4. Touch the **Leg Length** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the length of the parallel track legs.

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| TRK SPCNG 1.0 NM | 5. | Touch the **TRK SPCNG** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the desired spacing between the parallel track legs. |

| Leg Count 10 | 6. | Touch the **Leg Count** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the desired number of parallel track legs. |

| Preview | 7. | Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern. |

| Load Pattern | 8. | Touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan. |

Or

| Load PTRN & Activate | 9. | Touch the **Load PTRN & Activate** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the initial waypoint. |

4.2.4.2   Creating a Sector Search Pattern

The Sector Search SAR pattern starts at the initial waypoint and follows the initial track for the desired leg length. A 60° turn in the initial turn direction is followed by another leg with the desired leg length, another 60° turn, and then a leg back to the initiating waypoint. The next sector starts with a leg continuing on the same course outbound from the initiating waypoint and is followed by the same sequence of legs and turns. The third sector follows the same pattern. The default initial track for the Sector Search Pattern is True North.

Figure 4-34 Search and Rescue Sector Search Pattern Page

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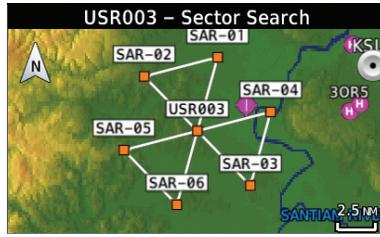
Figure 4-35 Sector Search Pattern

1. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key and select Sector Search as the pattern type.

2. Touch the **INIT TRK** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the initial course.

3. Touch the **INIT Turn** key to select between Left or Right as the initial turn direction.

4. Touch the **Leg Length** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the length of the parallel track legs.

5. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.

6. Touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan.

7. Or, touch the **Load PTRN & Activate** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the initial waypoint.

4.2.4.3   Creating an Expanding Square Pattern

The Expanding Square SAR pattern starts at the initial waypoint and follows the initial track for a distance equal to the track spacing. All turns in the expanding square pattern are in the initial turn direction. All legs in the expanding square pattern are separated by the track spacing distance. The default initial track for the Expanding Square Pattern is 090°T.

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Touch To Select Track
Spacing Distance

Selected Initial Wpt

Touch To Select SAR
Pattern Type

Touch To Select
Initial Turn Direction

Touch To Preview
Selected Pattern

Touch To Select
Initial Track

Touch To Select
Number Of Legs

Touch To Load
Selected Pattern To
The Active FPL And
Go Direct-To The First
Wpt In The Pattern

Touch To Load Selected Pattern
To The Active Flight Plan

Figure 4-36 Search and Rescue Expanding Square Pattern Page
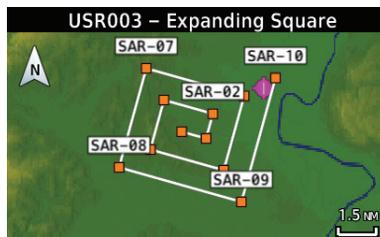
Figure 4-37 Expanding Square Search Pattern

1. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key and select Expanding Square as the pattern type.

2. Touch the **INIT TRK** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the initial course.

3. Touch the **INIT Turn** key to select between Left or Right as the initial turn direction.

4. Touch the **TRK SPCNG** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the desired spacing between the parallel track legs.

5. Touch the **Leg Count** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the desired number of legs.

6. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.

7. Touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan.

8. Or, touch the **Load PTRN & Activate** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the initial waypoint.

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4.2.4.4   Creating an Orbit Pattern

The Orbit SAR pattern is a fixed radius turn around the specified center waypoint. Automatic waypoint sequencing will be suspended while flying the orbit pattern.

Touch To Select Radius

Selected Initial Wpt

Touch To Select SAR Pattern Type

Touch To Select Initial Turn Direction

Touch To Preview Selected Pattern

Touch To Load Selected Pattern To The Active FPL And Go Direct-To The First Wpt In The Pattern

Touch To Load Selected Pattern To The Active Flight Plan

Figure 4-38   Search and Rescue Orbit Pattern Page
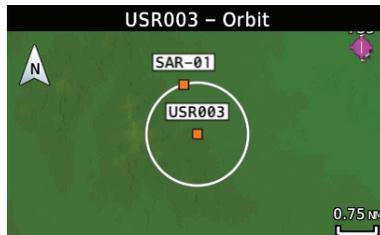
Figure 4-39   Orbit Search Pattern

1. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key and select Orbit as the pattern type.

2. Touch the **INIT Turn** key to select between Left or Right as the turn direction.

3. Touch the **Radius** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the radius of the orbit pattern.

4. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.

5. Touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan.

6. Or touch the **Load PTRN & Activate** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the first waypoint in the pattern.

4.3 Flight Plan Menu

The Flight Plan Menu provides access to functions to manage your flight plans. The functions included are: View Catalog, Store Flight Plan, Delete Flight Plan, Preview Flight Plan, Parallel Track, Invert Flight Plan, and Edit Data Fields.

Touch the **Menu** key to access the Flight Plan Menu options: View Catalog, Store Flight Plan, Delete Flight Plan, Preview Flight Plan, Parallel Track, Invert Flight Plan, and Edit Data Fields.

Touch To Add Parallel Track Course Offsets

Touch To View List Of Stored Flight Plans

Touch To View A Map And A List Of Waypoints For The Active Flight Plan

Touch To Store The Active Flight Plan

Touch To Delete The Active Flight Plan

Touch To Invert The Active Flight Plan

Touch To Edit The Active Flight Plan Information Fields
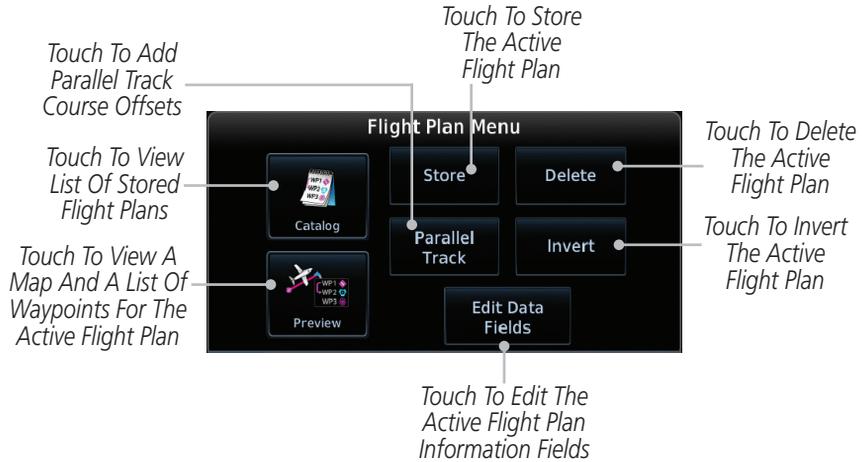
Figure 4-40 Flight Plan Menu
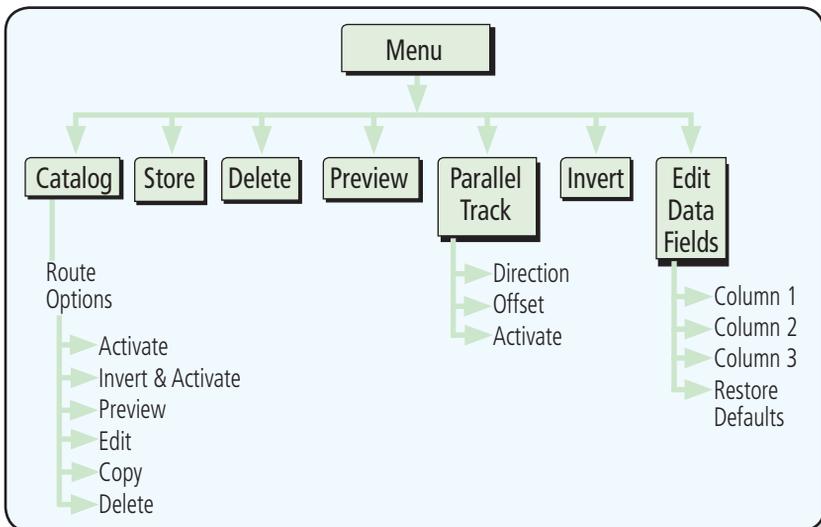
Figure 4-41 Flight Plan Menu Functional Diagram

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4.3.1 Store Flight Plan

A flight plan must be saved to the Catalog to be used in future flights. The Store Flight Plan function will save the Active Flight Plan to the Catalog.

> **NOTE:** *If a flight plan that includes a procedure that has been modified by the pilot is saved into the flight plan catalog, the GTN cannot check the accuracy of that procedure when that flight plan is used on a later flight. It is recommended that flight plans with modified procedures not be saved in the flight plan catalog.*

1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key. The Flight Plan Menu will be displayed.
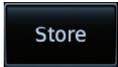
2. Touch the **Store** key to store the current Active Flight Plan into the Catalog. The flight plan will be named by the beginning and ending waypoints.

3. When a duplicate flight plan is created, the **Store** key will not be available and the flight plan will be saved with a numeral at the end of the destination waypoint.

Original Flight Plan

Duplicate Flight Plan
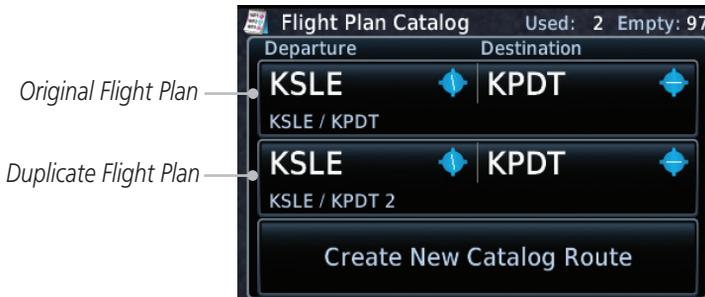
Figure 4-42 Duplicate Flight Plan Naming

4.3.2 Invert Flight Plan

The Invert Flight Plan option allows you to reverse the Active flight plan and use it for navigation guidance back to your original departure point. The original flight plan stored in the catalog is not affected.

1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key. The Flight Plan Menu will be displayed.

2. Touch the **Invert** key to invert the current Active Flight Plan.

4.3.3 Parallel Track

Parallel Track allows you to create a parallel course offset of 1 to 99 NM to the left or right of your current flight plan. After setting a parallel track to your current flight plan, a magenta parallel track line will be drawn offset from the original by the selected distance. The original course line will be drawn in gray. The aircraft will navigate to the parallel track course line and external CDI/HSI guidance will be driven from the parallel track.

When you reach the end of the flight plan, a message will state, "Parallel offset terminating in X seconds." The message will be given when the aircraft reaches the offset distance from the end of the parallel track. This will give the pilot sufficient time to intercept the original course.
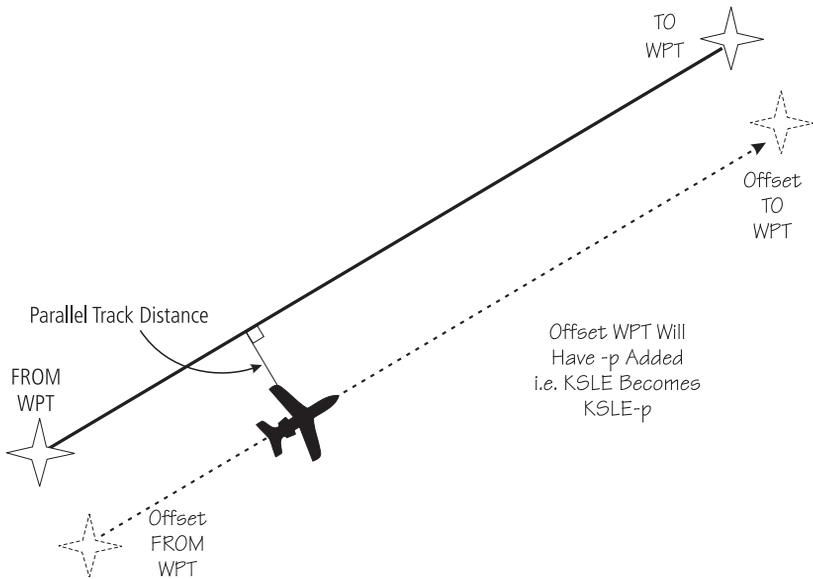
Figure 4-43 Parallel Track Description

> **NOTE:** *Parallel track will be cancelled when graphically editing a flight plan.*

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> **NOTE:** *Certain leg types (such as approach) or leg geometries (changes in desire track greater than 120 degrees), combined with large offset values do not support parallel track. Default direction and offset values may result in the status indicating that parallel track is not supported. The user must enter the desired parallel track offset and distance to determine whether that flight plan, combined with the offset and distance, support parallel track.*

1. While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Parallel Track** key.

Touch To Set PTK Direction — PTK Status

Touch To Set PTK Distance

Touch To Activate PTK Settings

Figure 4-44 Parallel Track Selection

2. Touch the **Direction** key to toggle the Parallel Track to be Left or Right of the current Flight Plan.

3. Touch the **Offset** key to select the Parallel Offset from the current Flight Plan. Select the desired distance on the numeric keypad. Touch **Enter** when finished.

4. Touch the **Activate** key. A magenta "-P" indication will appear to the right of the waypoint name on the Active Flight Plan page.

Active FPL Leg

PTK Active Symbol

Figure 4-45 Parallel Track Shown in the Active Flight Plan Page

5. To deactivate Parallel Track, while viewing the Active Flight Plan touch the **Menu** key. With the Flight Plan Menu displayed, touch the **Deactivate PTK** key.

4.3.4 Edit Data Fields

The Active Flight Plan Page shows each waypoint for the flight plan, along with the Desired Track (DTK), Distance (DIS) for each leg and Cumulative Distance (CUM). The data fields are user-selectable and may be changed to display Cumulative Distance (CUM), Distance (DIS), Desired Track (DTK), En Route Safe Altitude (ESA), Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA), or Estimated Time En route (ETE).

DIS Between Legs

DTK Between Legs

Origin and Destination Waypoints

Current Flight Plan Leg
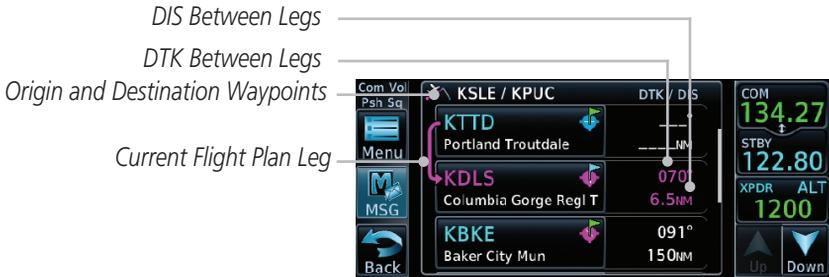
Figure 4-46 Flight Plan Data Fields

1. While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Edit Data Fields** key.

Touch To Select Field Types

Current Field Types

Touch To Restore Original Default Types
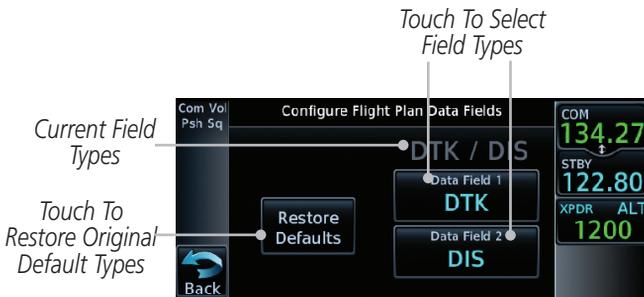
Figure 4-47 Flight Plan Edit Data Fields Page

2. Touch one of the field keys to select from the list.

Selected Field Type

Figure 4-48 Flight Plan Data Fields List

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3. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys, or touch and drag the list, as needed to scroll through the list. Touch the desired Field Type to set it for the selected field.

4. Continue as desired for the other fields.

4.3.5 Flight Plan Catalog Route Options

The Flight Plan Catalog allows you to create, edit, activate, delete and copy flight plans. The catalog can hold up to 99 flight plans of up to 100 waypoints each. Flight plans are named by the Departure and Destination waypoint. Any time you activate a flight plan, a copy of the flight plan is automatically transferred to Active Flight Plan page and overwrites any previously active flight plan.

1. While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Catalog** key. The list of currently stored flight plans will be displayed.

Figure 4-49 Flight Plan Catalog

2. Touch a flight plan to display the Route Options.

Figure 4-50 Flight Plan Catalog Route Options

3. Touch the Route Option key for the desired option to act on the selected flight plan.

4.3.5.1   Catalog Route Option - Activate

1. While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.

Activate

OK

2. Touch the **Activate** key and then touch **OK**. The selected flight plan will be activated.

Replace current active route?

OK
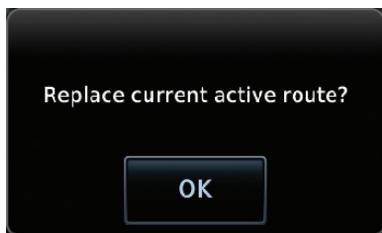
Figure 4-51 Touch OK to Replace the Existing Active Flight Plan

3. The Active Flight Plan page will now be displayed.

4.3.5.2   Catalog Route Option - Invert & Activate

1. While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.

Invert & Activate

OK

2. Touch the **Invert & Activate** key and then touch **OK**. The selected flight plan will be inverted and activated.

Replace current active route?

OK
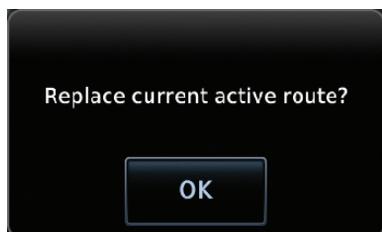
Figure 4-52 Touch OK to Invert and Activate the Selected Flight Plan

3. The Active Flight Plan page will now be displayed.

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4.3.5.3   Catalog Route Option - Preview

1.   While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.

2.   Touch the **Preview** key. A map view of the flight plan and list of the waypoints will be displayed.

Flight Plan Waypoint List
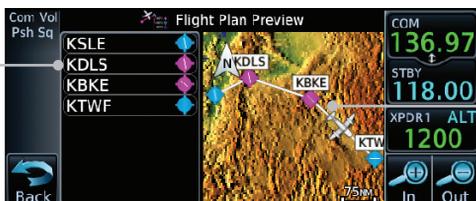
Flight Plan Map Preview

Figure 4-53 Flight Plan Preview

3.   Touch the **Back** key to return to the Flight Plan Catalog.

4.3.5.4   Catalog Route Option - Edit

1.   While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.

2.   Touch the **Edit** key. The flight plan will be displayed. Make any changes necessary by touching the desired waypoint and using the Waypoint Options.

Selected Waypoint

Touch To Edit Flight Plan

Figure 4-54 Use Waypoint Options to Edit the Selected Flight Plan

3.   Touch the **Back** key to return to the Flight Plan Catalog.

![GARMIN logo]

4.3.5.5 Catalog Route Option - Copy

1. While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.

[Copy]

2. Touch the **Copy** key. You will be prompted to copy the selected flight plan. Touch **OK** to create the flight plan copy.

Copy Flight Plan KNQX / KBFM?

OK

Figure 4-55 Flight Plan Catalog Route Copy Option

3. A copy of the selected flight plan will now be listed. If any changes are required for the copy, it can be used as a starting point for a similar flight plan. Use the Edit Route option to make the desired changes.

Duplicate Copy Of Selected Flight Plan

Com Vol Psh Sq — Flight Plan Catalog — Used: 5 Empty: 94
Departure — Destination
KNQX — KBFM
KNQX / KBFM
KNQX — KBFM
KNQX / KBFM 2
KNQX — KFLL
KNQX / KFLL
Back — Up — Down

COM
136.97
STBY
134.27
XPDR2 STBY
1200

Figure 4-56 Copied Flight Plan

[Back]

4. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Active Flight Plan.

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4.3.5.6   Catalog Route Option - Delete

1.   While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.

Selected Waypoint

Touch To Delete Flight Plan

Figure 4-57 Select Flight Plan from the Catalog to Delete

2.   Touch the **Delete** key and then touch **OK**.
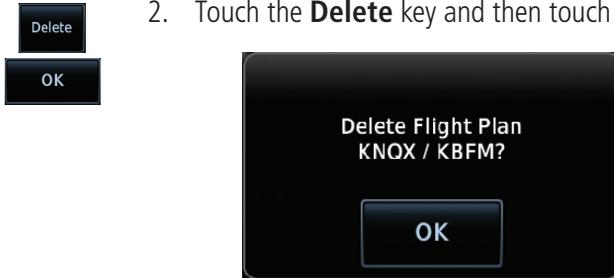
Figure 4-58 Delete the Selected Flight Plan from the Catalog

4.3.6   Delete Flight Plan

There are three ways to delete a flight plan.

1.   Remove a selected flight plan from the catalog.

2.   Remove all flight plans from the catalog.

3.   Remove all waypoints from the active flight plan.

4.3.6.1   Delete Flight Plan from Catalog

1.   While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **View Catalog** key. The list of currently stored flight plans will be displayed.

2. Touch one of the flight plans to select it.

Selected Waypoint

Touch Delete To Remove The Waypoint From The Catalog

Figure 4-59 Select a Flight Plan from the Catalog

Delete

OK

3. Touch **Delete** and then the **OK** key. The selected flight plan will be removed from the Catalog.

Delete Flight Plan
KSLE / KTWF?

OK

Figure 4-60 Delete a Flight Plan from the Catalog

4.3.6.2 Delete All Flight Plans from Catalog

NOTE: This feature is available in software v6.20 or later.

Menu

1. While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog, touch the **Menu** key to open the Flight Plan Catalog Menu.

Flight Plan Catalog   Used: 1 Empty: 98
Departure   Destination

Pending Preview

Flight Plan Catalog Menu

Import   Delete All   Delete Pending

Touch to Delete All Flight Plans Pending

Touch to Delete All Catalog Flight Plans
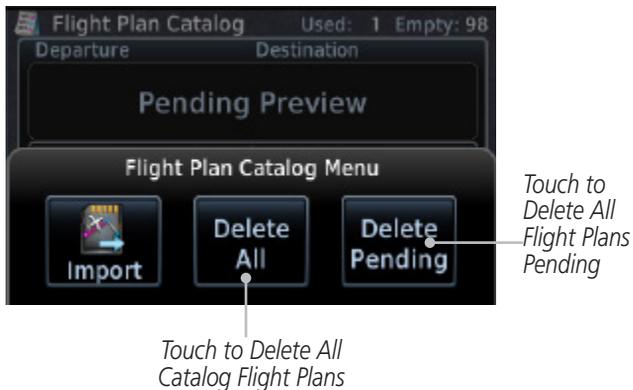
Figure 4-61 Flight Plan Catalog Menu

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2. Touch **Delete All** to remove all flight plans in the catalog.

3. Touch **Delete Pending** to remove all flight plans pending preview in the catalog.

4.3.6.3 Delete Active Flight Plan

1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Delete Flight Plan** key.

Delete all waypoints in flight plan?

OK

Figure 4-62 Delete a Flight Plan from the Active Flight Plan

2. Touch **OK** to clear the waypoints from the Active Flight Plan. The flight plan will not be removed from the Catalog.

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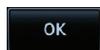
4.3.7 Preview Flight Plan

The Preview Flight Plan function provides a summary of a flight plan. A preview of the Active Flight Plan can be selected from the Flight Plan Menu's **Preview Flight Plan** key or selecting a flight plan from the catalog and choosing Preview from the Route Options menu.

4.3.7.1 Previewing the Active Flight Plan

1. While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Preview** key. A preview of the Active Flight Plan will be shown.

Flight Plan Waypoint List

Current Dest Waypoint

Current Aircraft Position On Current Leg of Active Flight Plan

Map View of Flight Plan Legs

Figure 4-63 Active Flight Plan Preview

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Active Flight Plan page.

4.3.7.2 Previewing a Flight Plan in the Catalog

1. While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Catalog** key. The list of currently stored flight plans will be displayed.

2. Touch the desired flight plan. The Route Options will now be displayed.

3. Touch the **Preview** key to display a preview of the selected flight plan.

4. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Flight Plan Catalog.

4.4 Graphically Editing a Flight Plan

The Active Flight Plan may be edited graphically on the Map page. See Section 8.3.3 for details.

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4.5 Import Flight Plans with Connext

When the GTN is interfaced with a compatible Flight Stream device, flight plans can be wirelessly imported into the GTN from supported Apps (i.e. Garmin Pilot). The imported flight plans can then be activated or stored to the flight plan catalog once they are previewed by the pilot.

> **NOTE:** *Flight plans over 99 waypoints long are truncated at 99 waypoints and the last waypoint in the imported/uploaded flight plan may not be the destination airport.*

> **NOTE:** *Flight plan information and user waypoints included as part of a flight plan will not necessarily retain their names when the flight plan is transferred from the portable device to the GTN via a Flight Stream device. Whenever a User Waypoint is imported, it is compared to the existing User Waypoint catalog. If it matches locations with an existing User Waypoint, the waypoint will utilize the name saved in the GTN for that waypoint. If there is not a location match, the waypoint is imported but without the name label that the import software may have used. Therefore all new User Waypoints will come in as USR### where the number is the lowest open User Waypoint slot in the catalog.*

> **NOTE:** *This feature is available in software v5.10 and later.*

4.5.1 Operation

On the portable device, select the option to send a flight plan to the GTN. The GTN **MSG** key will appear and begin to flash.

1. Pressing the **MSG** key will open the message page with a message regarding the flight plan import and a key showing how many flight plans are ready to preview.

Touch To Preview Flight Plan

Com Vol Psh Sq **Messages**
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT
New imported flight plan(s) available for preview.
1 New FPL
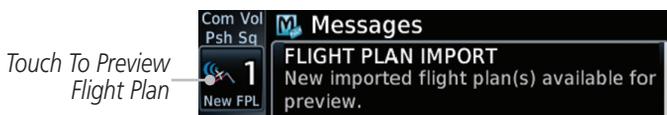
Figure 4-64 Flight Plan Import Message

2. Touch the **New FPL** key to open the flight plan preview page when only one flight plan is imported, or the flight plan catalog when more than one flight plan is imported.

Figure 4-65 Preview for Single Flight Plan Import

Figure 4-66 Catalog for Multiple Flight Plan Import

3. Selecting a flight plan in the catalog that is "Pending Preview" will slide out a menu to preview or delete the flight plan. Once the flight plan has been previewed and then stored or activated, the other Route Options in the menu will be available.

Figure 4-67 Route Options by Selecting Flight Plan with Pending Review

4.5.2 Potential Errors

If the GTN is unable to import a flight plan due to errors in the flight plan or a full catalog, the pilot will be alerted with a system message.

Figure 4-68 Flight Plan Import Error Messages

If an imported flight plan contains any errors, pop-up messages will be displayed alerting the pilot of the issues and the resulting changes to the flight plan.

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When the imported flight plan is too long, the GTN will truncate the flight plan to the correct length. The pilot should be aware that waypoints are missing from the end of the flight plan, including the destination waypoint.

Figure 4-69 Pop-Up Message Reporting Flight Plan Errors

When the imported flight plan contains waypoints (non-user waypoints), procedures, or airways that are not found in navigation database, the GTN will replace those waypoints with locked (lockd) waypoints. These locked waypoints must be resolved prior to activating the flight plan to provide navigation along the flight plan.

When more than one error occurs during the flight plan import, the pilot will need to cycle through the errors by touching the **Next** key on the pop-up.
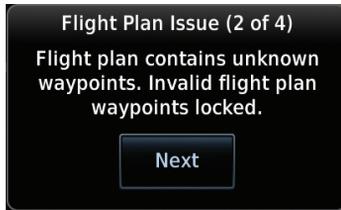
Figure 4-70 Pop-Up Message Reporting Unknown Waypoints

Figure 4-71 Pop-Up Message Reporting Unknown Procedure

Figure 4-72 Pop-Up Message Reporting Unknown Airway

4.6 Import Flight Plans with a Datacard

Flight plans can be created on a computer using compatible flight planning software and saved to the datacard to be imported into the GTN. The imported flight plans can then be activated or stored to the flight plan catalog once they are previewed by the pilot.

> *NOTE: Flight plans over 99 waypoints long are truncated at 99 waypoints and the last waypoint in the imported/uploaded flight plan may not be the destination airport.*

> *NOTE: This feature is available in software v5.10 and later.*

> *NOTE: The flight plan file format used by the GTN is different than the file format used by the GNS 400W/500W Series navigators.*

1. While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key and then the **Catalog** key to display the Flight Plan Catalog.

Touch To Import Flight Plan
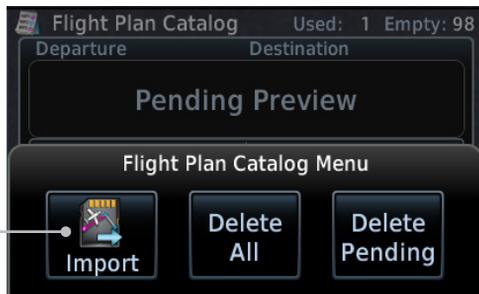
Figure 4-73 Catalog for Datacard Flight Plan Import

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2. An **Import** key will be present in the menu bar when flight plans are present on the datacard. Touch the **Import** key to open a pop-up with a list of the file names of the flight plans on the datacard.

Touch To Import Flight Plan From Datacard
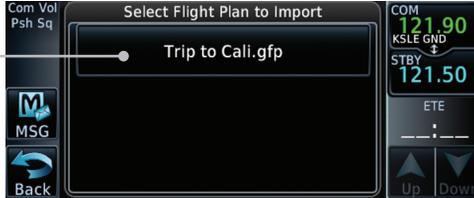
Figure 4-74 Flight Plan To Import From Datacard

3. Select the desired flight plan to import.
4. Press **Store** to save the flight plan to the catalog. Press **Activate** to make the imported flight plan the active route.

Touch To Store To Save Flight Plan To The Catalog

Touch To Make The Imported Flight Plan The Active Route

Figure 4-75 Route Options For Datacard Flight Plan Import

4.6.1 Potential Errors

If the GTN is unable to import a flight plan due to errors in the flight plan or a full catalog, the pilot will immediately be alerted with a pop-up.
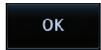
1. Touch OK at the prompt to continue.

Figure 4-76 Flight Plan Import Fault

Figure 4-77 Flight Plan Import Fault - Catalog Full

2. If an imported flight plan contains any errors, pop-up messages will be displayed alerting the pilot of the issues and the resulting changes to the flight plan. These pop-ups are presented the first time that the flight plan is viewed on the Flight Plan Preview page.

   When the imported flight plan is too long, the GTN will truncate the flight plan to the correct length. The pilot should be aware that waypoints are missing from the end of the flight plan.

Figure 4-78 Flight Plan Import Issue - Flight Plan Too Long

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3. When the imported flight plan contains waypoints (non-user waypoints), procedures, or airways that are not found in navigation database, the GTN will replace those waypoints with locked waypoints. These locked waypoints must be resolved prior to activating the flight plan.

Next

When more than one error occurs during the flight plan import, the pilot will need to cycle through the errors by touching the **Next** key on the pop-up.

Flight Plan Issue (2 of 4)

Flight plan contains unknown waypoints. Invalid flight plan waypoints locked.

Next
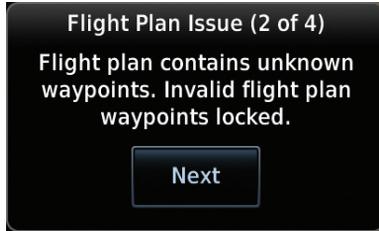
Figure 4-79 Flight Plan Import Issue - Flight Plan Contains Unknown Waypoints

Flight Plan Issue (3 of 4)

Unknown procedure removed from imported flight plan.

Next

Figure 4-80 Flight Plan Import Issue - Unknown Procedure Removed From Flight Plan

Flight Plan Issue (4 of 4)

Unknown airway removed from imported flight plan.

OK

Figure 4-81 Flight Plan Import Issue - Unknown Airway Removed From Flight Plan

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5 DIRECT-TO

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The GTN 6XX Direct-To function can quickly set a course to any waypoint. If the pilot selects Direct-To to a waypoint that is in the flight plan, waypoint sequencing in the flight plan will resume upon reaching that waypoint. If the pilot selects Direct-To for a waypoint that is not in the flight plan, the flight plan will no longer be active but remains available. There are some fixes within procedures for which if a Direct-To is selected then the approach will not be active. For example, if you activate a Direct-To course to a waypoint between the FAF and the MAP and go Direct-To to that waypoint then approach guidance will not become active.

5.1 Direct-To Navigation

1. Press the **Direct-To** key on the right side of the unit.

Figure 5-1 Direct-To Wpt Page

2. Select **Waypoint**, **FPL**, or **NRST APT** from the Direct-To window by touching the desired tab.

3. If a specific course is necessary, touch the **Course To** key.

4. Use the numeric keypad to select the course and then touch the **Enter** key.

Selected Course

Backspace Key

Numeric Keypad

Figure 5-2 Direct-To Course Selection

5. Touch the desired waypoint and touch the **Activate** key or press the **small right** knob.

Waypoint Tab

Waypoint Detail

Touch To Select A Specific Course

Activate Direct-To Course

Press Small Knob To Activate Direct-To Wpt

Figure 5-3 Direct-To Selection

6. The Map page will now be displayed with the new Direct-To course.

5.2 Direct-To a Flight Plan Waypoint

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The Direct-To selection is not available for all flight plan entries. Some flight plans entries including holds and course reversals cannot be selected for Direct-To. Instead, select the associated waypoint for the Direct-To function.

1. Press the **Direct-To** key on the right side of the unit.

2. Touch the **FPL** tab on the left side of the Direct-To window.

Flight Plan Tab

Flight Plan Waypoint List

Touch Waypoint Key To Select

Figure 5-4 Direct-To Flight Plan Leg Selection

3. Touch the leg of your flight plan you want to use. The Direct-To Waypoint page will display information about the selected flight plan waypoint.

Waypoint Tab

Waypoint Detail

Touch To Select A Specific Course

Touch To Activate Direct-To Nav To This Waypoint

Figure 5-5 Selected Direct-To Flight Plan Leg

4. Touch the **Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.

5. The Map page will now be displayed with the new Direct-To course.

5.3 Direct-To a Nearest Airport

1. Press the **Direct-To** key on the lower right side of the unit.

2. Touch the **NRST APT** tab on the left side of the Direct-To window. The nearest 25 airports within 200 NM will be listed. The airport at the top of the list is the nearest airport. To review the other nearest airports, touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

Nearest Tab

Touch List And Drag Finger To Scroll List

Nearest Airport List

Arrows Indicate More Items On The List

Figure 5-6 Direct-To Nearest Airport Selection

3. Touch the desired airport to select it. The selected airport will be displayed in the Waypoint page.

Direct-To Waypoint

Activate Direct-To Course

Press Small Knob To Activate Direct-To Wpt

Figure 5-7 Selected Direct-To Nearest Airport

4. Touch the **Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.

5. The Map page will now be displayed with the new Direct-To course.

![GARMIN logo]

5.4 Removing a Direct-To Course

When a Direct-To course is cancelled, the previously active flight plan will be reactivated and the nearest leg to the aircraft position will become the active leg. If there was no active flight plan, after cancelling the Direct-To course the aircraft will continue with the current heading.

1. Press the **Direct-To** key to display the Direct-To page.

Touch To Remove The Direct-To Course

Direct-To Waypoint

Figure 5-8 Remove the Direct-To Course

2. Touch the **Remove** key.

3. Navigation will now return to the active flight plan.

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5.5 Direct-To Map Waypoint

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A Direct-To course may be set to any waypoint selected on the Map page. The waypoint is selected by touching an item such as an airport, VOR, or NDB or any other location. Touching the map page at any place not having an existing location name will create a waypoint with the name "MAPWPT." Touching the **Direct-To** key will automatically insert the selected waypoint as the Direct-To waypoint. The MAPWPT will be saved as a User Waypoint.

1. On the Map page, touch the map at the location intended to be the Direct-To waypoint.

2. Press the **Direct-To** key on the right side of the unit.

Figure 5-9 Touch the Map to Create a MAPWPT as the Direct-To Course Destination

3. Touch the **Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.

5.6   Off-Route Direct-To Course

An off-route Direct-To course may be selected by using the Waypoint tab, Nrst Apt tab, or selecting a waypoint on the map. When an off-route Direct-To course is activated, the existing active flight plan will be deactivated. The original active flight plan and waypoint sequencing is reactivated when the Direct-To course is removed.

Figure 5-10 Active Flight Data is Removed When a Direct-To Course is Activated

5.7   Graphically Editing a Direct-To Route

Direct-To routes may be edited graphically on the Map page the same as a regular flight plan. See Section 8.3.3 for details.

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5.8   Direct-To a User-Defined Hold

> **NOTE:** This feature is available in software v6.00 and later.

> **NOTE:** Any time a user hold is changed with the Direct-To key, upon pressing the "Activate the Direct-To Hold" key, navigation guidance will be given back to the holding fix and the new hold re-initiated.

A user-defined hold can be created as part of a Direct-To to any waypoint. Automatic waypoint sequencing will be suspended during the hold.

1. Press the **Direct-To** key to display the Direct-To page.

Direct-To Wpt

Touch To Select Specific Course

Touch To Create Hold At Direct-To Wpt

Figure 5-11 Create Hold at Direct-To Waypoint

2. Touch the **Hold** key. The Direct-To Hold page is displayed.

Touch To Select Direction

Touch To Select Specific Course

Touch To Select Leg Length Type

Touch To Preview Selected Hold

Touch To Select Turn Direction

Touch To Select EFC Time

Touch To Accept Hold Parameters

Touch To Select Leg Length

Figure 5-12 Entering Direct-To Hold Parameters

3. Touch the **Course** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the inbound or outbound course.

4. Touch the **Direction** key to select between Inbound or Outbound for the course direction.

5. Touch the **Turn** key to select between Left or Right for the turn direction.

6. Touch the **Leg Type** key to select between Time or Distance for the leg type.

7. Touch the **Leg Time** or **Leg Distance** key to display the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the length of the leg.

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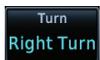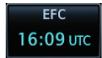
8. Touch the **EFC** key to display the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the Expect Further Clearance time for a reminder.

9. Touch the **Load Hold** key to accept the hold parameters and return to the Direct-To page.

Direct-To Wpt

Specified Course To Direct-To Wpt

Touch To Activate Direct-To Course and Hold

Hold Pattern Course

Figure 5-13 Direct-To Page with Hold Selected

10. Touch the **Hold Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.

5.9 Direct-To a Search and Rescue Pattern

NOTE: *This feature is available in software v6.00 and later.*

A search and rescue pattern can be created as part of a Direct-To to a flight plan, off-route, or map waypoint. Creating a SAR pattern as part of an off-route Direct-To will insert the SAR pattern waypoints at the end of the En Route portion of the active flight plan.

1. Press the **Direct-To** key to display the Direct-To page.

Direct-To Wpt

Touch To Selectic Specific Course

Touch To Load Selected SAR Pattern To Direct-To

Figure 5-14 Create SAR Pattern at Direct-To Waypoint

2. Touch the **SAR** key. The Direct-To Search and Rescue Patterns page is displayed.

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Touch To Select SAR Pattern Type

Selected Initial Wpt

Touch To Select Initial Track

Touch To Select Initial Turn Direction

Touch To Select Number Of Legs

Touch To Preview Selected Pattern

Touch To Select Leg Length

Touch To Select Track Spacing Distance

Touch to Load Selected SAR Pattern to Direct-To

Figure 5-15 Direct-To Search and Rescue Pattern Page
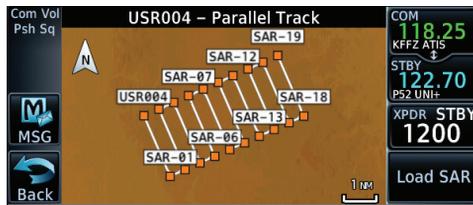
Figure 5-16 Direct-To Search and Rescue Preview

3. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key to select between Parallel Track, Sector Search, Expanding Square, or Orbit for the SAR pattern type. The available patterns can be configured by the installer and all of the listed pattern types may not be available. See *Section 4.2.4 - Load Search and Rescue Pattern* for more details on configuring each pattern type.

4. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.

5. Confirm the SAR pattern information and then touch the **Load Pattern** key to accept the SAR parameters and return to the Direct-To page.

Direct-To Wpt

Specified Course To Direct-To Wpt

Touch To Activate Direct-To Course And SAR Pattern

Selected SAR Pattern Type

Figure 5-17 Direct-To Page with SAR Pattern Selected

6. Touch the **SAR Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.

6 PROCEDURES

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The GTN 6XX allows you to fly non-precision and precision approaches to airports with published instrument approach procedures. All available approaches are stored on your Jeppesen NavData® card, and are automatically updated when the card's files have been updated. Subscription information for NavData cards is included in your GTN 6XX package.

The Procedures Page is displayed by touching the **PROC** key on the Home page. The Procedures Page provides access to approaches, departures and arrivals. Selections are also shown to: Activate Approach, Vectors to Final, and Activate Missed Approach.

> *NOTE:* *Baro-corrected altitude is not required by the GTN unit to meet the requirements of TSO-C146c; however, to take full advantage of the GTN unit's capabilities, an optional baro-corrected altitude source is recommended for automatic sequencing of altitude leg types. If no baro-corrected altitude data is provided to the GTN unit, altitude leg types must be manually sequenced.*

6.1 Basic Approach Operations

The GTN 6XX provides precision vertical guidance as well as lateral and advisory vertical guidance using its built in GPS receiver for GPS or RNAV approaches. The moving map pages can also be used as an aid to situational awareness for ILS, VOR, and NDB approaches (and non-precision localizer-based approaches), but the appropriate radio navigational aid MUST be used for primary approach course guidance for non-GPS approaches.

Approaches designed specifically for GPS are often very simple and don't require overflying a VOR or NDB. Currently, many non-precision approaches have "GPS overlays" to let you fly an existing procedure (VOR, VOR/DME, NDB, etc.) more accurately using GPS.

Many overlay approaches are more complex (in comparison to GPS-only approaches). The GTN 6XX displays and guides you through each leg of the approach — automatically sequencing through each of these legs, up to the missed approach point (MAP). Approaches may be flown "as published" with the full transition — using any published feeder route or initial approach fix (IAF) — or may be flown with a vectors-to-final transition.

Phase of flight annunciations are provided on the bottom of the display indicating the current mode of flight.

Procedures are arranged around the existing flight plan in the following order: Departure, En Route, Arrival, and Approach. For example, Departure waypoints are inserted before the En Route waypoints in the flight plan and Arrival waypoints are inserted between the En Route waypoints and the approach waypoints. Always verify that the transition waypoints between each phase are correct.
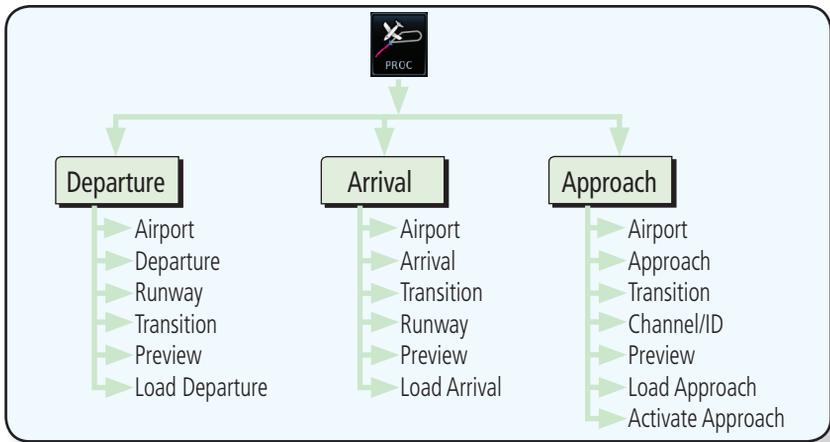
Figure 6-1 Procedures Functional Diagram

Annunciation	Description
LPV	Localizer Performance with Vertical guidance (LPV) approach. Fly to LPV minimums.
LP +V	Localizer Performance using published LP minima. Advisory vertical guidance is provided. Fly to LP minimums.
LP	Localizer Performance with no vertical guidance. Fly to LP minimums.
L/VNAV	Lateral Navigation and Vertical Navigation (LNAV/VNAV) approach. Fly to LNAV/VNAV minimums.
LNAV+V	GPS approach using published LNAV minima. Advisory vertical guidance is provided. Fly to LNAV minimums.
LNAV	Lateral Navigation approach. Fly to LNAV minimums.
MAPR	Missed Approach indicates the system is providing missed approach integrity and CDI full-scale deflection ±0.3 NM.
ENR	En route, CDI full-scale deflection is 2.0 NM or current CDI scale selection, whichever is smaller.
TERM	Terminal, CDI full-scale deflection is 1.0 NM or current CDI scale selection, whichever is smaller.
DPRT	Departure, indicates the system is using non-precision approach integrity. CDI full-scale deflection is 0.3 NM.
OCN	Oceanic, CDI full-scale deflection is 2.0 NM.
LOW ALT (lower window)	For LNAV+V, LNAV/VNAV, or LPV approaches, the LOW ALT annunciation indicates the aircraft's estimated height is lower than the Final Approach Waypoint height by approximately 50 meters. This annunciation will not be active when TAWS is operational.

Table 6-1 Phase of Flight Annunciations

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6.2 Selecting a Departure

A Departure Procedure (DP) is loaded at the departure airport in the flight plan. Only one departure can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. If a departure is loaded when another departure is already in the active flight plan, the new departure replaces the previous departure. The route is defined by selection of a departure, the transition waypoint, and a runway.

> **NOTE:** Vector-only departures are not available in the Procedures database as the GTN 6XX cannot provide navigational guidance on vectored legs.

1. Touch the **PROC** key on the Home page and then touch the **Departure** key to display the Departure list.

Touch To Show Departure List
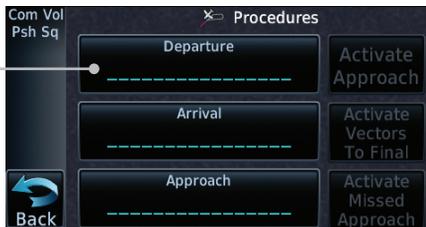
Figure 6-2 Select Departure

2. If necessary, touch the **Airport** key and enter the departure airport. Touch the key for the desired Departure.

3. Touch the key for the desired Transition.

Touch To Select Desired Departure Transition

Figure 6-3 Selecting a Departure Transition

4. Touch the key for the desired Runway, if necessary.

Touch To Select Desired Departure Runway

Figure 6-4 Selecting a Departure Runway

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> **NOTE:** *If the selected runway is depicted as RW10B, for instance, this means both runways 10L and 10R.*

5. After selecting the runway, the Departure page will be displayed.

Touch To Select Airport

Touch To Select Runway

Touch To Preview Departure

Touch To Select Departure

Touch To Select Transition

Touch To Load Departure

Figure 6-5 Result of Selecting a Departure

6. Touch the **Preview** key to view the Departure.

Sequence List For The Selected Departure

Departure Diagram

Touch To Load Departure

Figure 6-6 Previewing a Departure

7. Touch the **Load Departure** key. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed.

Touch To Change Or Remove Departure

Touch To Edit Waypoint

Touch To Edit Waypoint

Scroll To View Flight Plan With Departure Waypoints

Figure 6-7 Flight Plan View of the Selected Departure

8. Remove a departure or select a new one by touching the Departure key and selecting the desired choice.

6.3 Selecting an Arrival

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A Standard Terminal Arrival (STAR) can be loaded at any airport with a published arrival procedure. Only one arrival can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. If an arrival is loaded when another arrival is already in the active flight plan, the new arrival replaces the previous arrival. The route is defined by selection of an arrival, the transition waypoint, and a runway.

1. Touch the **PROC** key on the Home page to display the Procedures page and then touch the **Arrival** key to display the Arrival page.

Touch To Display Arrival Page

Figure 6-8 Procedure Page

2. If necessary, touch the **Airport** key to select a new airport. Touch the **Arrival** key to display the Arrival list for the selected airport.

Touch To Select Airport

Touch To Display Arrival List For The Selected Airport

Figure 6-9 Arrival Page

3. Touch the desired Arrival from the Arrival list for the selected airport.

Touch To Select Arrival

Figure 6-10 Select from Arrival List

4. Touch the **Transition** key and then touch the key for the desired transition.

Touch To Select Transition

Figure 6-11 Select from Transition List

5. Touch the key for the desired Runway, if necessary. The completed Arrival page will be displayed.

Touch To Select Airport

Touch To Select Transition

Touch To Display Arrival List For The Selected Airport

Touch To Display Runway List For The Selected Arrival

Touch To Preview Arrival Wpt List And Map

Touch To Load Arrival Into The Active Flight Plan

Figure 6-12 Completed Arrival Page

> **NOTE:** If the selected runway is depicted as RW10B, for instance, this means both runways 10L and 10R.

6. Touch the **Preview** key. A preview of the Arrival and the Sequence List will be displayed.

Sequence List For The Selected Arrival

Arrival Diagram

Touch To Load Arrival

Figure 6-13 Arrival Map Preview and Sequence List

7. Touch the **Load Arrival** key to insert the arrival into the flight plan. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed.

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Touch To Select Or Remove Arrival

Touch To Edit Waypoint

Scroll To View Flight Plan With Departure Waypoints

Figure 6-14 Flight Plan With Arrival Loaded

6.4   Selecting an Approach

Only one approach can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. If an approach is loaded when another approach is already in the active flight plan, the new approach replaces the previous approach. The route is defined by selection of an approach, the transition waypoint, and a runway.

1. Touch the **PROC** key on the Home page. The Approach, Arrival, and Departure fields will be dashed until a selection is made.

Touch To Select Departure

Touch To Select Arrival

Touch To Select Approach
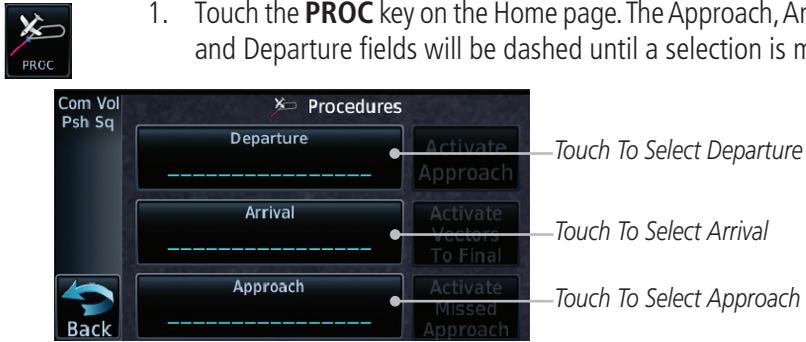
Figure 6-15 Procedures Selection Window

2. Touch the **Approach** key on the Procedures page to select an approach for the destination airport. Confirm that the intended airport is shown or touch the **Airport** key and select the desired airport.

Touch To Select Airport

Touch To Select Approach

Touch To Select Channel ID
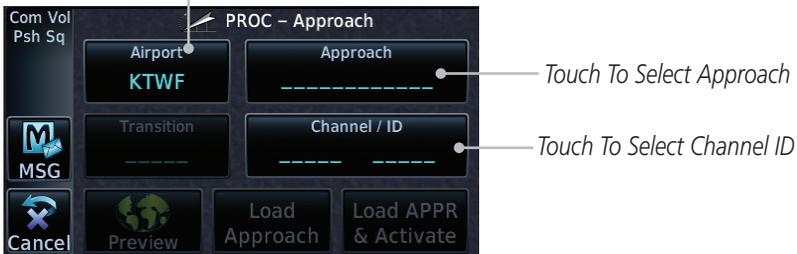
Figure 6-16 Selecting an Approach

3. Touch the **Approach** key on the Procedures-Approach page and then touch the key for the desired approach.

Select Approach – KTWF

ILS 26

RNAV 08 GPS LPV — *Touch To Select Approach*

RNAV 26 GPS LPV

Figure 6-17 Selecting an Approach from the List

4. After selecting the approach for the destination airport, the approach overview will be displayed.

Touch To Select Airport

Touch To Select Transition

Touch To Preview Approach

Touch To Select Approach

Touch To Select Channel/ID

Touch To Activate Approach

Touch To Load Approach

Figure 6-18 Selected Approach Overview

5. Touch the **Transition** key and then touch the key for the desired transition. The selected Transition will be shown in white on the Procedure page Approach diagram. Unselected Transitions will be shown in gray.

Select Transition – KTWF RNAV 26 GPS LPV

Selected Transition — Vectors

DRYAD

HAZZL

Drag Finger On List To View List Or Touch Up/Down Keys To Scroll List

Figure 6-19 Select Approach Transition

6. If desired, touch the **Channel/ID** key, then use the numeric keypad to select the channel number, and then touch the **Enter** key. The Channel and ID are typically loaded automatically if they are present.

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> **NOTE:** As an alternate means of loading an approach, the Channel ID key allows you to select the channel ID for a SBAS approach for the current destination. The channel ID for the SBAS approach is available from an approved approach chart.
>
> If duplicate numbers are available for a channel, a list will be available where you may select the desired approach.

7. Touch the **Preview** key.

Sequence List For The Selected Transition

Approach Diagram

Unselected Transition

Selected Transition

Touch To Activate Approach

Figure 6-20 Selected Approach Preview

8. Touch the **Load Approach** key. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed. The approach waypoints are placed at the end of the flight plan and the unit will automatically sequence to them after the en route waypoints.

> **NOTE:** In software v6.00 and later, if you build your flight plan with the destination airport at the end and then load an approach procedure, the destination airport will be removed from the end of the flight plan. If the leg to the destination airport is the active leg when loading an approach procedure, you will navigate all the way to the destination airport before joining the procedure. Be sure when LOADING and not ACTIVATING an approach procedure that the route to be flown is correct.

> **NOTE:** In software v5.13 and earlier, if you build your flight plan with the destination airport at the end and then load an approach procedure, you will navigate all the way to the destination airport before joining the procedure. Be sure when LOADING and not ACTIVATING an approach procedure that the route to be flown is correct.

9. Touch the **Load APPR & Activate** key, which makes the active leg Direct-To the selected transition waypoint, or for Vector approaches to activate a leg that is an extended final approach course. You can also "activate" the selected procedure on the Procedures page, if the approach is not activated on this page.

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> ✓ **NOTE:** *When re-activating an approach, the decision as to whether a hold is inserted at the IAF or not is assumed to be the same as the first time the approach was activated, regardless of current aircraft position. If the pilot wishes to have the hold inserted or removed from the procedure, the procedure must be re-loaded or activated from the PROC-Approach page.*

6.5 Approaches with Procedure Turns

The procedure turn portion of an approach is stored as one of the legs of the approach. For this reason, the GTN 6XX unit requires no special operations from the pilot — other than flying the procedure turn itself — beyond what is required for any other type of approach. Roll steering is provided to aircraft with compatible autopilots.

> ✓ **NOTE:** *The steering provided for the procedure turn does not guarantee that the aircraft will stay within charted procedure turn boundaries. As such the crew will need to ensure that the approach is flown within the confines of the charted procedure.*

6.6 Flying the Missed Approach

Upon reaching the Missed Approach Point, the GTN 6XX unit continues to give guidance along an extension of the final course segment (FAF to MAP) until you manually initiate the missed approach procedure (as mentioned in reference to the "SUSP" advisory).

> ✓ **NOTE:** *If the unit is not configured for a CDI key, then the "activate GPS missed approach" will only resume automatic waypoint sequencing. The user must switch to GPS navigation, if desired, by using their external source selection method (this is typical an EFIS system).*

1. When the MAP is reached, a pop-up will appear.

Figure 6-21 Pop-Up Upon Reaching the MAP

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> **Remain Suspended**
>
> **Activate GPS Missed Approach**

2. Touch the **Remain Suspended** key to continue with sequencing suspended or touch **Activate GPS Missed Approach** for guidance to the Missed Approach Hold Point.

The Activate GPS Missed Approach function is the same for the on screen controls or a remote switch. Activating the missed approach prior to the MAP can be accomplished on either the Flight Plan or Procedures pages. If using the Flight Plan page, the approach banner must be touched to display the Approach Options where Activate Missed Approach can be selected.

Touch the Approach Banner to Display the Approach Options

Touch the Desired Option

Figure 6-22 Approach Option Selection on the Flight Plan Page

Touch the Approach Banner to Display the Approach Options

Touch the Desired Option

Figure 6-23 Approach Option Selection on the Procedures Page

Once an option is selected, the GTN will continue to provide guidance along the final approach course. Upon reaching the MAP, the unit will automatically sequence to the first leg of the missed approach. This is used when a pilot needs to execute the missed approach prior to reaching the MAP.

6.7 Flying an Approach with a Hold

Upon activating an RNAV GPS approach, you are given the option to skip any non-required holding patterns during the initial transitions of the approach.

The Default NAV Page and Flight Plan Page displays a timer or distance, as appropriate, during the holding pattern. Use this timer or distance to fly the outbound portion of the holding pattern. (The holding pattern is displayed on the Map Page and indicated as the active leg on the Default NAV and Active Flight Plan pages.)

> **NOTE:** *If you need to lose extra altitude or speed by going around the holding pattern again, touch **SUSP** to manually suspend waypoint sequencing BEFORE crossing the holding waypoint the second time. If you've already passed this waypoint, re-activate the holding pattern.*

As you cross the MAP, a "SUSP" annunciation will appear, indicating that automatic sequencing of approach waypoints is suspended at the MAP. A "from" indication is displayed on the CDI and Default NAV Page, but course guidance along the final approach course continues.

6.8   Flying a DME Arc Approach

Approaches that contain DME arcs are supported by the GTN. The GTN will provide guidance (left / right) relative to the arc. If you wish to activate the DME arc leg manually, the aircraft must be near the arc, as shown in the shaded area below.
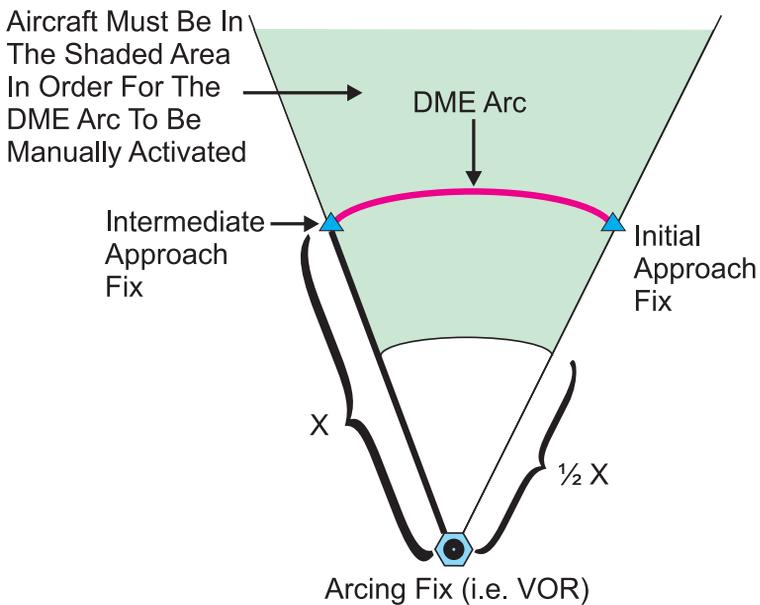
Figure 6-24 DME Arc Example

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6.9   Radius-to-Fix (RF) Approaches

RF legs associated with RNAV RNP 1.0 non-AR (Approval Required) approaches are supported by the GTN in v6.00, or later, when approved by the installation.

- AC 90-101A defines RF leg as "a constant radius circular path, around a defined turn center, that starts and terminates at a fix. An RF leg may be published as part of a procedure."

- Flying the RF leg of an approach is similar to flying a DME arc approach. All GTN annunciations and indications are identical whether flying DME arcs or RF legs with the GTN.

- RF legs may have a larger or smaller radius than DME arcs.

- Unlike DME arcs, RF legs are not based on a VOR.

- Refer to the aircraft AFMS for specific details regarding RF legs for a specific aircraft.

6.10   Vectors to Final

With "Vectors-To-Final" (VTF) selected, the CDI needle remains off center until you're established on the final approach course. With the approach activated, the Map Page displays an extension of the final approach course in magenta (remember, magenta is used to depict the active leg of the flight plan) and "vtf" appears as part of the active leg on the Map page (as a reminder that the approach was activated with vectors-to-final).

> *NOTE: In software v5.13 and earlier, once VTF is activated all waypoints in the approach prior to the FAF are removed.*

> *NOTE: In software v6.00 and later, all waypoints along the final approach course, including waypoints before the FAF, are included in the flight plan and the final approach course to the FAF is activated.*

![GARMIN logo]

6.11 ILS Approaches (GTN 650 Only)

Precision ILS approaches can be performed with the built-in VLOC (VOR/localizer/glideslope) receivers. The GPS receiver can be used for guidance prior to reaching the final approach fix, but once there, the proper frequency must be selected on the VLOC window (right side of screen) and the CDI output set to "VLOC."
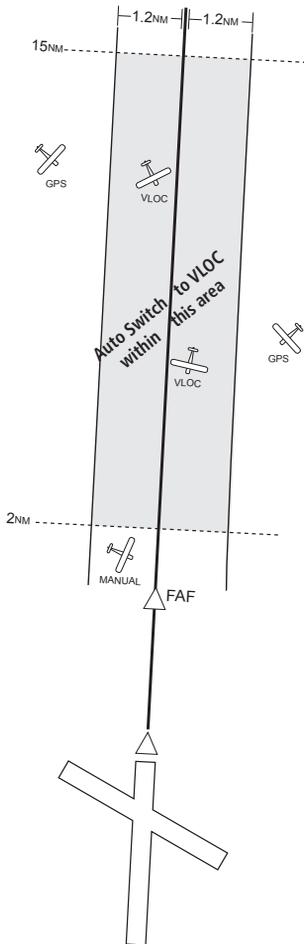
The GTN 6XX can be set to automatically switch the external CDI output from GPS to VLOC as you intercept the final approach course (if used with a KAP140/KFC225 autopilot, you will need to manually enable outputs. See instructions in the "Enabling Autopilot Outputs for the King KAP140/KFC225" section). When the ILS approach is activated and the correct ILS frequency is active in the VLOC window, the GTN 6XX automatically switches to VLOC within 1.2 NM left or right of the final approach course. This switch can take place anywhere from 2.0 to 15.0 NM from the FAF.

The illustration shows multiple locations along the approach path and the CDI selection that you can expect: GPS or VLOC. Within the area of the shaded box, the automatic switch from GPS to VLOC should occur.

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⚠️ **NOTE:** *If you attempt to intercept the approach course at a distance less than 2.0 NM from the FAF, the GTN 6XX does not automatically switch the CDI to VLOC. In this case, touch the **CDI** key to manually switch from GPS to VLOC.*

The automatic switch from GPS to VLOC is not immediate, but instead occurs gradually to prevent abrupt CDI changes when coupled to an autopilot. The CDI selection can also be changed manually by touching the **CDI** key.

6.12   RNAV Approach Procedures

The GTN 6XX allows for flying LNAV/VNAV, LNAV, LNAV +V, LPV, LP, and LP +V approaches according to the published chart.

Phase of flight Annunciation	Description	Minimums
L/VNAV	Lateral Navigation/Vertical Navigation. RNAV non-precision approach with vertical guidance.	Published LNAV/VNAV minimums.
LNAV	Lateral Navigation. RNAV non-precision approach.	Published LNAV minimums.
LNAV + V	Lateral Navigation with Advisory Vertical Guidance. RNAV non-precision LNAV approach with advisory vertical guidance. The glidepath is typically denoted by a light dashed line on the vertical profile (Jeppeson only) with an associated glidepath angle (usually in the 3.00 degree range) and is provided to assist the pilot in maintaining a constant vertical glidepath, similar to an ILS glideslope.	Published LNAV minimums.
LPV	Localizer Performance with Vertical guidance (LPV) approach. RNAV precision approach.	Published LPV minimums.
LP	LP indicates Localizer Performance with no vertical guidance.	Published LP minimums.
LP +V	LP +V indicates Localizer Performance with advisory vertical guidance. This annunciation is available in software v6.00 and later. This advisory guidance follows the same nature as set by the LNAV +V as shown above.	Published LP minimums.

Table 6-2 RNAV Approach Annunciations

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6.12.1 Flying the LPV Approach

1. Within 31 NM of the destination, the GTN switches from en route mode to terminal mode and the CDI scale transitions from 2.0 to 1.0 NM, full scale deflection.

2. As you approach the IAF, a waypoint message appears on the bottom of the screen.

3. As the distance (DIST) to the IAF approaches zero, the message is replaced by a turn advisory that counts down 10 seconds prior to the turn.

4. As you approach the FAF, the GTN will begin to automatically rescale in an angular fashion. This will allow the LPV approach to be flown in an identical fashion to a standard ILS. At 2.0 NM from the FAF, CDI scaling is tightened from 1.0 NM to the angular full scale deflection (typically the angular full-scale deflection is 2.0°, but will be as defined for the approach).

5. Sixty seconds prior to reaching the FAF, the unit will check the required Horizontal Alarm Limit (HAL) and Vertical Alarm Limit (VAL) to ensure the GPS position integrity is within limits to complete the LPV precision approach. In the event the HAL or VAL limits are exceeded, the approach will be downgraded to a non-precision approach indicated by "LNAV" on the moving map, a message that the approach is downgraded ("APPROACH DOWNGRADE - GPS approach downgraded. Use LNAV minima."), and the glideslope indicator will be flagged. You may continue the approach using LNAV non-precision minimums if there are LNAV minimums for this approach. In the rare event the GPS integrity cannot meet the non-precision HAL limits, the unit will send a message to the pilot to abort the approach ("ABORT APPROACH - GPS approach no longer available."). The unit will revert to terminal limits to support navigation to the missed approach when the message is acknowledged. After the aircraft has passed the FAF, a loss of WAAS integrity will cause the approach to abort instead of downgrade.

6. Capture the glideslope as you would an ILS glideslope.

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7. As you cross the FAF, the destination sequences to the MAP (e.g., "RW31," the runway threshold). With the needle on the external CDI (or HSI) centered, fly toward the MAP, observing the altitude minimums published on the approach plate.

8. When viewing the Map Page, you'll note that the final course segment is displayed in magenta (the active leg of the flight plan always appears in magenta).

9. As you approach the MAP, a waypoint message appears on the bottom of the screen.

10. Once the unit crosses the MAP (defined as the runway end waypoint), sequencing will be suspended. Prepare the aircraft for missed approach operation. Touch the **Unsuspend** key to sequence to the Missed Approach procedure.

11. Fly the guidance provided by the unit to the MAHP and hold.

6.12.2   Flying the LP Approach

An LP approach is flown similarly to an LNAV approach, except the precision is greater as it utilizes the SBAS accuracy. It has similar lateral accuracy as an LPV approach. Angular scaling is similar to a localizer approach. Most LP approaches have step down altitudes associated with them. The approach still results in an MDA and missed approach point.

If the approach is indicated as LP +V, advisory vertical guidance will be provided. This does not change how the approach should be flown, and the pilot is still responsible for descending to the correct altitude at each step down. The approach still results in an MDA and missed approach point.

1. Within 30 NM of the destination, the GTN switches from en route mode to terminal mode and the CDI scale transitions from 2.0 to 1.0 NM, full scale deflection.

2. As you approach the IAF, a turn direction message appears on the bottom of the screen.

3. As the distance (DIST) to the IAF approaches zero, the message is replaced by a time to turn advisory that counts down 10 seconds prior to the turn.

4. As you approach the FAF, the GTN will begin to automatically rescale in an angular fashion. This will allow the LP approach to be flown in the same fashion as a standard localizer approach. At 2.0 NM from the FAF, CDI scaling is tightened from up to either 2° or 0.3 NM, full scale deflection, whichever is smaller.

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5. Sixty seconds prior to reaching the FAF, the GTN will check the required Horizontal Alarm Limit (HAL) to ensure the GPS position integrity is within limits to complete the LP non-precision approach. In the event the HAL limits are exceeded, the approach will be downgraded, when available, indicated by "LNAV" on the moving map, otherwise the approach will be aborted. A message will note that the approach is downgraded and the NAV indicator will be flagged until the message is viewed. You may continue the approach using LNAV non-precision minimums if there are LNAV minimums for this approach. In the rare event the GPS HAL limits cannot meet non-precision limits, the GTN will notify the pilot with a message to abort the approach. The GTN will revert to terminal limits of 1.0 NM to support navigation to the missed approach. If the approach is indicating an LP +V, it is possible that the advisory vertical guidance could be removed without annunciation due to the vertical guidance not being within tolerances. This does not constitute a downgrade, and the approach can still be flown to LP minimums.

6. As you cross the FAF, the destination sequences to the MAP. With the needle on the external CDI (or HSI) centered, fly toward the MAP, observing the altitude minimums dictated by the approach plate.

7. When viewing the Map Page, you'll note that the final course segment is displayed in magenta (the active leg of the flight plan always appears in magenta).

8. As you approach the MAP, a waypoint message ("Arriving at Waypoint") appears on the bottom of the screen.

9. At the MAP initiate the missed approach, if necessary. Once the GTN crosses the MAP, sequencing will be suspended. Prepare the aircraft for missed approach operation. Touch the **Unsuspend** key to sequence to the Missed Approach procedure.

> ✓ NOTE: *For missed approaches with heading legs, fly manually until the first active course leg is reached.*

10. Fly the guidance provided by the GTN to the MAHP and hold.

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6.13   Points to Remember for All Procedures

- The GTN 6XX Map page is designed to complement your printed approach plates and vastly improve situational awareness throughout the approach. However, *you must always fly an approach as it appears on the approach plate*.

- The active leg (or the portion of the approach currently in use) is depicted in magenta on the Map Page. As you fly the approach, the GTN 6XX automatically sequences through each leg of the approach unless "SUSP" appears at the annunciation bar at the bottom of the display. "SUSP" indicates that automatic sequencing of approach waypoints is *suspended* on the current leg and normally appears at holding patterns and upon crossing the missed approach point (MAP), for Climb to Altitude legs, and for Hold to Altitude legs.

- For roll steering autopilots: roll steering is terminated when approach mode is selected on the autopilot and is available once the missed approach is initiated.

- If Vectors-to-Final is activated while on the "FROM" side of the FAF, automatic waypoint sequencing is suspended and the SUSP annunciation will appear. Automatic waypoint sequencing will resume once the aircraft is on the "TO" side of the FAF and within full-scale deflection.

- For all procedures, make sure to check the runway, transition, and all waypoints.

- Most legs are "TO" legs on which the TO/FROM flag on the CDI indicates "TO" and the Distance field on the flight plan decreases as you navigate along the leg. However, some procedures include legs which are "FROM" legs. On these legs, the TO/FROM flag on the CDI indicates "FROM" and the Distance field on the flight plan increases as you navigate the leg. "FROM" legs are typically found on procedure turns and on some missed approach procedures.

⚠️ **CAUTION:** *Not all autopilots will follow guidance when on a heading leg using NAV, GPSS, or APR mode on the autopilot. Heading legs for procedures can be identified by "HDG XXX°" in white on the Flight Plan page, as well as the procedure chart indicating that the aircraft must fly a particular heading. Certain autopilots will revert to a "Roll Only" or "Wings Level" mode on these leg types and the pilot must engage the heading (HDG) mode of the autopilot and set the heading bug appropriately in order to use the autopilot on these legs.*

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6.14   Points to Remember for Localizer or VOR-based Approaches

- The default factory setting allows the CDI output to automatically switch from the GPS receiver to the LOC receiver. This may be changed to manual in some installations. If the "ILS CDI Selection" setting is changed to "Manual," *you* must determine when to select "GPS" or "VLOC" guidance during the approach. Remember, "VLOC" is required for the final course segment from the Final Approach Fix (FAF) to the MAP.

> **NOTE:** *Installations with certain autopilots, such as the KAP 140 and KFC225, do not allow automatic ILS CDI switching.*

> **NOTE**: *GPS phase of flight annunciations (LPV, ENR, etc.) are not applicable to the external CDI (or HSI) when VLOC is active.*

- If the CDI output has not automatically switched from GPS to ILS upon reaching the FAF, you must manually switch to the VLOC receiver by touching the **CDI** key. Verify that "VLOC" is displayed.

- Automatic switching of CDI output is available for ILS, localizer, SDF and LDA approaches. Automatic CDI switching is <u>not</u> available for backcourse approaches or VOR approaches.

- When flying an approach with the autopilot-coupled, you must monitor system functions at all times and verify that the autopilot and external CDI (or HSI) switch to the VLOC receiver with sufficient time to capture and track the approach course. Switching to "VLOC" late in the approach may not provide the autopilot enough time to respond and intercept the approach course prior to the FAF (depending upon the performance characteristics of your autopilot and aircraft).

- When an ILS or VOR approach is first selected or executed, the frequency is automatically checked. If the frequency is incorrect, you will receive a message and you must place the correct ILS or VLOC frequency in the active frequency field.

- When flying a localizer-based approach (other than backcourse) with automatic CDI switching enabled:

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1. "GPS" guidance may be used while flying outbound and on the initial portion of the procedure turn.

2. "VLOC" guidance is used on the remainder of the approach from the time you turn inbound on the procedure turn.

3. The localizer frequency must be active to use "VLOC" guidance at the MAP.

• When flying a localizer-based approach with automatic CDI switching disabled.

1. You may select "VLOC" guidance at any point on the approach prior to reaching the FAF.

2. The localizer frequency must be active to use "VLOC" guidance.

6.15 Enabling Autopilot Outputs for the King KAP140/KFC225

Autopilot outputs for the King KAP140/KFC225 autopilots are activated manually by the pilot after being prompted during the approach procedure. After enabling outputs, the GTN 6XX will provide guidance information consistent with what the autopilot expects (i.e., angular CDI scaling and glideslope capture for an LPV or other vertically guided GPS approach).

Touch To Activate Autopilot Outputs

Prompt To Activate Autopilot Outputs

Figure 6-25 Prompt To Activate Autopilot Outputs

7   WAYPOINT INFO

The Waypoint Info function allows you to view information about the selected waypoint. The Waypoint Info page can be reached from the Home page, selected from a flight plan, or selected from the Nearest page.

*Touch The Key To Display
Waypoint Type*

Figure 7-1 Waypoint Info Page

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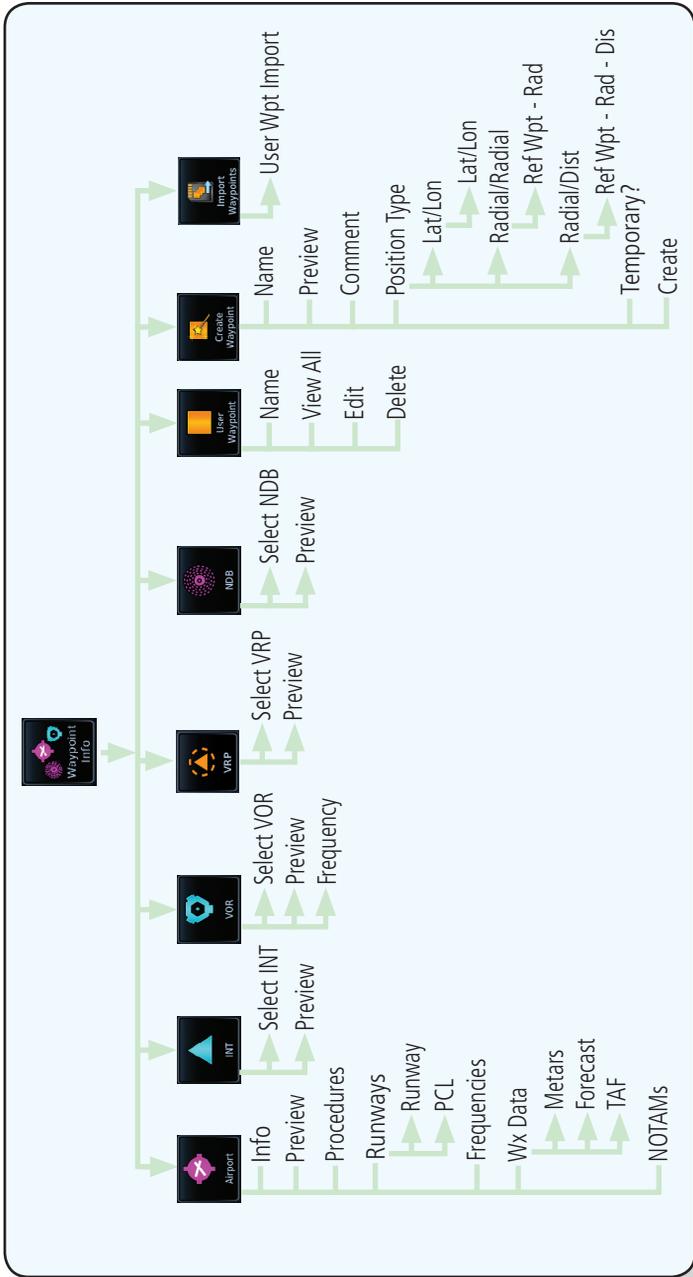
Figure 7-2 Waypoint Info Functional Diagram

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7.1 Waypoint Selection

1. Touch the **Waypoint Info** key and then touch the desired waypoint type (Airport, INT, VOR, etc).

2. Touch the waypoint identifier.

3. The waypoint identifier selection page will be shown and the waypoint identifier field will be active for selection. Touch the required keys on the alphanumeric keypad to select the desired waypoint identifier and then touch the **Enter** key.

Airport Identifier

Find Key Displays Waypoint Search

Backspace Key Clears Wpt Ident

Active Keypad Range

Touch Enter After Selecting Ident

Selected Keypad Range

Figure 7-3 Waypoint Ident Selection

4. The selected waypoint will be the selected Airport Identifier.

Selected Airport Identifier

Bearing and Distance To Selected Wpt From Present Position

Figure 7-4 Waypoint Ident Selection Result

7.2 Airport

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The Airport page of the Waypoint Info function provides a variety of detailed information about the airport.

7.2.1 Info

The upper part of the page shows the airport identifier and type, name, city and region, the lat/lon coordinates of the airport, and the bearing (and direction arrow) and distance to the airport from your present position. The center area shows the airport elevation, fuel availability, and time zone.

1. While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **Airport** key.

2. Touch the **Info** key to display available information for the airport.

Airport Identifier, City, & Type

Airport Information

Airport Lat/Lon

Figure 7-5 Waypoint Info Airport Page

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7.2.2 Preview

The Waypoint Info Airport Preview page provides detailed information about the selected airport.

1. Touch the **Preview** key to view a map of the airport and surrounding area.

2. Use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the Preview map.

Touch & Move Finger While Pressing To Pan Map

Airport Preview Area Map

Touch To Zoom
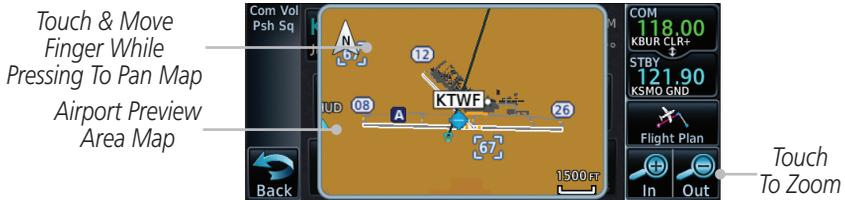
Figure 7-6 Waypoint Info Airport Map Page

3. You may touch the map window and while pressing the display drag your finger to move the map view.

7.2.3 NOTAM Pages

1. Touch the **NOTAMs** key on the Airport Waypoint Info page to view NOTAMS available for the selected airport.
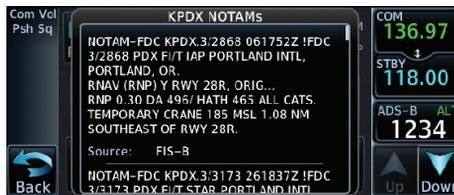
Figure 7-7 Waypoint Info Airport NOTAMs Page

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to view additional information, as needed.

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7.2.4 Procedures

1. Touch the **Procedures** key to view details about procedures for the selected airport.

Airport Identifier

Touch To Return To Previous Page

Touch, Hold, & Drag Up Or Down To Scroll

Approach Name & Type

Figure 7-8 Waypoint Info Airport Procedures Page

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to view additional procedures, as needed.

3. Touch one of the procedure keys to select it for the Procedures function.

Airport Identifier (Touch To Change)

Touch To Select Transition

Touch To Cancel Approach Selection

Approach Name

Channel And ID

Touch To Preview Approach

Touch To Load Approach

Touch To Activate Approach

Figure 7-9 Waypoint Info Airport Arrival Information

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7.2.5   Runways

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Airport Identifier

Runway Number. Touch To Select

Runway Detail

Runway Map

Pilot-Controlled Lighting Freq. Touch To Place In Standby.
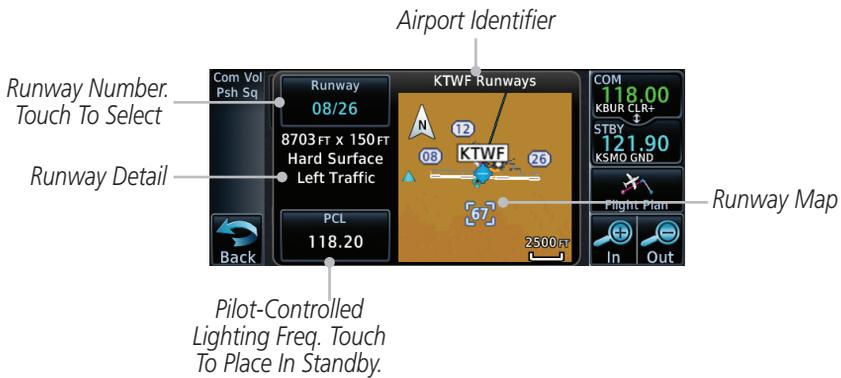
Figure 7-10 Waypoint Info Airport Runway Information Page

1. Touch the **Runways** key to view information about the available runways for the selected airport. The runway identifiers, surface type, lighting with Pilot Controlled Lighting (PCL) frequency, runway size, and traffic pattern direction are shown.

2. Touch the Runway key to select a runway from the list. Touch the desired runway to select it.

Figure 7-11 Waypoint Info Airport Runway Selection

3. Touch the **PCL** key to load the PCL frequency into the Com Standby location.

7.2.6   Frequencies

1. Touch the **FREQ** key to view details about available frequencies for the selected airport.

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to view additional frequencies, as needed. A "c" symbol in a white circle will appear next to frequencies that also function as the Common Traffic Advisory Frequency (CTAF).

"c" *Indicates*
CTAF

Airport Identifier, City, & Airport Type

Frequency Name

Touch For More Information

Touch And Drag To Scroll

Touch To Scroll

Touch Frequency Key To Load Into Com Standby
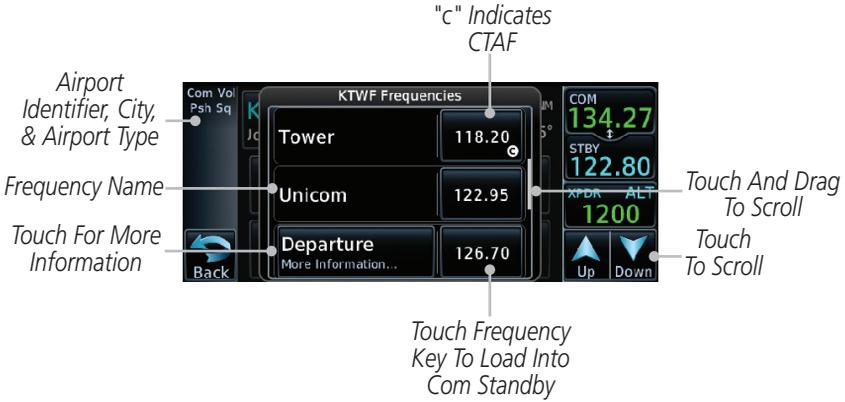
Figure 7-12 Waypoint Info Airport Frequency List Page

3. Touch the **Frequency** key next to the frequency name to load it as the Com or Nav standby frequency, depending on frequency type.

4. Some frequencies have more information available and will indicate that below the frequency name.

Touch Frequency Key To Load Into Com Standby

Additional Frequency Information

Figure 7-13 Waypoint Info Airport Frequency More Information

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7.2.7 Weather (WX) Data

1. Touch the **WX Data** key on the Airport Waypoint Info page to view textual METARs, City Forecast, and TAF weather information available for the selected airport.

Airport Identifier

Weather Information

Touch And Drag To Scroll

Touch To Scroll Pages

Figure 7-14 Waypoint Info Airport Weather Page

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the Weather page information.

7.2.8 Helipads

1. Touch the **Helipads** key on the Airport Waypoint Info page to view any information available for the selected helipad. Helipad information may not be complete or consistent due to the data available from the 3rd party sources.

Helipad Information

Figure 7-15 Helipad Waypoint Info

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7.3　　　Intersection (INT)

The Intersection page of the Waypoint Info function provides a variety of detailed information about the intersection. The top left area of the page displays the Intersection identifier and region. The top center area shows the lat/lon coordinates of the Intersection and the bearing (with direction arrow) and distance to the Intersection from your present position.

Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **Find** key and then choosing from the existing list of waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list.

The center area of the page shows a map with the Intersection in the center.

1.　While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **Intersection** key.

Distance & Bearing To Intersection From Current Position

Intersection Identifier

Touch & Move Finger While Pressing To Pan Map

Touch To View Intersection Area Map

Intersection Lat/Lon

Nearest VOR Information
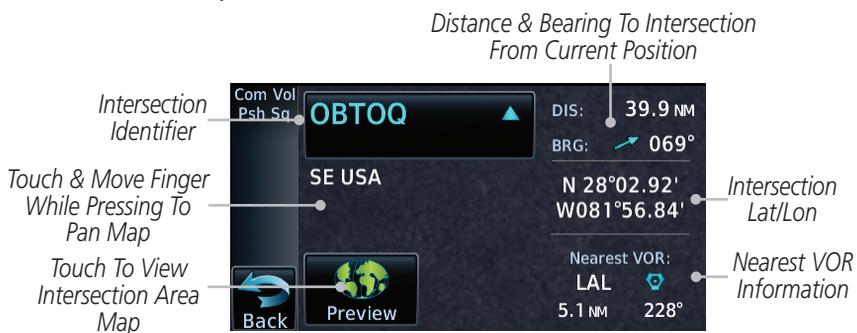
Figure 7-16 Waypoint Info - Intersections

2.　Touch **Preview** and then use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the map. You may touch the map window and while lightly pressing the display, drag your finger to move the map view.

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7.4 VOR

The VOR page of the Waypoint Info function provides a variety of detailed information about the VOR. The top left area of the page displays the VOR identifier, name, city and state, and region. The top center area shows the lat/lon coordinates of the VOR and the bearing (with direction arrow) and distance to the VOR from your present position. The top right area shows the frequency in a key. Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **Find** key and then choosing from the existing list of waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list.

The center area of the page shows a map with the VOR in the center.

1. While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **VOR** key.

VOR Identifier, Symbol, & Name   *Distance & Bearing To VOR From Current Position*

VOR Location & Region

VOR Class

Magnetic Variation

VOR Lat/Lon

Nearest Airport Information

Touch To View VOR Area Map   *VOR Frequency - Touch To Insert Into Nav Standby*

Figure 7-17 Waypoint Info - VORs

2. Touch **Preview** and then use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the map. You may touch the map window and while lightly pressing the display, drag your finger to move the map view.

3. Touch the **Frequency** key next to load it as the Nav standby frequency.

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7.5   VRP

> ✓ **NOTE**: *This feature is available in software v6.20 or later.*

> ✓ **NOTE**: *Visual Reporting Point database coverage is not available in all regions.*

The VRP (Visual Reporting Point) page of the Waypoint Info function provides information about the VRP. The top area shows the Lat/Lon coordinates of the VRP and the bearing (with direction arrow) and distance to the VRP from your present position. Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **Find** key and then choosing from the existing list of waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list. The center area of the page shows a map with the VRP in the center.

1.   While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **VRP** key.

Distance & Bearing From Current Position

VRP Identifier, Symbol, & Name

VRP Location & Region

AABAL
Ballymena
U KINGDOM

DIS: 4022 NM
BRG: ✈ 019°

N 54°51.80'
W006°16.40'

VRP Lat/Lon

Preview

Nearest APT:
EGAA ◆
12.5 NM   175°

Nearest Airport Information

Map Scale

Figure 7-18 Waypoint Info - Visual Reporting Point

2.   Use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the map. You can touch the map window and while lightly pressing the display, drag your finger to move the map view.

7.6 NDB

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The NDB page of the Waypoint Info function provides a variety of detailed information about the NDB. The top left area of the page displays the NDB identifier, name, city and state, and region. The top center area shows the lat/lon coordinates of the NDB and the bearing (with direction arrow) and distance to the NDB from your present position. The top right area shows the frequency in a key.

Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **Find** key and then choosing from the existing list of waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list.

The center area of the page shows a map with the NDB in the center.

1. While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **NDB** key.
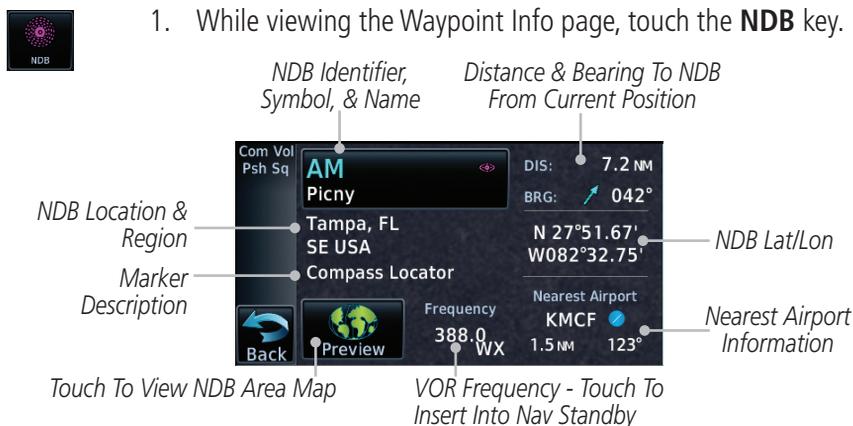
Figure 7-19 Waypoint Info for NDBs

2. Touch **Preview** and then use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the map. You may touch the map window and while pressing the display lightly drag your finger to move the map view.

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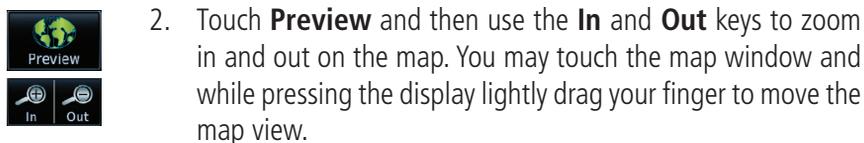
7.7 User Waypoints (User)

In addition to the airport, VOR, NDB and intersection information contained in your Jeppesen NavData® card, the GTN 6XX allows you to store up to 1,000 user-defined waypoints. The User Waypoint Page displays the waypoint name (up to six characters long), identifier and radial from two reference waypoints, distance from one reference waypoint, along with the user waypoint's lat/lon position.

The following descriptions and abbreviations appear on the User Waypoint Page:

- Ref Wpt — Reference waypoint identifier (name)

- Radial — Radial from reference waypoint, in degrees magnetic or degrees true (depending upon unit configuration)

- Distance — Distance from reference waypoint, in nautical miles/statute miles/kilometers (depending upon unit configuration)

- Lat/Lon — Latitude/Longitude (degrees/minutes)

Figure 7-20 Waypoint Info for a User Waypoint

Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **View All** key and then choosing from the existing list of User waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list.

![GARMIN logo]

7.7.1 Select User Waypoint By Name

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PIE170 / 8

1. While viewing the User Waypoint page, touch the User Waypoint Name.

[Enter key]

2. Use the keypad to select the characters for the name and then touch **Enter**.

7.7.2 Select User Waypoint From A List

[User WPT key]

1. While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **User WPT** key.

[View List key]
[Up / Down keys]

2. Touch the **View List** key and then use the **Up** and **Down** keys to view the waypoints on the list.

User Waypoint List Name

User Waypoint Name
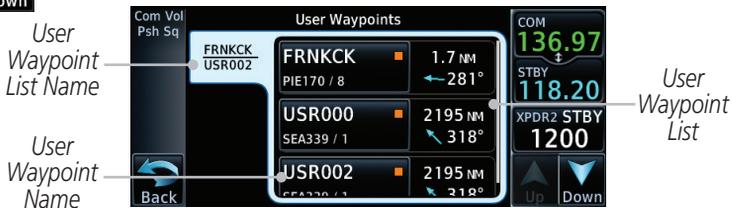
User Waypoint List

Figure 7-21 Waypoint Info User Waypoint List

7.7.3 Edit User Waypoint

[Edit key]

1. Select the desired User Waypoint and touch the **Edit** key.
2. Touch the key for the desired information and make changes as needed.

7.7.4 Delete User Waypoint
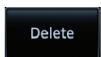
[Delete key]

1. Select the desired User Waypoint and touch the **Delete** key.
2. Touch the **OK** key to confirm deleting the selected waypoint.

7.7.5 Delete All User Waypoints

1. While viewing the Wapoint Info page, touch the **User Waypoint** Key.

2. Touch the **View List** key and then touch the **Menu** key to open the User Waypoints Menu.

User Waypoints Menu

Filter	Delete All
All	

Touch To Filter Waypoints to Delete   *Touch To Delete All User Waypoints*
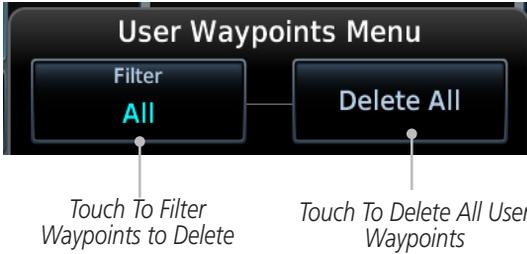
Figure 7-22 User Waypoints Menu

3. Touch the **Filter** key to select which type of user waypoints to delete: All, Basic, or Mark On Target.

4. Touch the **Delete All** key to delete all of the user waypoints.

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7.8 Create Waypoint

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User waypoints are created from the Create User Waypoint page. To create a new user waypoint, simply enter its name (identifier) and position, or reference another waypoint by radial and distance.

Waypoint Name

Waypoint Comment

Touch To Setup Ref Wpt

Touch To View Area Map

Temporary Waypoint

Touch to Finalize Waypoint Creation

Figure 7-23 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint

1. From the Waypoint Info page, touch the **Create Wpt** key.

2. Touch the **User Identifier** key.

3. Use the alphanumeric keypad to make the waypoint name (up to six characters) and then touch the **Enter** key.

User Waypoint Name

Alphanumeric Keypad For Selected Range

Backspace Key Clears Wpt Name

Touch Enter After Creating Name

Selected Character Range

Figure 7-24 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Name

4. Touch the **Comment** key to add a short comment for the new waypoint.

5. Touch the **Position** key and then **Lat/Lon**, **Radial/Radial**, or **Radial/Distance** to assign the type. See the following instructions for more detail.

*Touch to Select the
Desired Waypoint
Reference Type*

Figure 7-25 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Type

6. If desired, touch the **Temporary?** key to create the waypoint for only temporary use. Temporary waypoints will be removed when the power is cycled.

7. When finished with all selections, touch the **Create** key to create the new waypoint.

7.8.1   Mark On Target

If an external Mark On Target (MOT) switch is installed, pressing that switch will result in the creation of a User waypoint called MOTxxx at the point in space where the MOT switch was pushed. The waypoints are created in increasing numeric order up to number 999, at which point they will start replacing existing waypoints at the beginning of the list.

When a Mark on Target waypoint is created, it may not be immediately visible on the moving map page because the ownship icon will be directly on top of the waypoint. Creation of the waypoint can be verified by changing zoom scales on the map or viewing the User Waypoints page.

> **NOTE:** This feature is available in software v4.00 and later.

7.8.2   Waypoint Location Based on Lat/Lon Coordinates

1. From the Create User Waypoint page, touch the **Position** key and then the **Lat/Lon** key. Then, touch the **Latitude/Longitude** value key.

*Touch to Select
Lat/Lon Waypoint
Reference Type*

*Touch to Select
Lat/Lon Values*

Figure 7-26 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Type - Lat/Lon

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2. The Lat/Lon coordinate values will be highlighted. Touch the **Lat** or **Lon** key to toggle selection of the hemisphere values and highlight the selected value. The **Large** knob may also be used for cursor movement and characters selected with the **Small** knob. Use the **Large** knob to backspace or move the cursor to the left.

When The Lat Key Is Touched, The Latitude Hemisphere Value Is Active For Selection

Touch to Select Hemisphere Value

Touch To Toggle Lat/Lon Selection

Touch to Select Lat/Lon Coordinates

Figure 7-27 Waypoint Info - Set Lat/Lon Coordinates

3. Touch the desired hemisphere keys to select the desired values. After selecting the hemisphere value, the cursor will advance to the first character of the adjacent numeric value for selection. Even when the hemisphere values are highlighted, touching a valid numeric key will always place the cursor at the first numeric value. The **Large** knob may also be used for cursor movement and characters are selected with the **Small** knob.

> *NOTE: When editing values, turn the Large knob counter-clockwise to backspace or move the cursor to the left.*

4. As each value is selected, the cursor will advance to the next character. Touch the necessary key for the desired values.

5. When finished with the Lat/Lon selections, touch the **Enter** key.

6. When finished with all selections, touch the **Back** and then the **Create** key to create the new waypoint.

7.8.3 Waypoint Location Based on Two Radials

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1. From the Create User Waypoint page, touch the **Position** key and then the **Radial/Radial** key.

Touch to Select Radial/Radial Waypoint Reference Type

Touch to Select Reference Wpts

Touch to Select Radial Values

Figure 7-28 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Type - Radial/Radial

2. Touch a **Ref Wpt** key and use the alphanumeric keypad to select the desired identifier.

3. Touch the upper **Radial** key and use the numeric keypad to select the desired value.

4. Touch the **Enter** key.

5. When finished with all selections, touch the **Create** key to create the new waypoint.

![GARMIN logo]

7.8.4 Waypoint Location Based on Radial and Distance

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[Radial/Distance key] 1. From the Create User Waypoint page, touch the **Position** key and then the **Radial/Distance** key.

Touch to Select Radial/Distance Waypoint Reference Type

Touch to Select Reference Wpts

Touch to Select Distance Values

Touch to Select Radial Values
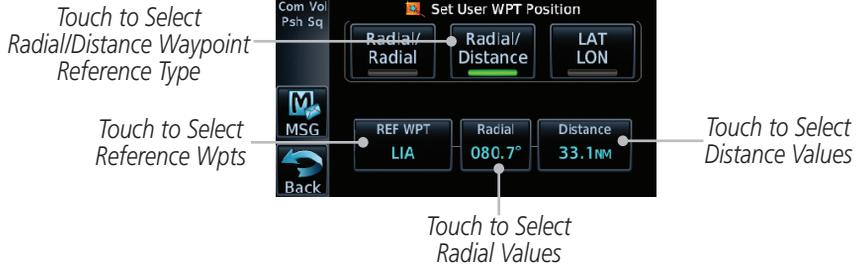
Figure 7-29 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Type - Radial/Distance

[REF WPT LIA] 2. From the Create User Waypoint page, touch the **Ref Wpt** key and use the alphanumeric keypad to select the desired identifier.

[Radial 080.7°] 3. Touch the **Radial** key and use the numeric keypad to select the desired value.

[Distance 33.1NM] 4. Touch the **Distance** key and use the numeric keypad to select the desired value.

[Enter] 5. Touch the **Enter** key.

[Back / Create] 6. Touch the **Create WPT** key to save the new waypoint.

7.9 Import User Waypoints (Datacard)

The GTN can import user generated waypoints from a file on the datacard. The created waypoints will be at the latitude and longitude specified in the file with the specified name and comment.

> ✓ **NOTE:** *This feature is available in software v5.10 and later.*

When a user waypoint file is on the datacard, a key will be available on the Waypoint Info page for importing user waypoints.

1. Insert a datacard with the User waypoints into the the GTN.
2. From the Waypoint Info page, touch the **Import Waypoints** key.
3. Touch **OK** to acknowledge the pop-up to import all of the user waypoints in the file.

User Waypoint Import

Import user waypoints from data card? Import will occur in background.

OK
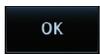
Figure 7-30 Start User Waypoint Import

4. The pilot is informed of the status of the user waypoint import via one of the following system messages.

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Message	Description
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoints were imported successfully.	All user waypoints were imported successfully.
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoint import failed.	User waypoint import failed due to improper file format.
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoint import failed. User waypoint database is full.	User waypoint catalog is full and the requested user waypoints could not be imported.
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoints imported successfully - existing waypoints reused.	User waypoints imported and existing waypoints are used instead of creating duplicate waypoints. This occurs when a waypoint to be imported is within 0.001° latitude and longitude of an existing user waypoint (roughly a few hundred feet, depending on latitude).

Table 7-1 User Waypoint Import Messages

More detail on importing user waypoints can be found at: https://fly.garmin.com/fly-garmin/support/gtn-user-waypoint/.

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8 MAP

The Map page is used to provide situational awareness in flight. The Map page can display the following information:

- Airports, NAVAIDs, airspace, airways, land data (highways, cities, lakes, rivers, borders, etc.) with names
- Wind direction and speed
- Icons for enabled map features
- Aircraft icon (with the nose representing present position)
- Nav range ring
- Flight plan legs

- Topography scale
- Topography data
- NEXRAD (or Precip) Weather (Opt.)
- Terrain Overlay
- Traffic Overlay
- Fuel range ring (software v6.00 or later)
- Track vector (SW v6.20 or later)

Map Menu Options
North Indicator
Map Orientation
Back to Previous Page
Nav Range Ring   *Map Scale*
Active Flight Plan Leg
Aircraft Symbol (Present Position)
Range Keys Touch to Zoom In and Out
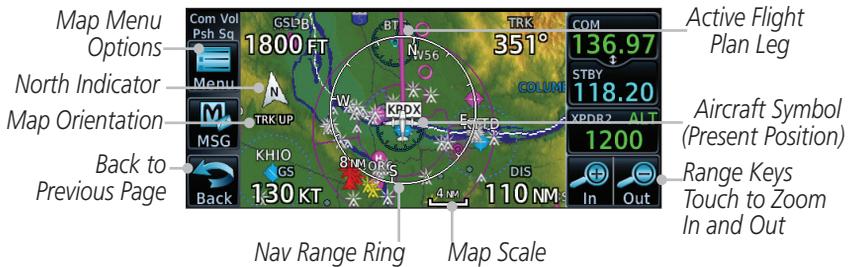
Figure 8-1 Map Page Description

> NOTE: *The electronic map is an aid to navigation and is designed to facilitate the use of authorized government charts, not replace them. Land and water data is provided only as a general reference. The accuracy of the land and water data is not suitable for use as a primary source of navigation and should only be used to supplement official government charts and notices.*

The following information describes the ownship symbol behavior in a helicopter that does not have a source of magnetic heading information connected to the GTN. When greater than 15 knots groundspeed the map is oriented either north up with ownship oriented to its current track or track up. When less than 15 kts groundspeed, the directional ownship icon is replaced with a non-directional icon because it can't be determined if the rotorcraft is going sideways or backwards. The map will continue to orient to the current track if the map is selected

for Track Up. If the map is oriented to track up, then below 5 kts groundspeed the map orientation will "latch" to the last valid track prior to the groudspeed going below 5 kts. The map will reorient when the groundspeed again exceeds 5 kts. The position of the ownship icon over the map is always the current GPS position of the aircraft.
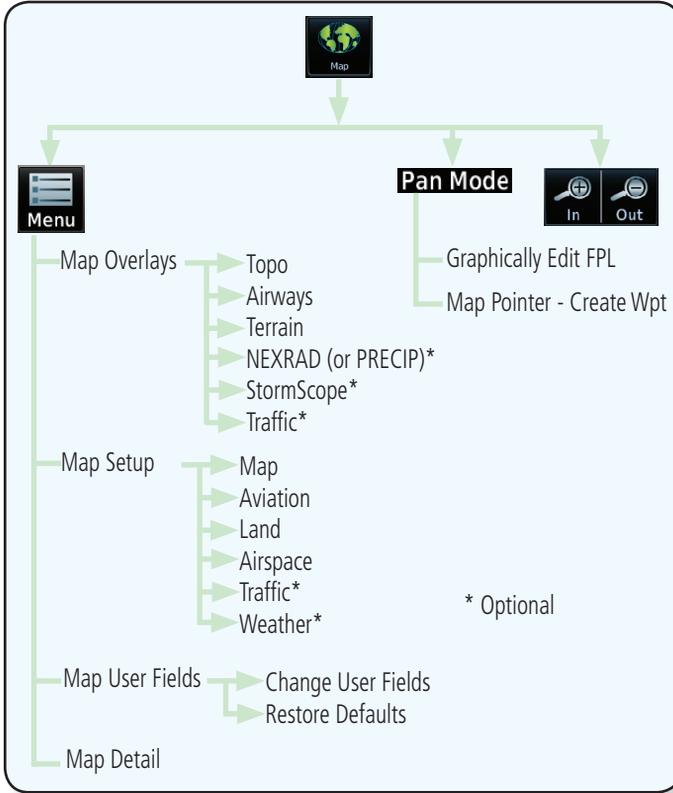
Figure 8-2 Map Page Functional Diagram

8.1   Map Menu

The Map Menu provides the ability to modify and control the information displayed on the Map page.

• Map Overlays are selected to overlay various types of information over the base map.

• Map Setup modifies the display of other map features.

• Map User Fields determines whether or not the fields in the corners of the Map page are displayed and the data shown in each corner.

- Map Detail lets you control the amount of information displayed at different map ranges.

- Restore Defaults lets you start all over again with the default values for Map User Fields.

> **NOTE:** *Changes made in the Map Menu take effect immediately on the map display.*

1. From the Home page, touch **Map** to reach the Map page, and then touch the **Menu** key.

Map Overlay Selections

Figure 8-3 Map Menu

Touch To Edit Map Setup
Touch and Drag Finger To Adjust Map Detail Level

Touch To Edit Map User Fields (Corners)

Return Map User Fields To Default Values
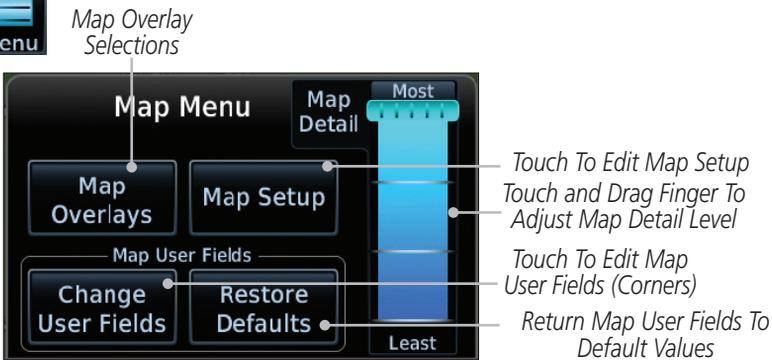
2. Touch the key for the desired option to access its settings.

3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Map page. Any changes made will be retained until changed.

8.1.1 Map Overlays

Map Overlays are layers of information that are referenced to geographic location and are overlayed on the base map. A green bar will appear below the Map Overlay key text when the overlay is selected, except for Airways and NEXRAD.

> **NOTE:** *Map overlay keys do not turn on or activate equipment necessary for the overlay to function. Map overlay keys may remain available even if the information necessary for the overlay is not available. For example: the Radar overlay key is available even if the radar is turned off.*

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> ⚠ **NOTE:** Map overlays for StormScope or Traffic are prevented from being overlaid on the main map without a heading source or while User Navigation Angles are selected.

8.1.1.1 Overlay Priority

The data overlayed on the map is displayed according the following priorities (from highest to lowest):

1 - Traffic	10 - Cell Movement	19 - AIREPS	28 - NEXRAD
2 - Ownship	11 - Lightning	20 - City Forecast	29- Cloud Tops
3 - Flight Plan	12 - METARs	21 - Surface Analysis	30 - IR Satellite
4 - TAWS Alerts	13 - Winds Aloft	22 - Airspace	31 - SafeTaxi
5 - Stormscope	14 - SIGMETs	23 - Waypoints	32 - Terrain
6 - Obstacles	15 - AIRMETs	24 - Airways	33 - Base Map
7 - Fuel Range Ring	16 - Cyclone Warning	25 - Turbulence	34 - Topo
8 - TFRs	17 - County Warning	26 - Icing Potential	
9 - Freezing Levels	18 - PIREPs	27 - Echo Tops	

Table 8-2 Data Overlay Priority

8.1.1.2 Topo

The Topo Data option selects whether the colored topographical features are displayed. Traffic, Land Data, Terrain, and Obstacles will still be displayed even with Topo Data turned off.

1. While viewing the Map Menu, touch **Map Overlays** key, and then the **TOPO** Map Overlay key to toggle the Topo setting.

Topo Map Overlay Off   Topo Map Overlay On

Figure 8-4 Topo Map Overlay Selections

2. When the Topo Map Overlay is toggled off, all topographic color features are removed.

8.1.1.3 Airways

The Airways option allows you to select the airways that are shown on the Map page. All, Low only, and High only Airways may be selected. When Off is selected, airways will not be shown.

Airways
Off

1. While viewing the Map Menu, touch **Map Overlays** key, and then the **Airways** Map Overlay key to select the Airways viewed. Selections are: Off, Low, High, and All.

Low Airway

High Airway

Figure 8-5 Map Menu Airways Map Overlay Selection

2. Low Airways are shown as gray lines. High Airways are shown as green lines.

8.1.1.4 Terrain

The Terrain Data option selects whether Terrain Data is shown on the Map page. Terrain and NEXRAD weather may not be displayed at the same time. Selecting one will disable the other. A Terrain icon will indicate that the Terrain overlay has been selected. Terrain overlay colors may or may not be shown depending on the altitude of the aircraft.
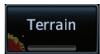
Terrain

1. While viewing the Map Menu, touch **Map Overlays** key, and then the **Terrain** Map Overlay key to toggle the view of Terrain data.

Red Terrain - At or Within 100 ft below Aircraft Altitude

Yellow Terrain - Between 100 ft and 1000 ft below current aircraft altitude

Icon Shows Terrain Overlay Is Active
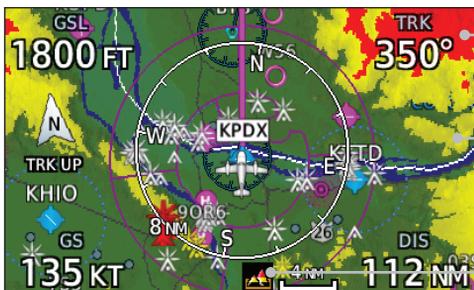
Figure 8-6 Map Menu Terrain Map Overlay On Selection

2. The colors of the terrain are referenced to your aircraft altitude.

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8.1.1.5   NEXRAD (Optional)

The NEXRAD menu option allows the display of NEXRAD Precip weather information overlayed on the Map page. Terrain and NEXRAD Precip weather may not be displayed at the same time. Selecting one will disable the other. NEXRAD Precip weather is an optional feature that requires the installation of a GDL 69/69A, GDL 88, GTX 345, or GSR 56 and an appropriate Weather subscription. Only one weather source can be displayed at a time (i.e. FIS-B and XM cannot be displayed on the map simultaneously. See the Weather section for more detail.

NEXRAD Off While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **NEXRAD** Map Overlay key to toggle the view of NEXRAD weather data.

Figure 8-7 Map Menu NEXRAD Map Overlay On Selection

8.1.1.6   StormScope® (Optional)

The WX-500 StormScope Weather Mapping Sensor is a passive weather avoidance system that detects electrical discharges associated with thunderstorms within a 200 NM radius of the aircraft. The StormScope measures relative bearing and distance of thunderstorm-related electrical activity and reports the information to the display. Stormscope and XM Lightning are mutually exclusive.

> **NOTE:** Refer to the WX-500 Pilot's Guide for a detailed description of the WX-500 StormScope.
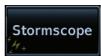
Stormscope 1. While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **StormScope** Map Overlay key to show the menu for selecting the StormScope radar weather data display mode (Cell, Strike, Off, or Clear Strikes). Touch the desired function.

2. StormScope data will be overlayed on the Map page. See the Weather section for more details.

Icon Shows StormScope Overlay Is Active

Figure 8-8 Map Menu StormScope Map Overlay On Selection

8.1.1.7   Traffic (Optional)

The Traffic Map Overlay option selects whether Traffic data is shown on the Map page. A Traffic icon will indicate that the Traffic overlay has been selected. Traffic may or may not be shown depending on the other aircraft's location and equipment. See the *Traffic* section for more detail.

While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **Traffic** Map Overlay key to toggle the view of Traffic data.

Icon Shows Traffic Overlay Is Active

Non-Threat Traffic Indication. Currently 1200 Ft Above And Rising

Icon Shows Aircraft Is Receiving TIS Traffic From Ground Stations When A GDL 88 Is Connected (GTN software v5.11 or earlier)

Figure 8-9 Map Menu Traffic Map Overlay On Selection

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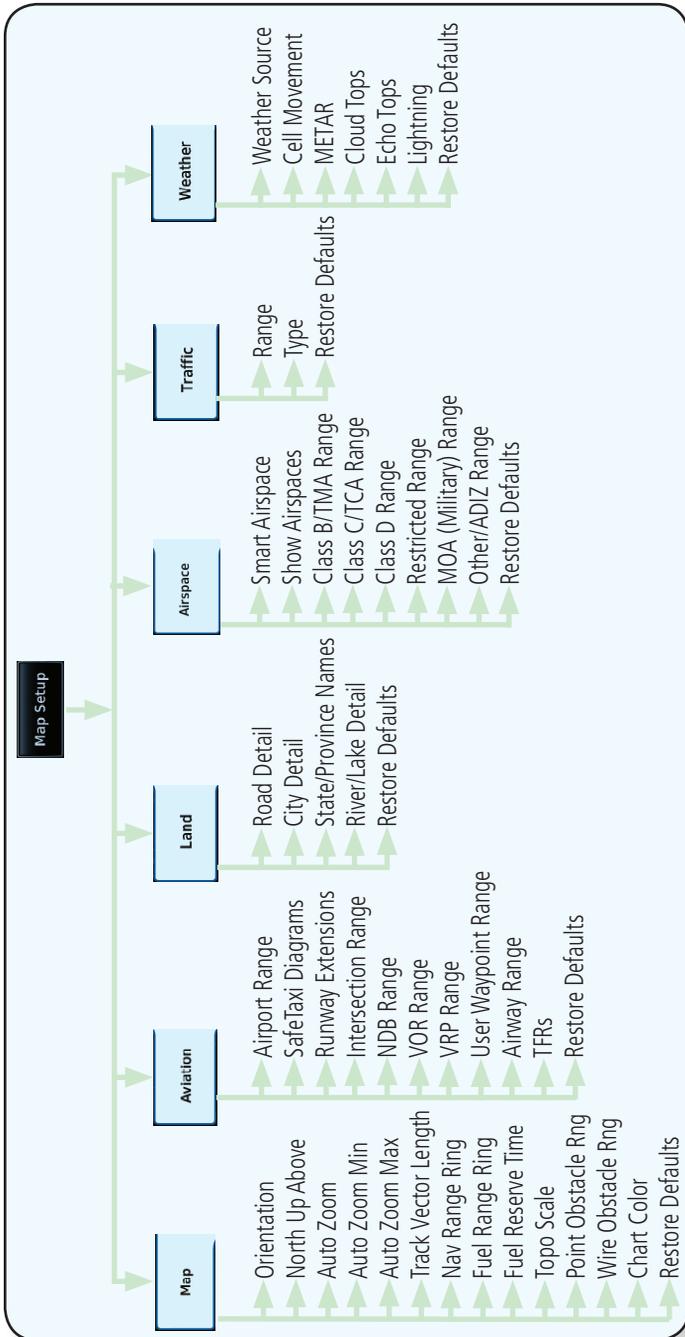
8.1.2 Map Setup

Figure 8-10 Map Setup Functional Diagram

The Map page is customized by selecting groups from the Map Menu. The Map Menu groups include choices for Map, Aviation, Land, Airspace, Traffic, and Weather groups depending on the installed equipment of a given aircraft. Each group has a list of options that vary with the group.

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1. While viewing the Map page, touch the **Menu** key. Then, touch the **Map Setup** key. The Map Setup page will be displayed.

Map Setup Group *Group Options* *Group Option Details*

Figure 8-11 Map Setup Page

2. Touch the desired Map Setup Group tab (Map, Aviation, Land, Airspace, Traffic, or Weather) to display the set of group options.

3. Touch the desired group key. A list of options for the selected group will be shown. (i.e. Map - Orientation, North Up Above, Auto Zoom, etc.) Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys as needed to scroll through the list.

4. Touch the key for the selected option.

5. Touch the **Restore Defaults** key to return to the original default values for the selected option.

8.1.2.1   Map

The Map option defines the behavior and display of information on the Map page such as: Orientation, North Up Above, Auto Zoom, Nav Range Ring, Topo Scale, Obstacle Range, and Restore Defaults. The default values are shown in **bold** type.

Feature	Selection
Orientation	North Up, **Track Up**, Heading Up
North Up Above	Off, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, **40 NM**, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM, 150 NM, 250 NM
Auto Zoom	Off, **On**
Auto Zoom Min	250 ft, 400 ft, 500 ft, 750 ft, 1000 ft, 1500 ft, 2500 ft, 0.5 NM, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, **1.5 NM**, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM, 150 NM, 250 NM, 400 NM
Auto Zoom Max	250 ft, 400 ft, 500 ft, 750 ft, 1000 ft, 1500 ft, 2500 ft, 0.5 NM, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, **25 NM**, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM, 150 NM, 250 NM, 400 NM
Track Vector Length	OFF, 30 SEC, **60 SEC**, 2 MIN, 5 MIN, 10 MIN, 20 MIN
Nav Range Ring	Off, **On**
Fuel Range Ring	**Off**, On
Fuel Reserve Time	30 MIN, **45 MIN**, 60 MIN, 90 MIN
Topo Scale	**Off**, On
Point Obstacle Range	Off, 4 NM, **5 NM**, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM
Wire Obstacle Range	Off, 1 NM, **1.5 NM**, 2.5 NM
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-1 Map Setup Map Options

Map Orientation

The Map Orientation selection sets the orientation of the Map page. Selections are North Up, Track Up, and Heading Up. A Map Orientation label is shown below the North indicator (reference to True North) in the top left corner of the Map page.

Selected Orientation
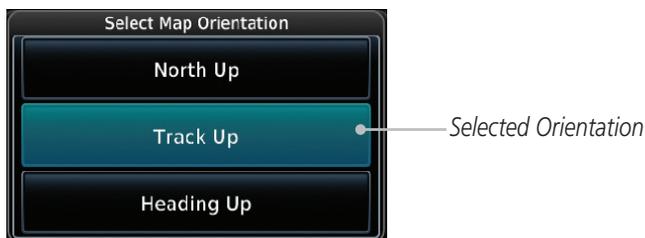
Figure 8-12 Map Setup Map Orientation

North Up Above

The North Up Above option allows you to select the map range where at and above the selected value the Map Orientation will automatically change to North Up as a default. For example, with the 500 NM value selected in the figure below, when the map range is 500 NM or more, the map orientation will automatically become North Up.

Selected North Up Range
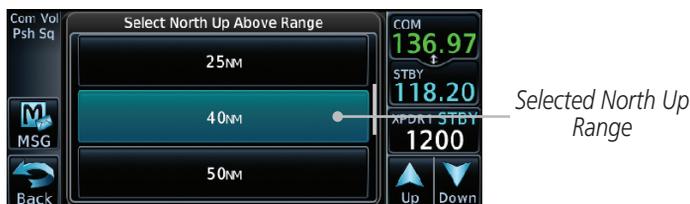
Figure 8-13 North Up Above Range Selection

Auto Zoom

With a valid flight plan, the Auto Zoom feature will automatically change the Map page range depending on the distance to the next waypoint in the flight plan. If enabled, it will also automatically zoom to the SafeTaxi zoom range when the aircraft is on the ground. Auto Zoom can be overridden at any time by manually zooming with the **In** and **Out** keys. The Auto Zoom Min selection sets the minimum range that the display will Zoom in. The Auto Zoom Max value sets the maximum range the display will Zoom out.

Auto Zoom is re-enabled once one of the following conditions is met:

- A waypoint is sequenced
- the aircraft transitions from "on ground" to "in air"

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- a point is reached where the Auto Zoom range matches the manual override range (known as auto-sync) and will be noted as "Auto" above the map range value on the map page
- Auto Zoom is toggled off and back on in the Map Setup page

Auto Zoom
On

1. While viewing the Map Setup - Map selection, touch the Auto Zoom key to toggle it On or Off.

2. When Auto Zoom is On the Auto Zoom Min and Max values will be used.

> **NOTE:** *Rotorcraft use a Local Auto Zoom function where Auto Zoom will remain at the 1500 ft zoom scale until the rotorcraft is above 400 ft GSL or 40 kts.*

Auto Zoom Min
Set the limit that the display will zoom in automatically.

Selected Minimum Auto Zoom Range

Figure 8-14 Map Setup Minimum Auto Zoom Range

Auto Zoom Max
Set the limit that the display will zoom out automatically.

Selected Maximum Auto Zoom Range

Figure 8-15 Map Setup Maximum Auto Zoom Range

Track Vector

> **NOTE:** *This feature is available in software v6.20 and later.*

When turned on, the track vector is depicted as a cyan line extending from the nose of the aircraft in the direction of movement. The length of the track vector represents the path the aircraft will follow if the present speed and direction are maintained for the time configured in the Track Vector Length setting.

Figure 8-16 Track Vector

Nav Range Ring

When turned on, the Nav Range Ring option will show a ring with a compass rose oriented to magnetic north around your present position on the Map page.

Figure 8-17 Nav Range Ring

Fuel Range Ring

NOTE: This feature is available in software v6.00 and later.

When interfaced with a fuel computer, the GTN can display a fuel range ring which shows an estimate of the remaining flight distance at the current fuel consumption rate and groundspeed. If either fuel quantity or fuel flow sensor data is not received, the GTN will use the Fuel on Board or Fuel Flow values on the Utilities – Fuel Planning page. If both fuel quantity and fuel flow are not received by the GTN, the Fuel Range Ring will be removed. A dashed green circle indicates the selected range to reserve fuel. A solid yellow circle indicates the total endurance range.
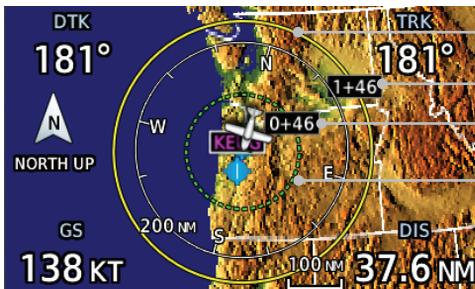
Figure 8-18 Fuel Range Ring

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TOPO Scale

The Topo Scale option selects whether the elevation scale for topographical features on the Map page is displayed. The scale will be located on the left side of the display.

Figure 8-19 Map Page Topo Scale

Point Obstacle Range

The Point Obstacle Range option selects whether the Point Obstacle Data is shown on the Map page at and below the selected Point Obstacle range. Map ranges above this value will not show the Point Obstacle Data. An obstacle with an asterisk indicates a group of the same obstacle type.

Unlighted Obstacle (Height is less than 1000 ft AGL)	Lighted Obstacle (Height is less than 1000 ft AGL)	Unlighted Obstacle (Height is greater than 1000 ft AGL)	Lighted Obstacle (Height is greater than 1000 ft AGL)

Table 8-2 Navigation Map Point Obstacle Icons by Elevation

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Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line

Table 8-3 Obstacle Icon Types

Color	Description
None	Lines are removed when they are more than 2000 ft below the aircraft.
White	Lines are white when they are within 2000 ft below the aircraft.
Amber	Lines are amber when they are within 1000 ft below the aircraft.
Red	Lines are red when they are within 100 ft below or above the altitude of the airplane.

Table 8-4 Fixed Wing Color Scheme for Obstacles and Wires

Color	Description
None	Lines are removed when they are more than 500 ft below the rotorcraft.
White	Lines are white when they are within 500 ft below the rotorcraft.
Amber	Lines are amber when they are within 250 ft below the rotorcraft.
Red	Lines are red when they are at or above the altitude of the rotorcraft.

Table 8-5 Rotorcraft Color Scheme for Obstacles and Wires

Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk. The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

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1. While viewing the Map function, touch the **Menu** key.

2. Touch the **Map Setup** key and then with the **Map** tab highlighted drag the list down or use the Down key to show the Obstacle Range.

Touch To Select Obstacle Range

Figure 8-20 Map Setup For Obstacle Range

3. Touch the **Point Obstacle Range** key and select the maximum range where obstacles will be displayed.

Selected Obstacle Range
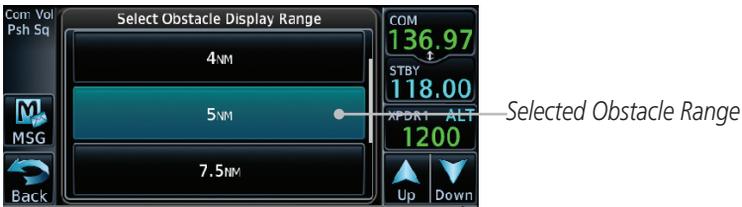
Figure 8-21 Select Obstacle Display Range

Lighted Obstacle

Unlighted Obstacle

Grouped Obstacles

Current Position

*Active Obstacle Overlay Types ***

Figure 8-22 Navigation Map Point Obstacles

*   The icon on the left shows that the point obstacle overlay is active. The icon on the right shows that the wire obstacle overlay is active. These icons are available in software v5.12 or later.

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Next

4. Touch an obstacle on the map and the elevation will be shown. If there are nearby or overlayed objects (obstacle, airspace, airport, etc), touch the **Next** key to step through the nearby objects.

Obstacle Location Detail

Selected Obstacle Info and Type

Touch To Step To Next Nearby Obstacle

Selected Obstacle

Obstacle Group

Figure 8-23 Point Obstacle Detail

Back

5. Touch the **Back** key to return to the normal map view.

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Wire Obstacle Range

The Wire Obstacle Range option selects whether the power lines are shown on the Map page at and below the selected Wire Obstacle range. Map ranges above this value will not show the Wire Obstacle Data.

> **NOTE**: *This feature is available in software v5.10 and later and requires the use of obstacle databases that contain wire obstacle data.*

HTAWS Alert

Detail at
Cursor Point

Selected
Obstacle
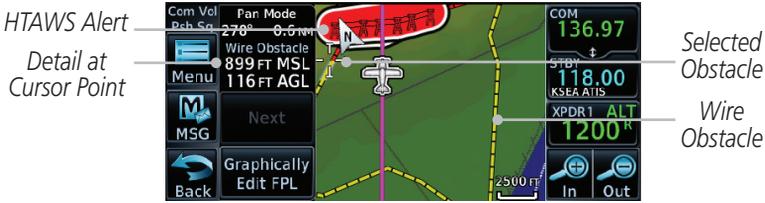
Wire
Obstacle

Figure 8-24 Wire Obstacles

Restore Defaults

Returns values to the original factory settings.

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8.1.2.2   Aviation

The Aviation group selection from the Map Setup Page Menu allows you to customize the display of Active Flight Plan, Active Flight Plan Waypoints, Airport size range, SafeTaxi information, Runway Extensions, Intersection/NDB locations, VOR locations, Airspace Detail, and TFR icons on the Map page. The feature will be shown at map ranges of the selected value and lower. The options for each feature are shown in the following table. The default values are shown in **bold** type.

Feature	Selection
Airport Range	Off, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, **25 NM**, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM, 150 NM
Heliports (Optional)	Off, **On**
SafeTaxi Diagrams	Off, 1000 ft, 1500 ft, 2500 ft, 0.5 NM, 0.75 NM, **1 NM**, 1.5 NM
Runway Extensions	Off, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, **5 NM**
Intersection Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, **4 NM**, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM
NDB Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, **5 NM**, 7.5 NM, 10 NM
VOR Range	Off, **10 NM**, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
VRP Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, **4 NM**, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM
User Wpt Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, **5 NM**, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
Airspace Detail	None, Least, Less, **Normal**, More, Most
Airway Range	2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, **25 NM**
TFR	**Off**, On
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-6 Map Setup Aviation Options

> ✓ **NOTE:** The term "intersection range" means any GPS waypoint included in the navigation database, and includes waypoints that may not be intersections of two VOR radials.

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Airport Size	Size Criteria	Display Criteria
Small	Longest runway length is less than 5000 feet, unless it has a tower frequency, in which case it is a Medium Airport.	Small airports and heliports are displayed on the map when the Map Range is less than or equal to 1/4 times the Airport Range Setting.
Medium	Longest runway length is less than 8100 feet but greater than or equal to 5000 feet or less than 8100 feet and has a tower frequency.	Medium airports are displayed on the map when the Map Range is less than or equal to 1/2 times the Airport Range Setting.
Large	Longest runway length is greater than or equal to 8100 feet.	Large airports are displayed on the map when the Map Range is less than or equal to the Airport Range Setting.

Table 8-7 Airport Display Range Setting

NOTE: The Airport Range Setting of "Off " means airports are never displayed.

Heliports are displayed on the map page if the Heliport Display Setting is "On" and the Map Range is less than or equal to 1/4 times the Airport Range Setting.

8.1.2.3   Land

The Land Data option selects whether detailed land features, such as Freeways, National Highways, Local Roads, Cities, States/Provinces, and Rivers/Lakes are displayed. Topo features, traffic, terrain, and obstacles will still be displayed, even with Land Data turned off. The options for each feature are shown in the following table. The default values are shown in **bold** type.

Feature	Selection
Road Detail	None, Least, Less, **Normal**, More, Most
City Detail	None, Least, Less, **Normal**, More, Most
State/Province Names	Off, **On**
River/Lake Detail	None, Least, Less, **Normal**, More, Most
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-8 Map Setup Land Options

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8.1.2.4 Airspace

The Airspace viewing range options select whether the Airspaces are shown on the Map and at and below the selected map ranges. The Smart Airspaces selection filters airspaces to show the ones appropriate for your altitude.

Feature	Selection
Airspace Label Range	Off, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, **25 NM**, 40 NM, 50 NM
Smart Airspace	**Off**, On
Show Airspaces	**All**, Below 18000 ft, Below 15000 ft, Below 12000 ft, Below 9000 ft, Below 6000 ft, Below 3000 ft
Class B/TMA Range	Off, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, **5 NM**
Class C/TCA Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, **4 NM**, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM
Class D Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, **5 NM**, 7.5 NM, 10 NM
Restricted Range	Off, **10 NM**, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
MOA (Military) Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, **5 NM**, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
Other/ADIZ Range	None, Least, Less, **Normal**, More, Most
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-9 Map Setup Airspace Options

Airspace Labels

The Airspace Label feature shows the airspace altitude limits within the selected range.

> ✓ **NOTE**: This feature is available in software v5.13 and later when configured by the installer.

Airspace Labels - On

Airspace Labels - On

Figure 8-25 Display of Airspace Labels

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Smart Airspaces:

Garmin's Smart Airspace™ feature aids visual clarity on-screen by de-emphasizing airspace that's well above or below the aircraft's current altitude. The vertical separation is 1,000 feet at sea level and the vertical separation will gradually increase to 2,000 feet until the aircraft reaches 10,000 feet. Anything above 10,000 feet keeps the 2,000 feet vertical separation.

> *NOTE: Smart Airspace only changes the depiction of the airspace on the moving map display. It does not alter the Airspace Alerts that can be set on the System-Alerts portion of the system.*

Smart Airspaces - Off   Smart Airspaces - On

Figure 8-26 Display of Smart Airspaces (Airspace Borders Grayed

To control the display of European airway airspaces:

1. While viewing the Map Setup Airspaces option, touch the **Other/ADIZ Range** key and select a value.
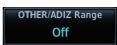
2. Select **Off** for the Other/ADIZ Range to turn off the display of airway airspaces.

Airway Airspaces - On

Airway Airspaces - Off   Airway Airspaces - On

Figure 8-27 Selecting the Display of European Airway Airspaces

8.1.2.5   Airway Range

The Airways viewing range option selects whether the Airways are shown on the Map and at and below the selected map ranges for Low and High Airways. When Off is selected, the information will not be shown.

1.   While viewing the Map function, touch the **Menu** key.

2.   Touch the **Map Setup** key and then with the **Aviation** tab highlighted drag the list down or use the Down key to show the Airway Range.

Touch To Select Airway Range

Figure 8-28   Map Setup For Airway Range

3.   Touch the **Airway Range** key and select a range.

Selected Airway Display Range

Figure 8-29   Select Airway Display Range
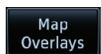
4.   Touch the **Airways** key to select the desired Airways (Off, Low, High, or All).

Low Airway (Gray)

High Airway (Green)

Figure 8-30   Navigation Map Airways

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8.1.2.6 Traffic (Optional)

The Traffic group selection from the Map Setup Page Menu allows you to customize the display of traffic on the Map page. The Traffic function requires the installation of the appropriate traffic device. Only one traffic source can be configured for the GTN and this traffic source will be overlaid on the main map. Coverage follows the airplane. In the Navigation Map page setup you can select the maximum range at which traffic symbols are shown. Once outside of the selected range, traffic will be decluttered. The default values are shown in **bold** type.

Traffic Selection	Display Result
Range	1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, **25 NM**
Traffic	**All Traffic**, Alerts & Advisories, Alerts Only
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-10 Map Page Traffic Display Options

8.1.2.7 Weather (Optional)

The Weather group selection from the Map Setup Page Menu allows you to customize the overlay of the available weather information on the Map page. Weather is an optional feature that requires an external weather source, which must be selected to allow the overlay.

Feature	Selection
Weather Source	SiriusXM, Connext, or FIS-B
Cell Movement	**Off**, On
METAR	**Off**, On
Cloud Tops	**Off**, On
Echo Tops	**Off**, On
Lightning	**Off**, On
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-11 Map Setup SiriusXM Weather Options

> *NOTE: Map overlay keys may remain available even if the information necessary for the overlay is not available. For example: the Radar overlay key is available even if the radar is turned off.*

Feature	Selection
Weather Source	SiriusXM, Connext, or FIS-B
METAR	**Off**, On
IR Satellite	**Off**, On
Lightning	**Off**, On
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings
Connext Settings	Selectable Connext Settings

Table 8-12 Map Setup Connext Weather Options

Feature	Selection
Weather Source	SiriusXM, Connext, or FIS-B
METAR	**Off**, On
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-13 Map Setup FIS-B Weather Options

8.1.3   Change User Fields

The Change User Fields selection allows you to configure the Data, Function, and Page field type shown in each of the four corners of the Map page. The information shown in each field may be selected from a list after *Change User Fields* is selected.

1.   While viewing the Map page, touch the **Menu** key.

Figure 8-31 Map Menu

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2. From the Map Menu screen, touch the **Change User Fields** key.

Change
User Fields

Touch To Select Data Field (TRK Currently Shown)

Touch To Select Data Field (DIS Currently Shown)

Touch To Cancel Any Changes

Figure 8-32 Map Data Fields Selection

> **NOTE:** Map Data Field Types that use the term "Destination " refer to the missed approach point (if an approach is loaded) or the final airport in the flight plan.

> **NOTE:** In software v5.13 and earlier, ETE to Destination is not available when a procedure is loaded and there are waypoints in the Enroute section of the flightplan.

> **NOTE:** Only the bottom right corner data field on the map page can be configured for a Page or Function. The other three corner data fields are for Data items only.

3. Touch the corner data field key you want to select. Touch the **Data, Function,** or **Page** keys to select the User Field type. A list of information types will be displayed.

Touch To Select Data, Function, or Page

Field Type List. Touch To Select Data Field

Slider Indicates More Selections Available. Press Finger and Slide To View More Selections.

Figure 8-33 Map Data Field Type Selections

4. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys or touch the display and drag your finger to scroll through the list. Touch the desired item to select it or touch the **Back** key to cancel selection.

Map Data Field Type	
ACTV WPT - Active Waypoint	MSA - Minimum Safe Altitude
B/D APT - BRG/DIS from Dest APT [1]	NAV/COM - Active NAV/COM FREQ
BRG - Bearing to Current Waypoint	OAT (static) - Static Air Temperature
DIS - Distance to Current Waypoint	OAT (total) - Total Air Temperature
DIS to Dest - Distance to Destination [2]	RAD ALT - Radar Altimeter
DTK - Desired Track	Time - Current Time
ESA - Enroute Safe Altitude	Time to TOD - Time to Top of Descent
ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival	TKE - Track Angle Error
ETA at Dest - ETA at Destination	TRK - Track
ETE - Estimated Time Enroute	Trip Timer - Timer Display
ETE to Dest - ETE to Destination	VOR/LOC - Tuned VOR/LOC Info
Fuel Flow - Total Fuel Flow	VSR - Vertical Speed Required
GS - GPS Ground Speed	Wind - Wind Speed and Direction
GSL - GPS Altitude	XTK - Cross Track Error
Generic Timer - Timer Display	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field

Table 8-14 Map Data Field Types of Information

Note 1:   B/D APT is the straight line distance.

Note 2:   Dist to DEST is the distance along the flight plan.

Function Field Type	
CDI - Course Deviation Indicator	OBS/Suspend/Unsuspend Button
Flap Override - Flap Override [1]	On Scene - "On Scene" Mode Toggle
GPWS Inhibit - GPWS Inhibit [1]	TAWS Inhibit - TAWS Inhibit
G/S Inhibit - G/S Inhibit [1]	Gen Timer - Generic Timer Control
HTAWS RP Mode - HTAWS RP Mode [2]	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field

Table 8-15 Map Function Field Types of Information

Note 1:   With TAWS-A enabled

Note 2:   With HTAWS enabled

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Map Page Field Type	
Blackout Mode	Utilities - Utilities Page
DFLT NAV - Default Navigation	Checklist - Checklist Page
Flight Plan - Flight Plan Page	Fuel PLAN - Fuel Planning Page
Map - Map Page	SCHED MSG - Scheduled Messages
Nearest - Nearest Page	Trip PLAN - Trip Planning Page
NEAR APT - Nearest Airport Page	VCALC - VCALC Page
PROC - Procedures Page	User FREQ - User Frequencies
Approach - Approach Page	WPT INFO - Waypoint Information
Arrival - Arrival Page	Weather - Weather Page
Departure - Departure Page	CNXT WX - Connext WX Page
Backlight - Backlight Page	FIS-B WX - FIS-B Weather Page
Services - Services Page	Stormscope - Stormscope Page
Traffic - Traffic Page	SiriusXM WX - Sirius XM WX Page
Terrain - Terrain Page	OFF - Do Not Display Page Field

Table 8-16 Map Page Field Types of Information

8.1.4   Map Detail

The Map Detail feature allows four levels of decluttering to remove map information. The declutter level is displayed in the **DCLTR** key. There are four levels of decluttering. Level 0 shows the most detail and level 3 shows the least detail.
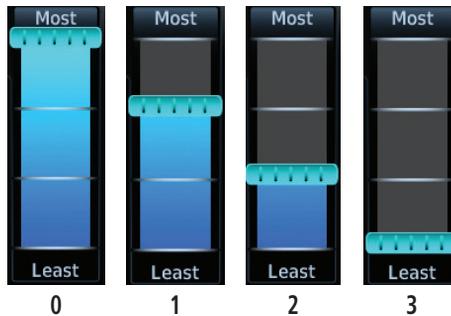
Figure 8-34 Map Detail (Declutter) Levels

![Garmin logo]

1. While viewing the Map page, touch the **Menu** key.

2. While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **Map Detail** scale and slide your finger to adjust the level. Features marked with a • are shown at the indicated Map Detail (Declutter) Level.

Feature	0	1	2	3	Feature	0	1	2	3
River/Lake Names	•				TRSA	•	•		
Land/Country Text	•				ADIZ	•	•		
Large City	•				Alert Areas	•	•		
Medium City	•				Caution Areas	•	•		
Small City	•				Danger Areas	•	•		
Small Town	•				Warning Areas	•	•		
Freeways	•				Large Airports	•	•	•	
Highways	•				Medium Airports	•	•	•	
Roads	•				Restricted Areas	•	•	•	
Railroads	•				Prohibited Areas	•	•	•	
Political Boundaries	•				MOAs	•	•	•	
User Waypoints	•	•			Runway Labels	•	•	•	
VORs	•	•			Lightning Strike Data	•	•	•	
NDBs	•	•			NEXRAD Data	•	•	•	
Intersections	•	•			Traffic Symbols	•	•	•	
Class B Airspace	•	•			Traffic Labels	•	•	•	
Class C Airspace	•	•			Water Detail	•	•	•	•
Class D Airspace	•	•			Active FPL Legs	•	•	•	•
Tower	•	•			Airways	•	•	•	•

Table 8-17 Features Shown at Each Map Detail Level

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8.2 Map Panning

   In the Map Page function, panning allows you to move the map beyond its current limits without adjusting the map scale. The panning function is selected by simply touching the Map display. The **In** and **Out** keys at the lower right corner of the page control the map range. Touching the display momentarily switches the display to Map Pan Mode. While in Map Pan Mode, touch the display gently and drag your finger to pan around the map.

   1.   Touch the Map page display.

*Pan Mode Annunciation
and Coordinates Of Map
Center*

*Selected
Waypoint Or
Item Info*

*Touch To
Display Next
Item*

*Selected
Airspace Or Wpt
Highlighted*

*Aircraft Present
Position*

*Touch To Edit
Flight Plan*
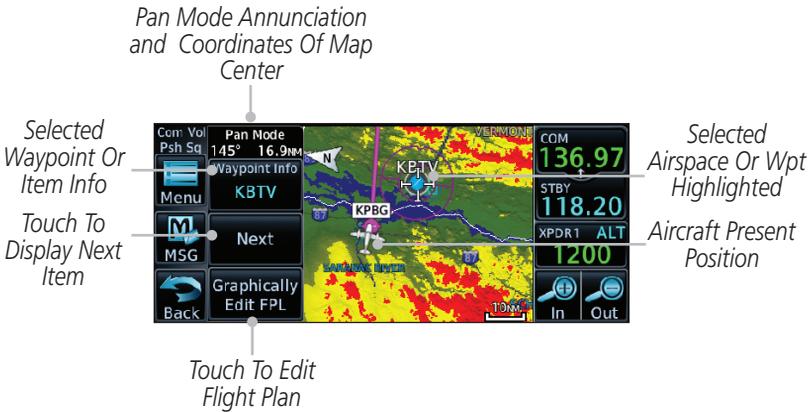
Figure 8-35 Map Panning With Airspace Highlighted

[Next]

   2.   If you touch an item on the display (waypoint, airspace, obstacle) there may be other items very close that are difficult to see at a given zoom level. Touch the **Next** key to annunciate and highlight the next item. Each touch of the **Next** key steps to another item near the Map Pointer.

*Next
Nearest
Item*

*Nearest
Item
Highlighted*

*Touch To Display
Next Item*
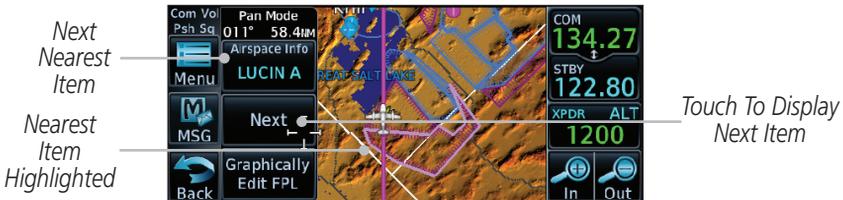
Figure 8-36 Map Panning With Next Airspace Shown

> **NOTE**: It is possible that multiple airspaces can be stacked vertically and be difficult to visually identify them. Touching the **Next** key will step through the airpaces.

Airspace Info
A–231

3. Touch the **Airspace Info** (Item) key for more information about the selected item. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Map Panning display.

4. While pressing your finger gently against the display, drag your finger across the display to scroll the display in the direction of your finger movement. The Map Pointer cross hair location is based on where your finger touches the display, but after dragging your finger the Map Pointer will be centered on the map when your finger is lifted from the display.

Pan Mode
Annunciation
Coordinates Of
Map Pointer

Map Pointer

Figure 8-37 Map Panning With Map Pointer

> *NOTE: Pressing the Direct-To key will use the Map Pointer location as the destination.*

5. Touch the **Back** key to return to the normal map display.

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8.3 Map Controls

While in the Map page function, several controls are available to manage the view and display of information. The **In** and **Out** keys at the lower right corner of the page control the map range. Touching the display momentarily switches the display to Map Pan Mode.

While in any of the Map function pages, touching the display starts **Pan Mode.** Options are available to Create a waypoint at the Map Pointer position and to Graphically Edit Flight Plan.

8.3.1 Pan Map Mode

The Pan Map mode allows you to move the map display to view the surrounding area.

1. Touch the Map page display.

2. See the description in the Map Panning section for details of using this feature. Touch the **Back** key to return to the normal Map display.

8.3.2 Create Waypoint

The Create Waypoint function will create a User Waypoint at the Map Pointer location when that location is not an already named object, such as an airport or airspace.

1. In Pan Mode, touch the **Create Waypoint** key.

2. Follow the directions in the Waypoint Info section for Creating User Waypoints.

Figure 8-38 Create User Waypoint While Map Panning

8.3.3   Graphically Edit Flight Plan Mode

The Edit Flight Plan Mode allows making quick changes to the active flight plan directly on the display. The process is simply touching the display to start Map Pan Mode, touching the **Graphically Edit FPL** key, dragging the desired leg to a new waypoint or airway, and touching the **Done** key. At any point, a step may be removed by touching the **Undo** key or the whole process ended by touching the **Cancel** key. The **Undo** key will remove up to nine steps.

> **NOTE:** It is not possible to graphically add an intermediate waypoint between the current position and a direct-to waypoint unless that waypoint is in the flight plan. Garmin recommends deleting any flight plan prior to graphically editing a direct to waypoint.

8.3.3.1   Adding a Waypoint to an Existing Flight Plan

1. Touch the Map page display. The Map Mode selection keys will appear. Touch the **Graphically Edit FPL** key.

Current Active Flight Plan

Map Pointer Where Display Was Touched

Touch To Change FPL

Touch **Back** To Return To Map Display

Figure 8-39 Edit Flight Plan Mode

2. Touch and hold the desired leg of the flight plan and drag the flight plan leg to a new waypoint to add a waypoint to the active flight plan. The leg may also be dragged to an airway. The leg being edited will turn cyan.

Current Active FPL Waypoints

Intended New Waypoint

Active Flight Plan Leg

Touch To Return To Map Display

Figure 8-40 Drag Selected Leg of Flight Plan to New Waypoint

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3. Touch the **Done** key to accept the new flight plan leg or **Undo** to maintain the existing flight plan.

New Active FPL Waypoint

New FPL Waypoint

Active Flight Plan Leg

Touch To Accept Changes To FPL

Touch To Undo Last Step

Figure 8-41 Confirm Flight Plan to New Waypoint

4. The aircraft will now navigate according to the new flight plan.

New Active FPL Waypoint

Aircraft Position   *Active Flight Plan Leg*

Figure 8-42 Aircraft Navigates on Edited Flight Plan to New Waypoint

> **NOTE:** *Parallel track will be cancelled when graphically editing a flight plan.*

8.3.3.2   Adding a Waypoint to the End of an Existing Flight Plan

1. Touch the Map page display. The Map Mode selection keys will appear. Touch the **Graphically Edit FPL** key.

2. Touch a waypoint that you want to add to the end of the flight plan.

3. Touch the **Done** key to accept the changes and return to the Map page.

8.3.3.3 Removing a Waypoint from an Existing Flight Plan

Graphically Edit FPL

1. Touch the Map page display. The Map Mode selection keys will appear. Touch the **Graphically Edit FPL** key.

2. Touch waypoint, or airway, on the flight plan that you want to remove.

3. Drag the flight plan line away from the waypoint, or airway, and release the line. The waypoint will be removed from the flight plan.

Done

4. Touch the **Done** key to accept the changes and return to the Map page.

8.3.3.4 Creating a Flight Plan Without an Existing Flight Plan

Graphically Edit FPL

1. Touch the Map page display. The Map Mode selection keys will appear. Touch the **Graphically Edit FPL** key.

2. Touch a waypoint on the map to set the first waypoint in the flight plan. If there are several nearby waypoints, touch the desired waypoint to select it.

Touch Desired Waypoint ——

Figure 8-43 Select the Desired Waypoint From Multiple Waypoints

3. Touch a waypoint, or airway, on the map for the next waypoint, or airway, in the flight plan. Continue adding waypoints, or airways, as needed.

Done

4. Touch the **Done** key to accept the changes and return to the Map page.

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8.4   CDI (GTN 650 only)

The GTN 650's **CDI** key is used to select data that is sent from the GPS or VLOC receiver to the external CDI (or HSI). CDI selection is available on the Default Navigation page. When the external CDI (or HSI) is connected to the GPS receiver, "GPS" is shown on the annunciation bar. When the external CDI (or HSI) is being driven by the VLOC receiver, "VLOC" appears instead.

> ✓ **NOTE:** The VLOC receiver must be selected for display on the external CDI/ HSI for approaches which are not approved for GPS. See the ILS example in the Procedures section for more information.

> ✓ **NOTE**: GPS phase of flight annunciations (LPV, ENR, etc.) are not applicable to the external CDI (or HSI) when VLOC is active.

> ✓ **NOTE:** The internal on-screen CDI information is based on GPS data and cannot be used for primary navigation.

> ✓ **NOTE:** If the unit is not configured for a CDI key, then the "activate GPS missed approach" will only resume automatic waypoint sequencing. The user must switch to GPS navigation, if desired, by using their external source selection method (this is typical an EFIS system).

1. The navigation source is shown in the center of the annunciation bar at the lower part of the display.

CDI Display

*Touch **CDI** Key To Toggle Navigation Source*

Touch To Edit FPL

Touch To Access Map Page

GPS Level Of Service

Navigation Source Annunciation

*Touch **OBS** Key To Toggle OBS Mode*
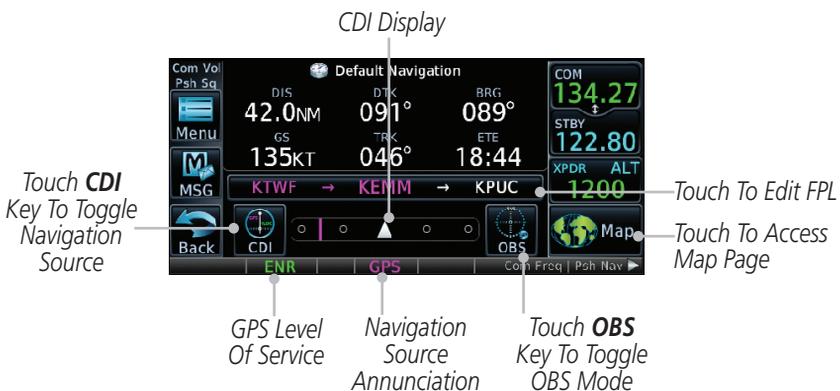
Figure 8-44 Navigation Source Selection

2. Touch the **CDI** key to toggle between sources.

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8.5 OBS

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The **OBS** key is used to select manual or automatic sequencing of waypoints. OBS selection is available on the Default Navigation page. Touching this key selects OBS mode, which retains the current "active to" waypoint as your navigation reference even after passing the waypoint (i.e., prevents sequencing to the next waypoint). Touching the **OBS** key again returns to normal operation, with automatic sequencing of waypoints. Whenever OBS mode is selected, you may set the desired course To/From a waypoint using the pop-up window on the GTN 6XX or with the external OBS selector on your HSI or CDI.

For leg types that do not support OBS, this key will be shown as a SUSP key. This key will then also function as an Unsuspend key for legs that auto-suspend, such as holds, missed approaches, etc.

> **NOTE:** *In dual GTN installations with crossfill on, the OBS course will only be updated real time on the GTN that is receiving the new OBS course. The course will be transferred to the other GTN when OBS is exited.*

1. Touch the **OBS** key to enable the OBS function.

OBS Heading

GPS Level Of Service

*Touch the **OBS** Key To Enable OBS Function*

Active FPL Leg   OBS Function Annunciation
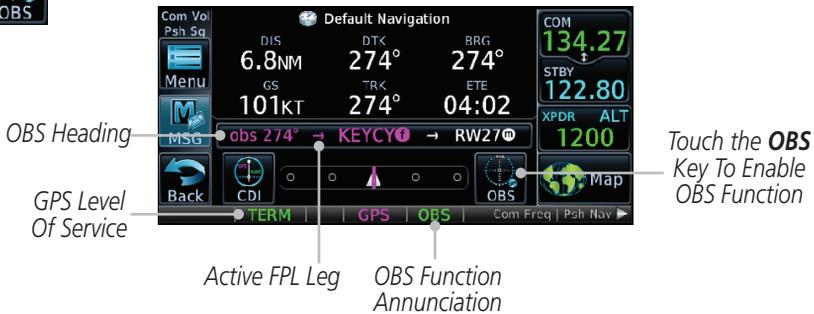
Figure 8-45 OBS Course Selection

2. Enter the desired OBS heading using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

3. The OBS heading will be shown in the flight plan annunciation above the CDI in the lower portion of the display. The OBS function annunciation will show.

8.6 Map Symbols

Various symbols are used to distinguish between waypoint types. The identifiers for any on-screen waypoints can also be displayed. Special-use and controlled airspace boundaries appear on the map, showing the individual sectors in the case of Class B, Class C, or Class D airspace. The following symbols are used to depict the various airports and navaids on the Map Page:

Symbol	Description
	Airport with hard surface runway(s); Serviced, Primary runway shown
	Airport with hard surface runway(s); Non-Serviced, Primary runway shown
	Airport with soft surface runway(s) only, Serviced
	Airport with soft surface runway(s) only, Non-Serviced
	Unknown Airport
	Restricted (Private) Airfield
	Intersection
	VOR
	VORTAC
	VOR/DME
	TACAN
	DME
	NDB
	Locator Outer Marker
	Heliport
	User Waypoint
	VRP

Table 8-18 Map Symbols

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8.7   SafeTaxi®

SafeTaxi® is an enhanced feature that gives greater map detail when zooming in on airports. The airport display on the map reveals runways with numbers, taxiways with identifying letters/numbers, airport Hot Spots, and airport landmarks including ramps, buildings, control towers, and other prominent features. Resolution is greater at lower map ranges (zooming in). When the aircraft location is within the screen boundary, including within SafeTaxi ranges, an airplane symbol is shown on any of the navigation map views for enhanced position awareness.

Designated Hot Spots are recognized at airports with many intersecting taxiways and runways, and/or complex ramp areas. Airport Hot Spots are outlined to caution pilots of areas on an airport surface where positional awareness confusion or runway incursions happen most often. Hot Spots are defined with a magenta circle or outline around the region of possible confusion.

Taxiway Detail
Taxiway Identification

Aircraft Position

Figure 8-46 SafeTaxi Depiction on the Navigation Map Page

8.7.1   Using SafeTaxi®

Any map page that displays the navigation view can also show the SafeTaxi® airport layout within the maximum configured range.

During ground operations the aircraft's position is displayed in reference to taxiways, runways, and airport features. The nose of the ownship symbol, not the center, depicts the current location of the aircraft.

> ✓ **NOTE:** Do not use SafeTaxi or Chartview functions as the basis for ground maneuvering. SafeTaxi and Chartview functions do not comply with the requirements of AC 20-159 and are not qualified to be used as an airport moving map display (AMMD). SafeTaxi and Chartview are to be used by the flight crew to orient themselves on the airport surface to improve pilot situational awareness during ground operations.

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8.7.2   Hot Spot Information

Hot Spots can contain more information about the area that can be displayed when shown. To view more information touch the Hot Spot on the moving map.

Touch to View Hot Spot Info

Hot Spot Location

Figure 8-47 SafeTaxi Hot Spot Detail and Outline

8.7.3   SafeTaxi® Cycle Number and Revision

The SafeTaxi database is revised every 56 days. SafeTaxi is always available for use after the expiration date. When turning on the GTN 6XX, the Power-up Page indicates whether the databases are current, out of date, or not available. The Power-up Page shows the SafeTaxi database is current when the "SafeTaxi Expires" date is shown in white. When the SafeTaxi cycle has expired, the "SafeTaxi Expires" date appears in yellow. The message "unknown" appears in white if no SafeTaxi data is available on the database card.

The SafeTaxi Region, Version, Cycle, Effective date and Expires date of the database cycle can also be found on the System - System Status page. SafeTaxi information appears in white and yellow text. The EFFECTIVE date appears in white when data is current and in yellow when the current date is before the effective date. The EXPIRES date appears in white when data is current and in yellow when expired. SafeTaxi REGION NOT AVAILABLE appears in white if SafeTaxi data is not available on the database card.

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8.8 Flight Plan Depiction

When a flight plan is present, it will be depicted on the GTN maps.

Flight plan leg colors are used to indicate past, active, or future flight plan segments. A thin light gray line indicates a previous flight plan segment. A bold magenta line indicates an active flight plan segment for which the navigator is providing guidance. A bold white line indicates future flight plan segments. Missed approach procedures are depicted with a thin white line to indicate that they are an upcoming segment of the flight plan, but will not become navigable without the pilot specifically activating the missed approach procedure.

Flight plan labels are white boxes with black borders and black text to indicate they are fixes in the flight plan. If the waypoint is the ative waypoint in the flight plan, the border and text are magenta.

All holding patterns and procedure turns are depicted with the same coloration as all other flight plan segments. Entries are depicted with segmented arrows to indicate which direction in which the course guidance will be given. This is used for both hold entry and procedure turn course reversals. Once a hold becomes active the entry guidance is removed from the map and only the active hold is depicted.

Headings to fly are depicted as directional arrows with spaces between them and the label "Vectors" or "MANSEQ" to indicate what the pilot might expect while flying the heading depicted. "MANSEQ" is "Manual Sequencing" abbreviated and denotes that the procedure is complete upon reaching that heading and that no other guidance will be given from the navigator without pilot interaction.

The following illustrates the flight plan segments as presented on the GTN maps.

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GTN provides guidance in the hold at WIGAN intersection.

Figure 8-48 Active Hold

In this case the teardrop entry for the hold at WIGAN is being depicted. Upon reaching the holding fix inbound, the entry arrows will be removed from the map and the dotted holding pattern will become active with magenta arrows.

Figure 8-49 Holding Pattern Entry

The active flight plan leg is WARIC to WHATE as indicated by the magenta line to the magenta labeled waypoint.
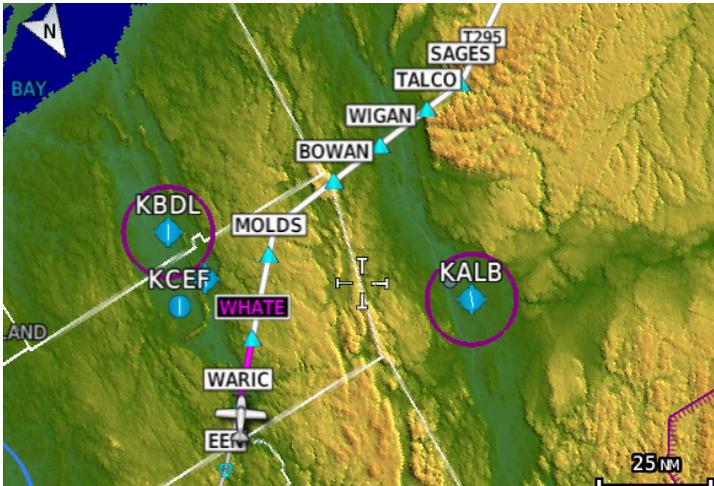
Figure 8-50 Active and Future Flight Plan Segments

The active leg is the course to OCITY intersection. After OCITY the flight plan depicts a turn to 100° for vectors.

Figure 8-51 Active Leg to Vectors

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Previous legs are light gray, active leg is magenta.

Figure 8-52 Exiting the Hold

The leg outbound from LOS is active and indicates a procedure turn. When inbound from the procedure turn the inbound segment will become active and LSO will still be the active waypoint.

Figure 8-53 Active Procedure Turn

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A flight plan along T295 with previous, the active leg, and the future legs depicted.

Figure 8-54 Past, Active, and Future Flight Plan Segments

Active Heading Leg

Figure 8-55 Active Heading Leg (Vectors)

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Active Flight Plan Leg

Figure 8-56 Active Flight Plan Leg

The active flight plan leg inbound to a holding pattern at WIGAN intersection.

Figure 8-57 Active Flight Plan Leg Prior to Holding Pattern

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9 TRAFFIC

The Traffic function displays available traffic information depending on your installed equipment to assist in situational awareness. The features and operation depend on the capabilities and options of each type of traffic system.

> **NOTE:** *The reference point for the ownship is the nose of the ownship aircraft symbol (either miniature aircraft or triangle). The reference point for all traffic icons is the center of the depicted traffic.*

1. From the Home page, touch the **Traffic** key.

2. Use the active areas on the display and the Menu options to set up the Traffic display.

9.1 Traffic Pop-Up

When the GTN 6XX is displaying any page (other than the Traffic page) and a traffic alert becomes active, the Traffic Warning pop-up will be displayed.

> **NOTE:** *The traffic pop-up will not appear when your aircraft is on the ground.*

1. The traffic pop-up will appear on pages other than the Traffic page when a traffic alert occurs.

Touch To Go To Traffic Page
Traffic Location
Ownship Position
Traffic Alert Annunciation
Traffic Alert Annunciation
Touch To Close Pop-Up

Figure 9-1 Traffic Pop-Up On the Map Page

2. Touch the **Go to Traffic** key to view the Traffic page.

OR

3. Touch the **Close** key to close the pop-up. The pop-up will return if the traffic alert persists.

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9.2 Traffic Test

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The Traffic Test function is only available on some traffic systems. The aircraft must be on the ground and Traffic Status must be in Standby.

1. Touch the **Test** key to activate the test function in the Traffic equipment.

Touch For Traffic Test While In Standby Traffic Status

Test Traffic Status

Figure 9-2 Traffic Test Mode

2. The unit will return to normal operation mode after the test process is successfully completed.

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9.3 Traffic Information Service (TIS) (Optional)

⚠️ **WARNING**: The Traffic Information Service (TIS) is intended for advisory use only. TIS is intended to help the pilot locate traffic visually. It is the responsibility of the pilot to see and maneuver to avoid traffic.

✓ **NOTE:** TIS is available only when the aircraft is within the service volume of a TIS-capable terminal radar site. Aircraft without an operating transponder are invisible to both Traffic Advisory Systems (TAS) and TIS. Aircraft without altitude reporting capability are shown without altitude separation data or climb descent indication.

✓ **NOTE:** TIS and Traffic Advisory System (TAS) may not both be configured at the same time.

✓ **NOTE:** GDL 88 equipped aircraft only: When the radio tower symbol is crossed out, the aircraft is not a participant in the TIS-B system – i. e. not visible to other TIS-B clients. The GDL 88 will, however, continue to receive available TIS-B and FIS-B ground station up-links and continue to display TIS-B and FIS-B data along with available ADS-B and ADS-R data.

✓ **NOTE:** Except for GDL 88 or GTX 345 equipped aircraft, TIS, and Traffic Advisory System (TAS) may not both be displayed at the same time.

✓ **NOTE:** More information is available about the GDL 88 in the "Garmin GDL 88 ADS-B Transceiver Pilot's Guide" and the GTX 345 in the "Garmin GTX 335/345 Pilot's Guide."

Traffic Information Service (TIS) is designed to help in detection and avoidance of other aircraft. TIS uses the Mode S transponder for the traffic data link. TIS receives traffic information from ground stations, and is updated every five seconds. The GTN 6XX displays up to eight traffic targets within a 7.5 NM radius, from 3000 feet below to 3500 feet above the requesting aircraft.

7.0 NM

3,500 ft

3,000 ft
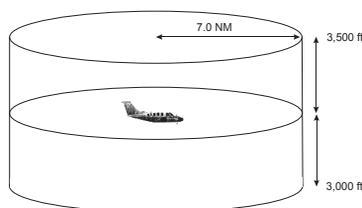
Figure 9-3 TIS Coverage Volume (not to scale)

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9.3.1 TIS Symbology

Traffic is displayed according to TCAS symbology using three different symbols.

TIS Symbol	Description
	Non-Threat Traffic
	Traffic Advisory (TA)
	Traffic Advisory Off Scale

Table 9-1 TIS Traffic Symbols

Traffic Advisories (TA) alert the crew to intruding aircraft. When traffic meets the advisory criteria for the TA, a solid yellow circle symbol is generated. A Non-threat Advisory, shown as an open white diamond, indicates that an intruding aircraft is at greater than ±1200 feet relative altitude or the distance is beyond five NM. A Traffic Advisory that is beyond the selected display range is indicated by a half TA symbol at the edge of the screen at the relative bearing of the intruder.

TIS also provides a vector line showing the direction in which the traffic is moving, to the nearest 45°. Traffic information for which TIS is unable to determine the bearing (non-bearing traffic) is displayed in the center of the Traffic Page or in a banner on maps other than the Traffic Map Page on which traffic can be displayed.

The altitude difference between the requesting aircraft and other intruder aircraft is displayed above/below the traffic symbol in hundreds of feet. If the other aircraft is above the requesting aircraft, the altitude separation appears above the traffic symbol with a "+" sign; if below, the altitude separation appears below. Altitude trend is displayed as an up/down arrow (for speeds greater than 500 fpm in either direction) to the right of the target symbol. Traffic symbols for aircraft without altitude reporting capability appear without altitude separation or climb/descent information.

Always remember that TIS cannot alert you to the presence of aircraft that are not equipped with transponders, nor can it alert you to aircraft that may be nearby, but obscured from the ground surveillance radar by interfering terrain.

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9.3.2 Traffic Page

The Traffic Map Page is configured to show surrounding TIS traffic data in relation to the aircraft's current position and altitude, without clutter from the basemap. Aircraft orientation on this map is always heading up unless there is no valid heading.

The traffic mode is annunciated in the upper left corner of the Traffic Map Page. When the aircraft is on the ground, TIS automatically enters Standby Mode. Once the aircraft is airborne, TIS switches from Standby to Operating Mode and the GTN 6XX begins to display traffic information.
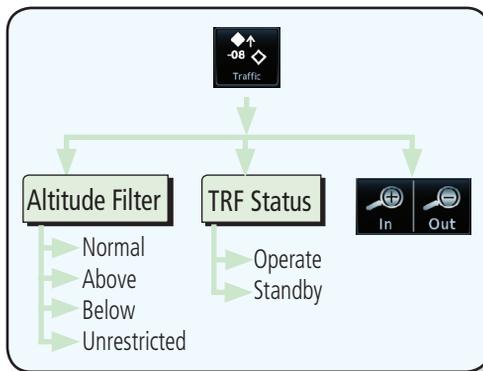
Figure 9-4 Traffic Page Functional Diagram

Figure 9-5 Traffic Page

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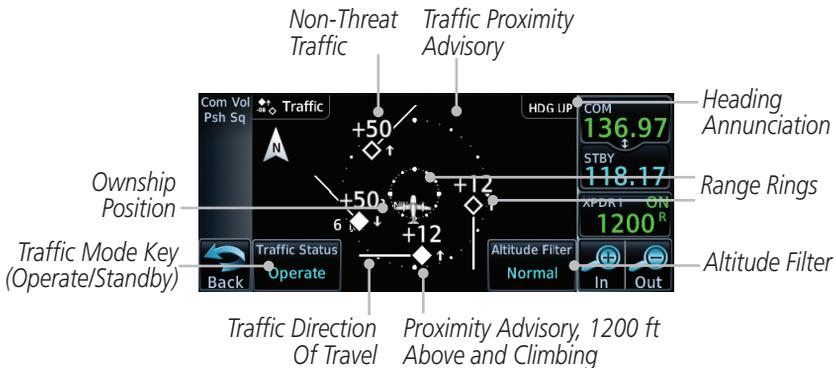
9.3.3 Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Page

1. From the Home page, touch the **Traffic** key.

2. Confirm TIS is in Operating Mode.

3. Touch the **Traffic Status** key to toggle between Operate and Standby mode.

9.3.4 Altitude Display

1. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Operate** key to begin displaying traffic. "Operate" is displayed in the Traffic Status field.

2. The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. Touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UNRESTRICTED** keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.

*Selected
Altitude Filter*

*Slider Indicates
More Selections
Are Available*
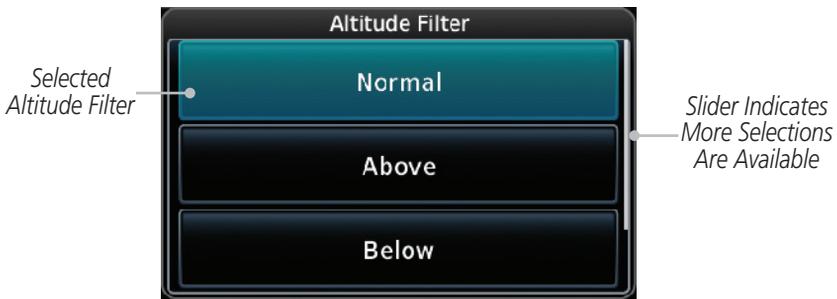
Figure 9-6 Traffic Altitude Filter Page

Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range
Below	-9900 ft to 2700 ft
Normal	-2700 ft to 2700 ft
Above	-2700 ft to 9900 ft
Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown

Table 9-2 Displayed Traffic Range

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9.3.5   TIS Limitations

> **NOTE:** This section on TIS Limitations is not comprehensive. Garmin recommends the user review the TIS Limitations section of the Aeronautical Information Manual, Section 1-3-5.

TIS is NOT intended to be used as a collision avoidance system and does not relieve the pilot of responsibility to "see and avoid" other aircraft. TIS should not be used for avoidance maneuvers during IMC or other times when there is no visual contact with the intruder aircraft. TIS is intended only to assist in visual acquisition of other aircraft in VMC. No recommended avoidance maneuvers are provided for, nor authorized, as a direct result of a TIS intruder display or TIS advisory.

While TIS is a useful aid to visual traffic avoidance, it has some system limitations that must be fully understood to ensure proper use. Many of these limitations are inherent in secondary radar surveillance. In other words, the information provided by TIS will be no better than that provided to ATC. TIS will only display aircraft with operating transponders installed.

TIS relies on surveillance of the Mode S radar, which is a "secondary surveillance" radar similar to the Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS). TIS operation may be intermittent during turns or other maneuvering. TIS is dependent on two-way, "line-of-sight" communication between the aircraft and the Mode S radar. Whenever the structure of the client aircraft comes between the transponder antenna (usually located on the underside of the aircraft) and the ground-based radar antenna, the signal may be temporarily interrupted. Other limitations and anomalies associated with TIS are described in the AIM, Section 4-5-6.

Garmin is not responsible for Mode S geographical coverage. Operation of the ground stations is the responsibility of the FAA. Refer to the Aeronautical Information Manual for a Terminal Mode S Radar Site Map covering the U.S.

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> **NOTE:** *TIS will be unavailable at low altitudes in many areas of the U.S., particularly in mountainous regions. Also, when flying near the "floor" of radar coverage in a particular area, intruders below the client aircraft may not be detected by TIS.*

TIS information is collected one radar scan prior to the scan during which the uplink occurs. Therefore, the surveillance information is approximately five seconds old. In order to present the intruders in a "real time" position, the TIS ground station uses a "predictive algorithm" in its tracking software. This algorithm uses track history data to extrapolate intruders to their expected positions consistent with the time of display in the cockpit. Occasionally, aircraft maneuvering will cause this algorithm to induce errors in the display. These errors primarily affect relative bearing information and traffic target track vector (it will lag); intruder distance and altitude will remain relatively accurate and may be used to assist in "see and avoid." Some of the more common examples of these errors follow:

- When client or intruder aircraft maneuvers excessively or abruptly, the tracking algorithm may report incorrect horizontal position until the maneuvering aircraft stabilizes.

- When a rapidly closing intruder is on a course that crosses the client aircraft course at a shallow angle (either overtaking or head on) and either aircraft abruptly changes course within 0.25 NM, TIS may display the intruder on the opposite side of the client than it actually is.

These are relatively rare occurrences and will be corrected in a few radar scans once the course has stabilized.

9.3.6   TIS Alerts

When the number of Traffic Advisories (TAs) on the Traffic Map Page increases from one scan to the next, the following occur:

- A single "Traffic" voice alert is generated.

- A TRAFFIC Annunciation appears at the bottom of the display, flashing for 5 seconds and remaining displayed until no TAs are detected in the area.

To reduce the number of nuisance alerts due to proximate aircraft, the "Traffic" voice alert is generated only when the number of TAs increases. For example, when the first TA is displayed, a voice and visual annunciation are generated. As long as a single TA remains on the display, no additional voice alerts are generated. If a second TA appears on the display or if the number of TAs initially decreases and then subsequently increases, another voice alert is generated.

A "Traffic Not Available" (TNA) voice alert is generated when the TIS service becomes unavailable or is out of range.

Traffic may not be displayed in the radar coverage area due to the following:

- Radar site TIS Mode S sensor is not operational or is out of service.

- Traffic or requesting aircraft is beyond the maximum range of the TIS-capable Mode S radar site.

- Traffic or requesting aircraft is above the radar site in the cone of silence and out of range of an adjacent site.

- Traffic or requesting aircraft is below radar coverage. In flat terrain, the coverage extends from about 3000 feet upward at 55 miles. Terrain and obstacles around the radar site can further decrease radar coverage in all directions.

- Traffic does not have an operating transponder.

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9.3.7 TIS System Status

The GTN 6XX performs an automatic test of TIS during power-up. If TIS passes the test, TIS enters Standby Mode on the ground or Operating Mode in the air. If TIS fails the power up test, an annunciation is shown in the center of the Traffic Map Page. Contact a service center or Garmin dealer for corrective action for a failure message.

Traffic Page Annunciation	Description
No Data	Data is not being received from the transponder
Failed	The transponder has failed
Unavailable	TIS is unavailable or out of range

Table 9-3 TIS Failure Annunciations

The Traffic mode is annunciated in the bottom left corner of the Traffic Page. When the aircraft is on the ground, TIS automatically enters Standby Mode. Once the aircraft is airborne, TIS switches to Operating Mode and traffic information is displayed. The mode can be changed manually using the **Traffic Status** key.

Traffic Status	Traffic Mode Annunciation (Traffic On Map Page)	Traffic Display Enabled Icon (Other Maps)
TIS Operating	Operate	◆↑
TIS Standby	Standby	✕↑
TIS Failed*	TIS Fail	✕↑

Contact a service center or Garmin dealer for corrective action
Table 9-4 TIS Modes Shown on the Map Page

The annunciations that indicate the status of traffic information appear in a banner at the bottom center of maps on which traffic can be displayed.

Traffic Status Banner Annunciation	Description
Traffic Coast 9 SEC	The displayed data is not current (6 to 12 seconds since last message). The quality of displayed traffic information is reduced when this message is displayed.
Traffic Removed	Traffic is removed because it is too old for coasting (12 to 60 seconds since last message). Traffic may exist within the selected display range, but it is not displayed.

Table 9-5 TIS Traffic Status Annunciations

9.4 TAS Traffic (Optional)

✓ **NOTE:** *TIS and Traffic Advisory System (TAS) may not both be configured at the same time.*

TAS data comes from a TAS unit such as a Garmin GTS 800 or 820, Skywatch 497, KTA 810, or other unit.

Refer to the appropriate Traffic Advisory System's Pilot's Guides for a detailed discussion of the respective traffic advisory system.

The type of traffic systems that is installed is described by the Traffic Page keys. If a Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is configured, a **TRF Status** and **ALT Filter** key will be displayed.

✓ **NOTE:** *Pilots should be aware of TAS system limitations. TAS systems require transponders of other aircraft to respond to system interrogations. If the transponders do not respond to interrogations due to phenomena such as antenna shading or marginal transponder performance, traffic may be displayed intermittently, or not at all. Aircraft without altitude reporting capability are shown without altitude separation data or climb descent indication. Pilots should remain vigilant for traffic at all times.*

⚠ **WARNING:** *The Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is intended for advisory use only to aid the pilot in visually acquiring traffic. No avoidance maneuvers should be based solely upon TAS traffic information. It is the responsibility of the pilot in command to see and maneuver to avoid traffic.*

A Traffic Advisory System (TAS) enhances flight crew situational awareness by displaying traffic information for transponder-equipped aircraft. The TAS also provides visual and aural traffic alerts including voice announcements to assist in visually acquiring traffic.

When the TAS is in Operating Mode, the unit interrogates the transponders of intruding aircraft while monitoring transponder replies. The TAS uses this information to derive the distance, relative bearing, and if reported, the altitude and vertical trend for each aircraft within its surveillance range. The TAS then calculates a closure rate to each intruder based on the projected Closest Point of Approach (CPA). If the closure rate meets the threat criteria for a Traffic Advisory (TA), visual and aural alerting is provided.

9.4.1 TAS Symbology

Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is designed to help in detection and avoidance of other aircraft. TAS uses an on-board interrogator-processor to detect traffic. Only aircraft with operating transponders will be detected. Traffic is displayed according to TCAS symbology using four different symbols.

TAS Symbol	Description
◆	Non-Threat Traffic (intruder is beyond 5 NM and greater than 1200 ft vertical separation)
◆	Proximity Advisory (PA) (intruder is within 5 NM and less than 1200 ft vertical separation)
●	Traffic Advisory (TA) (closing rate, distance, and vertical separation meet TA criteria)
◐	Traffic Advisory Off Scale

Table 9-6 TAS Intruder Symbol Description

Non-Threat Traffic — +12 — *Relative Altitude (1200 ft Above)*
◆↑ — *Vertical Trend Arrow (Climbing)*
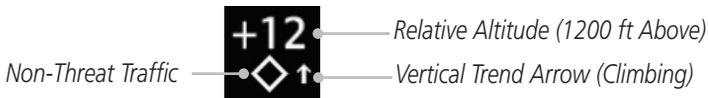
Figure 9-7 Intruder Type, Altitude, and Vertical Trend

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9.4.2 Displaying and Operating Traffic (TAS Systems)

The unit must be in operating mode for traffic to be displayed. The ability to switch from standby to operating mode on the ground is especially useful for scanning the airspace around the airport before takeoff.

Non-Threat Traffic

Traffic Proximity Advisory

Heading Annunciation

Range Rings

Traffic Status Key (Operate/Standby)

Altitude Filter

Ownship Position
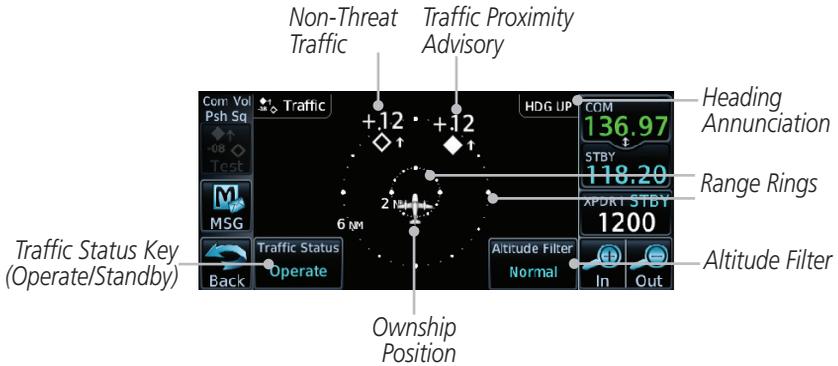
Figure 9-8 Traffic Page

9.4.2.1 Switching from Standby Mode to Operating Mode

The Traffic Page shows surrounding TAS traffic data in relation to the aircraft's current position and altitude without basemap clutter. Aircraft orientation is always heading up unless no valid heading is received. The Traffic Status is shown in the lower left corner and the Altitude Filter is shown in the lower right corner.

1. While viewing the Traffic Page, touch the **Traffic Status** key to select **Operate**.

2. To switch to Standby Mode from the Traffic Page, touch the **Traffic Status** key to select **Standby**.

3. The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. Touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value.

4. Touch the **Traffic Status** key to place the system in the Standby mode. Standby is displayed in the Traffic mode field.

> *NOTE: Not all TAS systems can be set to "Standby" mode while in the air.*

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9.4.2.2   Range Ring

Touching the **In** and **Out** keys will zoom in and out in preset steps depending on the installed equipment as shown in the following table.

Traffic Device	Map Ranges
Garmin GTS 800, Skywatch (SKY497/SKY889)	2 NM, 6 NM, 12 NM
Garmin GTS 820 and 850, Honeywell KTA 810 TAS, KTA 910 TAS, KMH 820 IHAS, KMH 920 IHAS, and Avidyne TAS 620 (Ryan 9900BX)	2 NM, 6 NM, 12 NM, 24 NM, 40 NM

Table 9-7 Available Traffic Range Ring Steps

9.4.3   Altitude Display

Changing the altitude display mode

Traffic Status
Operate

1. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Traffic Status** key to begin displaying traffic. "TAS OPERATING" is displayed in the Traffic Status field.

Altitude Filter
Normal

2. Touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UNREST** (unrestricted) keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.

Selected Altitude Filter

Slider Indicates More Selections Are Available
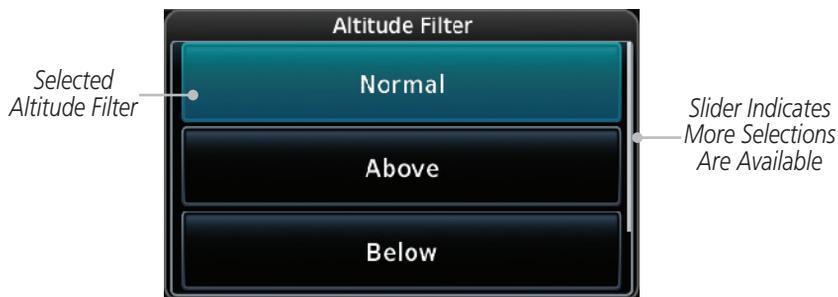
Figure 9-9 Traffic Altitude Filter Page

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Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range
Below	-9900 ft to 2700 ft
Normal	-2700 ft to 2700 ft
Above	-2700 ft to 9900 ft
Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown

Table 9-8 Displayed Traffic Range

9.4.4   Traffic System Status

> *NOTE: Refer to the equipment documentation for information on the self-test and operating modes.*

The Traffic Status is indicated in the upper right corner of the Traffic Page.

Mode	Traffic Mode Annunciation (Traffic Page)	Traffic Display Enabled Icon (Other Maps)
TAS Self-test Initiated	**Test**	
TAS Operating	**Operate**	
TAS Standby	**Standby**	
TAS Failed	**TAS Fail**	

Table 9-9 TAS Modes

If the unit fails, an annunciation as to the cause of the failure is shown in the center of the Traffic Page.

Traffic Page Annunciation	Description
No Data	Data is not being received from the TAS unit
Data Failed	Data is being received from the TAS unit, but the unit is self-reporting a failure
Failed	Incorrect data format received from the TAS unit

Table 9-10 TAS Failure Annunciations

The annunciations to indicate the status of traffic information appear in a banner at the lower left corner of maps on which traffic can be displayed.

Traffic Status Banner Annunciation	Description
TA 6.0 + 03 ↓	System cannot determine bearing of Traffic Advisory. Annunciation indicates distance in NM, altitude separation in hundreds of feet, and altitude trend arrow (climbing/descending).
Failed	Traffic data has failed.
Data Fail	Data is being received from the transponder, but a failure is detected in the data stream.
No Data	Traffic has not been detected.

Table 9-11 TAS Traffic Status Annunciations

9.5 ADS-B Traffic

ADS-B technology is an important part of the FAA's Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen), allowing for enhanced safety, efficiency, and the ability of the system to handle greater numbers of aircraft. ADS-B In allows a properly-equipped aircraft to access FAA broadcast services such as TIS-B and FIS-B. With ADS-B Out, the avionics transmit an aircraft's precise location, as well as specific information about that aircraft, to ground stations and other aircraft.

If more than one target is occupying the same area of the screen, the GTN will combine the two traffic targets into one traffic group. The group symbol maintains the iconology of the highest priority traffic target in the group and indicates a grouped symbol by the presence of an asterisk to the left of the grouped traffic target.

Traffic targets displayed on the dedicated traffic page may be selected in order to obtain additional information about a traffic target or to view all targets in a grouped target. When a grouped target is selected, the **Next** key on the dedicated traffic page will cycle through all targets located in close proximity to where the screen has been touched.
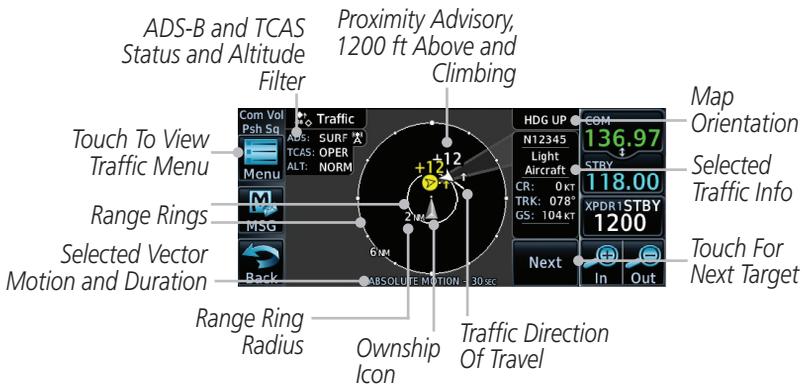
Figure 9-10 ADS-B Traffic Page

NOTE: The "Next" key on the dedicated traffic page will cycle through all targets located in close proximity to where the pilot has touched the screen.

Symbol	Description
◇	Basic Non-Directional Traffic
▲	Basic Directional Traffic
▽	Basic Off-scale Selected Traffic
◆	Proximate Non-Directional Traffic
▲	Proximate Directional Traffic
▼	Proximate Off-scale Selected Traffic
●	Non-Directional Alerted Traffic
⬤	Off-Scale Non-Directional Alerted Traffic
▲	Directional Alerted Traffic
▲	Off-Scale Directional Alerted Traffic
▦	Non-Directional Surface Vehicle
⌂	Directional Surface Vehicle

Table 9-12 ADS-B Traffic Symbols

NOTE: *Color of basic and proximate traffic is dependent on configuration (cyan or white) and airborne/on-ground status of target (target is brown when on the ground, see the surface vehicles).*

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9.5.1 Traffic Applications - SURF, AIRB, etc.

The GTN ADS-B traffic display is capable of running in two "modes:" Airborne Situational Awareness (AIRB) and Surface Situation Awareness (SURF).

AIRB is in operation in the en route environment, outside of five NM from and 1,500 feet above the nearest airport.

SURF is in operation within the terminal environment (within five NM and less than 1,500 feet above field elevation). When SURF is running, and the zoom scale on the traffic display is less than two NM, the airport environment (including taxiways and runways) is displayed in addition to traffic. This is to aid in situational awareness of runway occupancy/availability, etc.

Due to the varying precision of the data received via ADS-B, ADS-R, and TIS-B, all traffic targets may not be depicted on the traffic display. Because higher data precision is required for display in the SURF environment, some targets eligible for AIRB will not be displayed while SURF is active. Individual eligibility for AIRB and SURF is depicted in the selected traffic data on the traffic page.

9.5.2 ADS-B Traffic Menu

The Traffic Menu allows control of the traffic information display.

Select TCAS Status: Operate and Standby

Select ADS-B Status: Off, Surface, or Airborne

Select Motion Vector: Absolute, Relative, Off

Touch To Perform Traffic Test

Select Altitude Filter: Normal, Above, Below, Unrestricted

Select Vector Duration: 30 sec, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min

Figure 9-11 ADS-B Traffic Menu

9.5.2.1 ADS-B Status

ADS-B Status displays the current status of traffic application: Off, Surface, or Airborne.

Touch the **ADS-B Status** key to toggle the ADS-B Status.

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9.5.2.2 TCAS Status

This shows the current status of the TCAS system. The modes reported by the traffic device are "Operate" while in the air and "Standby" while on the ground. This control allows the pilot to manually select the TCAS Status.

| TCAS Status |
| Operate |

Touch the **TCAS Status** key to toggle the TCAS Status.

9.5.2.3 Test

The Traffic Test function is only available on some TAS traffic systems. The aircraft must be on the ground and traffic system must be in Standby.

| Test |

1. Touch the **Test** key to activate the test function in the Traffic equipment.

2. The unit will return to normal operation mode after the test process is successfully completed.

9.5.2.4 Motion Vector

When Absolute Motion Vectors are selected, the vectors extending from the traffic targets depict the target reported track and speed over the ground. When Relative Motion Vectors are selected, the vectors extending from the traffic targets display how the traffic target is moving relative to your aircraft. These vectors are calculated using the traffic targets track and ground speed and your aircraft's track and ground speed. These two values are combined to depict where the traffic target is moving purely with respect to your aircraft and give a forecast of where the traffic target will be, relative to your aircraft, in the near future.

Selected Vector Type ——————

Motion Vector Type

| Absolute |

| Relative |

| Off |
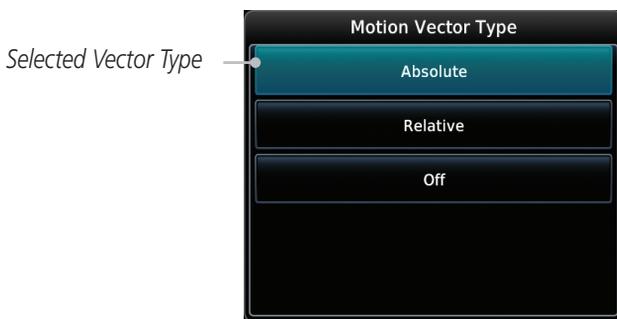
Figure 9-12 Traffic Motion Vector Type Selection

> **NOTE:** *Absolute motion vectors are colored either white or cyan. Relative motion vectors are always green. The annunciation on the bottom of the dedicated traffic page indicates which vector type is selected and their length.*

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ADS-B and TCAS Status and Altitude Filter
Touch To View Traffic Menu
Traffic Motion Vector (White)
Selected Vector Motion and Duration
Map Orientation
Selected Traffic Info
Touch For Next Target

Figure 9-13 Absolute Motion (White Vectors)

ADS-B and TCAS Status and Altitude Filter
Traffic Motion Vector (Green)
Touch To View Traffic Menu
Selected Vector Motion and Duration
Map Orientation
Selected Traffic Info
Touch For Next Target

Figure 9-14 Relative Motion (Green Vectors)

Motion Vector *Target* *Motion Vector* *Target*
Ownship Icon *Ownship Icon*
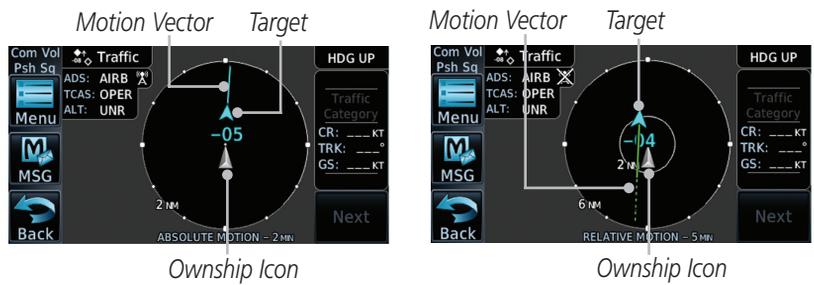
Figure 9-15 Comparison of Absolute and Relative Motion Vectors With a Single Target

Target *Motion Vector* *Motion Vector* *Target*
Target *Motion Vector* *Ownship Icon* *Target* *Motion Vector* *Ownship Icon*
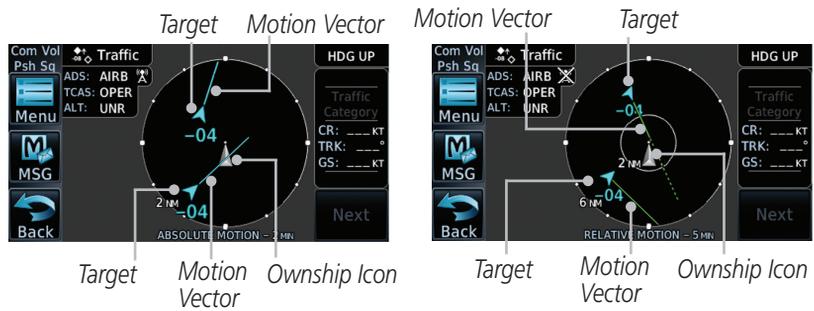
Figure 9-16 Comparison of Absolute and Relative Motion Vectors With a Two Targets

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9.5.2.5 Vector Duration

The Vector Duration selection sets the time that the vector will show the calculated distance and direction of the traffic target. A longer duration will result in a longer vector.

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Selected Vector Duration —

Motion Vector Duration

30 SEC

1 MIN

2 MIN

5 MIN
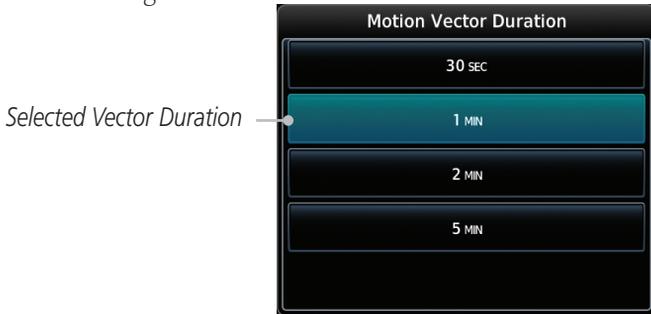
Figure 9-17 Traffic Motion Vector Duration Selection

9.5.2.6 Altitude Filter

Altitude Filter
Normal

1. The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. Touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value.

2. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UNRESTRICTED** keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.

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Selected Altitude Filter —

Altitude Filter

Normal

Above

Below

Unrestricted

Figure 9-18 Traffic Altitude Filter Page

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Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range
Below	-9900 ft to 2700 ft
Normal	-2700 ft to 2700 ft
Above	-2700 ft to 9900 ft
Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown

Table 9-13 Displayed Traffic Range

9.5.2.7   On Scene Mode

When a GDL 88 (with software v3.00, or later) or GTX 345 is installed with a GTN in a helicopter, the GTN provides controls for enabling/disabling "On Scene" mode. "On Scene" mode decreases traffic alerts when operating near other helicopters (e.g., news reporting).

1.   While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Menu** key.

2.   Touch the **On Scene** key to enable/disable On Scene mode.

9.5.3   Rotorcraft Traffic Page Orientation

NOTE: *Rotorcraft Traffic Page Orientation functionality is available in software v5.12 or later.*

When flying at low speeds in a helicopter, heading may not always be closely aligned with track (it could easily be up to 180 degrees different). If the GTN is interfaced with a heading source, the ADS-B traffic page will remain fixed with the ownship heading pointed up. However, if heading is not being received by the GTN, the display of ADS-B traffic will be unavailable.

When one of the following conditions is true, the ADS-B traffic page will be unavailable:

- Ownship directionality is invalid (no valid heading or track)
- GPS ground speed is less than 15 knots and ownship heading is not available

While the traffic display is unavailable due to these conditions, traffic alerts will be provided in a non-bearing textual form at the top of the traffic page.

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9.6 RYAN TCAD 9900BX with the GDL 88

> ✓ **NOTE:** *When a TCAD is connected to a GTX 345, the available controls will appear as described for a TCAS in Section 9.5.2.*

Ryan TCAD is a system that provides audio and visual alerts for traffic near your aircraft. The information from this system can be interfaced through the GTN series. Operating instructions and details on the modes of operation are described in the Ryan TCAD operator's handbooks.

- TCAS-like symbols are used in the 9900BX.

- Altitude modes are available (normal, look up, look down, unrestricted).

- Ranges are manually controlled for the current shield.

- Traffic display range selections:

  - Ryan 9900BX — 1 NM, 2 NM, 2 and 6 NM, 6 and 12 NM, and 12 and 24 NM.

9.6.1 Ryan TCAD Description

> ✓ **NOTE**: Refer to the Ryan TCAD Pilot's Guide for a detailed description of the Ryan TCAD System.

The Ryan TCAD (Traffic and Collision Alert Device) is an on-board air traffic display used to identify potential collision threats. TCAD computes relative altitude and range of threats from nearby Mode C and Mode S-equipped aircraft. TCAD will not detect aircraft without operating transponders or those that are beyond radar coverage. TCAD, within defined limits, creates a "shield" of airspace around the aircraft that detected traffic cannot penetrate without triggering an alert.

TA: Traffic Advisory. This is traffic with 500 feet, or less, of altitude separation that is converging or maintaining altitude separation.

PA: Proximity Advisory. This is traffic with 500 feet of altitude separation that is not a TA.

TRFC: Other traffic.

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Touch To View
Traffic Menu

Touch Icon For Info

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Status and Altitude
Filter

Map
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Alerted Target,
1200 ft Above and
Climbing

Selected
Traffic Info

Range Ring
Radius

Touch For
Next Target

Traffic
Annunciation

Traffic Motion
Vector

Selected Vector
Motion and Duration

Figure 9-19 Traffic Page for Ryan TCAD with GDL 88

9.6.2 Altitude Mode

The GDL 88 has four altitude display modes: Normal (±2,700 feet, Above (-2,700 feet to +9,000 feet), Below (-9,000 feet to +2,700 feet), and Unrestricted (±9,900 feet). The GDL 88 continues to track up to 30 intruder aircraft within its maximum surveillance range, regardless of the altitude display mode selected.

The selected altitude display mode is displayed in the upper left-hand corner of the Traffic page.

The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UNRESTRICTED** keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.
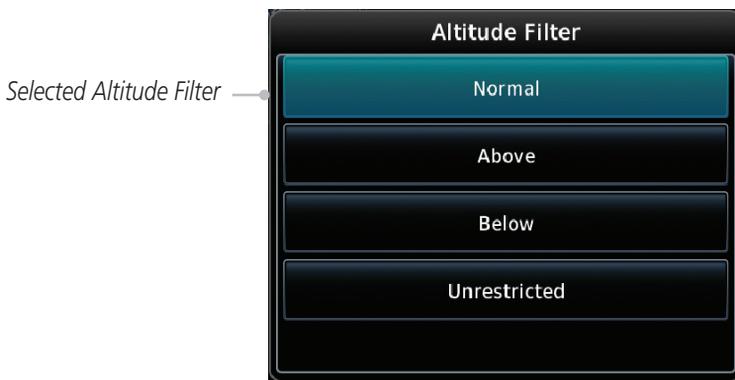
Selected Altitude Filter
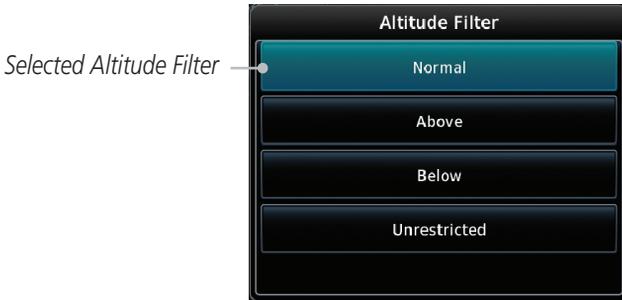
Figure 9-20 Traffic Altitude Filter Selection

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Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range
Below	-9900 ft to 2700 ft
Normal	-2700 ft to 2700 ft
Above	-2700 ft to 9900 ft
Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown

Table 9-14 Displayed Traffic Range

9.6.3   TCAD Control Menu

The TCAD Control Menu allows control over the settings for the TCAD Traffic display.

Select TCAD Control Menu
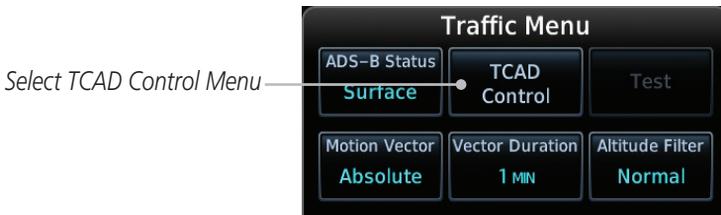
Figure 9-21 TCAD Traffic Menu
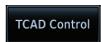
TCAD Control   1.   While viewing the Traffic menu, touch the **TCAD Control** key.

Select Field Elevation

Set Traffic Audio Volume

Activate Operation

Select Local Baro

Select Approach Mode: Set, Armed, or Active

Select Ground Mode

Figure 9-22 TCAD Control Menu

2.   Touch the desired key from the menu to make any settings.

9.6.3.1   Traffic Audio

1.   While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Traffic Audio** key.

Touch To Lower
The Volume

Touch To Raise
The Volume

Bar Graph Showing Volume Level

Figure 9-23 TCAD Traffic

2.   Touch the arrow keys to raise or lower the TCAD Traffic Audio level. The selected volume will be shown as a percentage value and graphically with a bar graph.

3.   Touch the **Back** key to return to the TCAD Control menu.

9.6.3.2   Field Elevation

1.   While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Field Elevation** key.

Touch To Manually
Set Field Elevation

Touch To Automatically
Select The Destination
Airport Field Elevation

Figure 9-24 TCAD Traffic Field Elevation Selection

2.   With the **Use DEST APT** key deactivated (no green bar), touch the **Field Elevation** key to manually select the Field Elevation for traffic reporting. Use the keypad to select the elevation value.

3.   Touch the **Enter** key to accept the selected value. The selected value will be shown in the **Field Elevation** key.

4.   Touch the **Use DEST APT** key to automatically use the field elevation of the destination airport of the active flight plan for traffic reporting.

NOTE: Activating the Use DEST APT feature automatically uses the elevation for the current destination airport for the TCAD. If no destination airport is present in the GTN system, the TCAD will not receive a field elevation and therefore not automatically enter approach mode.

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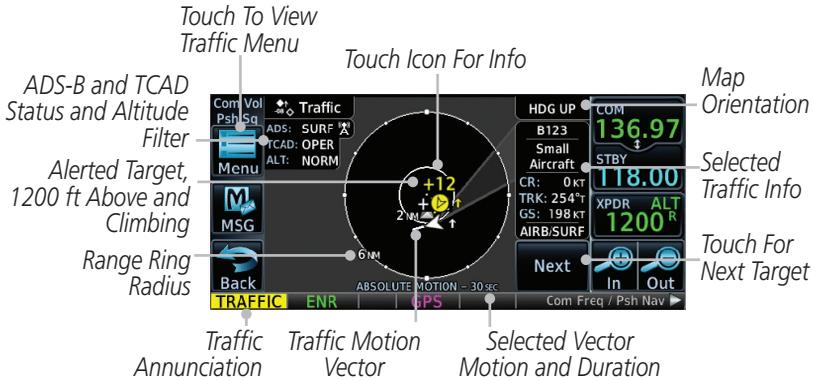
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9.6.3.3 Baro

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **BARO** key to manually select the barometric pressure.

2. Use the keypad to select the barometric pressure value.

3. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the selected value. The selected value will be shown in the **BARO** key.

9.6.3.4 Operate

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Operate** key to activate TCAD traffic.

2. Touching the **Operate** key toggles TCAD traffic operation on and off.

9.6.3.5 Ground Mode

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Ground** key to activate Ground Mode TCAD traffic.

2. Touching the **Ground** key toggles Ground Mode on and off.

9.6.3.6 Approach Mode

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Approach** key to activate Approach Mode TCAD traffic.

2. Touching the **Approach** key toggles Approach Mode on and off.

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9.7   TCAD 9900B Operation

The TCAD 9900B provides a passive system that uses transponder replies from other aircraft to acquire traffic information.

Map Orientation

Touch To View Traffic Menu

Traffic Advisory Altitude Separation 0 Feet, Steady Altitude Separation

Altitude Separation 300 Feet Below, Closing

Touch To Select Barometric Pressure

Touch To Select Active Shield

Traffic Annunciation

Traffic, Separation 500 Feet, Opening
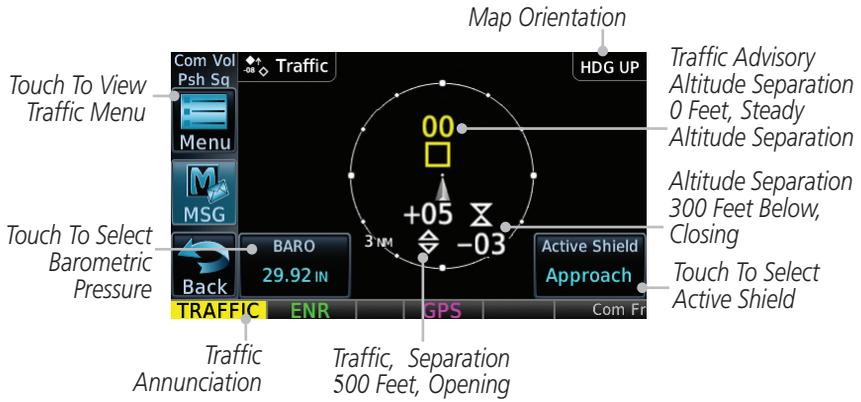
Figure 9-25 Traffic Page for Ryan TCAD 9900B

Symbol		Description
Imminent Traffic (Traffic within ±500 feet AND 1.0 NM; OR no altitude AND within 1.0 NM)	Non-Imminent Traffic	
⊠	⊠	Traffic Closing Vertically
◇	◇	Traffic Diverging Vertically
□	□	Traffic not Closing or Diverging Vertically

Table 9-15 9900B TCAD Symbols

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9.7.1 Select Local Barometric Pressure

BARO
29.92 IN

1. While viewing the TCAD display, touch the **Baro** key to select the local barometric pressure.

Enter

2. Use the keypad to select the values and touch **Enter** to save the values.

9.7.2 Select Active Shield

BARO
29.92 IN

1. While viewing the TCAD display, touch the **Active Shield** key to select the Active Shield values (Departure, Enroute, or Ground).

Enter

2. Touch the desired setting to save the values.

9.7.3 TCAD 9900B Traffic Menu

The TCAD 9900B Menu allows control over the settings for the TCAD Traffic display.

TCAD Control

1. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Menu** key.

Set Traffic Audio Volume

Traffic Menu

Traffic Audio | Shield Setup | Approach Mode

Select Approach Mode: Set, Armed, or Active
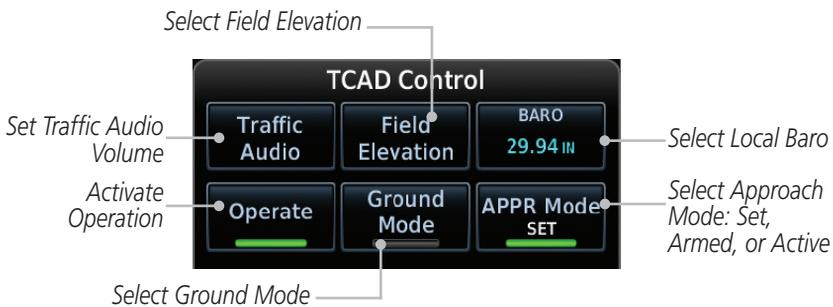
Select Shield Setup

Figure 9-26 TCAD 9900B Traffic Menu

2. Touch the desired key from the menu to make any settings.

9.7.3.1 Traffic Audio

Traffic Audio

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Traffic Audio** key.

Touch To Lower The Volume

Traffic Audio
Volume
57%

Touch To Raise The Volume

Bar Graph Showing Volume Level

Figure 9-27 TCAD Traffic Audio

2. Touch the arrow keys to raise or lower the TCAD Traffic Audio level. The selected volume will be shown as a percentage value and graphically with a bar graph.

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3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the TCAD Control menu.

9.7.3.2 Shield Setup

The Shield Setup function allows you to select the Shield Type (mode of operation) and the size of the shield volume that will provide alerts when entered by aircraft.

Approach Shield Type

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Shield Type** key and touch the Approach Shield Type.

Touch To Select Shield Type: Approach or Standard

Touch To Manually Set Field Elevation

Shield Setup

Shield Type
Approach

Field Elevation
256 FT

Use
DEST APT

Touch To Automatically Select The Destination Airport Field Elevation

Figure 9-28 TCAD 9900B Shield Setup for Approach

2. Touch the **Field Elevation** key.

3. With the **Use DEST APT** key deactivated (no green bar), touch the **Field Elevation** key to manually select the Field Elevation for traffic reporting. Use the keypad to select the elevation value.

4. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the selected value. The selected value will be shown in the **Field Elevation** key.

5. Touch the **Use DEST APT** key to automatically use the field elevation of the destination airport of the active flight plan for traffic reporting.

NOTE: Activating the Use DEST APT feature automatically uses the elevation for the current destination airport for the TCAD. If no destination airport is present in the GTN system, the TCAD will not receive a field elevation and therefore not automatically enter approach mode.

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En Route, Standard, or Terminal Shield Type

Shield Type
Approach

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Shield Type** key and touch the desired Shield Type: Enroute, Standard, or Terminal.

Touch To Select Shield Type: Approach or Standard

Touch To Manually Set Shield Height

Shield Setup

Shield Type
Standard

Shield Height
502 FT

Shield Range
1.3 NM

Touch To Shield Range

Figure 9-29 TCAD 9900B Shield Setup for En Route, Standard, and Terminal

Shield Height
500 FT

2. Touch the **Shield Height** key and use the keypad to select the Shield Height value. The selected value will be shown in the **Shield Range** key.

Shield Range
1.0 NM

3. Touch the **Shield Range** key and use the keypad to select the Shield Range value. The selected value will be shown in the **Shield Range** key.

9.7.3.3   Approach Mode
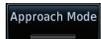
Approach Mode

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Approach** key to activate Approach Mode TCAD traffic.

2. Touching the **Approach** key toggles Approach Mode between Set, Armed, or Active.

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9.8 TCAD 9900BX Operation

The TCAD 9900BX provides an active system that interrogates other aircraft to acquire traffic information.

Figure 9-30 Traffic Page for Ryan TCAD 9900BX

Symbol	Description
🟡	Traffic Advisory
◆	Proximity Advisory (color may be configured as cyan)
◇	Other Traffic (color may be configured as cyan)
◢	Out-of-Range Traffic Advisory

Table 9-16 9900BX (TCAS) Symbols

9.8.1 Select Local Barometric Pressure

1. While viewing the TCAD display, touch the **Baro** key to select the local barometric pressure.

2. Use the keypad to select the values and touch **Enter** to save the values.

![GARMIN logo]

9.8.2 Select Altitude Filter

Altitude Filter
Normal

The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the **Normal**, **Above**, **Below**, or **Unrestricted** keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude Filter field.

Selected Altitude Filter ─────

Altitude Filter

Normal

Above

Below
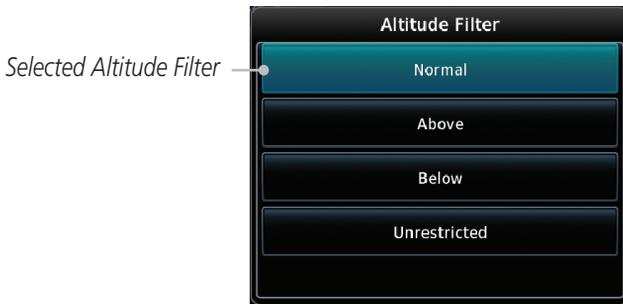
Unrestricted

Figure 9-31 Traffic Altitude Filter Selection

Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range
Below	-9900 ft to 2700 ft
Normal	-2700 ft to 2700 ft
Above	-2700 ft to 9900 ft
Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown

Table 9-17 Displayed Traffic Range

9.8.3 TCAD 9900BX Traffic Menu

The TCAD 9900BX Menu allows control over the settings for the TCAD Traffic display.

TCAD Control

1. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Menu** key.

Select Shield Setup ─────

Traffic Menu

Traffic Audio   Shield Setup   Approach Mode
                                  SET

Ground Mode

Set Traffic Audio Volume ─────

Select Approach Mode: Set, Armed, or Active

Toggle Ground Mode On or Off
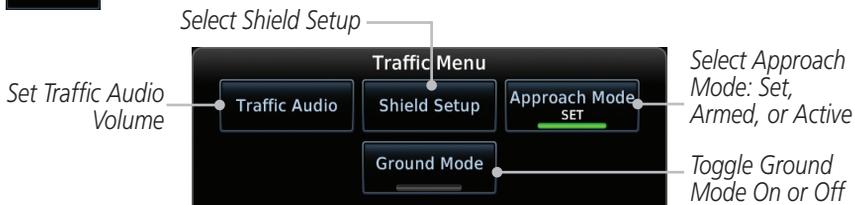
Figure 9-32 TCAD 9900BX Traffic Menu

2. Touch the desired key from the menu to make any settings.

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9.8.3.1 Traffic Audio

Traffic Audio

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Traffic Audio** key.

Touch To Lower The Volume

Traffic Audio
Volume
57%

Touch To Raise The Volume

Bar Graph Showing Volume Level

Figure 9-33 TCAD Traffic Audio

2. Touch the arrow keys to raise or lower the TCAD Traffic Audio level. The selected volume will be shown as a percentage value and graphically with a bar graph.

3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the TCAD Control menu.

9.8.3.2 Shield Setup

The Shield Setup function allows you to select the Shield Type (mode of operation) and the size of the shield volume that will provide alerts when entered by aircraft.

Approach Shield Type

Shield Type
Approach

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Shield Type** key and touch the Approach Shield Type.

Touch To Select Shield Type: Approach or Standard

Touch To Manually Set Field Elevation

Shield Setup

Shield Type
Approach

Field Elevation
256 FT

Use
DEST APT

Touch To Automatically Select The Destination Airport Field Elevation

Figure 9-34 TCAD 9900BX Shield Setup for Approach

Field Elevation

Field Elevation
0 FT

2. Touch the **Field Elevation** key.

3. With the **Use DEST APT** key deactivated (no green bar), touch the **Field Elevation** key to manually select the Field Elevation for traffic reporting. Use the keypad to select the elevation value.

Enter

4. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the selected value. The selected value will be shown in the **Field Elevation** key.

**Use
DEST APT**

5. Touch the **Use DEST APT** key to automatically use the field elevation of the destination airport of the active flight plan for traffic reporting.

> **NOTE:** *Activating the Use DEST APT feature automatically uses the elevation for the current destination airport for the TCAD. If no destination airport is present in the GTN system, the TCAD will not receive a field elevation and therefore not automatically enter approach mode.*

En Route, Standard, or Terminal Shield Type

**Shield Type
Approach**

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Shield Type** key and touch the desired Shield Type: Enroute, Standard, or Terminal.

*Touch To Select
Shield Type:
Approach or
Standard*

Shield Setup

Shield Type
Standard

*Touch To Manually
Set Shield Height*

Shield Height
502 FT

Shield Range
1.3 NM

Touch To Shield Range

Figure 9-35 TCAD 9900BX Shield Setup for En Route, Standard, and Terminal

**Shield Height
500 FT**

2. Touch the **Shield Height** key and use the keypad to select the Shield Height value. The selected value will be shown in the **Shield Range** key.

**Shield Range
1.0 NM**

3. Touch the **Shield Range** key and use the keypad to select the Shield Range value. The selected value will be shown in the **Shield Range** key.

9.8.3.3   Approach Mode

Approach Mode

1. While viewing the Traffic menu, touch the **Approach** key to activate Approach Mode TCAD traffic.

2. Touching the **Approach** key toggles Approach Mode between Set, Armed, or Active.

9.8.3.4   Ground Mode

Approach Mode

1. While viewing the Traffic menu, touch the **Ground** key to activate Ground Mode TCAD traffic.

2. Touching the **Ground** key toggles Ground Mode between On and Off.

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10   TERRAIN

10.1   Terrain Configurations

During power-up of the GTN 6XX, the terrain/obstacle database versions are displayed along with a disclaimer. At the same time, the Terrain system self-test begins. A failure message is issued if the terrain test fails.

Garmin provides the following terrain awareness solutions within the GTN 6XX environment:

- Terrain Proximity - This is the standard Terrain function and refers to the display of the relative terrain elevations on the moving map. No aural alerts of any type are provided by a Terrain configuration.

- TAWS-B (Optional) - A system developed to meet the terrain alerting and ground proximity requirements for Class B TAWS systems as defined in TSO-C151c. Garmin's GTN 6XX Terrain Awareness and Warning System (TAWS-B) is an optional feature and is intended to provide the flight crew with both aural and visual alerts to aid in preventing inadvertent Controlled Flight Into Terrain (CFIT).

- HTerrain Proximity - This is the standard Terrain function and refers to the display of the relative terrain elevations on the moving map. No aural alerts of any type are provided by a Terrain Proximity configuration.

- HTAWS - (HTAWS) is an optional feature to increase situational awareness and aid in reducing controlled flight into terrain. Garmin TAWS satisfies TSO-C194 requirements for certification.

- TAWS-A (Optional) - A system to increase situational awareness and aid in reducing controlled flight into terrain (CFIT) as defined in TSO-C151c. TAWS-A provides visual and aural annunciations when terrain and obstacles are within the given altitude threshold from the aircraft.

> **NOTE:** *Obstacles are removed from the Terrain and TAWS pages at ranges greater than 10 NM.*

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10.2 General Database Information

Garmin TAWS and HTAWS use terrain and obstacle information supplied by government and private sources. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content. ***However, the displayed information should never be understood as being all-inclusive. Pilots must familiarize themselves with the appropriate charts for safe flight.***

> *NOTE: The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government and private agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

10.2.1 Database Versions

The version and area of coverage of each terrain/obstacle database is shown on the System-System Status page. Databases are checked for integrity at power-up. If a database is found to be missing and/or deficient, the TAWS/HTAWS system fails the self-test and displays the TAWS/HTAWS system failure message.

10.2.2 HTAWS Database Requirements

To function properly, HTAWS requires the use of databases specific to helicopters and HTAWS. The databases required are:
- 2.5 arc-second Terrain Database
- Helicopter Obstacle Database
- Helicopter Navigation Database

10.2.3 Database Updates

For information on how to update databases, see section 18.2, Database Information and Updates.

10.2.4   Terrain Database Areas of Coverage

The fixed-wing terrain database provides worldwide coverage. The following describes the area of coverage available in each helicopter terrain database. Regional definitions may change without notice.

Database	Coverage Area
Americas - North	Latitudes: 0° to N90° Longitudes: W180° to W30°
Americas - South	Latitudes: N30° to S90° Longitudes: W180° to W30°
Atlantic - North	Latitudes: 0° to N90° Longitudes: W30° to E90°
Atlantic - South	Latitudes: N30° to S90° Longitudes: W30° to E90°
Pacific - North	Latitudes: 0° to N90° Longitudes: E60° to E180°
Pacific - South	Latitudes: N30° to S90° Longitudes: E60° to E180°

Table 10-1 Terrain Database Coverage

> **NOTE:** *Because of higher resolution helicopter terrain data, the world-wide data won't fit on the terrain database card. Therefore, data is regionalized. If you have the wrong region database for your present position, then you get the message that terrain is unavailable for the current location and a crosshatched pattern on the terrain display.*

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10.2.5   Obstacle Database Areas of Coverage

The following describes the area of coverage available in each database. Regional definitions may change without notice.

Database	Coverage Area
United States (US)	Limited to the United States plus some areas of Canada, Mexico, Caribbean, and the Pacific.
US/Europe	Alaska, Austria, Belgium, Canada*, Caribbean*, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hawaii, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico*, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States
* Indicates partial coverage	

Table 10-2 Obstacle Database Coverage

NOTE: *It is very important to note that not all obstacles are necessarily charted and therefore may not be contained in the Obstacle Database.*

Obstacle databases created for GTN software v5.10 or later include all power lines or only HOT lines depending on the type of obstacle database installed. Hazardous Obstacle Transmission (HOT) Lines are those power lines that are co-located with other FAA-identified obstacles. The installed obstacle database type can be verified on the System Status page. Power line data is available for the contiguous United States as well as small parts of Canada and Mexico.

10.3   Terrain Proximity

Garmin Terrain Proximity is a non-TSO-C151c-certified terrain awareness system provided as a standard feature of GTN 6XX to increase situational awareness and help reduce controlled flight into terrain (CFIT). Terrain may be displayed on the Map and Terrain pages.

Terrain Proximity uses information provided from the GPS receiver to provide a horizontal position and altitude. GPS altitude is derived from satellite measurements. GPS altitude is converted to a Mean Sea Level (MSL)-based altitude (GSL altitude) and is used to determine Terrain alerts. GSL altitude accuracy is affected by factors such as satellite geometry, but it is not subject to variations in pressure and temperature that normally affect pressure altitude devices. GSL altitude does not require local altimeter settings to determine MSL altitude. Therefore, GPS altitude provides a highly accurate and reliable MSL altitude source to calculate terrain and obstacle alerts.

Terrain Proximity utilizes terrain and obstacle databases that are referenced to mean sea level (MSL). Using the GPS position and GSL altitude, Terrain Proximity displays a 2-D picture of the surrounding terrain and obstacles relative to the position and altitude of the aircraft. In this manner, Terrain Proximity can provide advanced alerts of predicted dangerous terrain conditions.

Terrain Proximity requires the following to operate properly:

- The system must have a valid 3-D GPS position solution.
- The system must have a valid terrain/obstacle database.

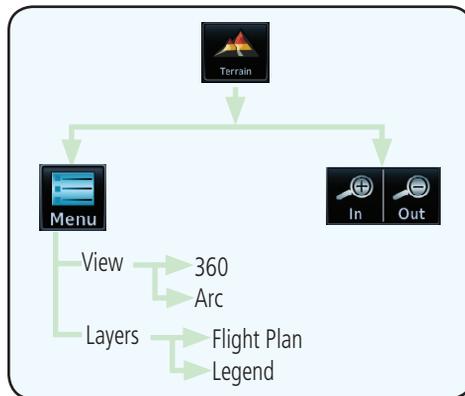**Figure 10-1 Terrain Proximity Page Functional Diagram**

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10.3.1   Displaying Terrain Proximity

The Terrain page is in the Terrain function.

1. Touch the **Terrain** key on the Home page.

*Yellow Terrain Is
Between 100 ft and
1000 ft Below The
Aircraft Altitude*

Terrain Page Title

Heading Annunciation

Obstacles

*Aircraft GSL Value
(GPS Derived)*

*Range
Rings*

*Red Terrain Is Above Or
Within 100 ft Below The
Aircraft Altitude*

Terrain Scale

*Active Flight
Plan Leg*

Terrain Type
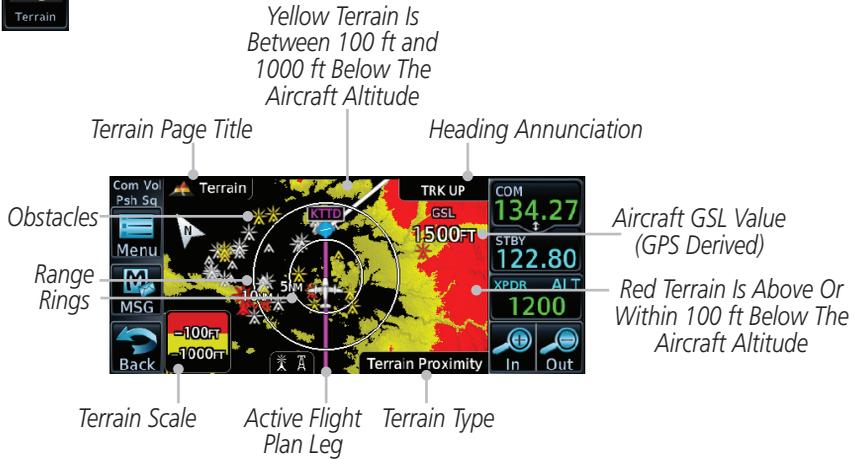
Figure 10-2 Terrain Proximity Page

2. Touch the **Menu** key for options.

Selected View   *Flight Plan Selected To Show*

*Touch To Select Display Of
Terrain Or Obstacle Legend*

Figure 10-3 Terrain Menu Options

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10.3.1.1   Terrain Page 120° Arc or 360° Rings

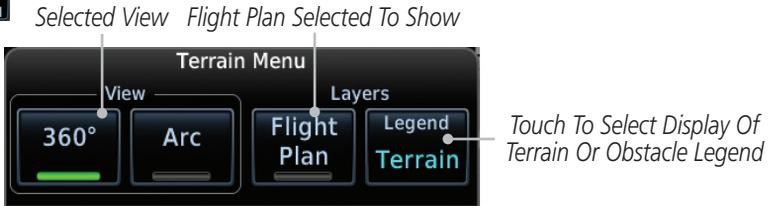Select the 120º Arc or 360º rings overlay for the Terrain page with either the **360** or **Arc** keys from the Menu.

1.   While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.

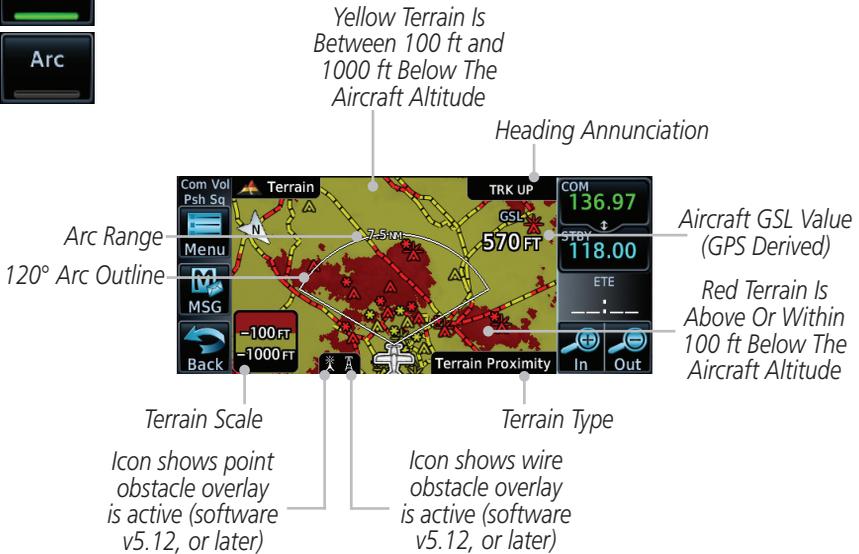2.   Touch the **360º** or **Arc** key.

Yellow Terrain Is Between 100 ft and 1000 ft Below The Aircraft Altitude

Heading Annunciation

Arc Range

120° Arc Outline

Aircraft GSL Value (GPS Derived)

Red Terrain Is Above Or Within 100 ft Below The Aircraft Altitude

Terrain Scale

Terrain Type

Icon shows point obstacle overlay is active (software v5.12, or later)

Icon shows wire obstacle overlay is active (software v5.12, or later)

Figure 10-4 Terrain 120° Arc View

10.3.1.2   Display Flight Plan on Terrain Page

Select the display of the active flight plan on the Terrain page.

Touch the **Flight Plan** key to toggle the display of the active flight plan on or off.

10.3.1.3   Display Terrain or Obstacle Legend

Select the display of the Terrain or Obstacle Legend on the Terrain page.

Touch the **Legend** key to select the display of the Terrain or Obstacle Legend.

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10.3.2   Terrain Limitations

Terrain Proximity displays terrain and obstructions relative to the altitude of the aircraft. The displayed alerts are advisory in nature only. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. However, all obstructions may not be available in the database and data may be inaccurate. Terrain information should be used as an aid to situational awareness. Never use this information for navigation or to maneuver to avoid obstacles.

Terrain Proximity uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. The displayed information should never be understood as being all-inclusive.

> *NOTE: The data contained in the Terrain Proximity databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

> *NOTE: TERRAIN, TAWS-A, TAWS-B, HTAWS, or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY functionality will be available via the Terrain page, depending on the installed hardware and configuration. HTAWS or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY are available in software v4.00, or later. TAWS-A is available in software v5.00, or later.*

10.4   Terrain Awareness and Warning System (TAWS-B) Optional

TAWS (Terrain Awareness and Warning System) is an optional feature to increase situational awareness and aid in reducing controlled flight into terrain (CFIT). TAWS provides visual and aural annunciations when terrain and obstacles are within the given altitude threshold from the aircraft.

TAWS satisfies TSO-C151c Class B requirements for certification. Class B TAWS is required for all Part 91 turbine aircraft operations with six or more passenger seats and for Part 135 turbine aircraft operations with six to nine passenger seats (FAR Parts 91.223, 135.154).

10.4.1   TAWS-B Requirements

TAWS requires the following to operate properly:

• A valid terrain/obstacle database

• A valid 3-D GPS position solution

GARMIN.

10.4.2 TAWS-B Limitations

◈ *NOTE: The data contained in the TAWS databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

TAWS displays terrain and obstructions relative to the altitude of the aircraft. Compliance with TAWS B alerts and warnings is MANDATORY. When a TAWS B "pull up" annunciation is issued, the pilot is required to pull up.

TAWS uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. Terrain information is based on terrain elevation information in a database that may contain inaccuracies. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content, per TSO-C151c.

10.4.3 Computing GPS Altitude for TAWS

TAWS uses information provided from the GPS receiver to provide a horizontal position and altitude. GPS altitude is derived from satellite measurements. GPS altitude is converted to a Mean Sea Level (MSL)-based altitude (GSL altitude) and is used to determine TAWS alerts. GSL altitude accuracy is affected by factors such as satellite geometry, but it is not subject to variations in pressure and temperature that normally affect pressure altitude devices. GSL altitude does not require local altimeter settings to determine MSL altitude. Therefore, GPS altitude provides a highly accurate and reliable MSL altitude source to calculate terrain and obstacle alerts.

The terrain and obstacle databases used by TAWS are referenced to Mean Sea Level. Using the GPS position and GSL altitude, TAWS displays a 2-D picture of the surrounding terrain and obstacles relative to the position and altitude of the aircraft. Furthermore, the GPS position and GSL altitude are used to calculate and "predict" the aircraft's flight path in relation to the surrounding terrain and obstacles. In this manner, TAWS can provide advanced alerts of predicted dangerous terrain conditions.

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10.4.4 Baro-Corrected Altitude Versus GSL Altitude

Baro-corrected altitude (or indicated altitude) is derived by adjusting the altimeter setting for local atmospheric conditions. The most accurate baro-corrected altitude can be achieved by frequently updating the altimeter setting to the nearest reporting station along the flight path. However, because actual atmospheric conditions seldom match the standard conditions defined by the International Standard Atmosphere (ISA) model (where pressure, temperature, and lapse rates have fixed values), it is common for the baro-corrected altitude (as read from the altimeter) to differ from the GSL altitude. This variation results in the aircraft's true altitude differing from the baro-corrected altitude.

10.4.5 Using TAWS-B

During unit power-up, the terrain/obstacle database versions are displayed. At the same time, TAWS self-test begins. One of the following aural messages is generated:

- *"TAWS System Test OK"*
- *"TAWS System Failure"*

TAWS information can be displayed on the Map page. Terrain and obstacles with heights greater than 200 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) are displayed in yellow and red. The GTN 6XX adjusts colors automatically as the aircraft altitude changes.
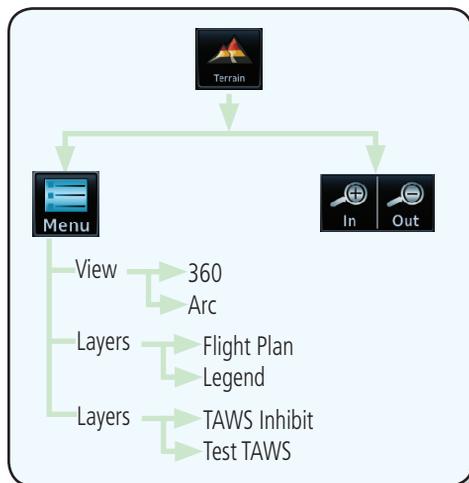

Figure 10-5 TAWS-B Page Functional Diagram

10.4.6   Displaying TAWS-B Data

TAWS uses yellow (caution) and red (warning) to depict terrain and obstacles alerts relative to aircraft altitude. Colors are adjusted automatically as the aircraft altitude changes. The colors and symbols shown below are used to represent terrain, obstacles, and threat locations. Obstacles are removed when more than 2000 ft below the aircraft.
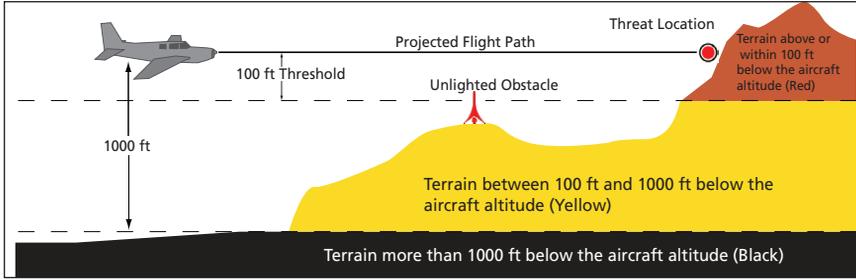

Figure 10-6 Terrain Altitude/Color Correlation for Terrain Proximity

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Obstacle Symbol	Unlighted Obstacle		Lighted Obstacle		Threat Location Indicator	Terrain Color	Terrain/ Obstacle Location	Alert Level
	< 1000 ft AGL	> 1000 ft AGL	< 1000 ft AGL	> 1000 ft AGL				
	▲	▲	✳	✳	●	Red	Terrain/ Obstacle at or within 100 ft below current aircraft altitude	WARNING (Red)
	▲	▲	✳	✳	●	Yellow	Terrain/ Obstacle between 100 ft and 1000 ft below current aircraft altitude	CAUTION (Yellow)
	▲	▲	✳	✳		White	Terrain/ Obstacle between 1000 ft and 2000 ft below current aircraft altitude	

Table 10-3 TAWS-B Terrain/Obstacle Colors and Symbology

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Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line

Table 10-4 Obstacle Icon Types

Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk (as shown in the Windmill in Group example above). The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

10.4.7   TAWS-B Page

TAWS information is displayed on the Map and Terrain pages. The TAWS Page is specialized to show terrain, obstacle, and threat location data in relation to the aircraft's current altitude, without clutter from the basemap. Flight plan information (airports, VORs, and other NAVAIDs) included in the flight plan are displayed for reference. If an obstacle and the projected flight path of the aircraft intersect, the display automatically zooms in to the closest threat location on the TAWS Page.

Aircraft orientation on this map is always heading up unless there is no valid heading. If orientation is not heading up, it will be track up. Two views are available relative to the position of the aircraft: the 360° default display and the radar-like ARC (120°) display. Map range is adjustable with the **In** and **Out** keys from 1 to 200 NM, as indicated by the map range rings (or arcs).

10.4.7.1   Terrain Page Layers

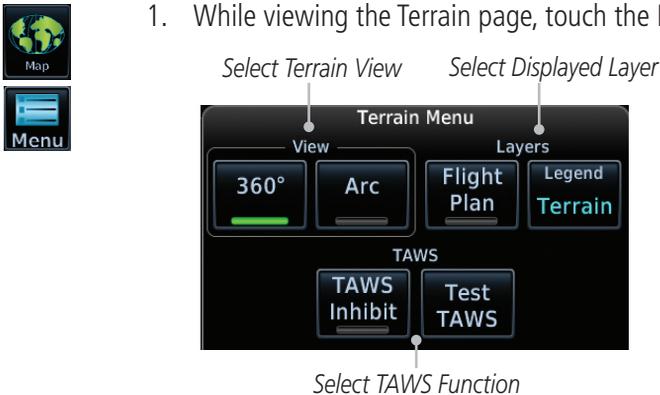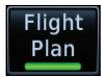1.   While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.

Select Terrain View   *Select Displayed Layer*

Select TAWS Function

Figure 10-7 Terrain Page TAWS-B Menu

Flight Plan

2. Touch the **Flight Plan** key to toggle the display of the active flight plan.

Obstacles — Com Vol Psh Sq — Terrain — TRK UP

Terrain Overlay

GSL

7.5 NM — **1004** FT

Flight Plan

Terrain Legend

−100 FT
−1000 FT

TAWS B

TAWS-B Annunciation

Icon shows point obstacle overlay is active (software v5.12, or later)

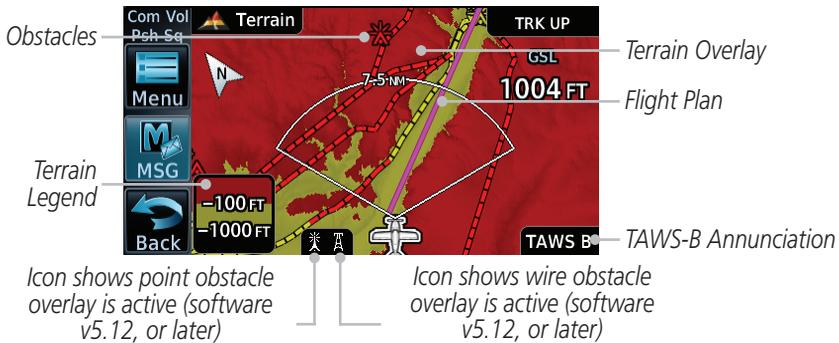*Icon shows wire obstacle overlay is active (software v5.12, or later)*

Figure 10-8 Flight Plan and Legend Shown On TAWS-B Terrain Page

10.4.7.2   Terrain Page View

Select the 120º Arc or 360º rings overlay for the Terrain page with either the **360º** or **Arc** keys from the Menu.

1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.

2. Touch the **360º** or **Arc** key.

360°

Arc

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10.4.7.3   Terrain Page TAWS-B Selections

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The TAWS selections allow you to inhibit aural TAWS alerts and to send a request to the TAWS equipment to run its internal tests. After cycling power, TAWS will no longer be inhibited.

1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.

2. Touch the **TAWS Inhibit** key to toggle the inhibiting of TAWS alerts.

TAWS Alerts Inhibited

Test TAWS - Only Available on Ground

Figure 10-9 TAWS-B Alerts Inhibited Selected

3. Touch the **Test TAWS** key to test the TAWS system. This function is not available when the aircraft is in the air.
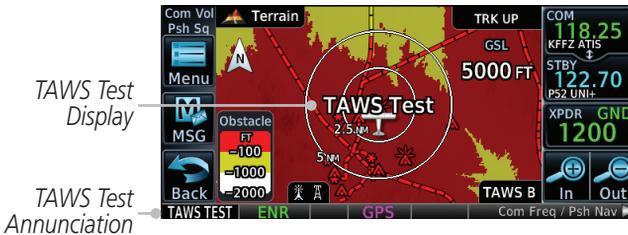

TAWS Test Display

TAWS Test Annunciation

Figure 10-10 TAWS-B Test Selected
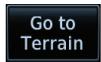
10.4.8   TAWS Alerts

Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within TAWS software algorithms. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed and aural alerts are simultaneously issued. TAWS alert types are shown in the TAWS Alerts Summary with corresponding annunciations and aural messages.

When an alert is issued, annunciations appear on the TAWS page. If the TAWS page is not displayed at the time, a pop-up alert appears on the page being viewed.
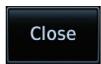
Blinking Message

Touch To Remove Pop-Up And Remain On Current Page

Touch To Display Terrain Page

TAWS Annunciation

Figure 10-11 Terrain Alert Pop-Up

To acknowledge the pop-up alert:

Touch the **Go to Terrain** key (accesses the TAWS Page)

OR

Touch the **Close** key to remove the pop-up alert

If the pilot takes no action, the pop-up will be removed when the alert is no longer active.

10.4.8.1   TAWS-B Alerting Colors and Symbology

Color and symbols are also associated with TAWS alerts. The three TAWS alert levels and their associated text coloring as well as any associated symbology are shown in the following table.

Alert Level	Annunciator Text	Threat Location Indicator	Example Visual Annunciation
Warning	White text on red background	🔴	PULL UP
Caution	Black text on yellow background	🟡	TERRAIN
Informational	Black text on white background	Not Applicable	TAWS INH

Table 10-5 TAWS-B Alert Colors and Symbology

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Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Aural Message
Excessive Descent Rate Warning (EDR-W)	PULL UP	"Pull Up"
FLTA Terrain Warning (RTC-W, ITI-W)	PULL UP	"Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Terrain Ahead, Pull Up"* or "Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up"
FLTA Obstacle Warning (ROC-W, IOI-W)	PULL UP	"Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up"* or "Obstacle, Obstacle; Pull Up, Pull Up"
FLTA Wire Warning (ILI-W, RLC-W)	PULL UP	"Wire Ahead Pull Up, Wire Ahead Pull Up"
FLTA Terrain Caution (RTC-C, ITI-C)	TERRAIN	"Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead"* or "Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain"
FLTA Obstacle Caution (ROC-C, IOI-C)	OBSTCL	"Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead"* or "Caution, Obstacle; Caution, Obstacle"
FLTA Wire Caution (ILI-C, RLC-C)	WIRE	"Wire Ahead"
Premature Descent Alert Caution (PDA)	TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"
Excessive Descent Rate Caution (EDR-C)	TERRAIN	"Sink Rate"
Negative Climb Rate Caution (NCR-C)	TERRAIN	"Don't Sink"* or "Too Low, Terrain"
Voice Call Out (VCO-500)	None	"Five-Hundred"

Alerts with multiple messages are configurable at installation and are installation-dependent. Alerts for the default configuration are indicated with asterisks.

Table 10-6 TAWS-B Alerts Summary

10.4.8.2   Excessive Descent Rate Alert

The purpose of the **Excessive Descent Rate (EDR)** alert is to provide notification when the aircraft is determined to be descending upon terrain at an excessive rate. The parameters for the alert as defined by TSO-C151c are shown below.
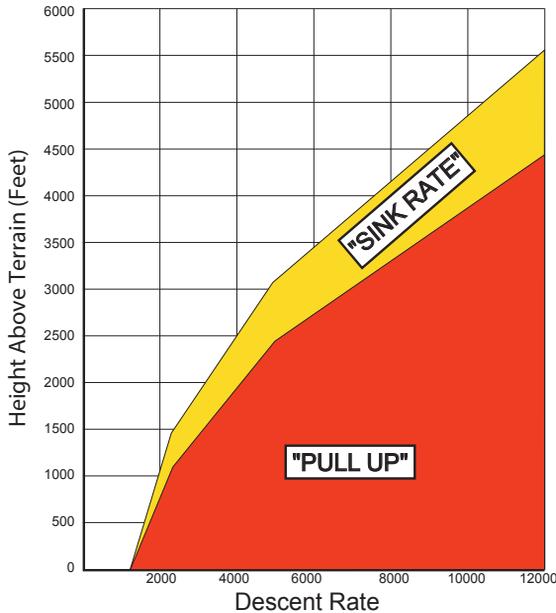
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Figure 10-12 Excessive Descent Rate Alert Criteria

10.4.8.3   Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance

Reduced Required Terrain Clearance (RTC), Reduced Required Line Clearance (RLC), and **Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance (ROC)** alerts are issued when the aircraft flight path is above terrain, yet is projected to come within the minimum clearance values in the FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values table. When an RTC, RLC, and/or a ROC alert is issued, a threat location indicator is displayed on the TAWS Page.

Imminent Terrain Impact (ITI), Imminent Line Impact (ILI), and **Imminent Obstacle Impact (IOI)** alerts are issued when the aircraft is below the elevation of a terrain or obstacle cell in the aircraft's projected path. ITI, ILI, and IOI alerts are accompanied by a threat location indicator displayed on the TAWS Page. The alert is annunciated when the projected vertical flight path is calculated to come within minimum clearance altitudes in the following table.

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Flight Phase	Minimum Clearance Altitude (feet)	
	Level Flight	Descending
En Route	700	500
Terminal	350	300
Approach	150	100
Departure	100	100

Table 10-7 FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values

During final approach, FLTA alerts are automatically inhibited when the aircraft is below 200 feet AGL while within 0.5 NM of the approach runway or below 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the runway threshold.

10.4.8.4   Premature Descent Alerting

A Premature Descent Alert (PDA) is issued when the system detects that the aircraft is significantly below the normal approach path to a runway.

PDA alerting begins when the aircraft is within 15 NM of the destination airport and ends when the aircraft is either 0.5 NM from the runway threshold or is at an altitude of 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the threshold. During the final descent, algorithms set a threshold for alerting based on speed, distance, and other parameters.
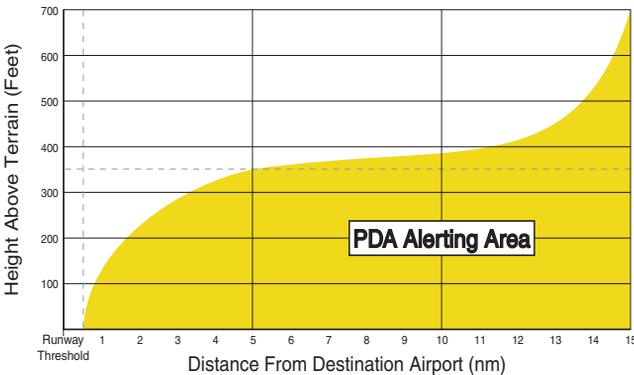

Figure 10-13 PDA Alerting Threshold

PDA and FLTA aural and visual alerts can be manually inhibited. Discretion should be used when inhibiting TAWS and the system should be enabled when appropriate. When TAWS is inhibited, the alert annunciation "TAWS INHB" is shown.

10.4.8.5 Inhibiting/Enabling TAWS-B PDA/FLTA Alerting

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TAWS also has an inhibit mode that deactivates the PDA/FLTA aural and visual alerts. Pilots should use discretion when inhibiting TAWS and always remember to enable the system when appropriate. Only the PDA and FLTA alerts are disabled in the inhibit mode. After cycling power, TAWS will no longer be inhibited.

TAWS Alerts Inhibited

TAWS Inhibited Annunciation

Figure 10-14 TAWS-B Alerting Disabled (TAWS Inhibited) Annunciation

1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.

2. Touch the **TAWS Inhibit** key to inhibit or enable TAWS (choice dependent on current state). A green bar in the key indicates the TAWS is inhibited.

10.4.8.6 Negative Climb Rate After Take-Off Alert (NCR)

The **Negative Climb Rate (NCR) After Take-Off** alert (also referred to as "Altitude Loss After Take-Off") provides alerts when the system determines the aircraft is losing altitude (closing upon terrain) after takeoff. The aural message "Don't Sink" is given for NCR alerts, accompanied by an annunciation and a pop-up terrain alert on the display. NCR alerting is only active when departing from an airport and when the following conditions are met:

• Height above the terrain is less than 700 feet

• Distance from the departure airport is 2 NM or less

• Heading change from the departure heading is less than 110º

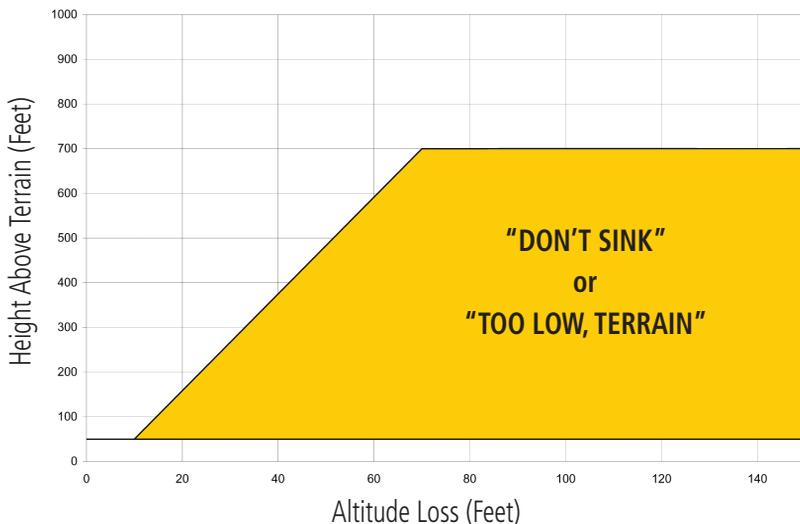The NCR alerting parameters as defined by TSO-C151c are shown below.

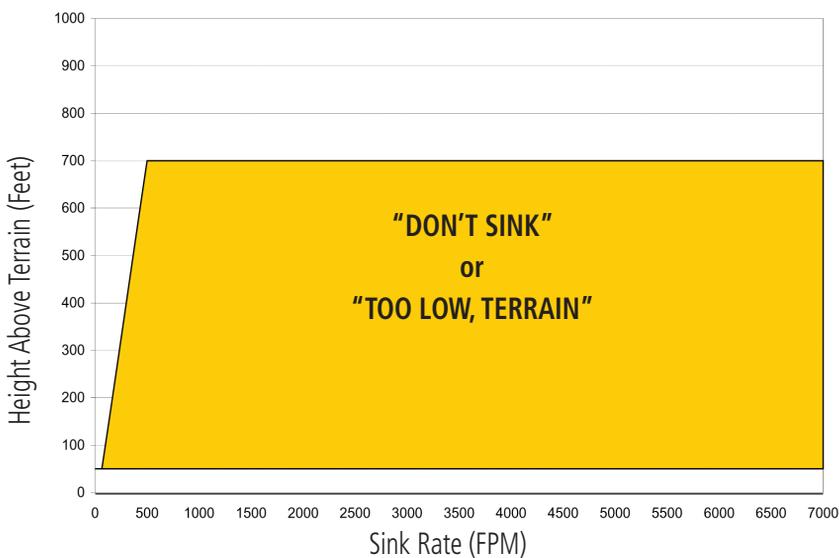**Figure 10-15 Negative Climb Rate (NCR) Altitude Loss**

Figure 10-16 Negative Climb Rate (NCR) Sink Rate

10.4.8.7   Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO)

TAWS-B provides aural advisory alerts as the aircraft descends, beginning at 500 feet above the terrain, as determined by the radar altimeter (if greater than 5 NM from the nearest airport) or 500 feet above the nearest runway threshold elevation (if less than 5 NM from the nearest airport). Upon descent to this altitude, TAWS-B issues the aural alert message "Five-hundred."

10.4.8.8   TAWS-B Not Available Alert

TAWS-B requires a 3-D GPS position solution along with specific vertical accuracy minimums. Should the position solution become degraded or if the aircraft is out of the database coverage area, the annunciation "TAWS N/A" is generated in the annunciation window and on the TAWS-B page. The aural message "TAWS Not Available" is generated. When the GPS signal is re-established and the aircraft is within the database coverage area, the aural message "TAWS Available" is generated (when the aircraft is airborne).

10.4.8.9   TAWS-B Failure Alert

TAWS continually monitors several system-critical items such as database validity, hardware status, and GPS status. If the terrain/obstacle database is not available, the aural message "TAWS System Failure" is generated along with a "TAWS FAIL" annunciation.

10.4.9   TAWS-B System Status

During power-up, TAWS-B conducts a self-test of its aural and visual annunciations. The system test can also be manually initiated. An aural alert is issued at test completion. TAWS System Testing is disabled when ground speed exceeds 30 knots.

Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Aural Message
TAWS Available	None	"TAWS Available"
TAWS System Test in Progress	TAWS TEST	None
TAWS System Test Pass	None	"TAWS System Test OK"
TAWS N/A	TAWS N/A	TAWS Not Available
TAWS Alerting is Disabled	TAWS INHB	None
TAWS System Test Fail	TAWS FAIL	"TAWS System Failure"

Table 10-8 TAWS-B System Test Status Annunciations

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10.5   HTAWS (Optional)

10.5.1   Introduction

> *NOTE: TERRAIN, TAWS, HTAWS, or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY functionality will be available via the Terrain page, depending on the installed hardware and configuration. HTAWS or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY are available in software v4.00, or later.*

10.5.1.1   Overview

Garmin's Helicopter Terrain Awareness Warning System (HTAWS) is an optional feature to increase situational awareness and aid in reducing controlled flight into terrain. Garmin HTAWS is TSO-C194 authorized. Units installed in helicopters that do not have HTAWS installed will display HTerrain Proximity. This is noted by the five color terrain scale which is appropriate to the low altitude operating environment for helicopters.

HTAWS provides visual and aural annunciations when terrain and obstacles are a hazard to the aircraft.

HTAWS Relative Terrain Depiction

Rotorcraft Ownship

Figure 10-17 Map Page with Terrain

> *NOTE: HTAWS-enabled units can be identified by going to the Terrain page and checking the lower right-corner for "HTAWS."*

10.5.1.2   Operating Criteria

Garmin HTAWS requires the following to operate properly:
- The system must have a valid 3D GPS position solution
- The system must have a valid terrain/obstacle database.

10.5.1.3 Limitations

> ✓ **NOTE:** *The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

HTAWS displays terrain and obstructions relative to the flight path of the aircraft. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. However, all obstructions may not be available in the database and data may be inaccurate. Never use this information for navigation.

> ✓ **NOTE:** *Terrain databases do not consistently represent foliage. Some trees may extend above HTAWS protection limits in some operating modes.*

Terrain information is based on terrain elevation data contained in a database that may contain inaccuracies. Terrain information should be used as an aid to situational awareness. Never use it for navigation or to maneuver to avoid terrain.

HTAWS uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content. However, the displayed information should never be understood as being all-inclusive.

10.5.2 HTAWS Operation

10.5.2.1 HTAWS Alerting

HTAWS uses information provided from the GPS receiver to provide a horizontal position and altitude. GPS altitude is derived from satellite measurements. GPS altitude is converted to a mean sea level (MSL)-based altitude (GSL altitude) and is used to determine HTAWS alerts. GSL altitude accuracy is affected by factors such as satellite geometry, but it is not subject to variations in pressure and temperature that normally affect pressure altitude devices. GSL altitude does not require local altimeter settings to determine MSL altitude. Therefore, GPS altitude provides a highly accurate and reliable MSL altitude source to calculate terrain and obstacle alerts.

HTAWS utilizes terrain and obstacle databases that are referenced to mean sea level (MSL). Using the GPS position and GSL altitude, HTAWS displays a 2-D picture of the surrounding terrain and obstacles relative to the position and

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altitude of the aircraft. The GPS position and GSL altitude are used to calculate and "predict" the aircraft's flight path in relation to the surrounding terrain and obstacles. In this manner, HTAWS can provide advanced alerts of predicted dangerous terrain conditions. Detailed alert modes are described later in this section.

10.5.2.2   Power Up

During power-up of the unit, the terrain/obstacle database versions are displayed along with a disclaimer to the pilot. At the same time, HTAWS self-test begins. HTAWS gives the following aural messages upon test completion:

- "***HTAWS System Test, OK***," if the system passes the test
- "***HTAWS System Failure***," if the system fails the test

A test failure is also annunciated visually for HTAWS, as shown in the HTAWS Alert Summary table.

10.5.3   HTAWS Page

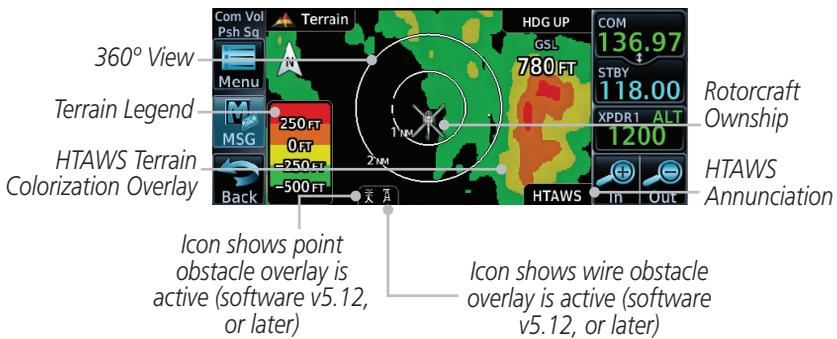HTAWS is shown on the Terrain page when HTAWS is available.

Figure 10-18 Terrain/HTAWS Page

Terrain information, aircraft ground track, and GPS-derived MSL altitude are displayed on the page. The "GSL" above altitude display in the top right corner of the display reminds the pilot that altitude is GPS-derived.

The HTAWS page menu provides options to acknowledge caution alerts, reduce protection, or inhibit alerting.

Figure 10-19 HTAWS Terrain Menu

10.5.3.1   View Selection

The HTAWS Page has two selectable view settings:

360° View

Relative Terrain Elevation depiction

Terrain Legend

Rotorcraft Ownship

Figure 10-20 Terrain Page with HTAWS - 120° View

- 360° View—View from above aircraft depicting surrounding terrain on all sides.
- Arc (120°) View—View of terrain ahead of and 60° to either side of the aircraft flight path.

> ✓ **NOTE:** *If a heading source is available the HTAWS page will be oriented heading up. If no heading source is available the HTAWS page will be oriented track up.*

1. While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS Page, touch **MENU**. Touch **Arc** or **360˚**.

2. Touch **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display. The HTAWS Page displays the selected view. Repeat step 1 to select the alternate view, and press **Back**.

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10.5.3.2 HTAWS Inhibit

HTAWS provides an "inhibit mode." This mode deactivates aural and visual alerts when they are deemed unnecessary by the aircrew. Pilots should use discretion when inhibiting the HTAWS system and always remember to enable the system when appropriate. VCO's are not inhibited in Inhibit Mode. See Section 10.5.5 for more information on HTAWS alerts. When alerting is inhibited, all FLTA aural and visual alerting is suppressed. HTAWS should only be inhibited when in visual contact with terrain and when the pilot can be assured of maintaining clearance from terrain and obstacles. When conducting en route operations and operations from published airports and heliports, HTAWS should be operated in Normal mode. HTAWS configured units will always start up with HTAWS alerts uninhibited.

To inhibit HTAWS alerts:

1. While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch **MENU**.

2. Touch **HTAWS Inhibit**. The green bar will show when HTAWS Inhibit is active.

3. Touch **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display. The HTAWS alerts are inhibited. The HTAWS INHB annunciation is displayed in the terrain annunciator field whenever HTAWS is inhibited.

> *NOTE: When the ground speed is less than 30 knots HTAWS will automatically display the "HTAWS INHB" annunciation. This indicates that HTAWS is no longer providing protection.*
>
> *This automatic "HTAWS INHB" cannot be removed by menu option selection. Menu selections for INHIBIT HTAWS and RP Mode remain available when HTAWS is automatically inhibited due to groundspeed. If the pilot selects a mode on the menu while HTAWS is auto inhibited because it is less than 30 knots then the unit will enter that mode once ground speed exceeds 30 knots. Hence, the presence of these selections on the Menu.*

GARMIN.

10.5.3.3   External HTAWS Inhibit Control

An optional installation is allowed for providing an external HTAWS Inhibit switch. Pressing the external HTAWS Inhibit switch toggles the HTAWS inhibit on and off in the same manner as using the Terrain Menu selection.

10.5.3.4   Reduced Protection Mode

The Reduce Protection (RP) functionality allows operating with a reduction in the alerting thresholds, and suppresses visual and aural annunciation of caution alerts. Reduced protection allows low level operations and landings off airport with a minimum number of alerts while continuing to provide protection from terrain and obstacles. Reduced Protection should only be selected when operating in visual contact with the terrain as alerting times are significantly less than in normal mode. There is support for an external RP Mode switch and an external Alert Acknowledge switch.

To toggle protection:

1. While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS Page, touch **MENU**.

2. Touch the **RP Mode** key to toggle the RP mode on and off. The green bar will show when RP mode is active.

3. Touch **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display. The "RP Mode" annunciation is displayed in the terrain annunciator field and in the lower right corner of the terrain page whenever protection is reduced.

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10.5.3.5 HTAWS Manual Test

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Garmin HTAWS provides a manual test capability which verifies the proper operation of the aural and visual annunciations of the system prior to a flight.

To manually test the HTAWS system:

1. While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS Page, touch **MENU**.

2. Touch the **Test HTAWS** key.

3. Touch **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display.

An aural message is played giving the test results:

- "***HTAWS System Test, OK***" if the system passes the test
- "***HTAWS System Failure***" if the system fails the test

> *NOTE: HTAWS System Testing is disabled when in the air so as not to impede HTAWS alerting.*

10.5.3.6 HTAWS Legend

1. While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch **MENU**.

2. Touch the **Legend** key to select the Terrain Legend, Obstacle Legend, or to turn off the legend.

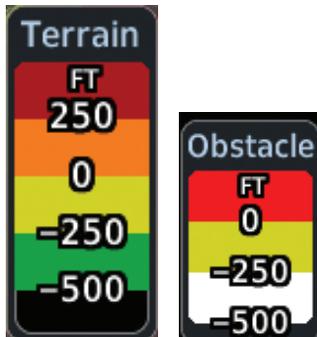3. Press **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display.

Figure 10-21 HTAWS Terrain and Obstacle Legends

Color	Description
Red	Terrain is more than 250 ft above the aircraft.
Orange	Terrain is between 0 ft and 250 ft above the aircraft.
Yellow	Terrain is between 250 ft and 0 ft below the aircraft.
Green	Terrain is between 250 ft and 500 ft below the aircraft.
Black	Terrain is more than 500 ft below the aircraft.

Table 10-9 HTAWS Terrain Altitude Color Description
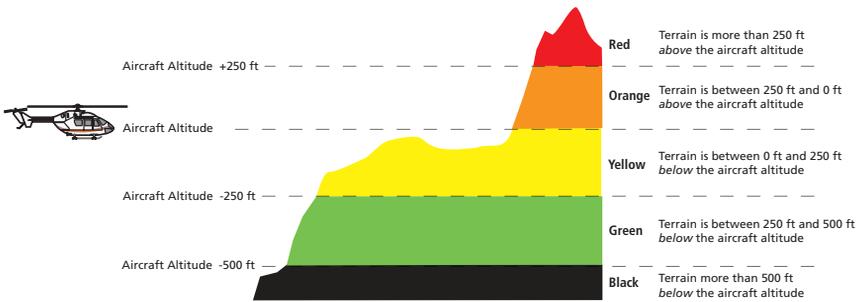

Figure 10-22 HTAWS Terrain Altitude Colors and Symbology

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10.5.3.7   Flight Plan Overlay

1. While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch **MENU**.

2. Touch the **Flight Plan** key to toggle the overlay of the active flight plan on or off. The green bar will show when the Flight Plan overlay is shown.

3. Press **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display.

10.5.4   HTAWS Symbols

The symbols and colors in the following figures and table are used to represent obstacles and the location of terrain threats on the HTAWS Page. Each color is associated with a height above terrain.

Obstacles are ALWAYS shown on the HTAWS page at 10 NM and below.

> **NOTE:** If an obstacle or terrain cell and the projected flight path of the aircraft intersect, the display automatically zooms in to the closest threat location on the HTAWS Page.

|	Unlighted Obstacle		Lighted Obstacle		Obstacle Color	Obstacle Location
	< 1000 ft AGL	> 1000 ft AGL	< 1000 ft AGL	> 1000 ft AGL		
Obstacle Symbol					Red	Obstacle is at or above current aircraft altitude
					Yellow	Obstacle is between 250 ft and 0 ft below current aircraft altitude
					White	Obstacle is 250 ft, or more, below current aircraft altitude. Obstacles are removed when more than 500 ft below the helicopter.

Table 10-10 HTAWS Obstacle Colors and Symbology

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Obstacle is at or above the aircraft altitude (Red)

250 ft

Obstacle is between 250 ft and 0 ft below the aircraft altitude (Yellow)

Obstacle is 250 ft, or more, below the aircraft altitude (White)
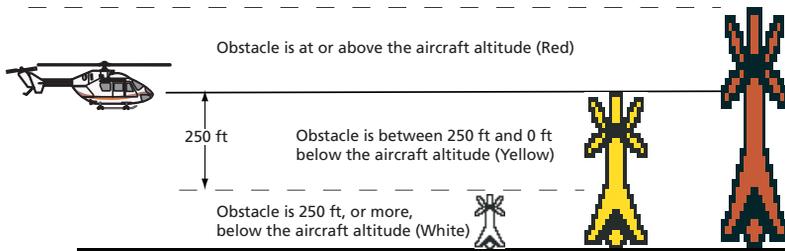
Figure 10-23 HTAWS Obstacle Altitude Colors and Symbology

Threat Location Indicator	Alert Level
🔴	WARNING (Red)
🟡	CAUTION (Yellow)

Table 10-11 HTAWS Alert Coloring and Symbology

Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line

Table 10-12 Obstacle Icon Types

Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk (as shown in the Windmill in Group example above). The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

10.5.5   HTAWS Alerts

Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within HTAWS software algorithms. HTAWS alerts employ either a CAUTION or a WARNING alert severity level. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed. Aural alerts are simultaneously issued. Annunciations appear in a dedicated field in the lower left corner of the display.

Annunciations are color-coded according to the HTAWS Alert Summary table. Pop-up terrain alerts will occur if an HTAWS alert is activated while not on the HTAWS page. There are two options when an alert is displayed:

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To acknowledge the pop-up alert and return to the currently viewed page:

Touch the **Close** key.

To acknowledge the pop-up alert and quickly access the HTAWS Page:

Touch the **ENT** key.

> **NOTE:** *To further capture the attention of the pilot, HTAWS issues aural (voice) messages that accompany visual annunciations and pop-up alerts. For a summary of aural messages, see the HTAWS Alert Summary table.*

> **NOTE:** *HTAWS Caution Alerts are displayed as constant black text on a yellow background; HTAWS Warning Alerts are displayed as constant white text on a red background.*

10.5.5.1   Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance

The unit will issue terrain alerts not only when the aircraft altitude is below the terrain elevation but also when the aircraft is projected to come within minimum clearance values of the terrain. This alerting, called Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance (FLTA), is also provided for obstacles.

The FLTA functionality looks ahead of the aircraft using GPS position information and the terrain and obstacle databases to provide alerts when the predicted flight path does not clear the terrain or obstacle by the required clearance. The amount of clearance required varies depending on position relative to airports and heliports, in order to reduce the occurrence of nuisance alerting.

Any threat locations are depicted on the display. There are 2 levels of severity for FLTA alerts. They are cautionary (amber) and warning (red) in nature and are described in further detail below.

FLTA CAUTION—Estimated potential impact in approximately 30 seconds after a caution pop-up alert and annunciation. FLTA caution alerts are accompanied by the aural message *"Caution Terrain; Caution Terrain."* **Similarly, a** *"Caution Obstacle; Caution Obstacle"* **alert is also provided. The time to an alert can vary with conditions, therefore there is no guarantee of a 30 second caution alert being issued.**

FLTA WARNING—Warning pop-up alerts are issued 15 seconds prior to an estimated potential impact in normal mode and approximately 10 seconds in RP Mode. FLTA warning alerts are accompanied by the aural message *"Warning - Terrain, Terrain"* **. Similarly, a** *"Warning - Obstacle, Obstacle"* **alert is also provided. The time to an alert can vary with conditions, therefore there is no guarantee of a 15/10 second warning alert being issued.**

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The alerts are annunciated visually through the annunciator status bar, a pop-up alert box, and the red and yellow areas on the HTAWS page. The alerts are annunciated aurally through a voice message indicating the potential threat, such as "Caution - Terrain, Terrain" or "Warning - Obstacle, Obstacle."

10.5.5.2 HTAWS Voice Call Out Aural Alert

The purpose of the Voice Call Out (VCO) aural alert messages are to provide an advisory alert to the pilot that the aircraft is between 500 feet and 100 feet above terrain in 100 foot increments. When the aircraft descends within the selected distance from the terrain, the aural message for the selected height above terrain is generated. There are no display annunciations or pop-up alerts that accompany the aural message. HTAWS allows an additional 50 foot VCO alert with radar altimeter input.

10.5.5.3 HTAWS Voice Call Out Selection

The Voice Call Out (VCO) selection is available when HTAWS is installed. The VCO functionality provides a voice annunciation of the aircraft's height above terrain or the nearest airport, heliport, runway, or helipad when that threshold is first crossed. The available call outs include "Five Hundred" through "One Hundred" in one hundred foot intervals. The voice call outs can be enabled and disabled through the Voice Call Outs Selection option on the System - Audio page.

> *NOTE: VCOs are available down to 100 feet above terrain when HTAWS is installed and use GSL above terrain to generate call outs (no radar altimeter required). If a radar altimeter is interfaced to the GTN, alerts are available down to 50 feet and the height above terrain when the radar altimeter is used to generate the call outs.*

To select the Voice Call Out choices in the System - Audio page, select the Voice Call Out Selection item and then select the desired value.

1. From the Main page, touch **System** and then **Audio**.

2. Touch the **Voice Callouts** key to view the Voice Call Outs page.

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Audio Volume Bar Graph

*Audio Volume
Numeric Value*

*Touch To Adjust
Audio Volume*

*Touch To
Select Alert
Voice*

*Touch To View
Maximum
Voice Call Outs*

Figure 10-24 Select Voice Call Outs from the System Audio Page

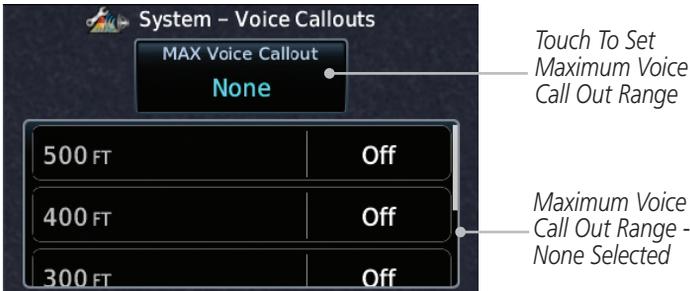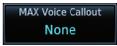3. Touch the **MAX Voice Callout** key to select the Voice Call Outs.

*Touch To Set
Maximum Voice
Call Out Range*

*Maximum Voice
Call Out Range -
None Selected*

Figure 10-25 View the Maximum Voice Call Out Range (None Selected)

4. The values above the selected value will be disabled (Off).

*Touch To Set
Maximum Voice
Call Out Range -
200 ft Selected*

*Maximum Voice Call
Out Range - 200 feet
Selected*

Figure 10-26 View the Maximum Voice Call Out Range (200 ft Selected)

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10.5.5.4   HTAWS Not Available Alert

Garmin HTAWS requires a 3-D GPS navigation solution along with specific vertical accuracy minimums. Should the navigation solution become degraded, or if the aircraft is out of the database coverage area, the annunciation "HTAWS N/A" is shown in the annunciation window. When the GPS signal is re-established and the aircraft is within the database coverage area, the "HTAWS N/A" annunciation is removed.

10.5.5.5   HTAWS Failure Alert

HTAWS continually monitors several system-critical items, such as database validity, hardware status, and GPS status. If the terrain/obstacle database is not available, the aural message *"HTAWS System Failure"* is issued along with the "HTAWS FAIL" annunciation.

10.5.5.6   HTAWS Alert Summary

The aural alert voice gender is configurable to be either male or female. See your Garmin installer for further information on configuring the alert system.

HTAWS Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message	Description
HTAWS FAIL	None	"HTAWS System Failure"	HTAWS has failed
HTAWS INHB	None	None	HTAWS has been inhibited by the crew, or the aircraft ground-speed is below 30 knots (automatic inhibiting).
HTAWS N/A	None	"HTAWS Not Available"	HTAWS not available.
TERRAIN	CAUTION – TERRAIN	"Caution - Terrain, Terrain"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Caution for Terrain
TERRAIN	WARNING – TERRAIN	"Warning - Terrain, Terrain"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Warning for Terrain
OBSTACLE	CAUTION – OBSTACLE	"Caution - Obstacle, Obstacle"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Caution for Obstacle
OBSTACLE	WARNING – OBSTACLE	"Warning - Obstacle, Obstacle"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Warning for Obstacle
RP MODE	None	None	Alerting thresholds are reduced. Visual and aural annunciation of caution alerts are suppressed.

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HTAWS Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message	Description
WIRE	CAUTION – WIRE	"Wire Ahead"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Caution for Wire.
WIRE	WARNING – WIRE	"Wire Ahead Pull Up, Wire Ahead Pull Up"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Warning for Power Lines.
None	None	"Five Hundred" "Four Hundred" "Three Hundred" "Two Hundred" "One Hundred" "Fifty"	HTAWS provides optional 500 ft through 100 ft (in 100 ft increments) altitude call out alerts. An additional value of 50 ft is available if a radar altimeter is installed.

Table 10-13 HTAWS Alert Summary

> **NOTE:** HTAWS Caution Alerts are displayed as constant black text on a yellow background; HTAWS Warning Alerts are displayed as constant white text on a red background.

10.5.6 Pilot Actions

If an HTAWS warning and associated aural are received, the pilot should immediately maneuver the rotorcraft in response to the alert unless the terrain or obstacle is clearly identified visually and determined by the pilot not to be a factor to the safety of the operation.

A HTAWS caution alert indicates terrain or obstacle nearby. If possible visually locate the terrain or obstacle for avoidance. A HTAWS warning alert may follow a HTAWS caution unless the aircraft's path towards the terrain or obstacle is changed.

> **NOTE:** Display of terrain and obstacles on the display is supplemental data only. Maneuvering solely by reference to the terrain and obstacle data is not recommended or authorized.

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10.6   TAWS-A (Optional)

10.6.1   Introduction

> **NOTE:** *TERRAIN, TAWS-A, TAWS-B, HTAWS, or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY functionality will be available via the Terrain page, depending on the installed hardware and configuration. HTAWS or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY are available in software v4.00, or later. TAWS-A is available in software v5.00, or later.*

> **NOTE:** *The data contained in the TAWS databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

TAWS-A (Terrain Awareness and Warning System - Class A) is an optional feature to increase situational awareness and aid in reducing controlled flight into terrain (CFIT). TAWS-A provides visual and aural annunciations when terrain and obstacles are within the given altitude threshold from the aircraft.

TAWS-A satisfies TSO-C151c Class A and TSO-92c requirements for certification.

Class A TAWS requires the following components and will not work properly without them:

- A valid terrain/obstacle/airport terrain database
- A valid 3-D GPS position solution
- Valid flap and landing gear status inputs
- A valid radar altimeter

TAWS-A uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. Terrain information is based on terrain elevation information in a database that may contain inaccuracies. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content, per TSO-C151c. However, the displayed information should never be understood as being all-inclusive and data may be inaccurate.

TAWS-A uses information from the GPS receiver to provide a horizontal position and altitude, along with additional altitude input from the radar altimeter. GPS altitude is derived from satellite measurements. GPS altitude is then converted to a height above geodetic sea level (GSL), which is the height above mean sea level (MSL) calculated geometrically. GSL altitude accuracy is

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affected by factors such as satellite geometry, but it is not subject to variations in pressure and temperature that normally affect pressure altitude devices. GSL altitude does not require local altimeter settings to determine MSL altitude. Therefore, GSL altitude provides a highly accurate and reliable MSL altitude source to calculate terrain and obstacle alerts.

The terrain and obstacle databases used by TAWS-A are referenced to mean sea level (MSL). Using the GPS position and GSL altitude, TAWS-A displays a 2-D picture of the surrounding terrain and obstacles relative to the position and altitude of the aircraft. Furthermore, the GPS position and GSL altitude are used to calculate and "predict" the aircraft's flight path in relation to the surrounding terrain and obstacles. In this manner, TAWS-A can provide advanced alerts of predicted dangerous terrain conditions.

Class A TAWS incorporates radar altimeter input with the GSL altitude to provide a more accurate position reference when at lower altitudes for certain alert types, and to retain a level of ground proximity warning capability in the unlikely event of an airport, terrain or obstacle database failure.

Baro-corrected altitude (or indicated altitude) is derived by adjusting the altimeter setting for local atmospheric conditions. The most accurate baro-corrected altitude can be achieved by frequently updating the altimeter setting to the nearest reporting station along the flight path. However, because actual atmospheric conditions seldom match the standard conditions defined by the International Standard Atmosphere (ISA) model (where pressure, temperature, and lapse rates have fixed values), it is common for the baro-corrected altitude (as read from the altimeter) to differ from the GPS-MSL altitude. This variation results in the aircraft's true altitude differing from the baro-corrected altitude.

TAWS-A provides the following alert types:

- Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance (FLTA) Alerting, which consists of:
    - Required Terrain Clearance (RTC) / Required Line Clearance (RLC) / Required Obstacle Clearance (ROC) Alerting
    - Imminent Terrain Impact (ITI) / Imminent Line Impact (ILI) / Imminent Obstacle Impact (IOI) Alerting
- Premature Descent Alerting (PDA)
- Ground Proximity Warning System (GPWS) Alerting, which consists of:
    - Excessive Descent Rate (EDR) Alerting

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- Excessive Closure Rate (ECR) to Terrain Alerting

- Flight Into Terrain (FIT) Alerting

- Negative Climb Rate (NCR) after takeoff Alerting

- Excessive below Glideslope/Glidepath Deviation (GSD) Alerting

- Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO) Alerting

10.6.1.1   Displaying TAWS-A Data

TAWS-A uses yellow (caution) and red (warning) to depict terrain and obstacle (with a height greater than 200 feet above ground level, AGL) alerts relative to aircraft altitude. Depictions of obstacles more than 200 feet below the aircraft are removed. Colors are adjusted automatically as the aircraft altitude changes. The colors and symbols in Figure 10-11 and Tables 10-7 and 11-12 are used to represent terrain, obstacles, and threat locations.
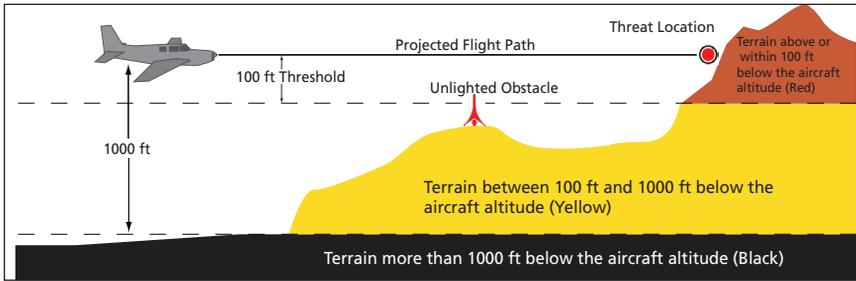

Figure 10-27 Terrain Altitude/Color Correlation for TAWS-A

Alert Level	Annunciator Text	Threat Location Indicator	Example Visual Annunciation
Warning	White text on red background	🔴	PULL UP
Caution	Black text on yellow background	🟡	TERRAIN
Informational	Black text on white background	Not Applicable	TER INHB

Table 10-14 TAWS-A Alert Colors and Symbology

Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line

Table 10-15 Obstacle Icon Types

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Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk (as shown in the Windmill in Group example above). The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

	Unlighted Obstacle		Lighted Obstacle		Threat Location Indicator	Terrain Color	Terrain/Obstacle Location	Alert Level
	< 1000 ft AGL	> 1000 ft AGL	< 1000 ft AGL	> 1000 ft AGL				
Obstacle Symbol	▲	▲	✳	✳	●	Red	Terrain/Obstacle above or within 100 ft below current aircraft altitude	WARNING (Red)
	▲	▲	✳	✳	●	Yellow	Terrain/Obstacle between 100 ft and 1000 ft below current aircraft altitude	CAUTION (Yellow)

Table 10-16 TAWS-A Terrain/Obstacle Colors and Symbology

10.6.2 TAWS-A Display

The TAWS-A Page shows terrain, obstacle, and threat location data in relation to the aircraft's current altitude, without clutter from the basemap. Aviation data (airports, VORs, and other NAVAIDs) can be displayed for reference. If an obstacle and the projected flight path of the aircraft intersect, the display automatically zooms in to the closest potential point of impact on the TAWS-A Page.

Aircraft orientation on this map is always heading up unless there is no valid heading. Two views are available relative to the position of the aircraft: the 360° default display and the radar-like ARC (120°) display. Map range is adjustable with the **In** and **Out** keys from 1 to 200 NM, as indicated by the map range rings (or arcs).

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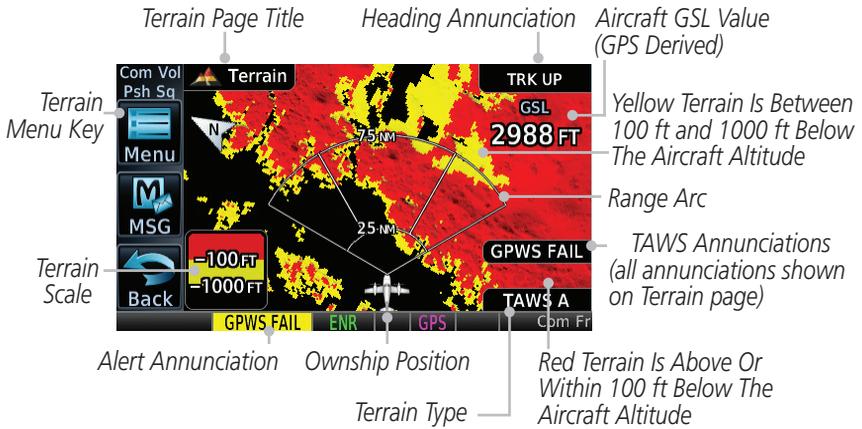Music

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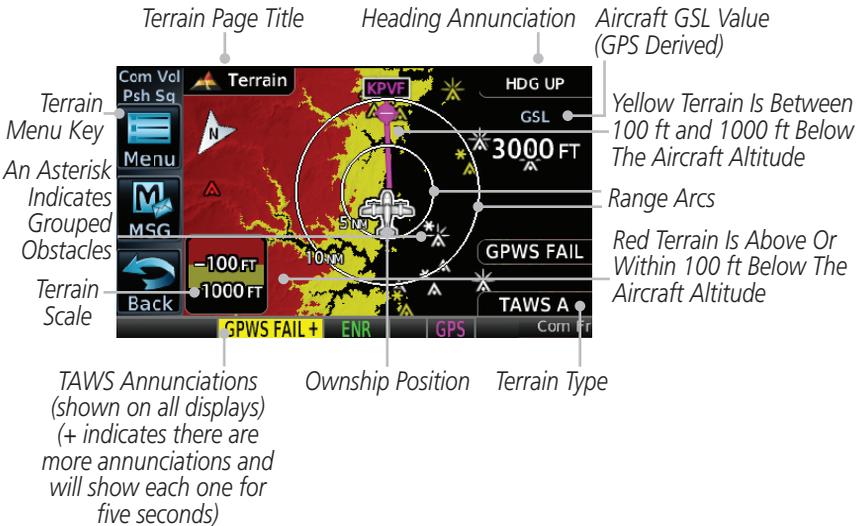
Figure 10-28 TAWS-A Page with Arc View

Figure 10-29 TAWS-A Page with 360° View

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1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.

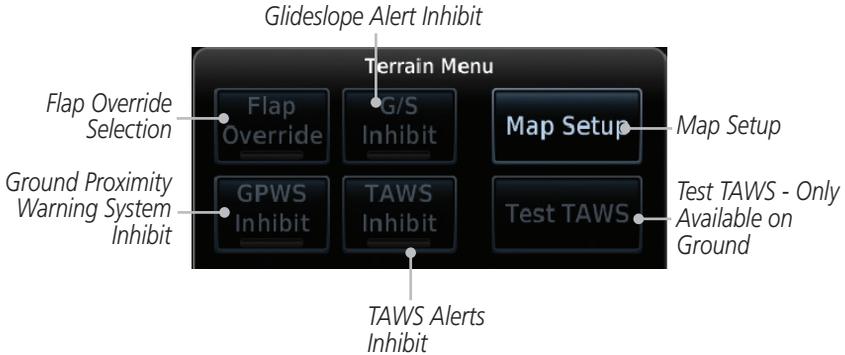2. Selections are grouped by function: the Terrain Menu and Map Setup.

Glideslope Alert Inhibit

Flap Override Selection

Ground Proximity Warning System Inhibit

Map Setup

Test TAWS - Only Available on Ground

TAWS Alerts Inhibit

Figure 10-30 TAWS-A Menu

3. Touch the **Map Setup** key make the desired selections for the Terrain map display.

Selected View   *Flight Plan Selected To Show*

Touch To Select Terrain Or Obstacle Legend

Figure 10-31 TAWS-A Map Setup Menu

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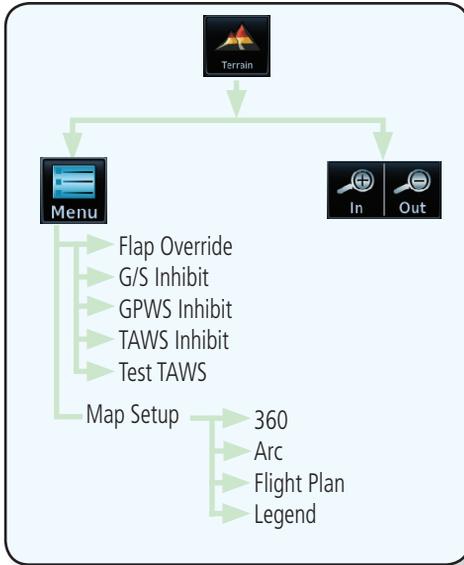
Figure 10-32 TAWS-A Page Functional Diagram

10.6.3 TAWS-A Alerts

Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within TAWS-A software algorithms. TAWS-A alerts employ a CAUTION or a WARNING alert severity level. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed and aural alerts are simultaneously issued. TAWS-A alert types with corresponding annunciations and aural messages are shown in Table 10-9.

When an alert is issued, annunciations appear on the display. The TAWS-A Alert Annunciation is shown on the lower left part of the display. If the TAWS-A Page is not already displayed, a pop-up alert appears while an alert is active.

Figure 10-33 Terrain Alert Pop-Up

To acknowledge the pop-up alert:

Touch the **Close** key (returns to the currently viewed page), or

Touch the **Go to Terrain** key (accesses the TAWS-A Page)

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10.6.3.1   TAWS-A Alerts Summary

Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Warning (RTC)	PULL UP	TERRAIN – PULL–UP * or TERRAIN AHEAD – PULL–UP	"Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up" * or "Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Terrain Ahead, Pull Up"
Imminent Terrain Impact Warning (ITI)	PULL UP	TERRAIN – PULL–UP * or TERRAIN AHEAD – PULL–UP	"Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up"* or "Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Terrain Ahead, Pull Up"
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Warning (ROC)	PULL UP	OBSTACLE – PULL–UP * or OBSTACLE AHEAD – PULL–UP	"Obstacle, Obstacle; Pull Up, Pull Up"* or "Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up"
Imminent Obstacle Impact Warning (IOI)	PULL UP	OBSTACLE – PULL–UP * or OBSTACLE AHEAD – PULL–UP	"Obstacle, Obstacle; Pull Up, Pull Up"* or "Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up"
Excessive Descent Rate Warning (EDR)	PULL UP	PULL–UP	"<whoop> <whoop> Pull Up"
Excessive Closure Rate Warning (ECR)	PULL UP	PULL–UP	"<whoop> <whoop> Pull Up"
Imminent Line Impact Warning (ILI)	PULL UP	WIRE AHEAD – PULL–UP	"Wire Ahead, Pull Up; Wire Ahead, Pull Up" or "Wire, Wire; Pull Up, Pull Up"

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Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message
Reduced Line Clearance Warning (RLC)	PULL UP	WIRE AHEAD – PULL–UP	"Wire Ahead, Pull Up; Wire Ahead, Pull Up" or "Wire, Wire; Pull Up, Pull Up"
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Caution (RTC)	TERRAIN	CAUTION – TERRAIN * or TERRAIN AHEAD	"Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain"* or "Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead"
Imminent Terrain Impact Caution (ITI)	TERRAIN	CAUTION – TERRAIN * or TERRAIN AHEAD	"Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain" or "Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead"
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Caution (ROC)	OBSTCL	CAUTION – OBSTACLE * or OBSTACLE AHEAD	"Caution, Obstacle; Caution, Obstacle"* or "Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead"
Imminent Obstacle Impact Caution (IOI)	OBSTCL	CAUTION – OBSTACLE * or OBSTACLE AHEAD	"Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead"* or "Caution, Obstacle; Caution, Obstacle"
Imminent Line Impact Caution (ILI)	WIRE	WIRE AHEAD	"Wire Ahead; Wire Ahead"* or "Caution, Wire; Caution, Wire"
Reduced Line Clearance Caution (RLC)	WIRE	WIRE AHEAD	"Wire Ahead; Wire Ahead"* or "Caution, Wire; Caution, Wire"
Premature Descent Alert Caution (PDA)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW – TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"

Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message
Excessive Descent Rate Caution (EDR)	TERRAIN	SINK RATE	"Sink Rate"
Excessive Closure Rate Caution (ECR)	TERRAIN	TERRAIN	"Terrain, Terrain"
Negative Climb Rate Caution (NCR)	TERRAIN	DON'T SINK * or TOO LOW – TERRAIN	"Don't Sink"* or "Too Low, Terrain"
Flight Into Terrain High Speed Caution (FIT)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW – TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"
Flight Into Terrain Gear Caution (FIT)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW – GEAR	"Too Low, Gear"
Flight Into Terrain Flaps Caution (FIT)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW – FLAPS	"Too Low, Flaps"
Flight Into Terrain Takeoff Caution (FIT)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW – TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"
Glide Slope Deviation Caution (GSD)	GLIDESLOPE	GLIDESLOPE	"Glideslope"
Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO)	None	None	"Five-Hundred," "Four-Hundred,"* "Three-Hundred,"* "Two-Hundred,"* "One-Hundred"*
TAWS Available	None	N/A	"TAWS Available"
TAWS System Test in Progress	TAWS TEST	N/A	None
TAWS System Test Pass	None	N/A	"TAWS System Test OK"
TAWS N/A	TAWS N/A	N/A	TAWS Not Available
TAWS Alerting is Disabled	TAWS INHB	N/A	None
TAWS System Test Fail	TAWS FAIL	N/A	"TAWS System Failure"

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Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message
Incorrect TAWS configuration, invalid/missing terrain, airport, or obstacle database, or TAWS audio fault.	TAWS FAIL **	N/A	"TAWS System Failure"
No GPS position	TAWS N/A	N/A	"TAWS Not Available"
GPS position unavailable/ degraded, outside of terrain database coverage	TAWS N/A	N/A	"TAWS Not Available"
Sufficient GPS signal reception restored	None	N/A	"TAWS Available" (aural message only in flight)
Incorrect TAWS configuration, radar altimeter unavailable, GPS position unavailable/ degraded, TAWS audio fault	GPWS FAIL *	N/A	"GPWS System Failure"
GPWS Inhibit	GPWS INHB	N/A	"GPWS System Failure"
GPWS Not Available. Incorrect TAWS configuration, radar altimeter unavailable, GPS position unavailable/ degraded, TAWS audio fault.	GPWS N/A	N/A	None

Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message
Glideslope Inhibit	G/S INHB	N/A	None
FLAP Override	FLAP OVRD	N/A	None

* Alerts with multiple messages are configurable. Alerts for the default configuration are indicated with asterisks.

**   VCO alerts are not issued if both TAWS and GPWS systems have failed or are not available

†   GSD alert will be available if a valid ILS is being used for navigation, even in no valid GPS signal is being received.

Table 10-17 TAWS-A Alerts Summary

10.6.3.2   Excessive Descent Rate Alert

The purpose of the **Excessive Descent Rate (EDR)** alert is to provide notification when the aircraft is determined to be descending upon terrain at an excessive rate. The parameters for the alert as defined by TSO-C151c are shown below.
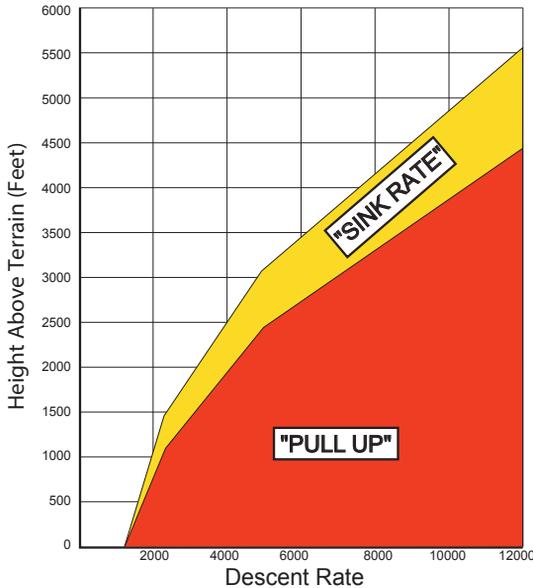

Figure 10-34 Excessive Descent Rate Alert Criteria

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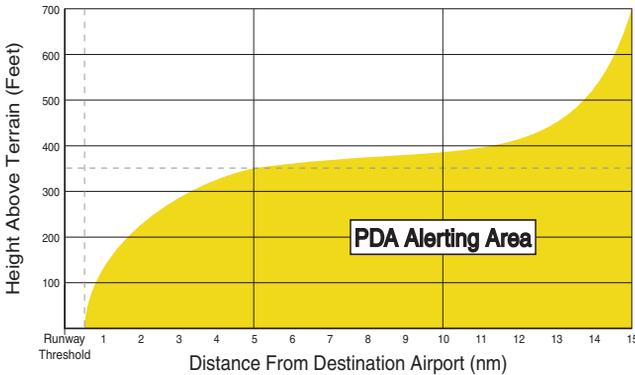
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10.6.3.3 Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance

Reduced Required Terrain Clearance (RTC) Reduced Required Line Clearance (RLC), and **Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance (ROC)** alerts are issued when the aircraft flight path is above terrain, yet is projected to come within the minimum clearance values in the FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values table. When an RTC, RLC, and/or a ROC alert is issued, a threat location indicator is displayed on the TAWS Page.

Imminent Terrain Impact (ITI), Imminent Line Impact (ILI), and **Imminent Obstacle Impact (IOI)** alerts are issued when the aircraft is below the elevation of a terrain or obstacle cell in the aircraft's projected path. ITI, ILI, and IOI alerts are accompanied by a threat location indicator displayed on the TAWS Page. The alert is annunciated when the projected vertical flight path is calculated to come within minimum clearance altitudes in the following table.

Flight Phase	Minimum Clearance Altitude (feet)	
	Level Flight	Descending
En Route	700	500
Terminal	350	300
Approach	150	100
Departure	100	100

Table 10-18 FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values

During final approach, FLTA alerts are automatically inhibited when the aircraft is below 200 feet AGL while within 0.5 NM of the approach runway or below 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the runway threshold.

10.6.3.4 Premature Descent Alerting

A Premature Descent Alert (PDA) is issued when the system detects that the aircraft is significantly below the normal approach path to a runway.

PDA alerting begins when the aircraft is within 15 NM of the destination airport and ends when the aircraft is either 0.5 NM from the runway threshold or is at an altitude of 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the threshold. During the final descent, algorithms set a threshold for alerting based on speed, distance, and other parameters.

Figure 10-35 PDA Alerting Threshold

PDA and FLTA aural and visual alerts can be manually inhibited. Discretion should be used when inhibiting TAWS and the system should be enabled when appropriate. When TAWS is inhibited, the alert annunciation "TER INHB" is shown.

10.6.3.5 Inhibiting/Enabling TAWS-A PDA/FLTA Alerting

TAWS-A also has an inhibit mode that deactivates the PDA/FLTA aural and visual alerts. Pilots should use discretion when inhibiting TAWS-A and always remember to enable the system when appropriate. Only the PDA and FLTA alerts are disabled in the inhibit mode. After cycling power, TAWS-A will no longer be inhibited.
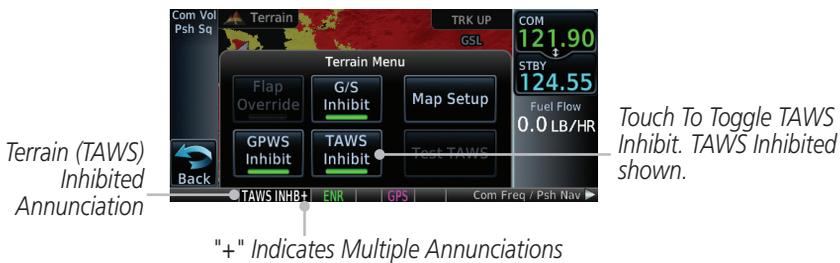

Terrain (TAWS) Inhibited Annunciation

Touch To Toggle TAWS Inhibit. TAWS Inhibited shown.

"+" Indicates Multiple Annunciations

Figure 10-36 TAWS-A Alerting Disabled (TAWS Inhibited) Annunciation

1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.

2. Touch the **TAWS Inhibit** key to inhibit or enable TAWS (choice is dependent on current state). A green bar in the key indicates the TAWS is inhibited.

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10.6.3.6   Excessive Closure Rate Alert

The **Excessive Closure Rate (ECR)** alert provides suitable notification when the aircraft is determined to be closing upon terrain at an excessive speed for a given aircraft gear and flap configuration.

The following figures show the ECR alerting criteria for flaps in the landing configuration and for all other flight phases respectively.

ECR alerts are automatically inhibited when the aircraft is 5 NM from the nearest airport, except when FLTA is not available (causing the TAWS N/A or TAWS FAIL annunciation to be displayed), in which case ECR alerting will remain active until landing.
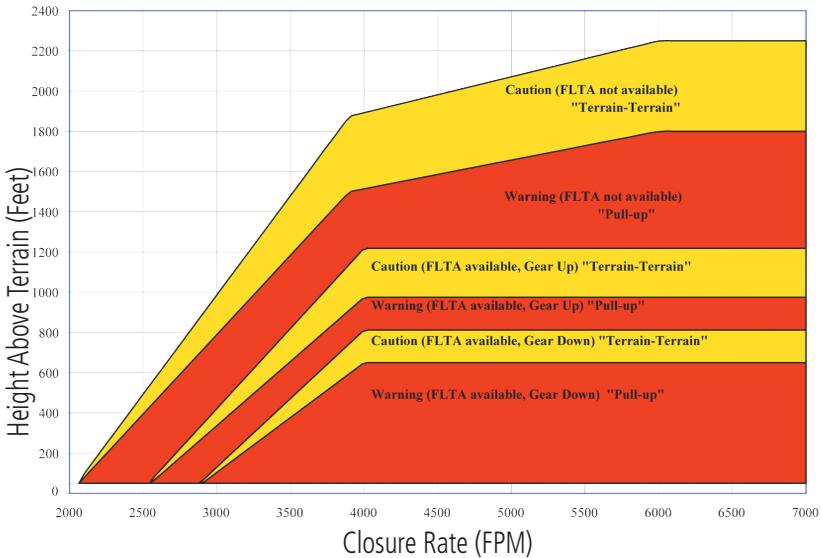

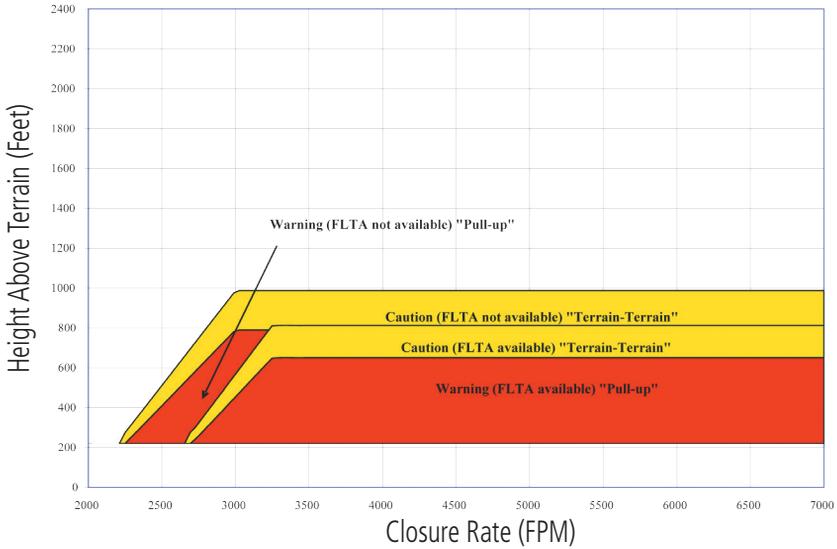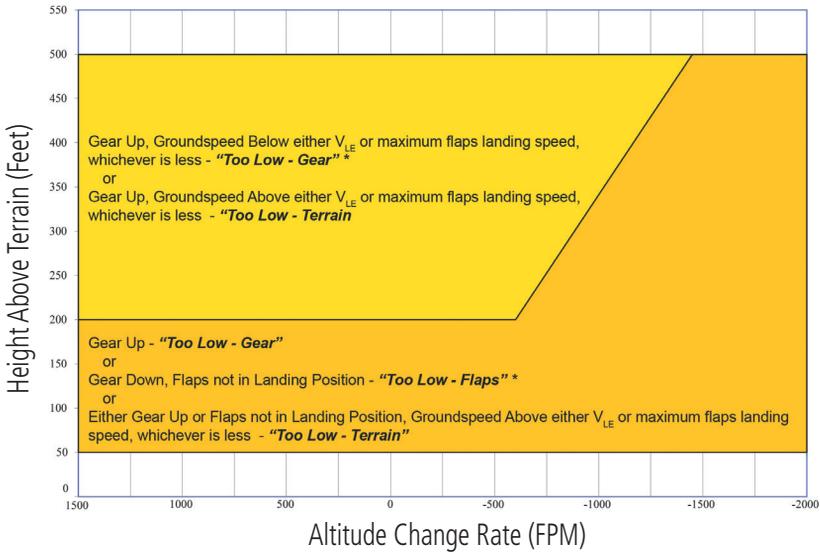**Figure 10-37 Excessive Closure Rate Alert Criteria (Flaps Up or Takeoff Configuration)**

Figure 10-38 Excessive Closure Rate Alert Criteria (Flaps in Landing Configuration)

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10.6.3.7   Flight Into Terrain Alert

Flight Into Terrain (FIT) alerts occur when the aircraft is too low with respect to terrain based on landing gear status, flap position, and groundspeed. FIT caution alerts are issued when flight conditions meet the criteria shown below.

Gear Up, Groundspeed Below either V_{LE} or maximum flaps landing speed, whichever is less - **"Too Low - Gear" ***
   or
Gear Up, Groundspeed Above either V_{LE} or maximum flaps landing speed, whichever is less - **"Too Low - Terrain**

Gear Up - **"Too Low - Gear"**
   or
Gear Down, Flaps not in Landing Position - **"Too Low - Flaps" ***
   or
Either Gear Up or Flaps not in Landing Position, Groundspeed Above either V_{LE} or maximum flaps landing speed, whichever is less - **"Too Low - Terrain"**

Height Above Terrain (Feet)

Altitude Change Rate (FPM)

* Flap position will not trigger alert if Flap Override option is enabled; see discussion below.

Figure 10-39 Flight Into Terrain Caution Alert Criteria

To reduce nuisance FIT alerts on approaches where flap extension is not desired (or is intentionally delayed), the pilot may override FIT alerting based on the flap position, while all other FIT alerting remains in effect.

Flap Override Selection

Flap Override Annunciation

"+" Indicates Multiple Annunciations

Figure 10-40 TAWS-A Page Menu and FIT Flap Override Annunciation

10.6.3.7.1 Overriding Flaps-based FIT alerting

1. While viewing the TAWS-A Page, touch the **MENU** key.

2. Touch the **Flap Override** key to toggle the override state.

When the Flaps Override option is enabled, the annunciation "FLAP O/R" is annunciated on the TAWS-A Page. If GPWS alerts are also inhibited (which include FIT), the "FLAP O/R" annunciation is not shown.

FIT alerts also occur during takeoff or go-around if the aircraft's height above ground level (as determined by the radar altimeter) is too close to rising terrain. TAWS-A will issue the aural message **"Too Low - Terrain"** and visual annunciations when conditions enter the caution alert area.
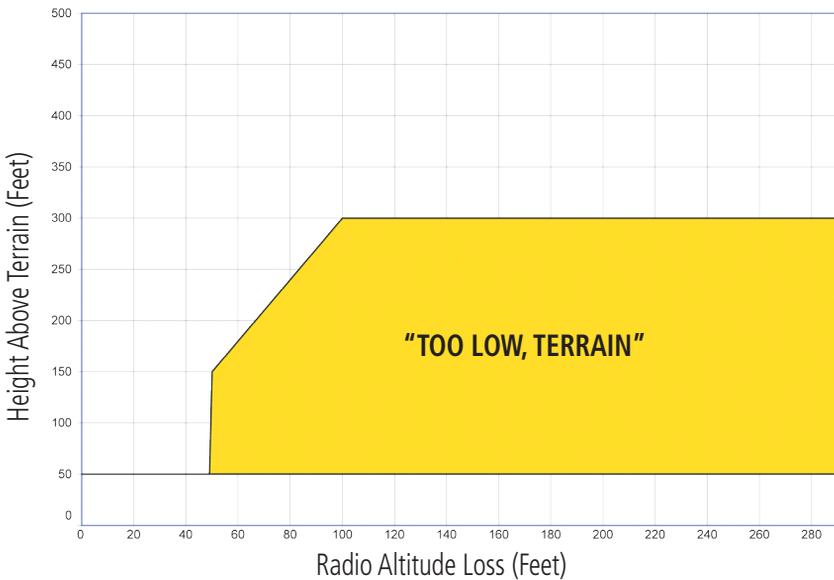

Figure 10-41 FIT Alerting After Takeoff

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10.6.3.8   Negative Climb Rate After Take-Off Alert (NCR)

The **Negative Climb Rate (NCR) After Take-Off** alert (also referred to as "Altitude Loss After Take-Off") provides alerts when the system determines the aircraft is losing altitude (closing upon terrain) after takeoff. The aural message "Don't Sink" is given for NCR alerts, accompanied by an annunciation and a pop-up terrain alert on the display. NCR alerting is only active when departing from an airport and when the following conditions are met:

- Height above the terrain is less than 700 feet
- Distance from the departure airport is 2 NM or less
- Heading change from the departure heading is less than 110º

The NCR alerting parameters as defined by TSO-C151c are shown below.
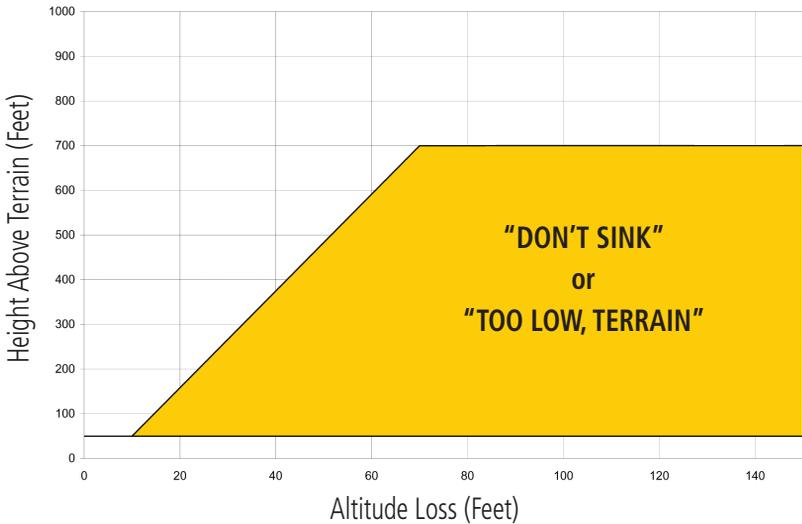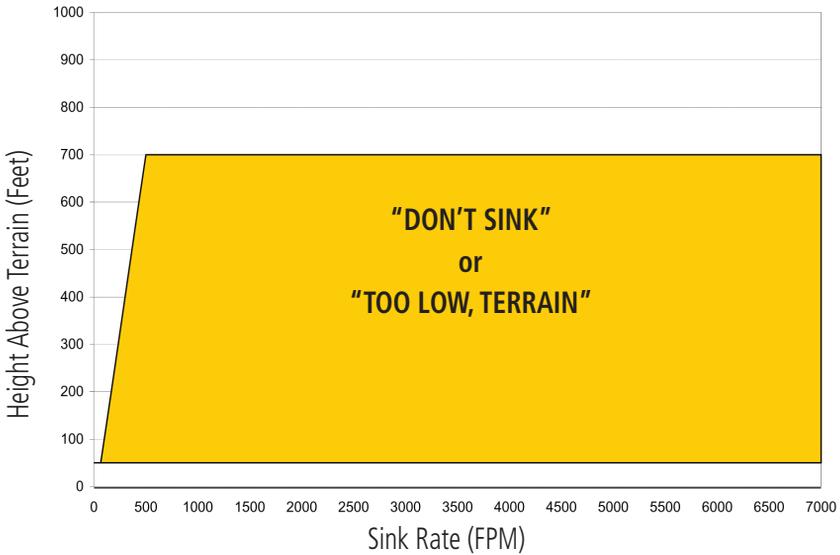

Figure 10-42 Negative Climb Rate (NCR) Altitude Loss

Figure 10-43 Negative Climb Rate (NCR) Sink Rate

10.6.3.9   Excessive Below Glideslope/Glidepath Deviation Alert

A **Glideslope Deviation** or **Glidepath Deviation (GSD)** caution alert is issued when the system detects that the aircraft is significantly below the glidepath for the selected approach.
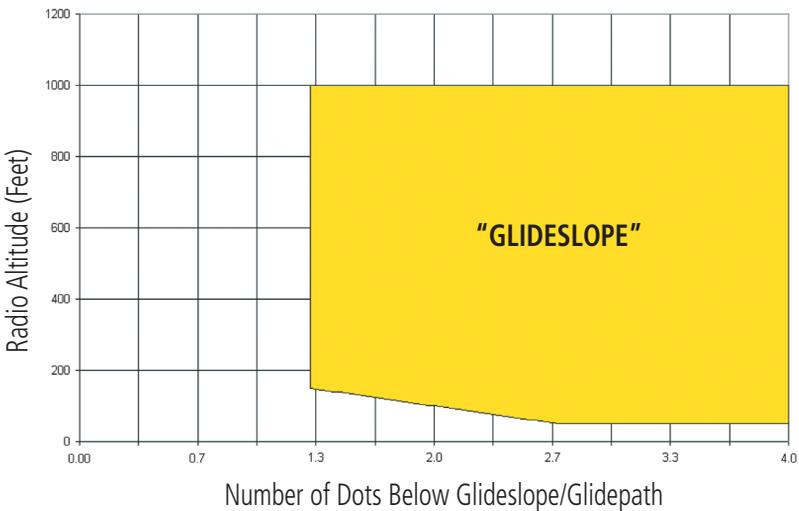

Figure 10-44 Excessive Below Glideslope/Glidepath Deviation Alert Criteria

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GSD alerting is only active after departure and the following conditions are met:

- An ILS, LPV, LNAV/VNAV, or LNAV+V approach is active and vertical navigation indications are being displayed.
- Aircraft is below 1000 feet AGL.
- Gear is configured for landing.

When a GSD caution alert occurs on an ILS approach, the aural and visual annunciation "GLIDESLOPE" is issued. If a GSD caution alert occurs on an LPV, LNAV/VNAV, or LNAV+V approach, the aural and visual annunciation "GLIDESLOPE" is issued.

10.6.3.9.1 Inhibiting Glideslope Deviation (GSD) Alerts

> ✓ **NOTE**: The G/S Inhibit function should be activated when flying a localizer backcourse approach to prevents nuisance GSD alerts. GSD alerts are inhibited independent from all other FLTA, PDA, and GPWS alerts.

1. While viewing the TAWS-A Page, touch the **MENU** key.

2. Touch the **G/S Inhibit** key to inhibit or enable glideslope or glidepath alerts (choice dependent on current state).

> ✓ **NOTE**: The G/S Inhibit function will only be active for a single approach and the inhibit function will not remain active for subsequent approaches. When G/S alerts are inhibited, they are only inhibited for a single approach. To inhibit G/S alerts on the next approach, the G/S Inhibit function must be activated again between the first and second approaches.

> ✓ **NOTE**: Glideslope Deviation alerts will not be available if the G/S INHB function is activated.

10.6.3.10 Inhibiting GPWS Alerts (EDR, ECR, FIT, and NCR)

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> **NOTE:** *The "Inhibit GPWS" function only affects GPWS alerts (EDR, ECR, NCR, and FIT). Alerting for FLTA, PDA, and GSD is controlled independently from the GPWS alerts listed below.*

EDR, ECR, FIT, and NCR aural and visual alerts can be manually inhibited as a group. Discretion should be used when inhibiting alerts and the GPWS system should be enabled when appropriate. When these alerts are inhibited, the alert annunciation "GPWS INH" is shown on the TAWS-A Page annunciation window.

1. While viewing the TAWS-A Page, touch the **MENU** key.

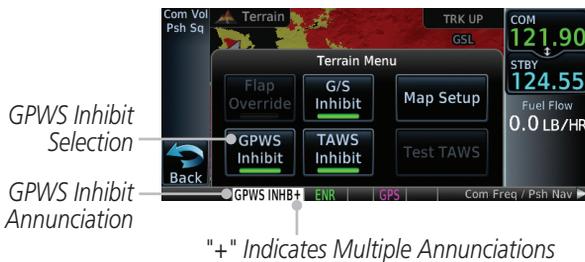2. Touch the **GPWS INH** key to inhibit or enable GPWS alerts (choice dependent on current state).

GPWS Inhibit Selection

GPWS Inhibit Annunciation

"+" Indicates Multiple Annunciations

Figure 10-45 GPWS Inhibit Annunciation

10.6.4   Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO)

TAWS-A provides aural advisory alerts as the aircraft descends, beginning at 500 feet above the terrain, as determined by the radar altimeter (if greater than 5 NM from the nearest airport) or 500 feet above the nearest runway threshold elevation (if less than 5 NM from the nearest airport). Upon descent to this altitude, TAWS-A issues the aural alert message **"*Five-hundred.*"**

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10.6.5   TAWS-A System Status

During power-up, TAWS-A conducts a self-test of its aural and visual annunciations. The system test can also be manually initiated. An aural alert is issued at test completion. TAWS-A System Testing is disabled when ground speed exceeds 30 knots.

10.6.6   TAWS-A Abnormal operations

TAWS-A continually monitors several system-critical items such as database validity, flap and landing gear position, radar altimeter input, and GPS status.

If the GTN does not contain Terrain, Airport Terrain, and Obstacle databases (or the databases are invalid), the aural message **"*TAWS System Failure*"** is generated along with the "TAWS FAIL" alert annunciation.

TAWS-A requires a 3-D GPS navigation solution along with specific vertical accuracy minimums. Should the navigation solution become degraded or if the aircraft is out of the database coverage area, the annunciation "TAWS N/A" is generated in the annunciation window and on the TAWS-A page, the aural message **"*TAWS Not Available*"** is generated if airborne, some TAWS-A terrain alerts will not be issued, and GPWS alerting (which are not dependent on GPS position) will continue to operate. When the GPS signal is re-established and the aircraft is within the database coverage area, the aural message "TAWS Available" is generated.

TAWS-A also requires radar altimeter input. Should the radar altimeter input fail or become degraded, the annunciation "GPWS FAIL" is generated in the annunciation window and on the TAWS-A Page. The aural message **"*GPWS System Failure*"** is also generated. The "GPWS FAIL" annunciation will also occur if both GPS altitude and barometric altitude are unavailable. If only the GPWS system has failed, GPWS-based alerts will not be available, while other TAWS-A alerting remains unaffected.

Multiple TAWS or GPWS annunciations cannot be displayed at the same time. When multiple annunciations exist, an asterisk will be present next to the annunciation. The display of each annunciation will alternate with each being displayed for approximately five seconds.

11 WEATHER

Weather data are displayed by the Weather function when an optional weather source is installed. The Wx Weather pages may be oriented to Track Up, Heading Up, or North Up.

When more weather products are installed, a key for each product will be shown. Touch the key for the desired weather product. When a single weather product is installed, touching the **Weather** key will go directly to the Weather page.

Touch To Select Desired Weather Product

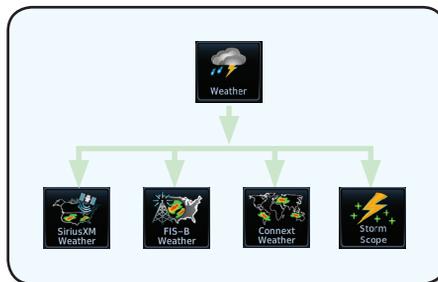**Figure 11-1 Weather Page**

Figure 11-2 Weather Page Functional Diagram

> ⚠ **WARNING:** Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.

> ✓ **NOTE**: Do not rely solely upon data link services to provide Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR) information. Always confirm TFR information through official sources such as Flight Service Stations or Air Traffic Control.

> ✓ **NOTE:** In data link weather, Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFRs) and Notices to Airmen (NOTAMs) that do not have geographical locations cannot be viewed on the GTN.

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> **NOTE:** *Stormscope and XM Lightning are mutually exclusive.*

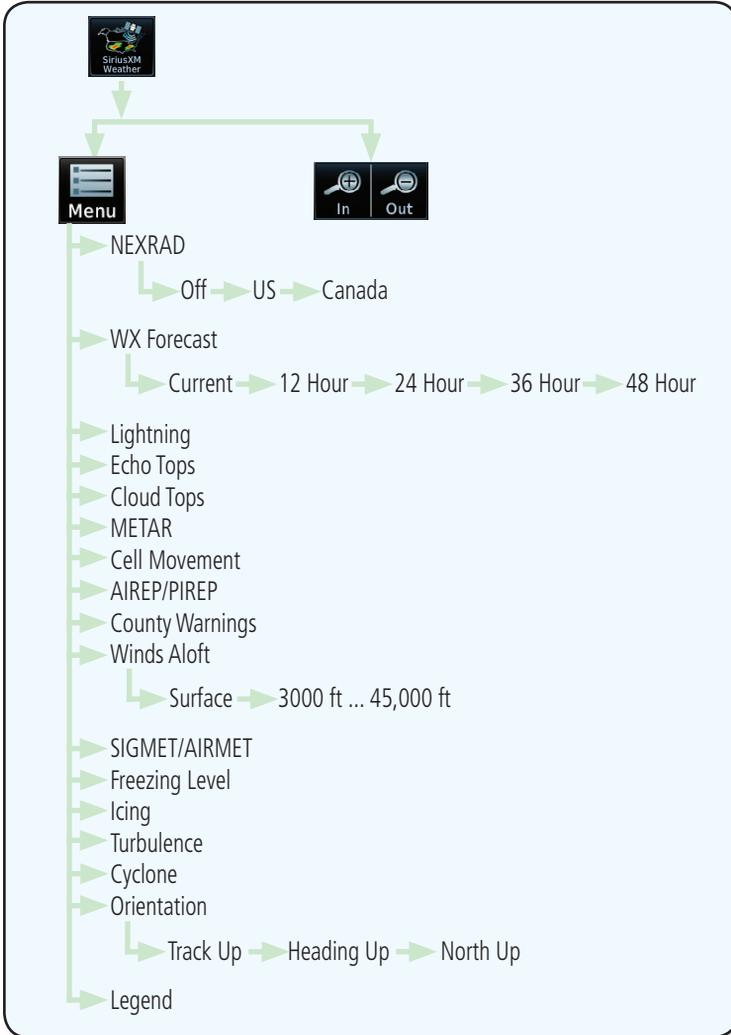## 11.1   SiriusXM Weather Products (Optional)

Figure 11-3 SiriusXM Weather Page Functional Diagram

11.1.1 Displaying SiriusXM Weather

To display SiriusXM weather touch the following sequence of keys starting from the Home page.

1. Touch the **Weather** key on the Home page and then touch the **Data Link** key.

Selected Altitude

Age Of Selected Weather Products

Touch + or - To Select Altitude

Figure 11-4 Data Link Weather Page

2. While viewing the Data Link weather page, touch the **Menu** key to configure the Data Link Weather page.

Weather Overlay Map Orientation

Touch Legend Key To Display Legend

Touch Keys To Select Weather Product. Green Bar Indicates Selected Product.

Touch Keys To Scroll List Of Products

Touch And Drag Menu To Scroll List Of Products

Figure 11-5 Weather Data Link Menu

3. Once you selected what items you want to display, touch **BACK** to return to the Data Link Weather page.

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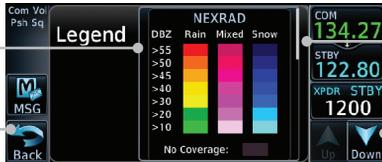
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11.1.2   Weather Legend

The **Legend** key displays a pop-up legend of the currently used weather products.

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Legend** key.

Legend Of Selected Weather Products

Touch To Select Close Legend

Touch Legend And Slide Finger Up And Down To Scroll Legend

Touch Up And Down Keys To Scroll Legend

Figure 11-6 Weather Legend Display

2. Touch the Legend area of the display and while maintaining light pressure against the display, drag your finger up or down to scroll through the legend display for the selected weather products, or use the **Up/Down** keys.

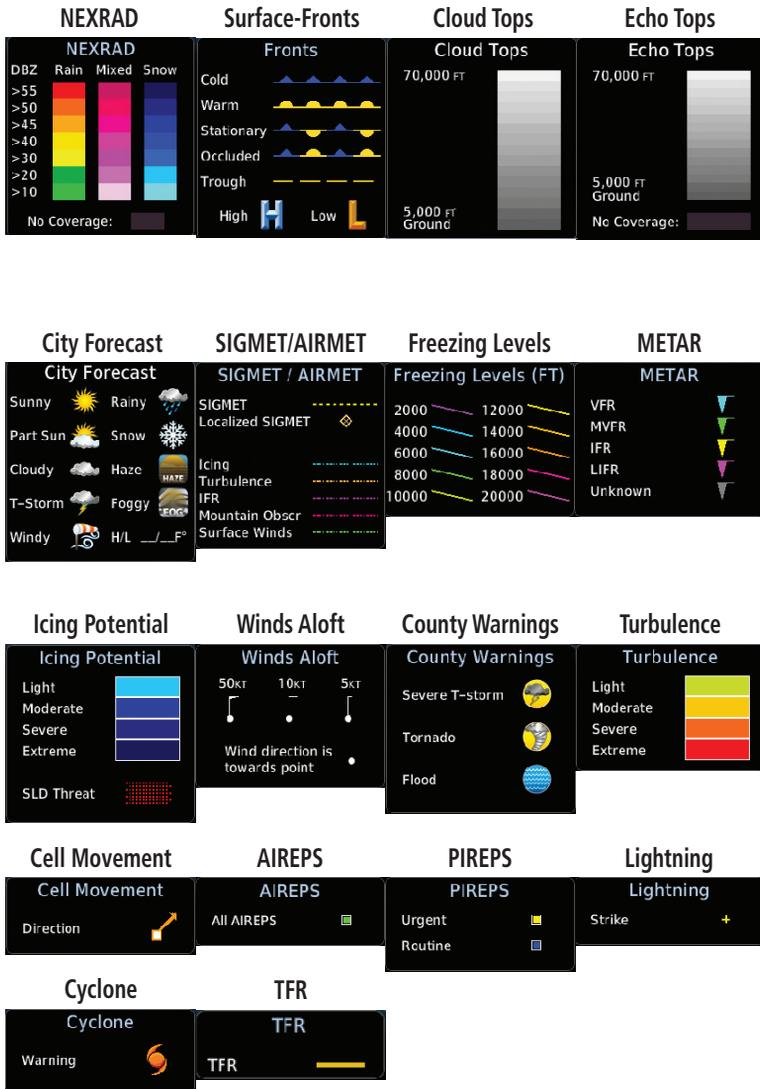3. Touch the **Back** key to remove the Legend.

NEXRAD | **Surface-Fronts** | **Cloud Tops** | **Echo Tops**

City Forecast | **SIGMET/AIRMET** | **Freezing Levels** | **METAR**

Icing Potential | **Winds Aloft** | **County Warnings** | **Turbulence**

Cell Movement | **AIREPS** | **PIREPS** | **Lightning**

Cyclone | **TFR**

Figure 11-7 Available Weather Legends

11.1.3   Weather Map Orientation

1. While viewing the Weather Data Link function, touch the **Menu** key.

2. Touch the **Orientation** key to toggle the map view orientation choices of North Up, Track Up, and Heading Up.

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11.1.4   Product Age and SiriusXM Weather Symbols

When a weather product is active on the Map function or the Weather Data Link function is selected, the age of the data is displayed on the screen. The age of the data may not indicate the time between the current GPS time and the time when the data is assembled, but rather a general indication of the time elapsed from when the data is received by the GTN.

Updated weather data may or may not contain new weather data. Weather data is refreshed at intervals that are defined and controlled by SiriusXM Radio Inc. and its data vendors.

If for any reason, a weather product is not refreshed within the designated intervals, the data is considered expired and is removed from the display. This ensures that the displayed data is consistent with what is currently being broadcast by SiriusXM Radio. If more than half of the designated time has elapsed from the time the data is received, the color of the product age displayed changes to yellow.

⚠ **WARNING:** *Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.*

The following table contains the expiration time and XM broadcast interval.

The expiration time is an elapsed time after which the data is considered expired and is removed from the display. This ensures that the displayed data is consistent with what is currently being broadcast by SiriusXM Radio. If more than half of the expiration time has elapsed from the time the data is received, the color of the product age displayed changes to yellow.

The SiriusXM Weather broadcast interval is the time interval when SiriusXM Satellite Radio broadcasts new signals that may or may not contain new weather data. Weather data is broadcast at intervals that are defined and controlled by SiriusXM Radio.

✓ **NOTE:** *SiriusXM Weather does not provide a timestamp for AIRMETs, SIGMETs, City Forecasts, County Warnings, Cell Movement and TFR products. Therefore, the unit does not display a product age indication for these products.*

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> ✓ **NOTE:** *The unit displays valid times on the weather map in lieu of product age indications for SiriusXM Weather Icing Potential, Winds Aloft, and Turbulence weather products.*

> ✓ **NOTE:** *The unit displays product age for SiriusXM Weather Freezing Level and Canada Winds Aloft weather products. The product age indication represents the number of minutes that have elapsed since the weather product was created by SiriusXM Weather. The unit does not display the valid times assigned to the information within these products.*

Weather Product	Expiration Time (Minutes)	Broadcast Rate (Minutes)
NEXRAD (NEXRAD and Echo Top are Mutually Exclusive)	30	5 (U.S.) 10 (Canada)
Echo Top (Cloud Top and Echo Top Mutually Exclusive) (NEXRAD and Echo Top Mutually Exclusive)	30	7.5
Cloud Top (Cloud Top and Echo Top Mutually Exclusive)	60	15
XM Lightning	30	5
Cell Movement	30	1.25
SIGMETs / AIRMETs	60	12
METARs	90	12
City Forecast	90	12
WX Forecast	60	12
Freezing Levels	120	12
Winds Aloft	90	12
County Warnings	60	5
Cyclone Warnings	60	12
Icing Potential (Icing) (SLD)	90	22
Pilot Weather Report (PIREP) (Blue - Regular, Yellow - Urgent)	90	12

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Weather Product	Expiration Time (Minutes)	Broadcast Rate (Minutes)
Air Report (AIREP)	90	12
Turbulence	180	12
Radar Coverage	30	5
Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR)	60	12
Terminal Aerodrome Forecast (TAF)	60	12

Table 11-1 Weather Products and Data Timing

Symbol	Description
	Flood
	Severe Thunderstorm
	Tornado
	Sunny
	Part Sun
	Cloudy
	Rainy
	T-Storm
	Snow
	Windy
	Foggy
	Haze
	High/Low Temp

Table 11-2 Weather Symbols

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11.1.5 NEXRAD

WSR-88D, or NEXRAD (NEXt-generation RADar), is a network of 158 high-resolution Doppler radar systems that are operated by the National Weather Service (NWS). NEXRAD data provides centralized meteorological information for the continental United States and selected overseas locations. The maximum range of a single NEXRAD radar site is 250 NM. The NEXRAD network provides important information about severe weather for air traffic safety.

NEXRAD data is not real-time. The lapsed time between collection, processing, and dissemination of NEXRAD images can be significant and may not reflect the current radar synopsis. Due to the inherent delays and the relative age of the data, it should be used for long-range planning purposes only. Never use NEXRAD data for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Instead, use it in an early-warning capacity of pre-departure and en route evaluation.

Composite data from all the NEXRAD radar sites in the United States is shown. This data is composed of the maximum reflectivity from the individual radar sweeps. The display of the information is color-coded to indicate the weather severity level.

> **NOTE:** Due to similarities in color schemes, the display of Echo Tops cannot be shown with Cloud Tops and NEXRAD.

1. While viewing the SiriusXM Weather menu, touch the **NEXRAD** key to display the NEXRAD selections.

Figure 11-8 SiriusXM NEXRAD Weather Selection

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2. Touch the desired **NEXRAD** source selection and then the **Back** key to view the weather information.

NEXRAD Weather

Age Of Selected Weather Products

City Forecast - Touch To Select Time

Figure 11-9 NEXRAD Weather

Figure 11-10 NEXRAD Weather Legend

11.1.5.1 Reflectivity

Reflectivity is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. Colors on the NEXRAD display directly correlate to the level of detected reflectivity. Reflectivity as it relates to hazardous weather can be very complex.

The role of radar is essentially to detect moisture in the atmosphere. Simply put, certain types of weather reflect radar better than others. The intensity of a radar reflection is not necessarily an indication of the weather hazard level. For instance, wet hail returns a strong radar reflection, while dry hail does not. Both wet and dry hail can be extremely hazardous.

The different NEXRAD echo intensities are measured in decibels (dB) relative to reflectivity (Z). NEXRAD measures the radar reflectivity ratio, or the energy reflected back to the radar receiver (designated by the letter Z). The value of Z increases as the returned signal strength increases.

11.1.5.2   NEXRAD Limitations

NEXRAD radar images may have certain limitations:

- NEXRAD base reflectivity does not provide sufficient information to determine cloud layers or precipitation characteristics. For example, it is not possible to distinguish between wet snow, wet hail, and rain.

- NEXRAD base reflectivity is sampled at the minimum antenna elevation angle. An individual NEXRAD site cannot depict high altitude storms at close ranges. It has no information about storms directly over the site.

- In the Cell Movement function, "Base" height is actually the height of maximum radar reflection and that the "Base" and "Top" heights are based on radar height and not MSL or AGL.

- Each square block on the display represents an area of four square kilometers (2.15 NM). The intensity level reflected by each square represents the highest level of NEXRAD data sampled within the area.
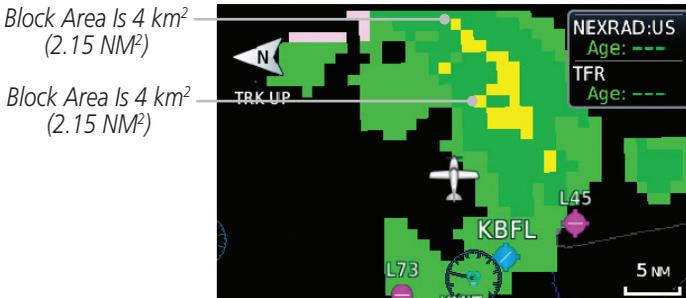

Block Area Is 4 km²
(2.15 NM²)

Block Area Is 4 km²
(2.15 NM²)

Figure 11-11 NEXRAD Data Blocks

The following may cause abnormalities in displayed NEXRAD radar images:

- Ground clutter

- Strobes and spurious radar data

- Sun strobes (when the radar antenna points directly at the sun)

- Interference from buildings or mountains, which may cause shadows

- Metallic dust from military aircraft, which can cause alterations in radar scans

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NEXRAD Limitations (Canada)

- Radar coverage extends to 55ºN.

- Any precipitation displayed between 52ºN and 55ºN is displayed as mixed because it is unknown.
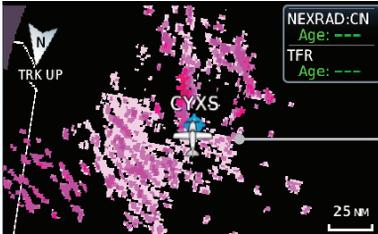
Precipitation Above 52°N

Figure 11-12 NEXRAD Data - Canada

11.1.5.3   Animating NEXRAD

> *NOTE: Animated NEXRAD functionality is available in software v6.00 and later.*

When US or Canada NEXRAD is enabled for display and more than two NEXRAD images have been received by the GTN, the NEXRAD display can be animated on the SiriusXM Weather page. As new NEXRAD images are received, the GTN will automatically store them for future animation. The GTN can animate up to six NEXRAD images from oldest to newest, showing each for one second and the newest for two seconds.

Touch To Start NEXRAD Animation

Touch To Stop NEXRAD Animation

Figure 11-13 Animating NEXRAD

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1. While viewing the SiriusXM Weather page with NEXRAD enabled for display, touch **Menu** and press the **Play NXRD** key to start the NEXRAD animation.

> *NOTE: Weather Forecast, Cloud Tops, and Cell Movement will automatically be turned off while NEXRAD is animating.*

2. Touch **Menu** and then touch the **Stop NXRD** key to stop the NEXRAD animation. The animation will also stop when leaving the page or turning off NEXRAD on the SiriusXM weather page.

11.1.6 Echo Tops

Echo Tops data shows the location, elevation, and direction of the highest radar echo. The highest radar echo does not indicate the top of a storm or clouds; rather it indicates the highest altitude at which precipitation is detected. This information is determined from NEXRAD data.

> *NOTE: Due to similarities in color schemes, the display of Echo Tops cannot be shown with Cloud Tops and NEXRAD.*

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Echo Tops** key.

Product Age

Present Position

Echo Tops

Figure 11-14 Echo Tops

2. Touch the **Echo Tops** key again to turn it off.

Figure 11-15 Echo Tops Legend

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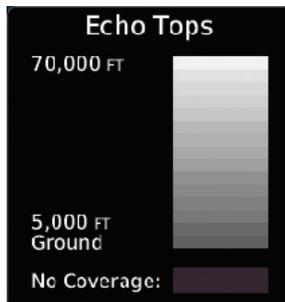
11.1.7   Cloud Tops

> **NOTE:** *Due to similarities in color schemes, it is not possible to display Echo Tops and Cloud Tops at the same time.*

Cloud tops data depicts cloud top altitudes as determined from satellite imagery.

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Cloud Tops** key.

Figure 11-16 Cloud Tops

2. Touch the **Cloud Tops** key again to turn it off.
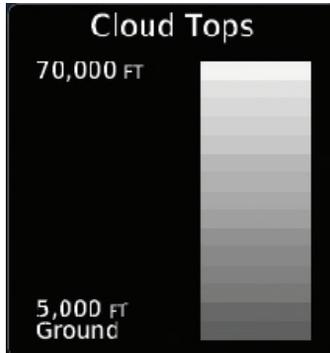
Figure 11-17 Cloud Tops Legend

11.1.8 Cell Movement

Cell Movement data shows the location and movement of storm cells as identified by a ground-based system. Cells are represented by yellow squares, with direction of movement indicated with short, orange arrows.

> ⚠ **NOTE:** *In the Cell Movement function, "Base" height is actually the height of maximum radar reflection and that the "Base" and "Top" heights are based on radar height and not MSL or AGL.*

[Cell Movement] 1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Cell Movement** key.

Cell Movement (Position And Direction Of Movement)
Product Age
Present Position

Figure 11-18 Cell Movement

2. Touch a Cell Movement icon to view cell details.

Top Height Reported as Maximum Altitude of Reflected Precip.
Base Height Reported as Altitude of Maximum Reflectivity

Cell Movement:
Speed: 15 KT
Direction: 163°
Base: 17000 FT
Top: 21750 FT

Cell Speed and Direction

Figure 11-19 Cell Movement Detail

[Cell Movement] 3. Touch the **Cell Movement** key again to turn it off.

Cell Movement
Direction

Figure 11-20 Cell Movement Legend

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11.1.9   SIGMETs and AIRMETs

SIGMETs (SIGnificant METerological Information) and AIRMETs (AIRmen's METerological Information) are broadcast for potentially hazardous weather considered of importance to aircraft.

1.   While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **SIGMET/AIRMET** key.

IFR Line
SIGMET Line

Present Position
Turbulence Line

Figure 11-21 SIGMETs and AIRMETs

2.   Touch the **SIGMET/AIRMET** key again to turn it off.
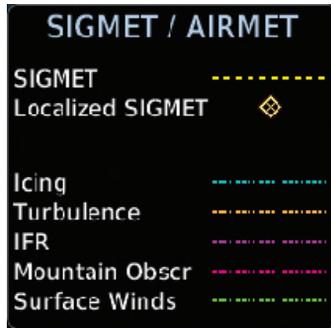
Figure 11-22 SIGMET/AIRMET Legend

11.1.10   County Warnings

County Warnings data provides specific public awareness and protection weather warnings from the National Weather Service. This can include information on fires, tornadoes, severe thunderstorms, flood conditions, and other natural disasters.

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1.   While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **County Warnings** key.

County Warning Symbol - Touch To Display Detail
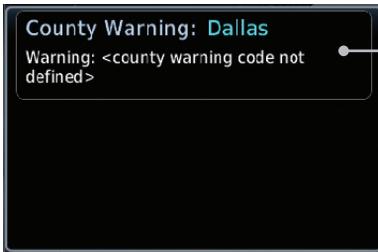
County Warning Detail

Figure 11-23 County Warnings Data

2.   After viewing the County Warning detail, touch the **Back** key to return to the Map view.

3.   Touch the **County Warnings** key again to turn it off.
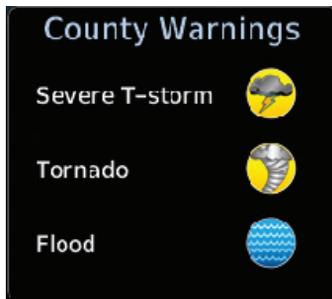
Figure 11-24 County Warnings Legend

11.1.11   Freezing Level

Freezing Level data shows the color-coded contour lines for the altitude and location at which the Freezing Level is found. When no data is displayed for a given altitude, the data for that altitude has not been received, or is out of date and has been removed from the display. New data appears on the next update.

1.   While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Freezing Level** key.

Freezing Level Line

Product Age

Present Position

Figure 11-25 Freezing Level

2.   Touch the **Freezing Level** key again to turn it off.
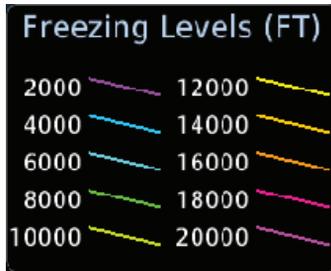
Figure 11-26 Freezing Level Legend

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11.1.12 METARs

METAR (METeorological Aerodrome Report), known as an Aviation Routine Weather Report, is the standard format for current weather observations. METARs are updated hourly and are considered current. METARs typically contain information about the temperature, dew point, wind, precipitation, cloud cover, cloud heights, visibility, and barometric pressure. They can also contain information on precipitation amounts, lightning, and other critical data. METARs are shown as colored flags at airports that provide them.

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **METAR** key.

Product Age

Present Position

METAR Flags -
Touch For Detail

Figure 11-27 METARs

2. Touch a METAR to show detailed information. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.

Slider Shows More Detail
Available - Touch And
Drag Display To View

METAR Detail

Figure 11-28 METARs Detail

3. Touch the **METAR** key again to turn it off.

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METAR Symbol	Description
	VFR (ceiling greater than 3000 ft. AGL and visibility greater than five miles)
	Marginal VFR (ceiling 1000–3000 ft. AGL and/or visibility three to five miles)
	IFR (ceiling 500 to below 1000 ft. AGL and/or visibility one mile to less than three miles)
	Low IFR (ceiling below 500 ft. AGL or visibility less than one mile)
	Unknown

Table 11-3 METAR Symbols

11.1.13   Cyclone

The current location of the cyclone is shown along with its projected path with the date and time.

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Cyclone** key.

Projected Path With Date And Time

Name, Date, Time, And Current Position Of Cyclone

Figure 11-29 Cyclone

2. Touch the **Cyclone** key again to turn it off.
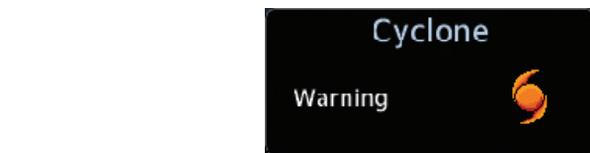
Figure 11-30 Cyclone Legend

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11.1.14 Lightning

Lightning data shows the approximate location of cloud-to-ground lightning strikes. A yellow cross icon represents a strike that has occurred within a 2 kilometer region. The exact location of the lightning is not displayed.

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Lightning** key.

Lightning Strikes

Product Age
Present Position

Figure 11-31 Lightning

2. Touch the **Lightning** key again to turn it off.

Figure 11-32 Lightning Legend

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11.1.15 Weather Forecast

The Weather Forecast data provides Surface Analysis and City Forecast information for current and forecast weather conditions. The Surface Analysis forecast shows frontal lines indicating weather fronts and the direction they are moving. High and Low pressure centers are noted with a large H or L. A Cold Front is a front where cold air replaces warm air. A blue line with blue triangles will point in the direction of cold air flow. A Warm Front is where warm air replaces cold air. A red line with red half moons will point in the direction of the warm air flow.

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Wx Forecast** key.

City Forecast Symbol

Weather Front Surface Analysis

Figure 11-33 Surface Conditions

2. Touch the desired Surface Forecast time (Current, 12 Hour, 24 Hour, 36 Hour, or 48 Hour) to display the desired information.

Touch And Drag Slider To Scroll Selections

Touch To Select Time

Touch To Scroll Selections

Figure 11-34 Select City Forecast Time

3. Touch a City Forecast symbol to show detailed information. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.

City Forecast Symbol

Forecast: Abilene, TX
CUR: Partly Cloudy, 76°F(H), (5%)
12HR: Partly Cloudy, 42°F(L), (5%)
24HR: Partly Cloudy, 70°F(H), (5%)
36HR: Partly Cloudy, 49°F(L), (0%)
48HR: Partly Cloudy, 76°F(H), (5%)

Figure 11-35 Surface Conditions Detail

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Surface
Conditions

4. Touch the **Wx Forecast** key again to turn it off.

City Forecast

Fronts
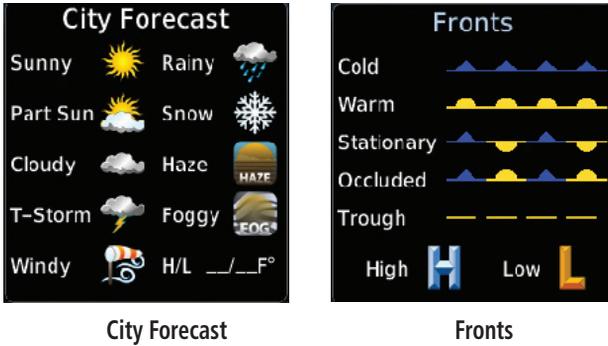
Figure 11-36 Surface Legends

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11.1.16 Winds Aloft

Winds Aloft data shows the forecast wind speed and direction at the surface and at selected altitudes. Altitudes can be selected in 3000 foot increments from the surface up to 45,000 feet.

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Winds Aloft** key.

Selected Wind Altitude   *Wind Symbols*

Touch To Select Wind Altitude

Figure 11-37 Winds Aloft

2. Touch the **WX Aloft ALT −** or **+** keys to increase or decrease the reporting altitude of the winds aloft in 3,000 foot increments. The selected altitude is shown in a window above the altitude keys.
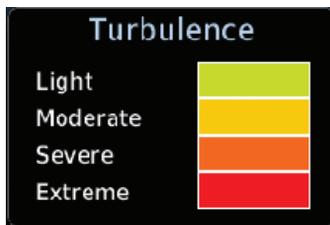
3. Touch the **Winds Aloft** key again to turn it off.

Winds Aloft

50KT   10KT   5KT

Wind direction is towards point
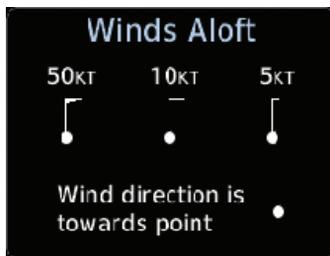
Figure 11-38 Winds Aloft Legend

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11.1.17 Icing

The Icing product provides information about the current icing environment and where it may occur between 1,000 feet and 30,000 feet in 3,000 foot increments. Supercooled Large Droplets (SLD) Icing provides an alert to the potential for freezing rain due to the presence of large, supercooled water droplets. SLD data is shown between 1,000 feet and 30,000 feet in 3,000 foot increments.

| Icing |

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Icing** key.
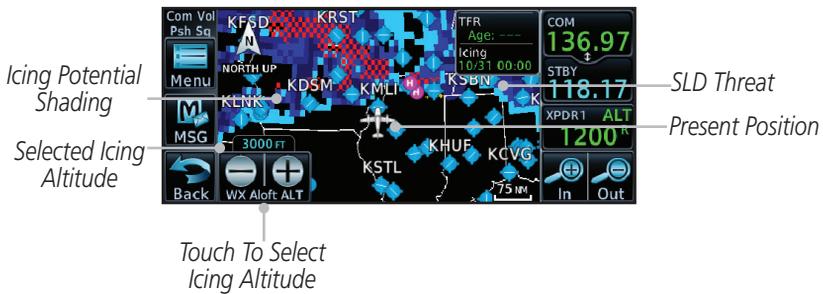
Icing Potential Shading
Selected Icing Altitude
SLD Threat
Present Position

Touch To Select Icing Altitude

Figure 11-39 Icing

| WX Aloft ALT |

2. Touch the **WX Aloft ALT** ➖ or ➕ keys to increase or decrease the reporting altitude of icing in 3,000 foot increments. The selected altitude is shown in a window above the altitude keys.

| Icing |

3. Touch the **Icing** key again to turn it off.
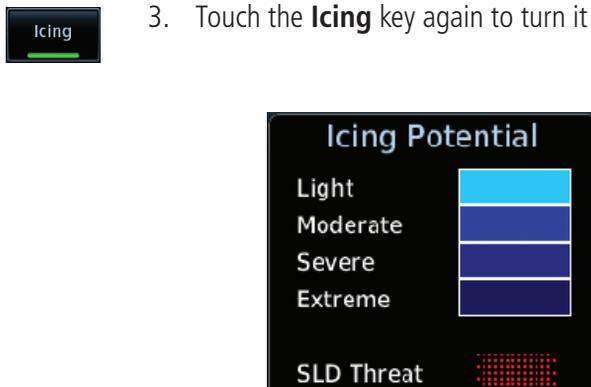
Figure 11-40 Icing Legend

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11.1.18 Turbulence

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The Turbulence product provides information about the potential for erratic movement of air at high altitudes. Conditions are reported at altitudes between 21,000 and 45,000 feet in 3,000 foot increments.

1. While viewing the Weather Data Link menu, touch the **Turbulence** key.

Figure 11-41 Turbulence

Product Age

Present Position

Turbulence Shading

Selected Turbulence Altitude
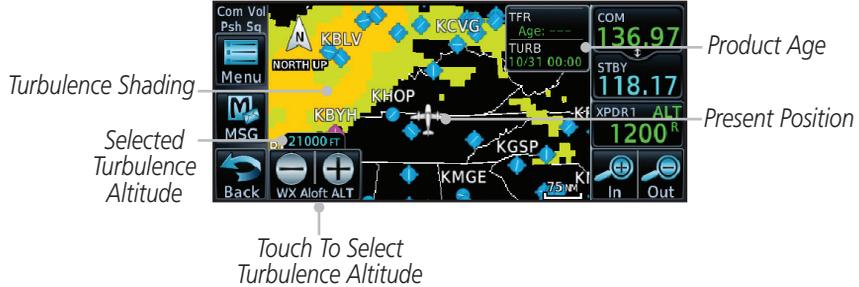
Touch To Select Turbulence Altitude

2. Touch the **WX Aloft ALT** ➖ or ➕ keys to increase or decrease the reporting altitude for turbulence in 3,000 foot increments. The selected altitude is shown in a window above the altitude keys.

3. Touch the **Turbulence** key again to turn it off.

Figure 11-42 Turbulence Legend

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11.1.19 AIREP/PIREP

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Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information for a particular route of flight. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain non-forecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear, and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA).

1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **AIREP/PIREP** key.

Touch Weather Info Icon To View AIREP Details

Touch TFR Icon To View TFR Details

Touch Weather Info Icon To View PIREP/Details

Figure 11-43 Weather Display With AIREP/PIREP Information Active

2. Touch a weather information icon to view details for that item.
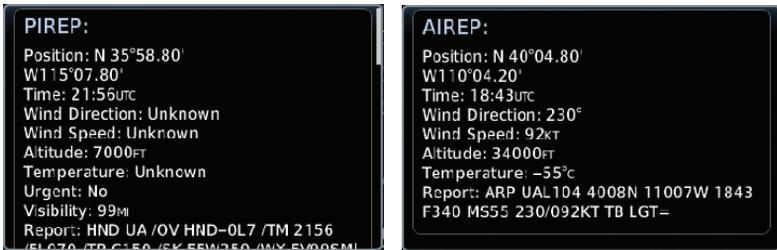
Figure 11-44 AIREP and PIREP Detail

3. Touch the **Back** key to remove the detailed information.

4. Touch the **AIREP/PIREP** key again to turn it off.

11.2   StormScope® Weather

11.2.1   StormScope® (Optional)

> **NOTE**: *Refer to the WX-500 Pilot's Guide for a detailed description of the WX-500 StormScope.*

The StormScope WX-500 Weather Mapping Sensor is a passive weather avoidance system that detects electrical discharges associated with thunderstorms within a 200 NM radius of the aircraft. The StormScope measures relative bearing and distance of thunderstorm-related electrical activity and reports the information to the display. ***Interfaces are currently only available for the WX-500 StormScope System***.

For lightning display interpretation, study the examples in the WX-500 Pilot's Guide that are designed to help you relate the cell or strike patterns shown on the display to the size and location of thunderstorms that may be near your aircraft.

Symbol	Time Since Strike (Seconds)
	6
	60
	120
	180

Table 11-4 Stormscope Symbols

1. From the Home page, touch the **Weather** key (and then the **StormScope** key if present) to reach the StormScope function.

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Orientation Annunciation. HDG N/A - Heading Is Not Available.

Range Ring

Lightning Strikes

Lightning Display Mode (Cell or Strike)

Touch To Clear Lightning Strikes

Lightning Strike Rate

Figure 11-45 StormScope Display (360° Display View Shown)

2. Touch the **Menu** key to setup the StormScope display.

360° View Selected

Lightning Display Mode - Cell Selected

Figure 11-46 StormScope Menu

3. Touch the **360°** or **Arc** to select the display view.

View

360 → Arc

Mode

Cell → Strike
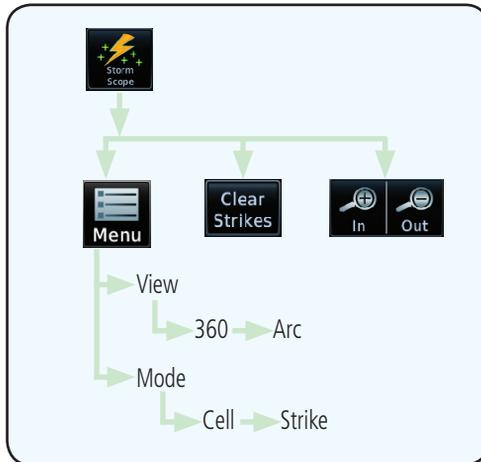
Figure 11-47 StormScope Functional Diagram

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11.2.2   Clearing the StormScope® Page

Routinely clearing the StormScope Page of all discharge points is a good way to determine if a storm is building or dissipating. In a building storm, discharge points reappear faster and in larger numbers. In a dissipating storm discharge points appear slower and in smaller numbers.

1.   While viewing the Weather StormScope page, touch **MENU.**

2.   Touch the **Clear Strikes** key to clear lightning strikes.

> *NOTE: When Heading is not available (N/A), the pilot must clear the strikes after each turn.*

11.2.3   Changing the StormScope® Display View

The Lightning Page displays either a 360° or a 120° viewing angle.

1.   While viewing the Weather StormScope page, touch **MENU.**

2.   Touch the **360°** or **Arc** to select the display view.

Figure 11-48 StormScope 360° and Arc Display Views

> *NOTE: Cell mode uses a clustering program to identify clusters of electrical activity that indicate cells. Cell mode is most useful during periods of heavy storm activity. Displaying cell data during these periods frees the user from sifting through a screen full of discharge points and helps to better determine where the storm cells are located.*

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11.2.4 Changing the StormScope® Data Display Range

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StormScope data can be displayed on the Map page 2000 NM zoom scale, but the data only goes out as far as the StormScope can report (200 NM). The 500 NM zoom scale will display all lightning data. Scales greater than 500 NM do not display any additional StormScope data.

1. While viewing the StormScope page, touch the **In** and **Out** keys to display a larger or smaller area.

11.2.5 Displaying StormScope® Data on the Map Page

The Map Page displays cell or strike information using yellow lightning strike symbology overlaid on a moving map. This added capability improves situational awareness, which in turn makes it much easier for the pilot to relate storm activity to airports, NAVAIDs, obstacles and other ground references.

> *NOTE: StormScope data is displayed on the Map Page only if aircraft heading is available.*

1. On the Home page, touch the **Map** key.

2. Touch the **Menu** key.

3. Touch the **StormScope** key to enable StormScope lightning display on the Map page. Repeated touches toggle between Off, Cell, and Strike.

> *NOTE: The selected lightning display type, cell or strike, will be shown the same on both the StormScope and the Map pages.*

> *NOTE: The GTN will display StormScope data with or without a heading source. If no heading source is available, the display will indicate this by placing "HDG N/A" in the upper right portion of the display. If no heading is available, the pilot must clear the strikes after each heading change.*

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11.3　Connext Weather

Connext Weather is an optional feature available with the Iridium® satellite system that is interfaced through the optional Garmin GSR 56. Connext Weather may be viewed in the Weather and Map functions. The Weather pages may be oriented to either Track Up, Heading, or North Up. Both Connext and XM Weather may be installed and selected individually. Connext Weather coverage is available throughout most of Europe, Canada and the U.S. Additional radar coverage areas are being added continuously.
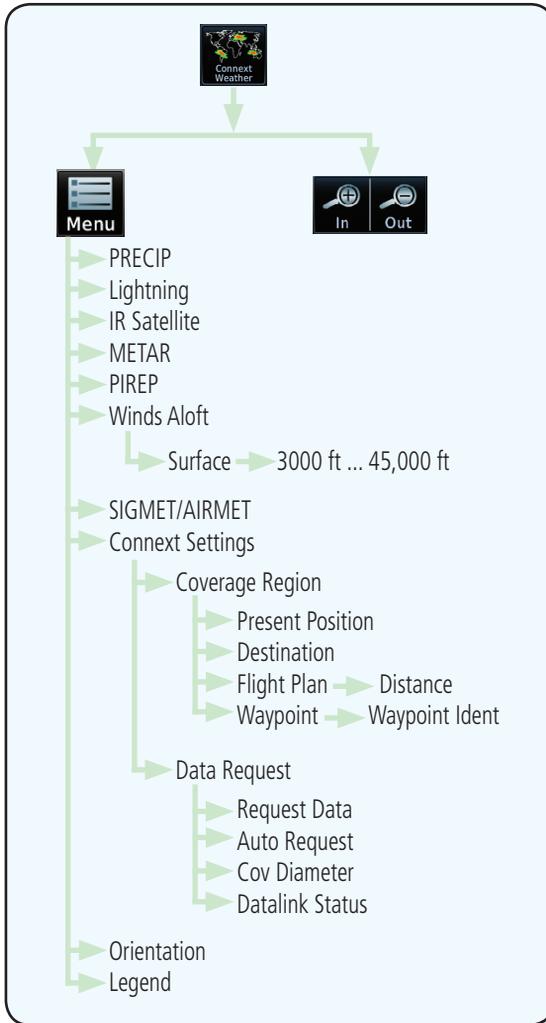
Figure 11-49　Connext Weather Functional Diagram

More detail on Connext weather products and coverage can be found at: http://fly.garmin.com/fly-garmin/gfds-weather/

✎ **NOTE:** *A system can be configured for multiple weather products, but only one may be selected for viewing in the Weather or map pages at a given time.*

11.3.1 Using Connext Satellite Weather Products

When a weather product is active on the Weather Data Link Page or the Navigation Map Page, the age of the data is displayed on the screen. The age of the product is based on the time difference between when the data was assembled on the ground and the current GPS time. Weather products are refreshed at selectable intervals.

Weather products expire at intervals based on each product. When the data expires, it is removed from the display. This ensures that the displayed data is consistent with what is currently being broadcast by Connext Satellite Radio services. If more than half of the expiration time has elapsed from the time the data is received, the color of the product age displayed changes to yellow.

11.3.2 Connext Weather Menu

The Connext Weather page is customized by selecting options from the Connext Weather and the Connext Settings Menus. The Connext Weather Menu options include choices for Weather Setup and displaying selected weather products. The Connext Settings Menu makes settings for the Coverage Region and Data Request frequency.

1. While viewing the Connext Weather page, touch the **MENU** key to display the Connext Weather Menu. Touch the desired keys to toggle the weather product.

Figure 11-50 Connext Weather Menu

2. Touch and slide the display to view the complete menu.

Figure 11-51 More Connext Weather Menu
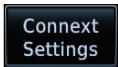
3. Touch the **Connext Settings** key to make detailed settings for the Connext Weather display.

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11.3.3 Connext Settings

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Touch To Manually Request Data

Coverage Region Settings

Coverage Diameter

Auto Request Setting

Datalink Status

Figure 11-52 Connext Settings Menu

11.3.3.1   Connext Data Request

It is necessary to request the downloading of weather products. Requests can be sent manually or set to automatically update at a selected rate. The Connext weather data may be updated at any time regardless of the automatic update timing by selecting a Manual Request. When multiple requests are made, some products are merged with the old data (SIGMETs/AIRMETs, TAFs, TFRs, and METARs), but the old data of other products is discarded.

1. While viewing the Connext Settings Menu, touch the **Request Data** key to manually request data.

2. Touch the **Auto Request** key to set the Auto Request Period.

> *NOTE: Auto Request can only be enabled on the GTN directly connected to the GSR 56.*

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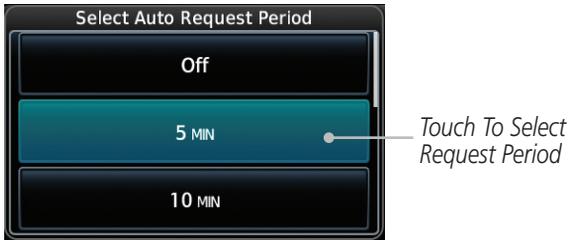
Figure 11-53 Select Auto Request Period

3. Touch the **Cancel Request** key to cancel a request in progress.

Touch To Cancel Request

Touch To Select Request Period

Time Remaining Until Next Request

Figure 11-54 Cancelling A Request

11.3.3.2 Connext Data Request Coverage Region

1. While viewing the Connext Settings Menu, touch the **Coverage Region** key.

Figure 11-55 Connext Weather Coverage Region Menu

2. Touch the desired settings to customize the Connext Weather display.

Present Position Data Request

Touch the **Present Position** key to request that weather information will be shown around your present position.

Destination Connext Data Request

Touch the **Destination** key to request that weather information will be shown around the destination waypoint in the flight plan.

Flight Plan Data Request

Touch the **Flight Plan** key to request that weather information will be shown around the active flight plan.

Flight Plan Distance Data Request
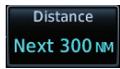
Touch the **Distance** key to request that weather information will be shown for the selected distance along the active flight plan.

Waypoint Connext Data Request

1. Touch the **Waypoint** key to request that weather information will be shown around the selected waypoint.

2. Select the waypoint and then press **ENT.**

Diameter/Route Width Connext Data Request

After selecting a coverage option in the previous section, select the desired **Diameter** and then press **ENT.**

11.3.3.3   Connext Weather Map Orientation
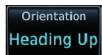
1. While viewing the Connext Weather Menu, touch the **Orientation** key.

2. Touch the orientation choices of North Up, Track Up, and Heading Up and to accept the displayed value and return to the Connext Weather Menu.

Touch To Select Map Orientation

Figure 11-56 Connext Weather Map Orientation

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11.3.4 Register With Connext

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It is necessary to register the GTN with Connext to utilize the weather products.

1. Call Garmin Customer Service to create a Connext account. Provide the GTN System ID and airframe info (model, tail number, etc).

2. Customer Service will issue an access code to enter on the Connext Registration page.

3. While viewing Connext Settings Menu, touch the **Datalink Status** key.

GSR 56 Status

Current Registration Info

Network Registration — **Registered**

Iridium Signal — *Iridium Signal Level*

Version: Serial Number: **SIM001**

Iridium Phone Status — **Idle**

Phone and Datalink Status

Connext Registration — *Touch To Register*

Datalink WX Status — **Idle**

Figure 11-57 GSR 56 Status

4. Touch the **Connext Registration** key to display the Connext Registration display.

Connext Registration   Status Registered

Touch To Enter Access Code — Access Code

Register — *Touch To Register*

Current Registration Info —
Airframe **Demo**
Tail Number **Demo**
Airframe Serial Number **Demo**
Iridium Serial Number **Demo**

Figure 11-58 Connext Registration Page

5. Touch the Access Code key to enter the appropriate code and then touch the **Enter** key.

6. Touch the **Register** key to complete the process. The GTN will contact the Connext servers using the GSR 56 transceiver. If the access code and system ID are correct, it will download and display the airframe info.

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Deactivate Unit Registration With Connext

Registration of the GTN unit with Connext can be deactivated so that the unit can no longer make requests to Connext. This does not cancel the subscription.

1. While viewing the Connext Registration display, touch the Access Code field and press **CLR** to remove the access code.

2. Any weather requests will now fail and the system will no longer be linked to the Connext account.

11.3.5 Connext Weather Product Age

The weather product expiration time and the refresh rate are shown in the following table. The refresh rate represents the interval at which Connext Satellites broadcast new signals that may or may not contain new weather data. It does not represent the rate at which weather data is updated or new content is received by the Data Link Receiver. Weather data is refreshed at intervals that are defined and controlled by Connext and its data vendors.

Weather Product	Expiration Time (Minutes)
PRECIP	30
Lightning	30
IR Satellite	60
SIGMETs / AIRMETs	60
METARs	90
Winds Aloft	90
Pilot Weather Report (PIREP) (Blue - Regular, Yellow - Urgent)	90
Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR)	60

Table 11-5 Connext Weather Products and Aging Times

⚠️ **WARNING:** *Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.*

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11.3.6   TFRs

Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFRs) provide detailed information for local short term restrictions.

Figure 11-59 Connext TFR Legend

1. Touch a TFR symbol on the Weather page to view details.

TFR Detail

*Touch TFR Symbol
To View Details*

Figure 11-60 Connext TFR Detail

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.

11.3.7 Precipitation (PRECIP) Data

Graphical data is overlaid on the map indicating the rainfall detected by ground based radar for a specific area. The colors indicating increasing levels of rainfall progresses from light green for light rainfall to red for heavy rainfall. Review the Limitations section in the front of this guide for the limitations that apply to the Connext data. Rainfall data is color coded as follows:

Figure 11-61 Connext PRECIP Weather Map Display and Legend

Figure 11-62 Connext Precipitation Data

The "No Coverage" color indicates that no data is available for that area, and rainfall in that area is unknown.

When weather data is received, the airborne system will display that data for 20 minutes. If no new data has been received for a given area, the rainfall will be removed after 20 minutes and the area will revert back to the "No Coverage" color.

The Connext Weather Function is based on a ground-to-air data link and requires that the appropriate ground systems are broadcasting weather data and the aircraft is within reception range of the Ground Broadcast Transceiver (GBT).

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11.3.7.1　Animating Precipitation Data

> ✏️ **NOTE:** *Animated Precipitation functionality is available in software v6.00 and later.*

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When Precipitation Data is enabled for display and more than two Precipitation images have been received by the GTN, the Precipitation display can be animated on the Connext Weather page. As new Precipitation images are received, the GTN will automatically store them for future animation. The GTN can animate up to six Precipitation images from oldest to newest, showing each for one second and the newest for two seconds.

1. While viewing the Connext Weather page with Precipitation enabled for display, touch **Menu** and then press the **Play PRCP** key to start the Precipitation animation.

2. Touch **Menu** and then touch the **Stop PRCP** key to stop the Precipitation animation. The animation will also stop when leaving the page or turning off Precipitation on the Connext weather page.

11.3.8 Lightning

Lightning data shows the approximate location of cloud-to-ground lightning strikes. A strike icon represents a strike that has occurred within a two kilometer (1.08 NM) region. The exact location of the lightning strike is not displayed. Only cloud to ground strikes are reported in the US and extreme southern Canada (cloud to cloud strikes are not reported).

Lightning Symbol

Figure 11-63 Connext Data Link Lightning and Legend

11.3.9 Infrared Satellite Data

Infrared Satellite data is available over North America and Europe and depicts cloud top temperatures from satellite imagery. Brighter cloud top colors indicate cooler temperatures occurring at higher altitudes. Information is updated every half hour.

IR Satellite Product Age

IR Satellite Coverage
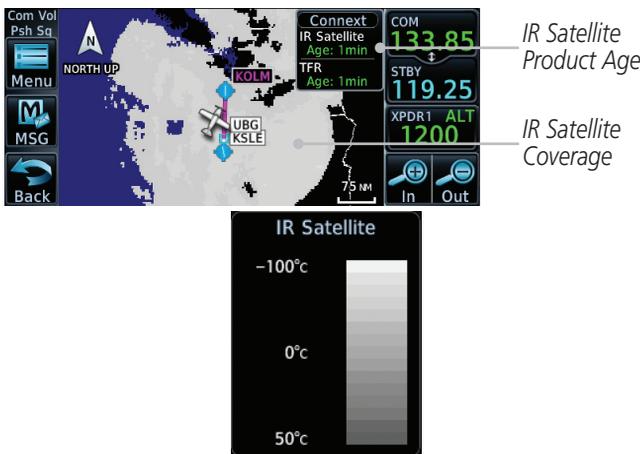
Figure 11-64 Connext Infrared Satellite Data Map Display and Legend

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11.3.10 METARs

> **NOTE:** *Atmospheric pressure reported for METARs is given in hectopascals (hPa), except in the United States, where it is reported in inches of mercury (in Hg). Temperatures are reported in Celsius.*

> **NOTE:** *METAR information is only displayed within the installed aviation database service area.*

METAR (METeorological Aerodrome Report), known as an Aviation Routine Weather Report, is the standard format for current weather observations. METARs are generally updated hourly, but some site are more frequent. Special updates are done as conditions warrant. METARs typically contain information about the temperature, dew point, wind, precipitation, cloud cover, cloud heights, visibility, and barometric pressure. They can also contain information on precipitation amounts, lightning, and other critical data. METARs are shown as colored flags at airports that provide them.

METAR Symbol	Description
	VFR (ceiling greater than 3000 ft. AGL and visibility greater than five miles)
	Marginal VFR (ceiling 1000–3000 ft. AGL and/or visibility three to five miles)
	IFR (ceiling 500 to below 1000 ft. AGL and/or visibility one mile to less than three miles)
	Low IFR (ceiling below 500 ft. AGL or visibility less than one mile)
	Unknown

Table 11-6 METAR Symbols

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1. While viewing the Connext Weather page, touch the airport with a METAR flag.

METAR Detail
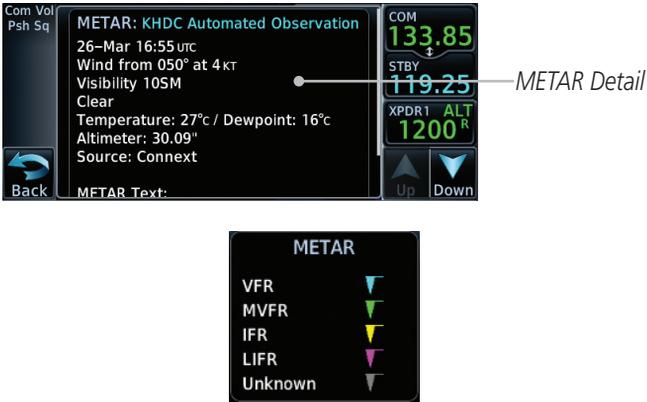
Figure 11-65 Connext Weather - Graphic METARs and Legend

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather page.

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11.3.11 PIREPs

Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information for a particular route of flight. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain non-forecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear, and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA).

1. While viewing the Connext Weather page, touch a PIREP symbol.

Figure 11-66 Connext Weather - PIREPs and Legend

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather page.

11.3.12 Winds Aloft

Winds Aloft data shows the forecast wind speed and direction at the surface and at selected altitudes. Altitudes can be selected in 3000 foot increments from the surface up to 42,000 feet MSL. Pressing the **WX Aloft ALT +** or **–** soft keys steps down or up in 3,000 foot increments.

Product Age

Winds Aloft Altitude Selection

Winds Aloft Symbol

Figure 11-67 Connext Weather - Winds Aloft and Legend

Winds Aloft Altitude

The Winds Aloft Altitude option allows you to select the altitude for the Winds Aloft weather product. Altitude can be selected in 3000 foot increments from the surface up to 42,000 feet MSL.

Pressing the **WX Aloft ALT +** or **–** soft keys steps down or up in 3,000 foot increments. In the figure shown above, 6000 feet is selected and Winds Aloft data is shown for winds reported at an altitude of 6000 feet.

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11.3.13 SIGMETs and AIRMETs

SIGMETs (SIGnificant METeorological Information) and AIRMETs (AIRmen's METeorological Information) are broadcast for potentially hazardous weather considered of importance to aircraft. A Convective SIGMET is issued for hazardous convective weather. A localized SIGMET is a significant weather condition occurring at a localized geographical position.

SIGMET/AIRMET Detail

Figure 11-68 Connext Weather Page - AIRMETs/SIGMETs

When enabled, SIGMET/AIRMETs advise the pilot of potentially hazardous weather. SIGMETs are directed to all aircraft. AIRMETs are intended for light aircraft. SIGMET/AIRMET data covers icing, turbulence, dust, and volcanic ash as issued by the National Weather Service. The update rate is selected in the Connext Settings Menu.

Figure 11-69 Connext Weather - AIRMETs/SIGMETs Detail and Legend

When enabled, the following AIRMETs are available for display:

- Icing
- Turbulence
- IFR conditions
- Mountain obscuration
- Surface winds

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11.4   FIS-B Weather

The Flight Information Services (FIS-B) function is capable of displaying text and graphic weather information with GDL 88 and GTX 345 installations. No subscription for FIS-B services is required.

The FIS-B Function is a graphic weather display capable of displaying graphical weather information on UAT equipped installations. Graphical data is overlaid on the map indicating the rainfall detected by ground based radar for a specific area. The colors indicating increasing levels of rainfall progresses from light green for light rainfall to magenta for heavy rainfall. Review the Limitations section in the front of this guide for the limitations that apply to the FIS-B data. Rainfall data is color coded as follows:
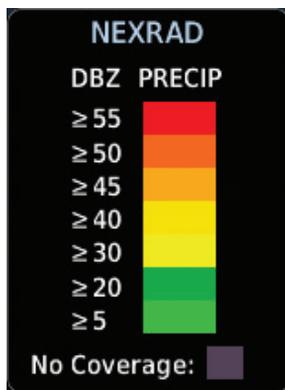
Figure 11-70 FIS-B Weather Precipitation Legend

A cyan checkerboard pattern indicates that no data is available for that area, and rainfall in that area is unknown.

The FIS-B Function is based on a ground-to-air data link and requires that the appropriate ground systems are broadcasting weather data and the aircraft is within reception range of the Ground Broadcast Transceiver (GBT).

Figure 11-71 FIS-B Weather Functional Diagram

Weather Product	Expiration Time (Minutes)	Transmission Interval (Minutes)	Update Interval (Minutes)
CONUS NEXRAD	60	15	15
Regional NEXRAD	30	2.5	5
AIRMETs	60	5	As Available (Typically 20 minutes)
SIGMETs	60	5	As Available (Typically 20 minutes), then at 15 minute intervals for 1 hour
METARs	90	5	1 minute (where available), As Available otherwise (Typically ≤ 20 minutes)
Winds and Temperatures Aloft	90 or at the end of the valid period	10	12 hours
Pilot Weather Report (PIREP) (Blue - Regular, Yellow - Urgent)	90	10	As available (Typically 20 minutes)
TAFs	60	10	8 hours
TFRs	60	10	20
NOTAMs	60	10	As available (Typically 20 minutes)

Table 11-7 FIS-B Weather Products and Aging

⚠ **WARNING:** *Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.*

11.4.1   FIS-B Operation

Weather data reception time is shown in the upper right corner of the screen. An indicated time shows if the aircraft is currently within reception coverage of a ground station with weather broadcast capabilities. The ground system determines the weather coverage area and extent of data that is transmitted by each ground station.

1. From the Home page, touch the **Weather** key on the Home page and then touch the **FIS-B Weather** key (if necessary).

Age Of Selected Weather Products

NEXRAD Selection

Touch + or - To Select Map Range

Figure 11-72 FIS-B Weather Page (NEXRAD Key Shown)

2. While viewing the FIS-B weather page, touch the **Menu** key to configure the Data Link Weather page.

Weather Overlay Map Orientation

Touch Legend Key To Display Legend

Touch NEXRAD Key To Select Off, CONUS, Regional, or Combined NEXRAD

Touch Keys To Select Weather Product. Green Bar Indicates Selected Product.

Figure 11-73 FIS-B Weather Data Link Menu

3. Once you selected what items you want to display, touch **BACK** to return to the FIS-B Weather page.

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11.4.2   FIS-B NEXRAD

WSR-88D weather surveillance radar or NEXRAD (NEXt generation RADar) is a Doppler radar system that has greatly improved the detection of meteorological events such as thunderstorms, tornadoes, and hurricanes. An extensive network of NEXRAD stations provides almost complete radar coverage of the continental United States, Alaska, and Hawaii. The unobstructed range of each NEXRAD is 124 nautical miles.

11.4.2.1   NEXRAD Abnormalities

There are possible abnormalities regarding displayed NEXRAD images. Some, but not all, causes of abnormal displayed information include:

- Ground Clutter
- Strobes and spurious radar data
- Sun strobes, when the radar antenna points directly at the sun
- Military aircraft deploy metallic dust which can cause alterations in radar scans
- Interference from buildings or mountains, which may cause shadows
- Scheduled maintenance may put a radar off-line

11.4.2.2   NEXRAD Limitations

Certain limitations exist regarding the NEXRAD radar displays. Some, but not all, are listed for the user's awareness:

- The Regional NEXRAD "pixels" are 1.5 minutes (1.5 nautical miles = 2.78 km) wide by 1 minute (1 nautical miles = 1.852 km) tall. The CONUS NEXRAD "pixels" are 7.5 minutes (7.5 nautical miles = 13.89 km) wide by 5 minutes (5 nautical miles = 9.26 km) wide. Above 60 degrees of latitude the Regional NEXRAD "pixels" are 3 minutes/nautical miles. CONUS NEXRAD is not available above 60 degrees of latitude. The intensity level reflected by the pixel will be the highest level sampled within the area covered by each pixel.

11.4.2.3   NEXRAD Intensity

Colors are used to identify the different NEXRAD echo intensities (reflectivity) measured in dBZ (decibels of Z). "Reflectivity" is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. Reflectivity (designated by the letter Z) covers a wide range of signals (from very weak to very strong). So, a more convenient number for calculations and comparison, a decibel (or logarithmic) scale (dBZ), is used. The dBZ values increase as the strength of the signal returned to the radar increases.

11.4.2.4   NEXRAD

When enabled, NEXRAD weather information is shown. Composite data from all of the NEXRAD radar sites in the United States is shown. This data is composed of the maximum reflectivity from the individual radar sweeps. The display of the information is color-coded to indicate the weather level severity. Refer to the legend for a description of the color code.

The NEXRAD option has selections of Regional, CONUS, or Combined NEXRAD. CONUS NEXRAD includes a composite of available NEXRAD radar imagery across the 48 states. Regional NEXRAD is a composite of available NEXRAD radar imagery in a local area, showing a more detailed image than CONUS NEXRAD. FIS-B weather data reception requires line-of-site communication between the receiver and the ADS-B ground station. Incomplete Regional and/or CONUS NEXRAD imagery displayed on the MAP and FIS-B Weather Pages of the affected products is an indicator of poor FIS-B reception.

Affected Areas

Any area in the continental United States (CONUS) or Alaska where the distance from ADS-B ground stations, or the combined effect of distance and low altitude, is sufficiently great may cause poor reception. A good source of information for ground station coverage can be found at:

http://www.faa.gov/nextgen/flashmap/

Reception will improve in some affected areas as the FAA completes the NextGen ADS-B ground station infrastructure. However, due to line-of-sight broadcast characteristics, operators with properly installed and functioning equipment may still receive incomplete FIS-B data when signal reception is limited by the distance from ground stations combined with a low altitude.

The example below displays an area where FIS-B data is degraded due to poor reception:

Figure 11-74 Example of Areas Where FIS-B Reception Is Unavailable

Continental US NEXRAD (CONUS)

The Display CONUS NEXRAD selection shows NEXRAD radar information for the entire continental United States. CONUS NEXRAD data is updated every 15 minutes.

CONUS NEXRAD Coverage Shown

Out Of CONUS NEXRAD Coverage

CONUS Selected On NEXRAD Key

Figure 11-75 Weather Page With CONUS Displayed

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Regional NEXRAD

The Regional NEXRAD selection shows regional NEXRAD radar information within 500 NM of the aircraft location.

Out Of Regional NEXRAD Coverage

Within Regional NEXRAD Area But Coverage Not Available

Regional Selected On NEXRAD Key

Figure 11-76 Weather Page With Regional NEXRAD Displayed

Combined NEXRAD

Regional NEXRAD data and CONUS NEXRAD data are shown together. The two types of NEXRAD are separated by a white stippled border. This boundary is updated whenever new Regional or CONUS NEXRAD data is received. The radius of the boundary is fixed at 150 NM.

Out Of Regional NEXRAD Coverage

Regional NEXRAD Boundary Shown

NEXRAD Weather Shown

CONUS & Regional Selected On NEXRAD Key

Figure 11-77 Weather Page With Combined NEXRAD Displayed

Selecting NEXRAD in the FIS-B Weather Menu

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1. While viewing the FIS-B weather page, touch the **Menu** key to select the NEXRAD choice.

2. Touch the **NEXRAD** key to select Off, Regional, CONUS, or Combined NEXRAD.

Touch the Desired NEXRAD Source

Figure 11-78 NEXRAD Source Selection

3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the FIS-B Weather Menu.

Animating FIS-B NEXRAD

> **NOTE:** *Animated NEXRAD functionality is available in software v6.00 and later.*

When Regional or CONUS NEXRAD is enabled for display and more than two NEXRAD images have been received by the GTN, the NEXRAD display can be animated on the FIS-B Weather page. As new NEXRAD images are received, the GTN will automatically store them for future animation. The GTN can animate up to six NEXRAD images from oldest to newest, showing each for one second and the newest for two seconds.

> **NOTE:** *CONUS/Regional Combined NEXRAD cannot be animated. CONUS and Regional NEXRAD can only be animated when displayed individually.*

1. While viewing the FIS-B Weather page with NEXRAD enabled for display, touch **Menu** and then press the **Play NXRD** key to start the NEXRAD animation.

2. Touch **Menu** and then touch the **Stop NXRD** key to stop the NEXRAD animation. The animation will also stop when leaving the page or turning off NEXRAD on the FIS-B weather page.

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11.4.3   FIS-B TFRs

Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFRs) provide detailed information for local short term restrictions. The update rate is approximately every 20 minutes.

Figure 11-79 FIS-B TFR Legend

1. Touch a TFR symbol on the Weather page to view details.
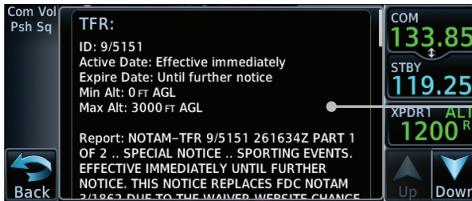
Figure 11-80 FIS-B TFR Detail

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.

11.4.4 FIS-B METARs

When enabled, graphic METARs (METeorological Aviation Reports) are shown as colored flags at airports that provide METAR reports. Press the **METARs** key to enable or disable METARs. Refer to the Legend for a description of the color code. The update rate is every five minutes.

METAR Symbol	Description
▼	VFR (ceiling greater than 3000 ft. AGL and visibility greater than five miles)
▼	Marginal VFR (ceiling 1000–3000 ft. AGL and/or visibility three to five miles)
▼	IFR (ceiling 500 to below 1000 ft. AGL and/or visibility one mile to less than three miles)
▼	Low IFR (ceiling below 500 ft. AGL or visibility less than one mile)
▼	Unknown

Table 11-8 METAR Symbols

1. While viewing the FIS-B weather page, touch the **Menu** key to select the METAR choice. Touch an airport symbol for more METAR detail.

Product Age

Touch Airport For METAR Detail

METAR Flags
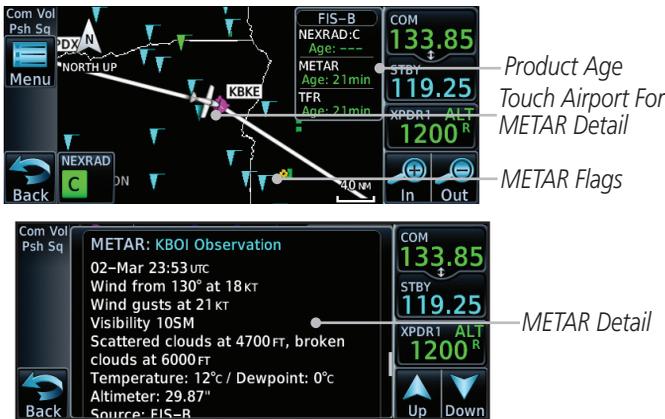
METAR Detail

Figure 11-81 METARS Map Symbols and Detail

2. Touch the **METAR** key to toggle METARS on or off.

3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the FIS-B Weather page.

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11.4.5   FIS-B PIREPs

Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain non-forecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear, and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA). The update rate is approximately every 20 minutes.

1. While viewing the FIS-B weather page, touch the **Menu** key to select the PIREP choice.

2. Touch the **PIREP** key to toggle PIREPs on or off.

3. Touch a weather information symbol to view details for that item.

Routine PIREP Symbol (Blue). Touch For Details.
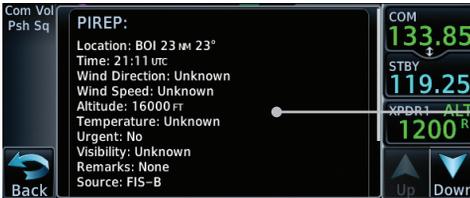
PIREP Details
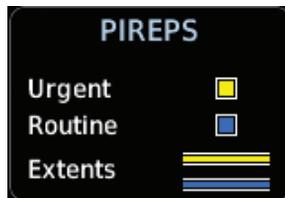
Figure 11-82 PIREP Information Detail and Legend

4. Touch the **Back** key to remove the detailed information.

5. Touch the **PIREP** key again to turn it off.

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11.4.6 FIS-B Winds and Temperatures Aloft

Winds and Temperatures Aloft data shows the forecast wind speed, direction, and Temperature at selected altitudes. Altitudes can be selected in increments from the 1,000 feet up to 53,000 feet. The update rate is every 12 hours.

| Wind/Temp Aloft | 1. | While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Wind/Temp Aloft** key. |

Figure 11-83 Winds Aloft

| WX Aloft ALT | 2. | Touch the **WX Aloft ALT** ─ or ＋ keys to increase or decrease the reporting altitude of the winds aloft in increments. The selected altitude is shown in a window above the altitude keys. |

| Wind/Temp Aloft | 3. | Touch the **Wind/Temp Aloft** key again to turn it off. |

Figure 11-84 FIS-B Winds Aloft Legend

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11.4.7 FIS-B SIGMETs and AIRMETs

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SIGMETs (SIGnificant METerological Information) and AIRMETs (AIRmen's METerological Information) are broadcast for potentially hazardous weather considered of importance to aircraft. The update rate is approximately every 20 minutes.

Figure 11-85 FIS-B SIGMET/AIRMET Legend

1. While viewing the FIS-B Weather menu, touch the **SIGMET/AIRMET** key.

Surface Winds

Turbulence Line

Mountain Obscured

Figure 11-86 FIS-B SIGMETs and AIRMETs Map

2. Touch a SIGMET/AIRMET line to view details. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.
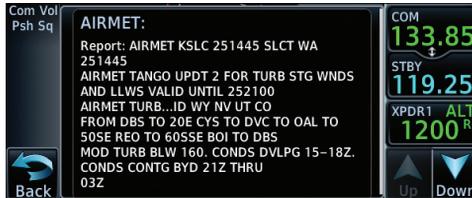
Figure 11-87 SIGMET and AIRMET Details

3. Touch the **SIGMET/AIRMET** key again to turn it off.

12 NEAREST

The Nearest function provides detailed information for the 25 nearest airports, VORs, VRPs, NDBs, Intersections and User waypoints within 200 NM of your current position. In addition, the Nearest pages include the five nearest Flight Service Station (FSS) and center (ARTCC/FIR) points of communication and alert you to any Special Use (SUA) or Controlled Airspace you may be in or near.

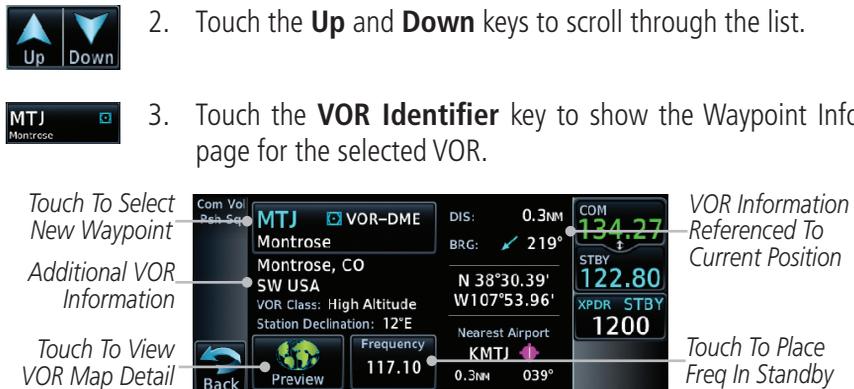*Nearest Waypoint Types*

Figure 12-1 Nearest Page
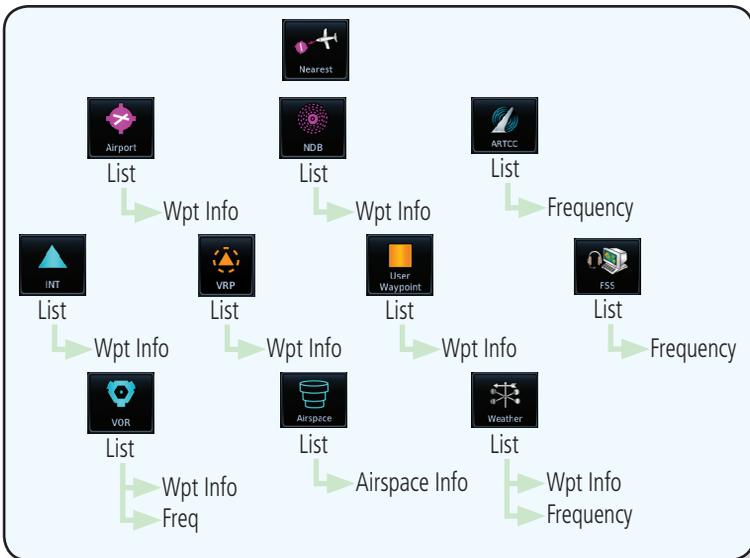
Figure 12-2 Nearest Page Functional Map

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12.1 Select a Nearest Page

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The available waypoint types are shown on the Nearest page. Touch the key to display the nearest 25 waypoint types (FSS and ARTCC will display up to five items). Not all 25 nearest waypoints can be displayed on the corresponding Nearest page at one time. The Nearest page displays detailed information for five nearest items.

1.   On the Home page, touch the **Nearest** key.

2.   Touch the desired waypoint type (Airport, VOR, etc.) and then touch the **Up** and **Down** keys on the lower right of the display to navigate through the list of available items. You can also touch an item on the list and drag your finger to scroll the list.

3.   Touch the highlighted item to view more detailed information.

4.   To navigate Direct-To the waypoint you're viewing, press the **Direct-To** key. The waypoint will be loaded into the Waypoint window of the Direct-To function.

5.   Touch the **Activate** key to navigate directly to that waypoint.

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12.2 Nearest Airport

The Nearest Airport Page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing and distance, and the length of the longest runway for the 25 nearest airports (within 200 NM of your present position).

The Nearest Airport Page can be configured to exclude shorter runways or undesirable runway surface types, so that the corresponding airports do not appear on the list. You may wish to use this feature to exclude seaplane bases, heliports, or runway lengths which would be difficult or impossible to land upon. See *System - Setup - Nearest Airport Criteria* for information about configuring the Nearest Airport display criteria.

1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **Airport** key. A list of the nearest 25 airports within 200 NM will be listed.

Airport Identifier

Scroll Bar Indicates More Items On The List

Airport Information

Up/Down Keys Indicate More Items On The List

Figure 12-3 Nearest Airport

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

3. Touch the **Airport Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected airport.

Airport Information Referenced To Current Position

Touch A Key For More Airport Information

Figure 12-4 Nearest Airport Waypoint Info

4. Touch one of the keys (Map, Procedures, Runways, etc.) for more information about the selected airport.

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12.3   Nearest Intersection (INT)

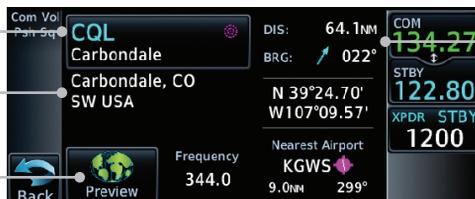The Nearest Intersection Page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing and distance to the 25 nearest intersections (within 200 NM of your present position).

1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **INT** key. A list of the nearest 25 Intersections within 200 NM will be listed.

Intersection Identifier

Slider Indicates More Items On The List

Intersection Information

Arrow Indicates More Items On The List

Figure 12-5 Nearest Intersection List

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

Touch Screen And Drag Finger To View More Items On The List

Touch Arrows To View More Items On The List

Figure 12-6 Scrolling Down the Nearest Intersection List

3. Touch the **Intersection Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected Intersection.

Intersection Information Referenced To Current Position

Touch To View Intersection Map Detail

Figure 12-7 Nearest Intersection Waypoint Detail

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12.4 Nearest VOR

The Nearest VOR Page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing and distance to the 25 nearest VORs (within 200 NM of your present position). For each VOR listed, the Nearest VOR Page also indicates the frequency and may be used to quickly tune the Nav radio to the nearby VOR (GTN 650 only).

Touch the VOR Frequency key to place the frequency in the standby field of the Nav window. Touch the **Nav** Active window to flip/flop the Nav frequencies.

1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **VOR** key. A list of the nearest 25 VORs within 200 NM will be listed.

Nearest VOR Identifier

Bearing from Current Position to VOR

Nearest VOR Frequency

Distance from Current Position to VOR
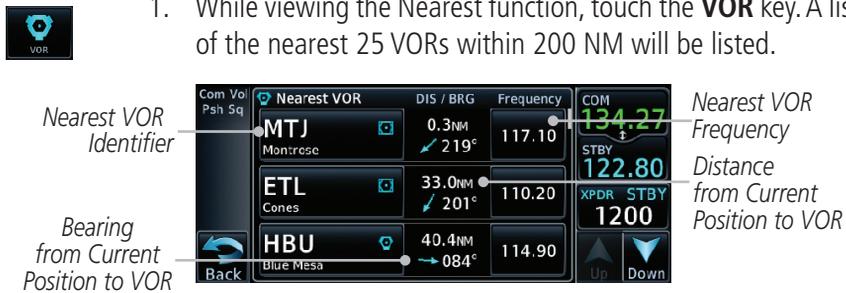
Figure 12-8 Nearest VOR List and Information

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

3. Touch the **VOR Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected VOR.

Touch To Select New Waypoint

Additional VOR Information

Touch To View VOR Map Detail

VOR Information Referenced To Current Position

Touch To Place Freq In Standby

Figure 12-9 Nearest VOR Waypoint Information

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4.   Touch the **Frequency** key on this page or from the Nearest VOR List page to place the selected frequency into the Nav Standby window. Touch the **Preview** key to view map detail.

VOR Frequency Inserted Into Standby Window. Touch To Flip/Flop Freqs

VOR Map Preview

Figure 12-10 Nearest VOR Frequency Entry

12.5   Nearest VRP

> *NOTE: This feature is available in software v6.20 or later.*

The nearest VRP Page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing, and distance to the 25 nearest VRPs (within 200 NM of your present position).

1.   While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **VRP** key.

Nearest VRP Identifier

Distance from Current Position to VRP

Bearing from Current Position to VRP
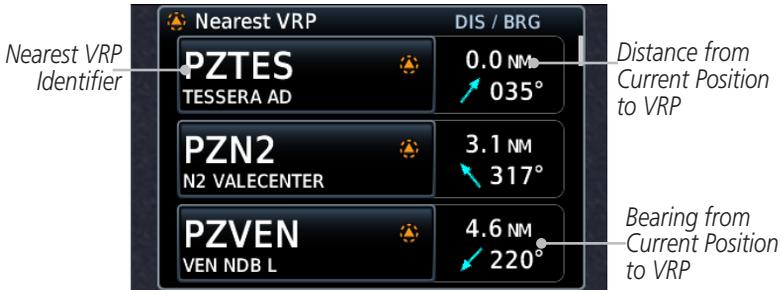
Figure 12-11 Nearest VRPs

2.   Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

3.   Touch the **VRP Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected VRP.

VRP Information Referenced to Current Position

Additional VRP Information

Figure 12-12 Waypoint Info - Visual Reporting Point

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12.6   Nearest NDB

The Nearest NDB Page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing, distance and frequency to the 25 nearest NDBs (within 200 NM of your present position).

1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **NDB** key. A list of the nearest 25 NDBs within 200 NM will be listed.

NDB Identifier. Touch For More Detail.
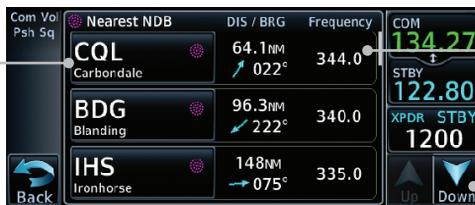
NDB Information

Arrows Indicate More Items On The List

Figure 12-13 Nearest NDB

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

3. Touch the **NDB Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected NDB.

Touch To Select New Waypoint

Additional NDB Information

Touch To View NDB Map Detail

NDB Information Referenced To Current Position

Figure 12-14 Nearest NDB Waypoint Information

12.7 Nearest User Waypoint

The Nearest User Waypoint Page displays the name, bearing and distance to the 25 nearest user waypoints (within 200 NM of your present position).

1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **User WPT** key. A list of the nearest 25 User waypoints within 200 NM will be listed.

Nearest User Wpt Identifier

Distance and Bearing from Current Position to User Wpt

Figure 12-15 Nearest User Waypoint

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

3. Touch the **Nearest User Waypoint** Identifier key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected User waypoint.

Delete Wpt

Identifier, Symbol, & References

Distance & Bearing To Wpt From Current Position

Edit Wpt

Distance & Bearing To Wpt From Reference Wpt

Touch To View Area Map

View All Wpts

Wpts Used

Figure 12-16 Nearest User Waypoint Information

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12.8 Nearest Airspace

The Nearest Airspace Page, alerts you to as many as nine controlled or special use airspaces near or in your flight path. Alerts are provided according to the following conditions:

- If your projected course will take you inside an airspace within the next ten minutes, the alert message "*AIRSPACE ALERT - Airspace entry in less than 10 minutes*" appears. The Nearest Airspace Page shows the airspace as "Airspace Ahead."

- If you are within two nautical miles of an airspace and your current course will take you inside, the message "*AIRSPACE ALERT - Within 2nm of airspace*" appears. The Nearest Airspace Page shows the airspace as "Airspace Within 2 NM."

- If you are within two nautical miles of an airspace and your current course will take you inside in less than 10 minutes, the message "*AIRSPACE ALERT - Airspace within 2nm and entry in less than 10 minutes*" appears. The Nearest Airspace Page shows the airspace as "Ahead < 2 NM."

- If you have entered an airspace, the message "*AIRSPACE ALERT - Inside Airspace*" appears. The Nearest Airspace Page shows "Inside of airspace."

Note that the airspace alerts are based on three-dimensional data (latitude, longitude and altitude) to avoid nuisance alerts. The alert boundaries for controlled airspace are also sectorized to provide complete information on any nearby airspace. Once one of the described conditions exists, the message annunciator flashes, alerting you of an airspace message (if airspace alert messages are enabled). See *System-Alerts* to set the Arrival Alert Proximity, Airspace Type, and Altitude Buffer values.

> **NOTE:** The Airspace Alert setting does not alter the depiction of airspace, or change the Smart Airspace setting for the main map page.

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Location Relative
To Present Position

Map Pointer

Airspace
Sector
Name

Active Flight
Plan Leg

Selected
Airspace Sector

Current Position

Airspace
Boundary

Figure 12-17 Airspace Sectors

1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **Airspace** key. A list of the nearest 25 Airspaces within 200 NM along the aircraft flight path will be listed, depending on the airspace types and values set by the user.

Airspace
Name

Airspace
Proximity
Information

Figure 12-18 Nearest Airspace List

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

3. Touch the **Airspace Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected Airspace.

Airspace
Name

Airspace Contact
Name

Airspace
Information

Touch To
View Airspace
Frequency List

Touch To
View Airspace
Vicinity Map

Figure 12-19 Nearest Airspace Waypoint Information

Once you have been provided an airspace alert message, detailed information concerning the specific airspace is provided on the Nearest Airspace Page. The Nearest Airspace Page displays the airspace name, status ("AIRSPACE ALERT - inside Airspace," "AIRSPACE ALERT - Airspace entry in less than 10 minutes," etc.), and a time to entry (if applicable). By selecting any airspace name listed on the Nearest Airspace Page, additional details are provided — including controlling agency, communication frequencies and floor/ceiling limits.

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12.9 Nearest ARTCC

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The Nearest ARTCC page displays the facility name, bearing to, distance, and frequency to the five nearest ARTCC points of communication (within 200 NM of your present position). For each ARTCC listed, the Nearest ARTCC page also indicates the frequency(s) and may be used to quickly tune the COM transceiver to the center's frequency.

Touch the ARTCC Frequency key to place the frequency in the standby field of the COM window. Touch the **COM** Active window to flip/flop the Com frequencies (GTN 650 only).

1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **ARTCC** key. A list of the nearest 25 ARTCCs within 200 NM will be listed.

ARTCC Name and Information

ARTCC Frequency Key With Multiple Frequencies Available

ARTCC Frequency Key. Touch To Insert Into Standby Com.

Figure 12-20 Nearest ARTCC

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list as needed.

3. The Frequency category will show "Multiple" keys if multiple frequencies are available. Touch the **Multiple FREQ** key to display the frequencies.

ARTCC Multiple Frequency List

Selected ARTCC Frequency Key
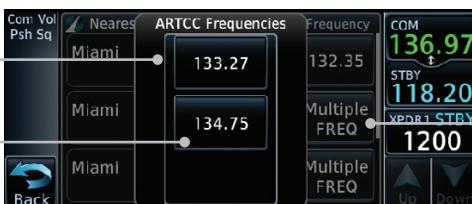
Touch To Flip/Flop Active And Standby Frequencies

ARTCC Multiple Frequency Key

Figure 12-21 Nearest ARTCC Multiple Frequency List

4. Touch the key for the desired frequency to place the selected frequency into the Com Standby window.

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12.10   Nearest Flight Service Station (FSS)

The Nearest Flight Service Station (FSS) page displays the facility name, bearing to, distance, and frequency to the five nearest FSS points of communication (within 200 NM of your present position). For each FSS listed, the Nearest FSS page also indicates the frequency(s) and may be used to quickly tune the COM transceiver to the FSS's frequency.

Touch the FSS Frequency key to place the frequency in the standby field of the COM window. Touch the **COM** Active window to flip/flop the Com frequencies (GTN 650 only).

1.   While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **FSS** key. A list of the nearest 25 FSSs within 200 NM will be listed.

FSS Name and Information

FSS Frequency Key

FSS Frequency Key With Multiple Frequencies Available
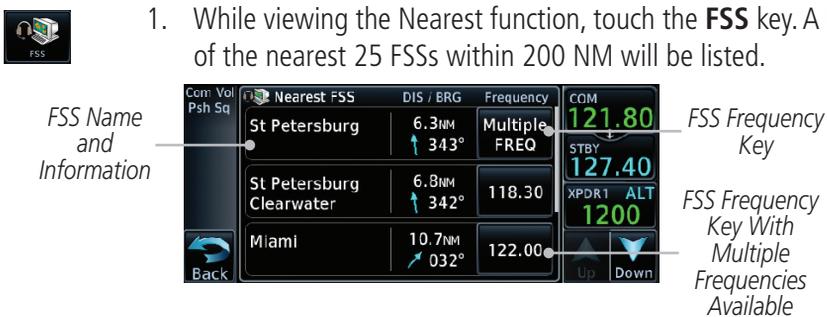
Figure 12-22 Nearest FSS

2.   Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list, if necessary.

3.   The **Frequency** key will show "Multiple" if multiple frequencies are available. Touch the "Multiple" **Frequency** key to display the frequencies.

4.   Touch the key for the desired frequency to place the selected frequency into the Com Standby window.

FSS Multiple Frequency List

Selected FSS Frequency Inserted Into Standby Window

FSS Multiple Frequency Key
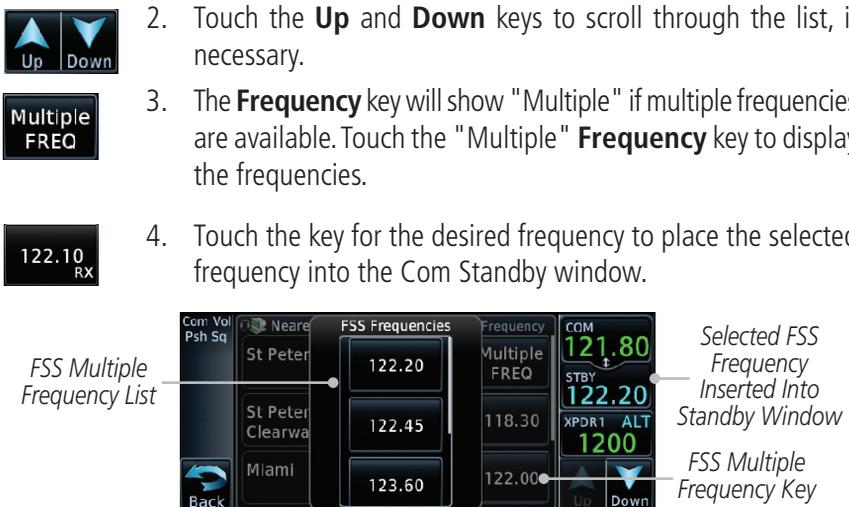
Figure 12-23 Selected FSS Frequency From List

![GARMIN logo]

12.11 Nearest Weather Frequency (WX Freq)

The Nearest WX FREQ function displays facility name, bearing to, distance, and frequency for the nearest 25 Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS), Automated Service Observing System (ASOS), and Automated Weather Observing Station (AWOS) weather reporting stations within 200 NM.

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1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **WX FREQ** key. A list of the nearest 25 Weather stations within 200 NM will be listed.

Reporting Weather Waypoint Identifier

Distance and Bearing from Current Position to User Wpt

AWOS Frequency

ATIS Frequency

Arrows Indicate More Items On The List

Figure 12-24 Nearest Weather Station

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list, as needed.

3. Touch the key for the desired frequency to place the selected frequency into the Com Standby window.

Selected Weather Frequency Key

Selected Weather Frequency Inserted Into Standby Window

Figure 12-25 Nearest Weather Station Selected Frequency

4. Touch the **Weather Station Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected Weather station.

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13 SERVICES/MUSIC

The Services function is available when certain optional features are installed and enabled. The key will be labeled as Music when only the Music feature is enabled. Music is provided through SiriusXM Satellite Radio. The GSR 56 is an Iridium® satellite transceiver that supports voice telephone calls, aircraft position reporting, and world wide weather products.

While viewing the Home page, touch the **Services** key to view the Services page.

Touch To Use Text Messaging

Touch To Use Phone Services

Touch To Access SiriusXM Music

Touch To Setup Position Reporting

Touch To Access Your Contact List

Figure 13-1 Services Page

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Add
    Name
    Phone Number
    Email Address
    Save Contact
Existing Contact
    Call
    Message
    Edit
    Delete
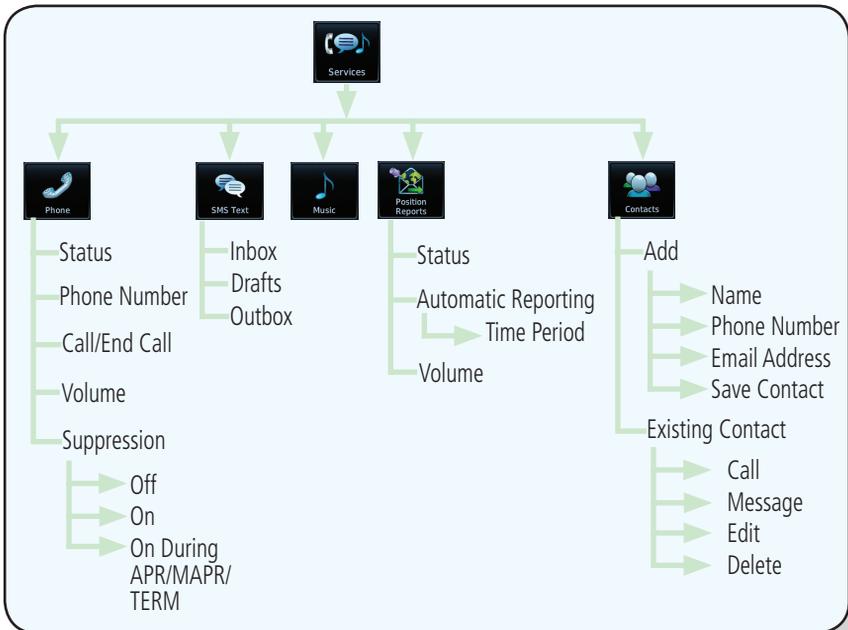
Figure 13-2 Services Functional Diagram

13.1   Music

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> *NOTE: Refer to the Weather Section for information about SiriusXM Weather products.*

The optional SiriusXM Radio entertainment feature of the GDL 69A Data Link Receiver is available for the pilot's and passengers' enjoyment. The GDL 69A can receive SiriusXM Satellite Radio entertainment services at any altitude throughout the Continental United States Entertainment audio is not available on the GDL 69 Data Link Receiver.

SiriusXM Satellite Radio offers a variety of radio programming over long distances without having to constantly search for new stations. Based on signals from satellites, coverage far exceeds land-based transmissions. SiriusXM Satellite Radio services are subscription-based. For more information on specific service packages, visit http://www.garmin.com/xm/.

Audio entertainment is available through the SiriusXM Satellite Radio Service when activated in the optional installation of the GDL 69A. The GTN unit serves as the display and control head for your remotely mounted GDL 69A. When enabled, the SiriusXM Satellite Radio audio entertainment is accessible in the Music function.

The information on the SiriusXM Satellite Radio display is composed of four areas: the Active Channel, Available Channels, Category of the highlighted channel, and the Volume setting. The Active Channel window shows the Channel Name and Number, Artist, Song Title, and Category.
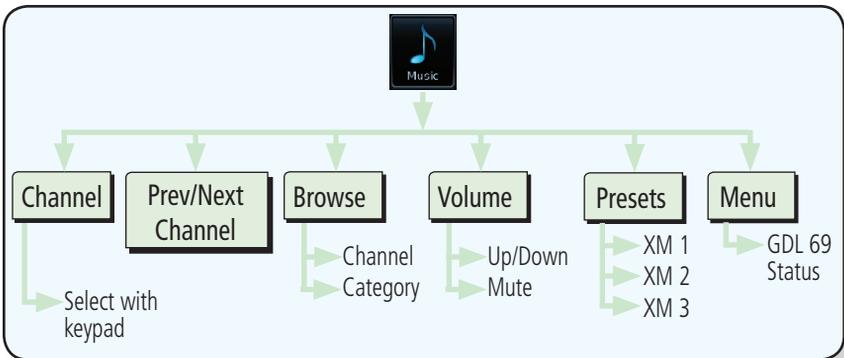
Figure 13-3 Music Functional Map

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13.2   Activating SiriusXM Satellite Radio Services

The service is activated by providing SiriusXM Satellite Radio with either one or two coded IDs, depending on the equipment. Either the Audio Radio ID or the Data Radio ID, or both, must be provided to SiriusXM Satellite Radio to activate the entertainment subscription. The SiriusXM Satellite Radio Activation Instructions are included with the GDL 69A (also available at www.garmin.com, P/N 190-00355-04).

It is not required to activate both the entertainment and weather service subscriptions with the GDL 69A. Either or both services can be activated. SiriusXM Satellite Radio uses one or both of the coded IDs to send an activation signal that, when received by the GDL 69A, allows it to play entertainment programming.

These IDs are located:

- On the label on the back of the Data Link Receiver
- On the Music Menu

Contact the installer if the Data Radio ID and the Audio Radio ID cannot be located.

> **NOTE:** *Refer to the GDL 69/69A SiriusXM Satellite Radio Activation Instructions (190-00355-04) for further information.*

1. Contact SiriusXM Weather through the e-mail address listed on their web site (www.xmradio.com) or by the customer service phone number listed on the web site (1-800-985-9200).
2. Follow the instructions provided.

If SiriusXM weather services have not been activated, all the weather product boxes are cleared on the XM Information Page and a yellow Activation Required message is displayed in the center of the Weather Data Link Page (Map Page Group). The Service Class refers to the groupings of weather products available for subscription.

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The GTN 6XX provides control for enjoying SiriusXM Radio audio entertainment in the aircraft. The Music function allows selecting music categories and specific channels, as well as saving category and channel selections as presets for quick recall. The music volume level may also be managed.

Name Of Current Channel   *Current Category*   *Signal Level*

Channel Number. Touch to Select a Channel.

Touch Step To Previous Or Next Channel

Current Preset. Touch To Step Through Presets.

Current Volume. Touch to Change Volume.

Touch To Select Preset

Touch to Change Channels Or Categories.
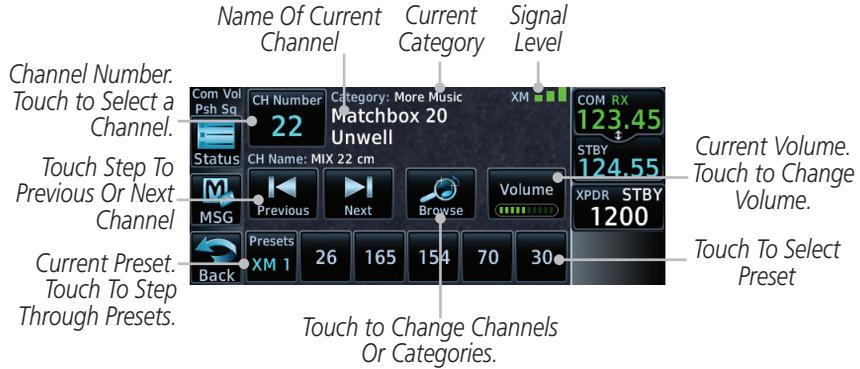
Figure 13-4 Music Menu

Navigate through the channels in a category by touching the **Previous** and **Next** channel keys.

> *NOTE: The Music Configuration function can be set so that when there is radio reception or intercom conversation, the music level is dropped to a low, or background level. When the radio or intercom traffic ceases, the level gradually returns to normal.*

13.3.1   Browsing Channels and Categories

The Category window displays the currently selected category of audio. Categories of channels, such as Jazz, Rock, or News, can be selected to list the available channels for a type of music or other contents.

1. While viewing the Music page, touch the **Browse** key and then touch the desired channel to select it.

Channel List

Current Channel

Touch to Change Categories.

Figure 13-5 Music Channels

2. Touch the **Category** key to activate Category selection and then touch the desired **Category** to select it.

Selected Category

Categories. Touch to Select.
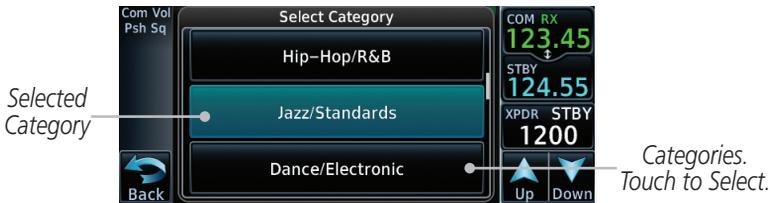
Figure 13-6 Music Categories

3. The current category will be shown at the top of the display.

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13.3.2 Selecting a SiriusXM Satellite Radio Channel by Number

Channels may be selected directly in the selected category using the numeric keypad.

1. While viewing the main Music page, touch the **Channel** key. The Channel Number selection page will appear.

Touch Channel Key

Figure 13-7 Selecting Music Channels

2. Use the numeric keys to enter the number for the desired channel and then touch the **Enter** key.

Channel Number Window

Touch to Clear Channel Number Window

Numeric Keypad for Channel Number Selection

Touch Enter Or Press Small Knob To Save Number

Figure 13-8 Selecting Music Channels with the Numeric Keypad

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13.3.3 SiriusXM Satellite Radio Volume

The Volume control allows you to set the audio volume level, as well as mute the audio.

1. While viewing the Music page, touch the **Volume** key.

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Bar Graph Showing Volume Level

Music Volume

Touch Lower The Volume

Touch Raise The Volume

Touch To Toggle Mute
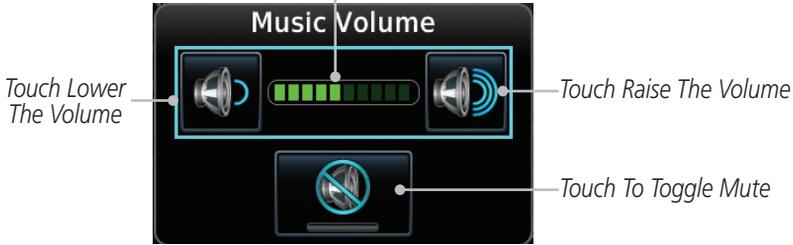
Figure 13-9 Music Volume Control

2. Touch the **Up** or **Down** Volume keys to adjust the radio volume.

3. Touch **MUTE** to mute the radio volume.

4. Touch **MUTE** again or the **Volume** key to unmute the radio volume.

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13.3.4 SiriusXM Satellite Radio Channel Presets

The Music page allows you to store the Active Channel into a selected preset position for easy later recall. A delay of several seconds can occur when setting or recalling a preset.

Touch To Recall Selected Preset

Touch To Select Bank of Presets (XM 1, XM 2, or XM 3)

Figure 13-10 Music Menu Presets

13.3.4.1 Saving a Preset

1. While viewing the desired channel, select the preset bank for saving the preset (XM 1, XM 2, or XM 3) by touching the **Presets** key until the desire bank is shown.

2. Touch the desired preset key and hold it for three seconds.

13.3.4.2 Recalling a Preset

1. Touch the **Presets** key to select the preset bank (XM 1, XM 2, or XM 3).

2. Touch the desired preset key.
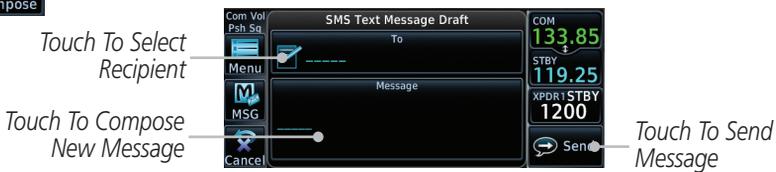
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13.4 GDL 69/69A Data Link Receiver Troubleshooting

Some quick troubleshooting steps listed below can be performed to find the possible cause of a failure.

- Ensure the owner/operator of the aircraft in which the Data Link Receiver is installed has subscribed to SiriusXM Satellite Radio

- Ensure the SiriusXM Satellite Radio subscription has been activated

- Perform a quick check of the circuit breakers to ensure that power is applied to the Data Link Receiver

For troubleshooting purposes, check the Menu on the Music Page or the GDL 69 Box on the System - External LRUs Page for Data Link Receiver (GDL 69/69A) status, serial number, and software version number. More information about GDL Status is available in Section 15.3 - System Function - External LRUs.

It may take several minutes for all subscribed data to become available after power-up.

1. Touch the **Status** key on the Music page. to display the GDL 69/69A Status.

Data Radio ID & Signal Level

Touch To View GDL Status Menu

Touch To View Weather Products

Audio Radio ID & Signal Level

SW Version and Serial Number

Figure 13-11 GDL 69/69A Status Page

2. Touch the **Menu** key to display the GDL Status Menu.

Figure 13-12 GDL Status Menu

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3. Touch the **Lock Activation** key if this is for the initial subscription or a change in the subscription. Touch the **OK** key to continue the operation.
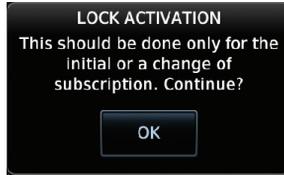
Figure 13-13 Lock Activation

13.5 Iridium Phone Operation (Optional)

Optional satellite telephone operation is available through the Iridium® satellite system that is interfaced through the Garmin GSR 56.

Phone Status

Touch To Select Phone Number To Call

Touch To Adjust Phone Volume

Touch To Start Phone Call

Touch To End Phone Call

Touch To Select Suppression Option

Figure 13-14 Services Phone Page

13.5.1 Status

The Status section shows the Call Time, Phone Status, and Call Suppression selected. The Call Time value shows the length of the call time for the current call using the Iridium phone. Phone Status shows the current operating status of the Iridium phone.

Status	Description
Idle	The Iridium phone is not using the GSR 56 for communicating at this time.
Initializing	The GSR 56 and its driver are currently initializing.
Connected	The GSR 56 is connected to the called number.
Connecting Call	The GSR 56 is in the process of connecting to the called number.
Changing Volume	The volume level on the GSR 56 is changing.
Busy	The phone is in use by another service and the call may not be made.
Dialing	The GSR 56 is dialing the called number.
Incoming Call	A call is being made to the GSR 56.
Hanging Up	The GSR 56 is disconnecting from the current call.
Unavailable	The GSR 56 is currently not usable by the Iridium phone system.

Table 13-1 Iridium Phone Status

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13.5.2   Making a Phone Call

[Phone]

1. While viewing the Iridium Phone page, touch **Phone**, select a phone number, or select one from Contacts.

Entered Phone Number

Touch To Select Number From Existing Contacts

Touch To Select Phone Number

Touch To Delete Previous Character

Figure 13-15 Making a Phone Call

[Enter]

2. Touch **Enter** to accept the selected number.

[Call]

3. Touch the **Call** key.

Phone Status

Touch To Select Phone Number To Call

Touch To Adjust Phone Volume

Touch To Start Phone Call

Touch To End Phone Call

Touch To Select Suppression Option

Figure 13-16 Phone Call In Progress

[Touchtone Entry]

4. To make a direct call with a keypad, touch the **Touchtone Entry** key.

Figure 13-17 Touchtone Entry Pad

[End Call]

5. After completing the call, touch the **End Call** key.

13.5.3 Answering a Phone Call

An incoming phone call will generate a pop-up announcing the call. When a call is accepted, the pop-up will show that the call is connected and the cumulative call time will be shown.

1. When an incoming call is available, touch the **Enter** key or the **ANSWER** key to answer the call. Or, press the **Ignore** key to not answer the call and hang up.

Touch To Answer Phone Call   *Touch To Ignore Phone Call*

Figure 13-18 Incoming Call Display

2. After a called is accepted and connected, the connection time will be shown on the pop-up. Touch the **ATT** soft key to attenuate the call volume; touching it again will return to normal volume. Touch the **HANG UP** soft key to end the call.

13.5.4   Suppress Visuals

Call Suppression controls calling when use of the Iridium phone system is allowed.

> ✓ **NOTE:** The "Suppress Visuals" setting only affects the visual indication of an incoming call/text. It does not inhibit the phone ringer or incoming SMS chime. Garmin recommends that you inhibit the audio from the GSR 56 unless a phone call is active.

Status	Description
Off	Call Suppression is turned off. Calls may be transmitted and received through the Iridium phone.
On	Call Suppression is turned on. The incoming call pop-up will not be shown. The call may still be answered on the phone page. Outgoing calls are not affected.
On During APR/ MAPR/TERM	Call Suppression is turned on during Approach, Missed Approach, and Terminal operations. The incoming call pop-up will not be shown. The call may still be answered on the phone page. Outgoing calls are not affected.

Table 13-2 Call Suppression

[Suppress Visuals / On During / APR/MAPR/TERM]

1. While viewing the Iridium Phone page, touch the **Suppression** key.

2. Touch the desired Call Suppression type.

Touch To Select The Desired Suppression →

Figure 13-19 Select Call/SMS Suppression

3. Or, press Back to return to the Phone page without making a selection.

13.5.5 Phone Volume

Use the Phone Volume controls to adjust the loudness of the phone calls you hear. Volume controls will only be available when the Idle, Connected, or Changing Volume states are displayed.

Adjusting the Phone Volume with the Soft Keys

1. While viewing the Iridium Phone page, touch the **VOL** keys to adjust the phone volume.

Touch To Reduce Volume   **Volume**   40%   *Touch To Increase Volume*

Phone Volume Level Bar Graph

Figure 13-20 Select Soft Keys for Phone Volume Adjustment

2. The phone volume level is shown as a bar graph.

13.5.6 SMS Text Operation

Send and receive text messages through the GSR 56 phone connection.

1. While viewing the Services page, touch the **SMS Text** key.

Touch To View SMS Text Menu

Touch To Received Messages

Touch To View Draft Messages

Touch To View Sent Messages

Services – SMS Text   No Messages

Compose   Inbox   Drafts   Outbox

Touch To Compose New Message

Figure 13-21 SMS Text Page

2. Select Compose, Inbox, Drafts, or Outbox.

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13.5.6.1   SMS Text Messaging Menu

The SMS Text Messaging Menu allows you to sort, mark, or delete messages and select call suppression.

Figure 13-22 SMS Text Messaging Menu

1. Touch the **Time** key to sort messages by Time or the **Address** key to sort by Address.

2. Touch the **Suppression** key and then touch the call suppression choice. The current choice will be shown on the **Suppression** key.

3. While viewing the Inbox, Drafts, or Outbox, touch the **Mark All As Read** to tag the messages as having been read.

4. Touch the **Delete All Messages** to delete the messages in the viewed category.

13.5.6.2   Composing a SMS Text Message

1. While viewing the SMS Text page, touch the **Compose** key.

Figure 13-23 Compose a New SMS Text Message

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2. Touch the **To** window to select the recipient. Select either a Phone Number or E-mail Address.

Touch To Select Phone Number

Do you want to send this message to a phone number or an email address?

Phone Number   Email Address

Touch To Select Email Address

Figure 13-24 Select Destination for the SMS Text Message

3. Use either the keypad or select from the Contacts.

4. Touch the **Message** window to enter the text for the message. Use the keypad to create the message.

Send

5. Touch **Send** to send the message. Touch **Save** to save the message as a draft. Touch **Delete** to delete this message.

13.5.6.3 A Failed SMS Text Message

SMS Text

1. While viewing the Services page, touch the **SMS Text key** and touch the Outbox tab. A failed message is noted with an "x."

Message With Failed Mark

Outbox Group With Failed Notation

Com Vol Psh Sq   Compose   Services – SMS Text   3 Messages   COM 133.85

Menu   Inbox   Work   Will return tomorrow   STBY 119.25

MSG   Drafts   Home   What's for dinner?   XPDR1 STBY 1200

Back   Outbox (1 Failed)   Home   Will be home soon   Up   Down

Figure 13-25 SMS Text Message List Showing a Failed Message

Send Again

2. Touch the failed message. Touch the **Send Again** key to resend the message.

Failed Message

Message Body

Com Vol Psh Sq   Failed SMS Text Message   COM 133.85

Menu   Work   17:53 LCL 19–MAR–12   STBY 119.25

MSG   XPDR1 STBY 1200

Back   Will return tomorrow   Send Again

Touch Resend Message
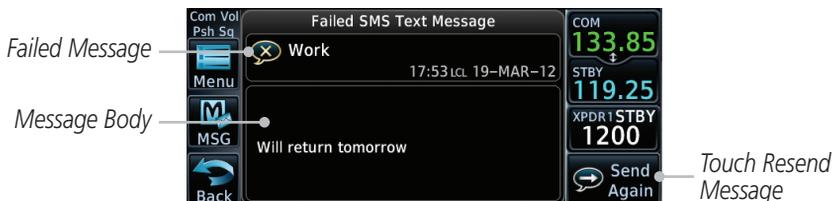
Figure 13-26 Resend a Failed SMS Text Message

Menu

3. To delete the message, touch the **Menu** key and then the **Delete** key.

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Touch To Delete Message

Figure 13-27 Delete a Failed SMS Text Message

13.5.7   Position Reporting

Position Reporting is a system which collects system variables and transmits them over the Iridium® satellite at a given interval through the GSR 56.

1. While viewing the Services page, touch the **Position Reports** key.

Report Status

Touch To Enable Automatic Reporting

Touch To Manually Send A Report

Touch To Set Automatic Reporting Period

Figure 13-28 Services Position Reporting

2. Touch the **Automatic Reporting** key to enable Automatic Reporting.

3. After Automatic Reporting is enabled, touch the **Report Period** key to set the Reporting Period.

4. Select the Report Period with the keypad and press **Enter**.

5. When Automatic Reporting is disabled, touch the **Send Report** key to manually send a report.

13.5.7.1 Status

The Status window shows the time until the next data transmission and the status of the reporting system.

> **NOTE:** *The GSR 56 does not report its serial number until 90 seconds after power up of the GTN. As a result, for that period, the product info for the GSR 56 will show "Waiting."*

13.5.7.2 Position Reporting Status

The Time Until Transmit field is a countdown timer that shows the time until the next data transmission. This field is blank when the aircraft is on the ground. Position Reporting will be enabled when the aircraft is in the air.

Status	Description
Idle	The reporting system is not using the GSR 56 for reporting at this time.
Initializing	The GSR 56 and its driver are currently initializing.
Transferring	A position report is currently being transmitted.
Unavailable	The GSR 56 is currently not usable by the reporting system.

Table 13-3 Position Reporting Status

Countdown Time Until Transmit
Reporting Status
Number Of Reports In The Queue

Figure 13-29 Position Reporting Status

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13.5.8　Contacts

The Phone Book may hold up to 128 entries. A phone number may be entered and dialed without saving it to the Phone Book. Note that it is necessary to dial a "1," the area code, and then the number.

13.5.8.1　Creating a Contact

1. While viewing the Services page, touch the **Contacts** key.

Touch To Add Contact

Existing Contacts

Touch To Search Contact List

Touch To Edit Contact

Figure 13-30　Contact List

2. Touch the **Add** key to add a new contact.

Touch To Add Contact Name

Touch To Add Contact Phone Number

Touch To Add Contact Email Address

Touch To Save Contact
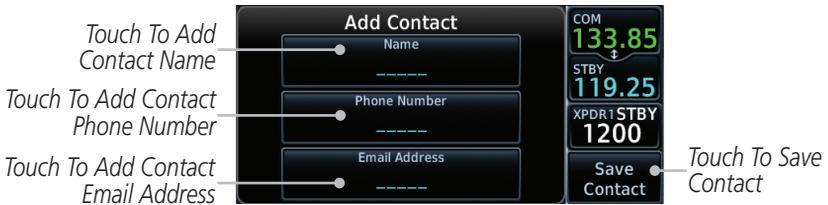
Figure 13-31　Add a New Contact

3. Use the keypad to enter the information for each item and then touch the **Save Contact** key.

13.5.8.2　Using a Contact

1. While viewing the Contacts page, touch an existing contact.

Touch To Call The Contact Phone Number

Touch To Edit The Contact

Touch To Send A Message To The Contact Phone Number

Touch To Delete The Contact

Figure 13-32　Using the Contact List

2. Touch the desired function for the selected Contact.

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14 UTILITIES

The Utilities page provides a group of features that will support your flight planning to make them easier and more efficient. The Vertical Calculator (VCALC) calculates the time to begin descent and vertical speed required to reach a desired altitude at the chosen location. The Flight Timers feature provides a number of timer types to assist in monitoring your time in flight. RAIM Prediction predicts if GPS coverage is available for your current location or at a specified waypoint at any time and date. RAIM performs checks to ensure that the GTN unit has adequate satellite geometry during your flight. The Trip Planning feature allows the pilot to view desired track (DTK), distance (DIS), estimated time en route (ETE), en route safe altitude (ESA) and estimated time of arrival (ETA) information for a direct-to, point-to-point between two specified waypoints or for any programmed flight plan. The Fuel Planning feature will display fuel conditions along the active direct-to or flight plan when equipped with fuel flow (FF) and/or fuel on board (FOB) sensors. The DALT/TAS/Winds feature performs calculations about Altitude, Airspeed, and Winds. The Scheduled Messages function allows you to create scheduled messages by Message, Type, and setting a Timer. The Checklists function provides a built-in method of reviewing your aircraft checklist. The Clean Screen function will lock the touchscreen so the display can be cleaned without activating any functions.
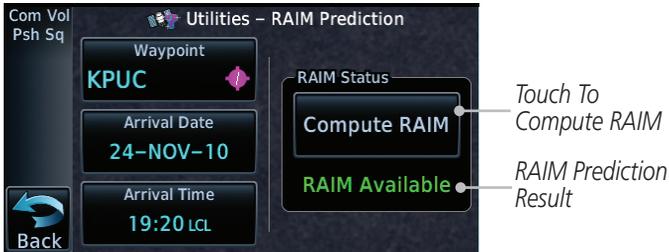

Figure 14-1 Utilities Home Page

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Figure 14-2 Utilities Functional Diagram

14.1 Vertical Calculator (VCALC)

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The Vertical Calculator (VCALC) function allows you to create a three-dimensional profile which guides you from your present position and altitude to a final (target) altitude at a specified location. This is helpful when you'd like to descend to a certain altitude near an airport. Once the profile is defined, message alerts and additional data can be configured on the Default NAV and Map Pages to keep you informed of your progress.
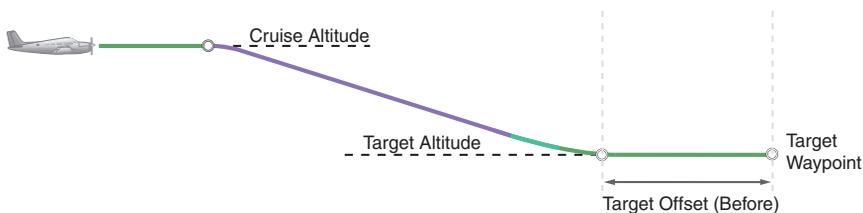
Figure 14-3 VCALC Target

VCALC is inhibited in the following conditions:

- Groundspeed is less than 35 knots

- No active flight plan or direct-to destination

- SUSP mode

- Vectors-to-Final mode

- VLOC mode

- After the FAF on an approach

- OBS mode

⚠ *WARNING: Do not use VCALC messages as the only means of either avoiding terrain/obstacles or following ATC guidance. VCALC provides advisory information only and must be used in concert with all other available navigation data sources.*
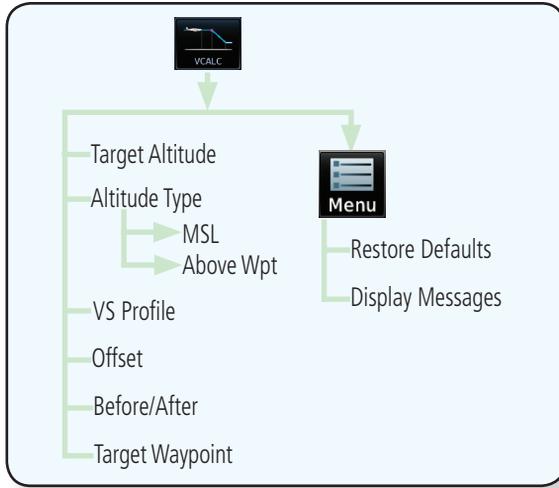
Figure 14-4 VCALC Page Functional Diagram

1. From the Utilities page, touch **VCALC.**
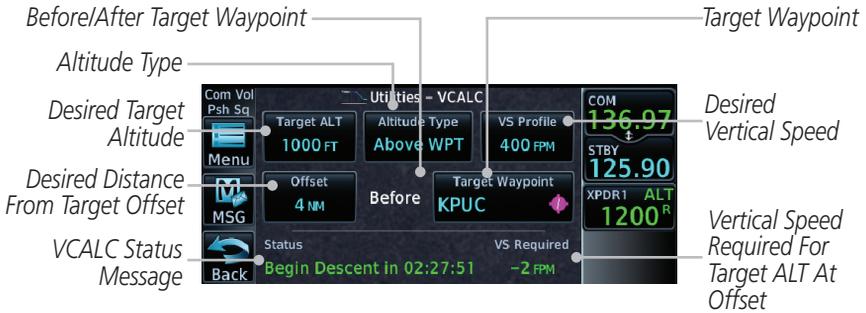
Figure 14-5 VCALC Page

2. Select the VCALC items as necessary to set up parameters for the next waypoint. Touch the **Back** key when finished.

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14.1.1 Target Altitude

This sets the desired ending altitude for the VCALC setup.

Target ALT
1500FT

1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch **Target ALT**.

Selected Altitude — Com Vol Psh Sq / Target Altitude / +/- / ●01700FT / BKSP / COM 136.97 / STBY 118.00 / XPDR ALT 1200 / 1 2 3 4 5 / 6 7 8 9 0 / Enter / Cancel / ENR / GPS / Num Entry / Psh Enter ▶

Backspace Key
Numeric Keypad
Touch Enter Or Press Small Knob To Save Number

Figure 14-6 Select VCALC Target Altitude

2. Use the numeric keypad to select the desired Target Altitude and then touch the **Enter** key.

14.1.2 Altitude Type

This value selects the altitude reference that will be used for VCALC calculations.

Altitude Type
MSL

1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch **Altitude Type**.

Altitude Type
Above WPT

2. Touching the **Altitude Type** key will toggle between MSL and Above WPT. "Above WPT" is only available for waypoints that are airports.

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14.1.3 Vertical Speed (VS) Profile

This value sets the vertical speed.
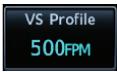
VS Profile
500FPM

1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch the **VS Profile** key.

Selected Vertical Speed

Backspace Key

Numeric Keypad

Touch Enter Or Press Small Knob To Save Value

Figure 14-7 Select VCALC Vertical Speed

Enter

2. Use the numeric keypad to select the desired Vertical Speed and then touch the **Enter** key.

14.1.4 Target Offset

The Target Offset is a pilot-selected distance value that represents the geographical location where you wish to arrive at the target altitude. This distance is measured from the Target Waypoint and, in a separate data field on the VCALC page, designated as either before or after the Target Waypoint.

Offset
0NM

1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch the **Offset** key.

Selected Target Offset

Backspace Key

Numeric Keypad

Touch Enter Or Press Small Knob To Save Number

Figure 14-8 Select VCALC Target Offset

Enter

2. Use the numeric keypad to select the desired Target Offset and then touch the **Enter** key.

14.1.5 Before/After Target Waypoint

This setting designates whether the offset distance defines a point before you reach the target reference waypoint or after you reach the waypoint. The "After" selection is not available for the last waypoint in a flight plan.

| Before | 1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch the **Before/After** key. |

| After | 2. Touching the **Before/After** key will toggle between Before and After the Target Waypoint. |

14.1.6 Target Waypoint

Select the waypoint in the flight plan that will be used for planning a descent. When using a flight plan, the target waypoint is a reference that can be specified from the waypoints contained in the flight plan. By default, the last waypoint in the flight plan is selected.

| Target Waypoint KTWF | 1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch **Target Waypoint**. |

Figure 14-9 Select VCALC Target Waypoint List

2. A list of the remaining waypoints in the flight plan will be shown. Touch the desired waypoint to select it as the Target Waypoint.

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14.1.7　Display VCALC Messages

Selecting **Display Messages** will allow the display of messages about the VCALC function when they occur. With **Display Messages** not selected, VCALC messages will not be displayed.

1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch the **Menu** key and then **Display Messages** to toggle the display of VCALC messages in the Message function.
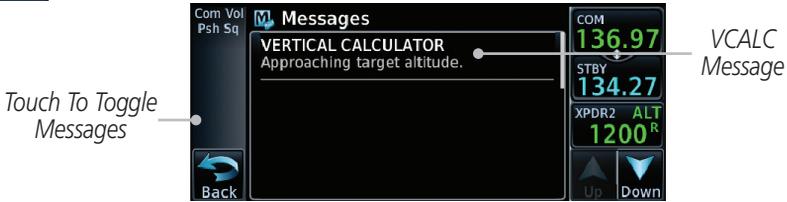
Figure 14-10　VCALC Approaching Target Altitude Message

2. Touch the **MSG** key to toggle the display of available messages.

14.1.8　Restore VCALC Defaults

While viewing the VCALC page menu, touching the **Restore Defaults** key will reset all of the VCALC values back to their default values. The Target Waypoint will not be changed.

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14.2 Flight Timers

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The Flight Timers function provides count up/down timers, plus automatic recording of departure time, and total trip time. Departure and total trip time recording can be configured to run either any time unit power is on, or only when your ground speed exceeds the in-air threshold set by the installer (for example, 30 knots). A flexible Generic Timer is available for general timing needs.

> *NOTE: When a count up timer is used, the preset value has no function.*

1. While viewing the Utilities page, touch the **Flight Timers** key.

2. If the Generic Timer Direction counter is set to "Up," the Reset Timer key will be shown and when touched will return the timer to 00:00:00. If the Direction counter is set to "Down," the Preset Timer key will be shown and the key will return the timer to the Preset time value.

Start/Stop Generic Timer

Selected Counter Direction

Select Preset Time

Reset or Preset Timer

Elapsed Time

Touch To Toggle Timers

Figure 14-11 Utility Flight Timers Page (Generic Timer)

3. Touch the **Trip/DEP Timers** or **Generic Timer** keys to toggle between the timer types.

Reset Timer

Select Criteria For Timer Start

Elapsed Time

Departure Time (Local Time)

Touch To Toggle Timers

Set Departure Time To Current Local Time Of Timer Start

Figure 14-12 Utility Flight Timers Page (Trip/DEP Timers)

4. Touch each key as desired to set up timer operation.

14.3 RAIM Prediction

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RAIM Prediction predicts if GPS coverage is available for your current location or at a specified waypoint at any time and date. RAIM performs checks to ensure that the GTN unit has adequate satellite geometry during your flight. RAIM availability is near 100% in Oceanic, En Route and Terminal phases of flight. Because the FAA's TSO requirements for non-precision approaches specify significantly better satellite coverage than other flight phases, RAIM may not be available when flying some approaches. The GTN unit automatically monitors RAIM during approach operations and warns you if RAIM is not available. In such cases, use a non-GPS based approach. RAIM prediction helps you plan for a pending flight to confirm GPS operation during an approach.

RAIM prediction only predicts the availability of Fault Detection (FD) integrity in the absence of SBAS corrections. It cannot predict the availability of LPV or L/VNAV approaches. The FAA provides a NOTAM service for LPV approach availability.

1. While viewing the Utilities page, touch the **RAIM Prediction** key.

Figure 14-13 Utility RAIM Prediction Page
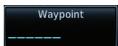
2. Touch the **Waypoint** key and select the waypoint for RAIM Prediction.

3. Touch the **Arrival Date** key and select the date of arrival at the selected waypoint.

4. Touch the **Arrival Time** key and select the local time of expected arrival at the selected waypoint.

Compute RAIM

5. When the Waypoint, Arrival Date, and Arrival Time values have been entered, touch the **Compute RAIM** key to determine if RAIM is available.

Touch To Compute RAIM

RAIM Prediction Result

Figure 14-14 RAIM Prediction Completed

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14.4 Trip Planning

The GTN 6XX allows the pilot to view desired track (DTK), distance (DIS), estimated time en route (ETE), en route safe altitude (ESA) and estimated time of arrival (ETA) information for a direct-to, point-to-point between two specified waypoints or for any programmed flight plan. This item also displays the sunrise/sunset times for your destination waypoint (for the selected departure date). All times are based on the time set in System-Setup. For trip planning inputs: departure time and date are manually entered, while ground speed can be provided by sensor data, if selected.

The trip statistics are calculated based on the selected starting and ending waypoints and the trip planning inputs.

In Flight Plan mode with a stored flight plan selected, and the entire flight plan (CUM) selected, the waypoints are the starting and ending waypoints of the selected flight plan.

In Flight Plan mode with a stored flight plan selected, and a specific leg selected, the waypoints are the endpoints of the selected leg.

In Point-To-Point mode these are manually selected waypoints (if there is an active flight plan, these default to the endpoints of the active leg).

Some of the calculated trip statistics are dashed when the selected leg of the active flight plan has already been flown.

- Desired Track (DTK) - DTK is shown as nnn° and is the desired track between the selected waypoints. It is dashed unless only a single leg is selected.

- Distance (DIS) - The distance is shown in tenths of units up to 99.9, and in whole units up to 9999.

- Estimated time en route (ETE) - ETE is shown as hours:minutes until less than an hour, then it is shown as minutes:seconds.

- Estimated time of arrival (ETA) - ETA is shown as hours:minutes and is the local time at the destination.

  - If in Point-To-Point mode then the ETA is the ETE added to the departure time.

  - If a flight plan other than the active flight plan is selected it shows the ETA by adding to the departure time all of the ETEs of the legs up to and including the selected leg. If the entire flight plan is selected, then

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the ETA is calculated as if the last leg of the flight plan was selected.

- If the active flight plan is selected the ETA reflects the current position of the aircraft and the current leg being flown. The ETA is calculated by adding to the current time the ETEs of the current leg up to and including the selected leg. If the entire flight plan is selected, then the ETA is calculated as if the last leg of the flight plan was selected.

- En Route safe altitude (ESA) - The ESA is shown as nnnnnFT

- Destination sunrise and sunset times - These times are shown as hours:minutes and are the local time at the destination.

> *NOTE: The capability of using Sensor Data for the trip planning functions is available in SW Versions 2.00, 4.10, and later.*

14.4.1 Point-To-Point Mode

The Trip Planning Point-to-Point mode shows trip calculations between two selected points: either two waypoints from the database or from your present position to a selected waypoint.

1. While viewing the Utilities page, touch the **Trip Planning** key.
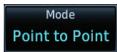
2. Touch the **Mode** key to toggle to Point-to-Point.

Touch To Select Departure Waypoint

Touch To Select Arrival Waypoint

Touch To Use Present Position As Departure Point

Touch To Toggle Sensor Data Use

Touch To Select Departure Time

Touch To Select Departure Date

Touch To Select P-to-P or Flight Plan Mode

Touch To Toggle Between Statistics and Data Input

Figure 14-15 Utility Trip Planning Page To Edit Input Data (Point-To-Point Mode) - Sensor Data Used

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3. Touch the **P.POS** key to toggle between using your present position as the From waypoint when selected or a waypoint selected from the database when **P.POS** is deselected. If **P.POS** is selected, the Lat/Lon of the present position will be shown in the From position.

Present Position Selected As "From" Wpt   *Touch To Select Destination Wpt*

Lat/Lon Of Present Position

Figure 14-16 Selecting Present Position as the From Waypoint

4. If **P.POS** is not selected for the From point, touch the **From** key and then use the keypad to select a waypoint from the database and touch **Enter**.

Selected "From" Waypoint

Touch To Select Waypoint Search

Touch To Select "From" Waypoint

Figure 14-17 Selecting a From Waypoint

5. Touch the **To** key and then use the keypad to select a waypoint from the database for the destination waypoint and touch **Enter**.

6. Touch the **Depart Time** key and then use the keypad to select the departure time (local time at From waypoint) and touch **Enter**.

Selected Departure Time

Touch To Select Departure Time

Figure 14-18 Selecting Departure Time

Depart Date
23-NOV-10

7. Touch the **Depart Date** key and then use the Departure Date page to select the departure year, month, and day and then touch **Enter**.

Touch To Select Departure Year

Touch To Select Departure Month

Touch To Select Departure Day
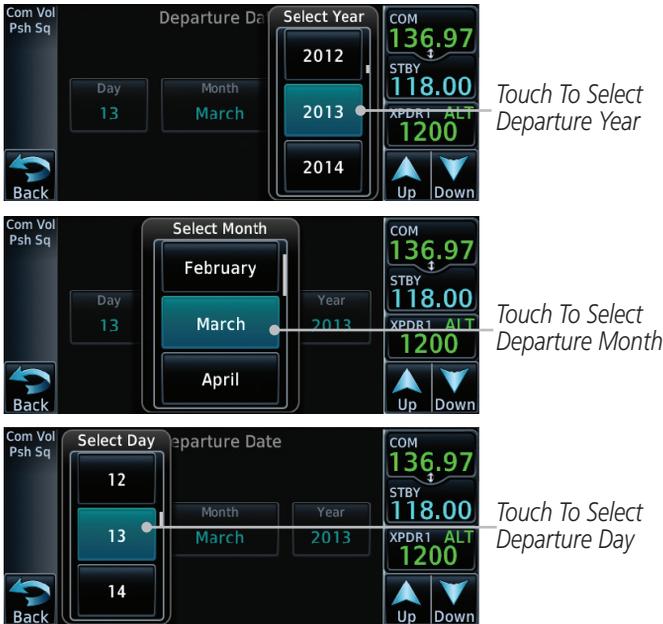
Figure 14-19 Selecting Departure Date

Ground Speed
120 KT

8. Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and touch **Enter**.

Selected Ground Speed

Touch To Select Ground Speed

Figure 14-20 Selecting Expected Average Ground Speed

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Compute Data

9. After completing the Trip Planning selections, touch the **Compute Data** key to display the trip statistics.

Trip Statistics

Touch To Toggle Between Statistics and Data Input
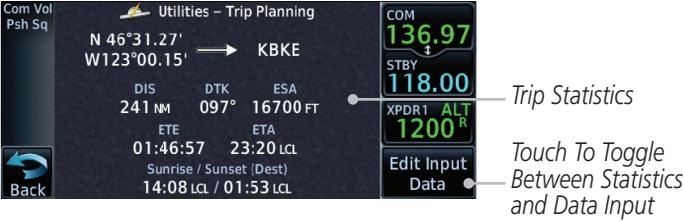
Figure 14-21 Utility Trip Planning Page With Computed Data (Point-To-Point Mode)

NOTE: When Local Time is selected in the Setup-Date/Time feature, Sunrise/ Sunset calculations in the Trip Planning feature are based on the From waypoint time zone. For instance, a flight plan originating in the Pacific time zone and ending in the Central time zone would show Sunset/Sunrise times at the destination in Pacific time. This potential offset does not occur when UTC time is used.

14.4.2   Flight Plan Mode

Mode Point to Point

1. Touch the **Mode** key to select Flight Plan mode, if required.

Touch To Select Flight Plan Leg

Touch To Select Flight Plan From Catalog

Touch To Toggle Sensor Data Use

Touch To Select Departure Time

Touch To Select Departure Date

Touch To Select P-to-P or Flight Plan Mode

Touch To Toggle Between Statistics and Data Input

Touch To Select Expected Average Ground Speed

Figure 14-22 Utility Trip Planning Page Edit Input Data View (Flight Plan Mode)

Flight Plan Active FPL

2. Touch the **Flight Plan** key to select the flight plan.

Touch To Select Flight Plan (Active FPL Shown)

Touch To Scroll List

Figure 14-23 Select Flight Plan

3. Touch the **Leg** key to select the flight plan leg. If the "Cumulative" selection is chosen, statistics will relate to the entire flight plan.

Touch To Select Flight Plan Leg (Cumulative FPL Shown)

Touch To Scroll List

Figure 14-24 Select Flight Plan Leg

4. Touch the **Depart Time** key and then use the keypad to select the departure time (local time at From waypoint) and touch **Enter**.

5. Touch the **Depart Date** key and then use the Departure Date page to select the departure year, month, and day and then touch **Enter**.

6. Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and touch **Enter**.

7. Touch the **Compute Data** key to view statistics for the current flight plan leg. The Cumulative flight plan is shown.

Touch To View Statistics For Next FPL Leg

Trip Statistics

Touch To Toggle Between Statistics and Data Input

Figure 14-25 Utility Trip Planning Page Computed Data View (Flight Plan Mode)

8. Touch the **Next** key to view statistics for the next leg in the flight plan.

Current FPL Leg

Touch To View Statistics For Previous FPL Leg

Touch To View Statistics For Next FPL Leg

Trip Statistics

Touch To Toggle Between Statistics and Data Input

Figure 14-26 Utility Trip Planning Page Computed Data View Of Next Waypoint (Flight Plan Mode)

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14.5   Fuel Planning

Fuel Planning —   You may manually enter fuel flow, ground speed (GS) and fuel on board figures for planning purposes. Fuel planning figures can be displayed not only for the currently active flight plan or direct-to, but also point-to-point between two specified waypoints and for any programmed flight plan.

Fuel on board and fuel flow may be manually entered in the unit start-up sequence and used to recalculate fuel on board as it is consumed. When fuel flow or fuel on board is manually entered, the figures are retained the next time you view the page (with fuel on board continuously recalculated).

> **NOTE:** *The capability of using Sensor Data is available in SW Versions 2.00, 4.10, and later.*

14.5.1   Point-To-Point Mode

The Fuel Planning Point-to-Point mode shows fuel calculations between two selected points: either two waypoints from the database or from your present position to a selected waypoint.

1. While viewing the Utilities page, touch the **Fuel Planning** key.
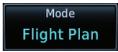
2. Touch the **Mode** key to toggle to Point-to-Point, if required.

3. Touch the **P.POS** key to toggle between using your present position as the From waypoint when selected or a waypoint selected from the database when **P.POS** is deselected. If **P.POS** is selected, the Lat/Lon of the present position will be shown in the From position.

*Touch To Select
From Waypoint*

*Touch To Select
To Waypoint*

*Touch To Use
Present Position
As Departure
Point*

*Touch To Select
P-to-P or Flight
Plan Mode*

*Touch To Toggle
Sensor Data Use*

*Touch To Select
Compute Fuel
Statistics*

*Touch To Select
Fuel on Board*

*Touch To Select
Fuel Flow*

*Touch To Select
Expected Average
Ground Speed*

Figure 14-27 Utility Fuel Planning Page Showing Edit Input Data (Point-to-Point Mode)

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Remaining Fuel At Destination

Selected Distance Measured

Fuel Required For the Flight Plan

Range With Existing Fuel

Flight Time Available With Remaining Fuel At Destination

Flight Time Available With Existing Fuel

Fuel Usage Rate

Figure 14-28 Utility Fuel Planning Page Showing Computed Data (Point-to-Point Mode)

4. If **P.POS** is not selected for the From point, touch the **From** key and then use the keypad to select a waypoint from the database and touch **Enter**.

Selected "From" Waypoint

Touch For Waypoint Search

Touch To Select "From" Waypoint
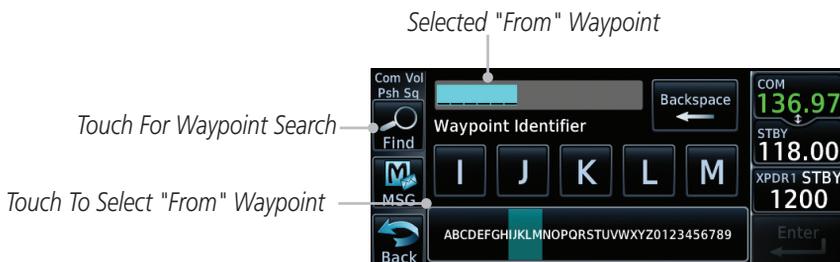
Figure 14-29 Selecting a "From" Waypoint

5. Touch the **To** key and then use the keypad to select a waypoint from the database for the destination waypoint and touch **Enter**.

6. Touch the **Fuel on Board** key and then use the keypad to select the current amount of fuel on board and touch **Enter**.

Selected Fuel On Board Value

Touch To Select Fuel Value

Figure 14-30 Selecting Current Fuel On Board

7. Touch the **Fuel Flow** key and then use the keypad to select the average fuel flow and touch **Enter**.

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Selected Fuel Flow Value

Touch To Select Fuel Value

Figure 14-31 Selecting Fuel Flow

8. Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and touch **Enter**.

Selected Ground Speed Value

Touch To Select Ground Speed Value

Figure 14-32 Selecting Ground Speed

14.5.2   Flight Plan Mode

The Fuel Planning Flight Plan mode shows fuel calculations between two legs of the flight plan or the cumulative flight plan.

Mode
Point to Point

1. Touch the **Mode** key to select Flight Plan mode, if required.

Touch To Toggle Sensor Data Use

Touch To Compute Data And View Statistics

Figure 14-33 Utility Fuel Planning Page Showing Edit Input Data (Flight Plan Mode)

Flight Plan
Active FPL

2. Touch the **Flight Plan** key to select the flight plan.

Touch To Select Flight Plan (Active FPL Shown)

Touch To Scroll List

Figure 14-34 Select Flight Plan

Leg
KBKE → KTWF

3. Touch the **Leg** key to select the flight plan leg. If the "Cumulative" selection is chosen, statistics will relate to the entire flight plan.

Touch To Select Flight Plan Leg

Figure 14-35 Select Flight Plan Leg

Fuel on Board
2615.3 LB

4. If desired, touch the **Fuel on Board** key and then use the keypad to select the Fuel on Board value and touch **Enter**.

Fuel Flow
500.0 LB/HR

5. If desired, touch the **Fuel Flow** key and then use the keypad to select the Fuel Flow value and touch **Enter**.

Ground Speed
120 KT

6. Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and touch **Enter**.

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![Compute Data key]

7. Touch the **Compute Data** key to display Statistics for the current flight plan leg.

Figure 14-36 Utility Fuel Planning Page Showing Computed Data (Flight Plan Mode)

![Prev key] ![Next key]

8. Touch the **Previous** and **Next** keys to view statistics for the previous and next legs in the flight plan.

![Edit Input Data key]

9. Touch the **Edit Input Data** key to return to the display for selecting Fuel Planning data.

14.6   DALT/TAS/Winds

Density Alt / TAS / Winds — indicates the theoretical altitude at which your aircraft performs depending upon several variables, including indicated altitude (Indicated ALT), barometric pressure (BARO) and total air temperature (TAT; the temperature, including the heating effect of speed, read on a standard outside temperature gauge). This item computes true airspeed (TAS) and density altitude, based upon the factors above. Also, this feature determines winds aloft — the wind direction and speed — and a head wind/tail wind component, based on true airspeed, aircraft heading (HDG) and ground speed. When a FADC provides pressure altitude and the Use Sensor Data option is selected, the Baro key will not be present in the edit mode and the Baro indication will not be shown in computed results.

> **NOTE:** The capability of using Sensor Data is available in SW Versions 2.00, 4.10, and later.

Figure 14-37 Utility DALT/TAS/Winds Page Using Sensor Data and Pressure Altitude

Figure 14-38 Utility DALT/TAS/Winds Page Using Sensor Data and Indicated Altitude

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*Touch To Select
Indicated Altitude*   *Touch To Select
Calibrated Air Speed*

*Touch To Select
Baro Pressure*

*Touch To Select
Total Air Temp*

*Touch To Select
Track Value*

*Touch To Select
Ground Speed*

*Touch To Select
Heading Value*   *Touch To Compute Data
And View Statistics*

Figure 14-39 Utility DALT/TAS/Winds Page Using Manually Entered Data

Computed Statistics

*Touch To Return To Edit
Input Data Page*

Figure 14-40 Utility DALT/TAS/Winds Page (Computed Data)

1. Touch the **Indicated ALT** key and then the keypad to select the Indicated Altitude and then touch **Enter**.

Touch To Select Above Or Below Sea Level

*Selected
Indicated
Altitude Value*

*Touch To Clear
Values*

*Touch To Select
Indicated
Altitude Value*

Figure 14-41 Select Indicated Altitude Value

2. Touch the **BARO** key and then the keypad to select the Barometric Pressure and then touch **Enter**.

*Selected
Barometric
Pressure Value*

*Touch To Clear
Values*

*Touch To Cancel
Selection*

*Touch To Select
Barometric
Pressure Value*

Figure 14-42 Select Barometric Pressure Value

CAS
140 KT

3. Touch the **CAS** key and then the keypad to select the Calibrated Air Speed and then touch **Enter**.

Selected Calculated Air Speed Value

Touch To Cancel Selection

Touch To Clear Values

Touch To Select Calculated Air Speed Value

Figure 14-43 Select Calculated Air Speed Value

TAT
15°c

4. Touch the **TAT** key and then the keypad to select the Total Air Temperature and touch **Enter**.

Selected True Air Temperature Value

Touch To Select Above Or Below 0 Degrees

Touch To Cancel Selection

Touch To Clear Values

Touch To Select Total Air Temperature Value
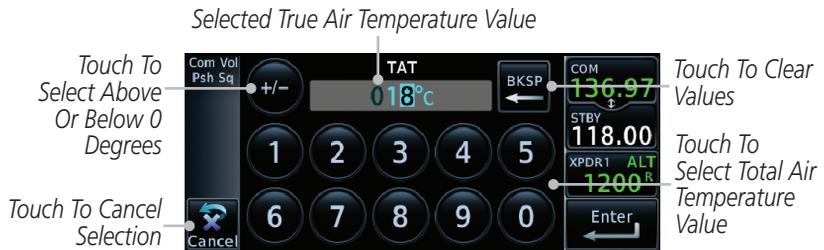
Figure 14-44 Select Total Air Temperature Value

TRK
122°

5. Touch the **TRK** key and then the keypad to select the Track Angle and then touch **Enter**.

Selected Track Angle Value

Touch To Cancel Selection

Touch To Clear Values

Touch To Select Track Angle Value

Figure 14-45 Select Track Angle Value

HDG
122°

6. Touch the **HDG** key and then the keypad to select the Heading value and then touch **Enter**.

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*Selected
Heading Value*

*Touch To Clear
Values*

*Touch To Cancel
Selection*

*Touch To Select
Heading Value*

Figure 14-46 Select Heading Value

7. Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and then touch **Enter**.

14.7 Clean Screen Mode

The Clean Screen mode makes the touchscreen inactive so the display can be manually cleaned. The front bezel, keypad, and display can be cleaned with a microfiber cloth or with a soft cotton cloth dampened with clean water. DO NOT use any chemical cleaning agents. Care should be taken to avoid scratching the surface of the display.

1. While viewing the Utilities page group, touch the **Clean Screen** key to start Screen Cleaning Mode.

Touch To Clean Screen

Figure 14-47 Utilities Home Page

2. Touch the **HOME** key to exit Screen Cleaning Mode.

SCREEN CLEANING MODE

Press the HOME button to exit.
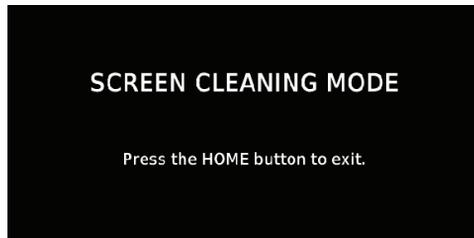
Figure 14-48 Screen Cleaning Mode

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14.8 Scheduled Messages

The Scheduled Messages utility displays reminder messages (such as "Change oil," "Switch fuel tanks," "Overhaul," etc.). One-time, periodic, and event-based messages are allowed. One-time messages appear once the timer expires and reappear each time the GTN-series unit is powered on, until the message is deleted. Periodic messages automatically reset to the original timer value, once the message is displayed. Event-based messages do not use a timer, but rather a specific date and time.

NOTE: This feature is available in SW V5.00, and later.

1. While viewing the Utilities page group, touch the **Scheduled Messages** key to start the Scheduled Messages function.

Touch To Add A Scheduled Message
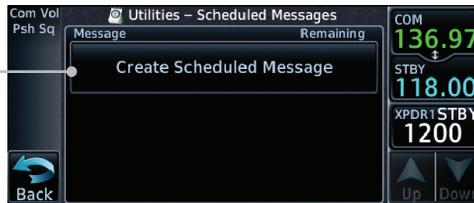
Figure 14-49 Scheduled Messages Page

2. Touch the **Message** selection and enter the desired message to be displayed. Touch the **Type** selection to choose the message type. Touch the **Timer** selection to set the countdown time for the message to be displayed.

Touch To Enter Message Text

Touch To Select Message Type

Touch To Enter Message Countdown Timer

Figure 14-50 Create a Scheduled Message

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2. After completing the selections, touch the **Enter** key.

Enter
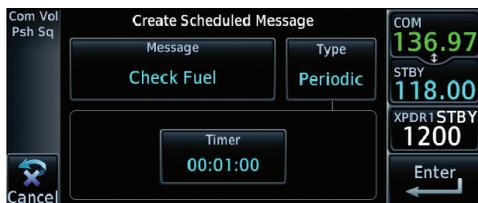
Figure 14-51 Sample Scheduled Message

14.9   Checklists

The Checklists function provides a built-in method of reviewing your aircraft checklist. Checklists are created using the Garmin Checklist Editor software (available online) and stored on the data card as "chklist.ace." As each Checklist is completed, you can advance to the next one in order. In the Checklist Menu, you can access any Checklist, or group of Checklists, and clear the current or all Checklists.

> **NOTE:** *This feature is available in SW V5.10, and later. In software v6.00 and later, the installer may configure the title of this feature to be Task Lists or Checklists.*

14.9.1   Checklists Menu

1. While viewing the Utilities page group, touch the **Checklists** key to start the Checklists function.

2. Touch the **Menu** key to select an option from the Checklist Menu.

Touch To Select A Checklist Group

Touch To Select A Checklist

Touch To Clear Current Checklist
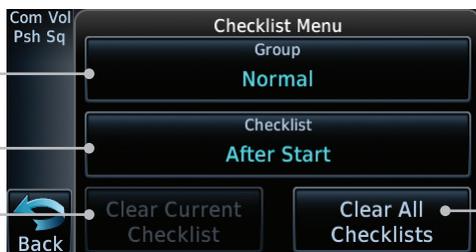
Touch To Clear All Checklists

Figure 14-52 Utility Checklist Menu

Touch To Select A Checklist
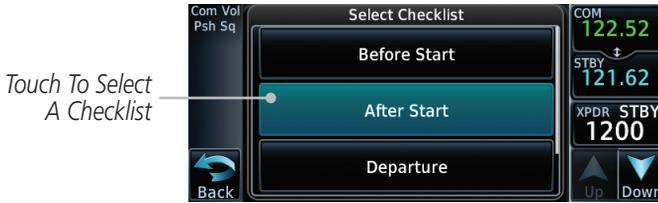
Figure 14-53 Select a Checklist from the Checklist Menu

14.9.2 Viewing Checklists

1. While viewing the Utilities function, touch the **Checklist** key. Use the existing Checklists in the order provided or touch the **Menu** key to select another checklist.

Completed Checklist Item

Checklist Status

Touch To Advance To Next Checklist
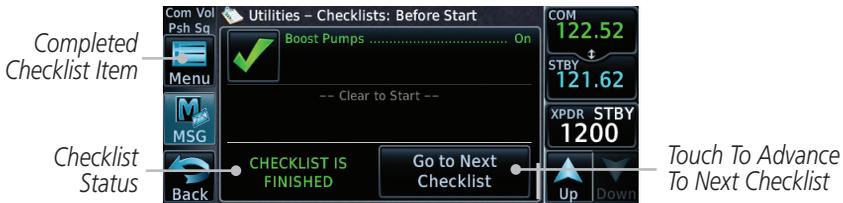
Figure 14-54 Checklist Completion

2. After completing the Checklist, touch **Go to Next Checklist**, **Menu**, or **Back** to exit the Checklist function.

> *NOTE: All checklists are cleared after a power cycle.*

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15 SYSTEM

The System function allows you to change unit settings, customize operation to your preferences, and check on the operation of your unit. The System pages cover System Status, Database Info and transfer, GPS Status, External LRUs, Setup, Alerts, Units, Audio, Backlight control function, and Connext Setup.

1. From the Home page, touch the **System** key.

Figure 15-1 System Home Page

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** Arrow keys to view the features available in the System function.

3. Touch the desired key to reach that function. To return to the System page, touch the **Back** key.

Figure 15-2 System Function Summary

System Status → Serial No. & Sys ID, SW/HW Version Info, Database Info

GPS Status → SBAS → WAAS

External LRUs

Setup → CDI, Date/Time, Com/Nav, Nearest Airport, Crossfill

Alerts → Arrival → Destination Proximity, Class B/TMA, Class C/TCA, Class D, Restricted, MOA (Military), Other, Airspace Altitude Buffer

User Fields *

Units → Nav Angle, Mag Var, Temp, Fuel, Position Format

Audio → Volume, TAWS Alert Voice

Backlight → Manual Offset

Connext Setup → Connext Setup **

Voice CMDs → Voice Command, Command History

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*   - Available When Space Allows On Side Bar
** - Optional

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The System status page of the System function provides information about the GTN unit and the equipment attached to it. This information is useful if it is necessary to contact Customer Service. The System Status page shows the System ID and serial number for the GTN unit, hardware and software versions, as well as a list of the installed databases.

Serial No., System ID, and Internal Software Versions

Database Conflicts

Database Not Active and On Standby

Current Database Information
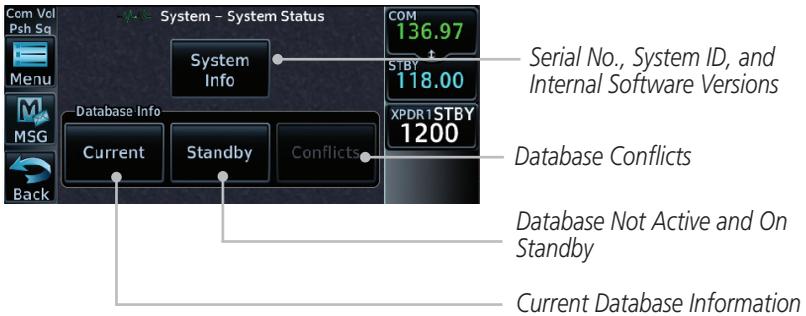
Figure 15-3 System Status Page Description
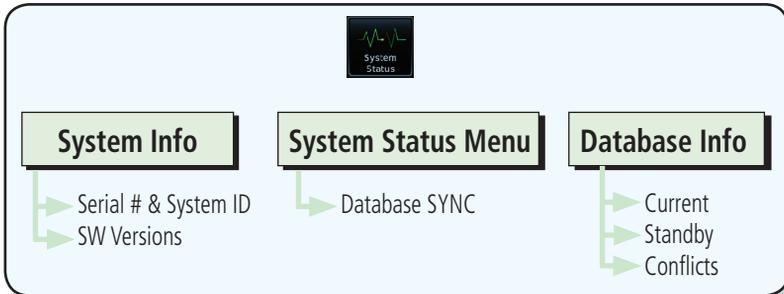
Figure 15-4 System Status Functional Diagram

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15.1.1 Serial Number and System ID

The System Info section shows the unit Serial Number and the System ID.

1. While viewing the System Status page, touch **System Info**.

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System Status page.

15.1.2 Version Information

The software versions of the GTN unit are displayed. This information is useful when contacting Customer Support.

1. While viewing the System Status page, touch the **System Info** key to view more detailed information about the software versions inside the GTN unit.
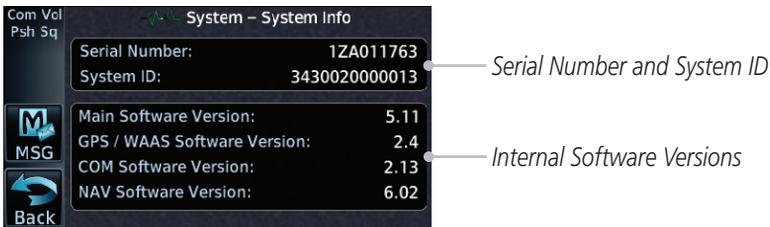
Figure 15-5 System Status Version Information

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System Status page.

15.1.3 Database Information

The Database Information section lists the name of the database, its version, and expiration date for the currently used databases, and also contains the Database SYNC function. Standby databases are listed for databases not currently used, but available on the data card. Database conflicts will be shown in the Conflicts section. For more information on GTN databases and how to update them see Section 18.2, Database Information and Updates.

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15.2 GPS Status

15.2.1 GPS Status Page

The GPS Status Page provides a visual reference of GPS receiver functions, including current satellite coverage, GPS receiver status, position accuracy, and displays your present position (in latitude and longitude) and altitude.

The Satellite Status Page is helpful in troubleshooting weak (or missing) signal levels due to poor satellite coverage or installation problems. You may wish to refer to this page occasionally to monitor GPS receiver performance and establish a normal pattern for system operation. Should problems occur at a later date, you may find it helpful to have an established baseline from which to compare.

1. While viewing the System page, touch **GPS Status**.
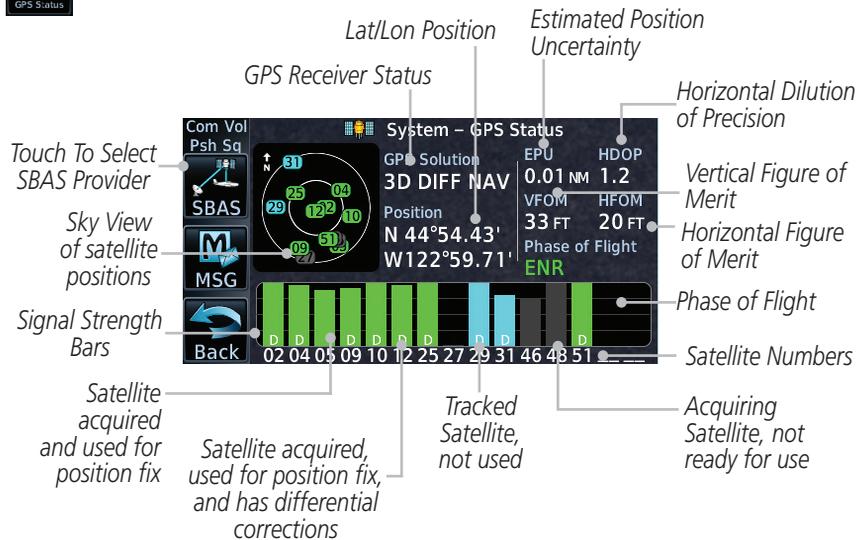
Figure 15-6 GPS Status Page

2. If desired, touch the **SBAS** key to select an SBAS provider. The SBAS list is based on the Aviation database. See the *Satellite-Based Augmentation System* section later in this section for details.

3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System Status page.

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As the GPS receiver locks onto satellites, a signal strength bar appears for each satellite in view, with the appropriate satellite number (01-32, SBAS satellites will have higher numbers) underneath each bar. The progress of satellite acquisition is shown in the following stages:

Graph Symbol	Description
No signal strength bars	The receiver is looking for the satellites indicated.
Gray signal strength bars	The receiver has found the satellite(s) and is collecting data.
Yellow signal strength bars	The receiver has collected the necessary data but the satellite is not being used in the position solution as it has been excluded.
Cross-hatch cyan signal strength bars	The receiver has found the satellite(s) but it has been excluded by the FDE program as a faulty satellite.
Solid cyan signal strength bars	The receiver has collected the necessary data, but is not using the satellite in the position solution.
Solid green signal strength bars	The receiver has collected the necessary data and the satellite is being used in the position solution.
D	The "D" character inside the bars indicates differential corrections (e.g., WAAS) are being used for that satellite.

Table 15-4 Signal Strength Bar Graph Description

The Time and other data may not be displayed until the unit has acquired enough satellites for a fix.

The sky view display at the left of the page shows the satellites currently in view as well as their respective positions. The outer circle of the sky view represents the horizon (with north at the top of the circle); the inner circle represents 45° above the horizon and the center point shows the position directly overhead.

Each satellite has a 30-second data transmission that must be collected (hollow signal strength bar) before the satellite may be used for navigation (solid signal strength bar). Once the GPS receiver has determined your position, the GTN unit indicates your position, altitude, track and ground speed. The GPS receiver status field also displays the following messages under the appropriate conditions:

GPS Signal Message	Description
Acquiring	The GPS receiver is acquiring satellites for navigation. In this mode, the receiver uses satellite orbital data (collected continuously from the satellites) and last known position to determine the satellites that should be in view.
3D Nav	The GPS receiver is in 3D navigation mode and computes altitude using satellite data.
3D Diff Nav	The GPS receiver is in 3D navigation mode and differential corrections are being used.
LOI	The "LOI" (Loss Of Integrity) annunciator (bottom left corner of the screen) indicates that satellite coverage is insufficient to pass built-in integrity monitoring tests.

Table 15-5 GPS Signal Messages

The GPS Status Page also indicates the accuracy of the position fix, using Horizontal Figure of Merit (HFOM), Vertical Figure of Merit (VFOM), and Estimated Position Uncertainty (EPU). HFOM and VFOM represent the 95% confidence levels in horizontal and vertical accuracy. The lowest numbers are the best accuracy and the highest numbers are worse. EPU is the horizontal position error estimated by the Fault Detection and Exclusion (FDE) algorithm, in feet or meters.

> *NOTE: Operating outside of an SBAS service area with SBAS enabled may cause elevated EPU values to be displayed on the satellite status page. Regardless of the EPU value displayed, the LOI annunciation is the controlling indication for determining the integrity of the GPS navigation solution.*

> *NOTE: The FDE Prediction program is used to predict FDE availability. This program must be used prior to all oceanic or remote area flights for all operators using the GTN as a primary means of navigation under FAR parts 91, 121, 125, and 135. The FDE program is part of the GTN trainer, available for download from the GTN product information page on Garmin's web site, www.garmin.com.*

If the GTN has not been operated for a period of six months or more, acquiring satellite data to establish almanac and satellite orbit information can take 5 to 10 minutes.

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The Time and other data may not be displayed until the unit has acquired enough satellites for a fix.

15.2.2 Satellite-Based Augmentation System (SBAS)

SBAS is a system that supports wide area, or regional, augmentation through the use of additional satellite broadcast messages. WAAS, EGNOS, and MSAS are known SBAS providers.

At the time of printing, SBAS providers support the following areas:

- WAAS provides SBAS service for Alaska, Canada, the 48 contiguous states, and most of Central America.

- EGNOS provides SBAS service for most of Europe and parts of North Africa.

- MSAS provides SBAS service for Japan only.

1. While viewing the System page, touch **GPS Status**.

2. If desired, touch the **SBAS** key to select an SBAS provider. The SBAS list is based on the Aviation database.

3. Touch the key for the desired SBAS provider.

Figure 15-7 SBAS Selection Page

4. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System Status page.

15.2.3 Circle of Uncertainty

The Circle of Uncertainty depicts an area where the ownship location is guaranteed to be when the aircraft location cannot be accurately determined. The area of the Circle of Uncertainty becomes larger as GPS horizontal accuracy degrades and smaller as it improves. The Circle of Uncertainty is shown only when the aircraft is on the ground. The Circle of Uncertainty area is transparent so that features within it may still be seen.

Area Within The Circle Of Uncertainty

Ownship Symbol

Figure 15-8 Circle of Uncertainty

15.3 External LRUs

The External LRU page displays the external equipment connected to the GTN and their connection status.

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **External LRUs** key.

LRU Available And Communicating

LRU Not Available Or Communicating

Touch For More Information

Figure 15-9 External LRU Page

2. When more information is available about the listed units, touch the **More Info** key to view the information.

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15.3.1   GDL 69 (and GDL 69A) Status

The GDL 69 Status page displays the serial numbers for the Data Radio for the GDL 69/69A and the Audio Radio for the GDL 69A. Subscription status displays the level of service available for your particular subscription. The Weather Products section lists the products available for your particular subscription.

1.   While viewing the External LRUs page, touch **More Info** for the GDL LRU.

Figure 15-10 GDL 69 Status Page

2.   Touch the **Menu** key to display the GDL 69 Status Menu.

Figure 15-11 GDL Status Menu

3.   Touch the **Lock Activation** key if this is for the initial subscription or a change in the subscription. Touch the **OK** key to continue the operation.
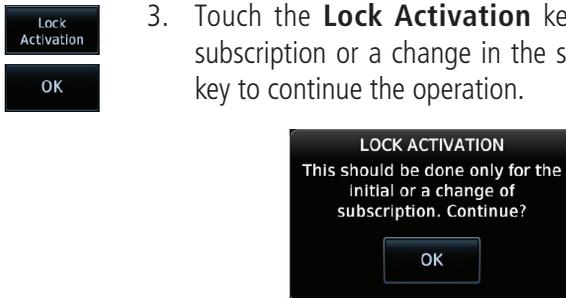
Figure 15-12 Loc Activation

4.   Touch the **Back** key to return to the GDL Status page.

5. Touch the **Weather Products** key to display the weather products subscription status.

Weather Product List

Weather Product Legend
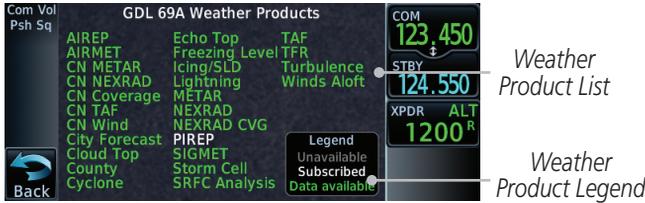
Figure 15-13 GDL 69/69A Status

6. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System page.

15.3.2 GDL 88 or GTX 345 Status

The GDL 88 or GTX 345 Status pages display information about the status of the GDL 88 or GTX 345.

Status	Description
On	Application is on/running. Required ownship input data is available and meets the performance criteria.
Available to Run	Application is configured. Required input data is available and meets the performance criteria. This state represents that the ASA Application is manually or automatically selected off.
Unavailable – Fault	Required Input data is not available due to a failure or the ASA Application process is failed.
Unavailable to Run	Required Input data is available but does not meet the performance criteria or is not available due to Non-Computed Data (NCD) conditions.

Table 15-6 Traffic Application Status

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1. While viewing the External LRUs page, touch **More Info** for the GDL 88 or GTX 345 LRU.

GPS SW Version and Serial Number

GPS Status

Touch To View FIS-B Weather Products

Touch To View Traffic Status

Figure 15-14 GDL 88 Status

2. Touch the **FIS-B Weather** key to view the FIS-B Weather information.

FIS-B Weather Products

Weather Product Legend

Touch To Enable/Disable FIS-B Weather
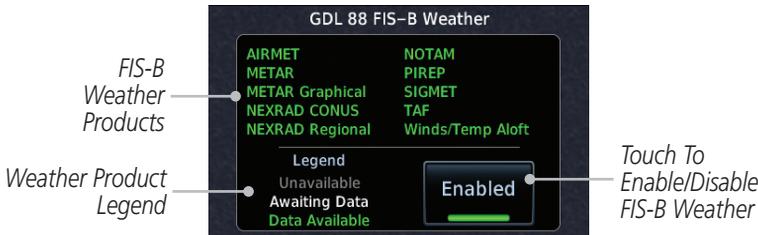
Figure 15-15 GDL 88 FIS-B Weather Information

3. Touch the **Enabled** key to toggle whether FIS-B Weather is enabled/disabled for use. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Status page.

4. Touch the **Traffic App Status** key to view the Traffic Application information.
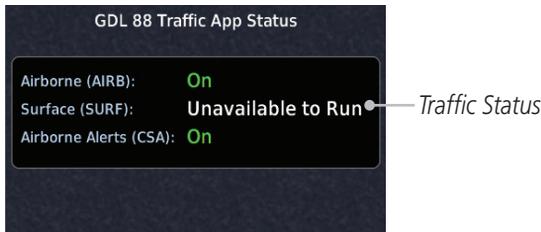
Traffic Status

Figure 15-16 GDL 88 Traffic Information

15.3.3   GSR 56 Status

The GSR 56 Status page displays information about the status of the GSR 56.

More Info

1.   While viewing the External LRUs page, touch **More Info** for the GSR 56 LRU.

Current Registration Info

Phone and Datalink Status

Iridium Signal Level

Touch To Register

Figure 15-17 GSR 56 Status

Connext Registration

2.   Touch the **Connext Registration** key to display the Connext Registration display.

Touch To Enter Access Code

Current Registration Info

Touch To Register

Figure 15-18 Connext Registration Page

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15.4 Setup

System Setup allows setting the time convention, Com channel spacing, crossfilling to a second GTN or GNS unit, and Nearest Airport search filtering.
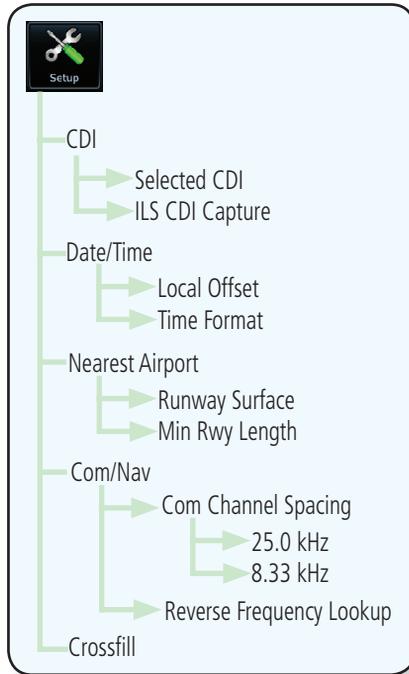
Figure 15-19 System Setup Functions

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Setup** key.

Touch Key to
Set Time Format
And Offset

Touch Key to Set
Runway Surface
Type And Min
Runway Length

Touch Key to
Select CDI And
ILS CDI Capture

Touch Key to
View Com/Nav
Settings

Touch Key to
Enable Crossfill
With Dual GTN
Units

Figure 15-20 System Setup Page

2. After making the desired selections, touch the **Back** key to return to the Setup page.

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15.4.1 CDI Scale Selection

The CDI source and ILS CDI Capture type may be selected manually or automatically. The selected CDI Scale will be reflected in the annunciation bar at the bottom of the display.

CDI Scale Selection allows you to define the scale for the course deviation indicator (both on the GTN unit's on-screen CDI and the external CDI). The scale values represent full scale deflection for the CDI to either side. The default setting is "Auto." At this setting, the CDI scale is set to 2.0 NM during the "en route" phase of flight. Within 31 NM (terminal area) of your destination airport, the CDI scale linearly ramps down to 1.0 NM over a distance of 1 NM. Likewise, when leaving your departure airport the CDI scale is set to 1.0 NM and gradually ramps up to 2 NM beyond 30 NM (from the departure airport). During GPS approach operations the CDI scale gradually transitions down to an angular CDI scale. At 2.0 NM before the final approach fix (FAF), CDI scaling is tightened from 1.0 NM to the angular full scale deflection (typically the angular full-scale deflection is 2.0°, but will be as defined for the approach).

If a lower CDI scale setting is selected (i.e., 1.0 or 0.3 NM), the higher scale settings are not selected during ANY phase of flight. For example, if 1.0 NM is selected, the GTN unit uses this for en route and terminal phases and ramps down further during an approach. Note that the Horizontal Alarm (HAL) protection limits listed below follow the selected CDI scale, unless corresponding flight phases call for lower HAL. For example, if the 1.0 NM CDI setting is selected, full-scale deflection during approach will still follow the approach CDI scale settings.

CDI Scale	Horizontal Alarm Limit
Auto (oceanic)	2.0 NM
±2.0 NM or Auto (en route)	2.0 NM
±1.0 NM or Auto (terminal)	1.0 NM
±0.3 NM or Auto (approach)	0.3 NM

Table 15-7 CDI Scale and Horizontal Alarm Limits

An "auto" ILS CDI selection allows the GTN unit to automatically switch the external CDI from the GPS receiver to the VLOC receiver, when intercepting the final approach course. Or, select "manual" to manually switch the external CDI connection, as needed (using the **CDI** key). If the unit is installed with a KAP140/KFC225 autopilot, automatic switching will not take place.

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1. While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **CDI** key.

Touch To Choose Auto or Manual CDI Scale Selection

Touch To Select ILS CDI Capture Type

Figure 15-21 CDI Selection

2. Touch the **CDI Scale** key to toggle between automatic selection or to choose the CDI scale manually.

Touch To Select CDI Scale

Figure 15-22 CDI Scale Selection

3. Touch the **ILS CDI Capture** key to select Auto Switch or Manual Selection. This feature enables the unit to automatically switch from GPS to VLOC on an ILS approach. See *Procedures-ILS Approaches* for more detail on ILS approaches.

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15.4.2 Date/Time

The Date/Time setting provides selection of time format (local or UTC; 12- or 24-hour). UTC (also called "GMT" or "Zulu") date and time are calculated directly from the GPS satellites' signals and cannot be changed.
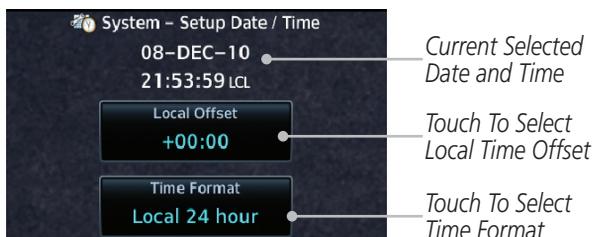
Figure 15-23 System Date and Time Setup

1. While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **Date/Time** key.

2. While viewing the System Setup page, touch **Local Offset** to set the time offset for local time.

3. Use the keypad to select the desired local offset and then touch **Enter**.

4. While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **Time Format** key to select local 12 hour, local 24 hour, or UTC time.

Figure 15-24 Select System Time Format

5. Touch the key for the desired time format.

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15.4.3   Nearest Airport Criteria

Nearest Airport Criteria defines the surface type and minimum runway length used when determining the 25 nearest airports to display on the Nearest Airport Page. A minimum runway length and/or surface type may be entered to prevent airports with small runways, or runways that do not have an appropriate surface, from being displayed. The default settings are "0 feet (or meters)" for runway length and "any" for runway surface type.

1. While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **Nearest Airport** key.

Touch To Select Runway Surface Type

Touch To Select Minimum Runway Length

Figure 15-25 Select Nearest Airport Criteria

2. Touch the **Runway Surface** key to display the options. Touch the desired surface type.

Touch to Select Any Runway Surface

Touch to Select Hard Runway Surfaces Only

Touch to Select Hard or Soft Runway Surfaces

Touch to Select Water Surfaces Only (Not Shown)

Figure 15-26 Nearest Airport Runway Surface Type

3. Touch **Minimum Runway Length** to display the keypad for selecting the minimum runway length. Select the desired minimum runway length with the numeric keypad. A selection of "0" will allow any length.

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Touch Key to Delete Values

Touch Key to Delete Values

Touch Keys to Set Values

Figure 15-27 Nearest Airport Minimum Runway Length

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4. After selecting the minimum runway length, touch the **Enter** key to save the entered values or touch the **Back** key to return to the System Setup page without saving a value.

15.4.4   Com/Nav Setup

15.4.4.1   Com Channel Spacing

Com transceiver channel spacing may be selected between 8.33 kHz and 25.0 kHz.

1. While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **Com/Nav** key.

2. Touch **COM Channel Spacing** to toggle between 8.33 kHz and 25.0 kHz channel spacing.

15.4.4.2   Reverse Frequency Lookup

The identifier and frequency type will be shown for the selected Com and Nav frequencies for the nearest stations that are in the database when the unit is receiving a valid position input. Station Identifiers with a "+" sign will have more stations associated with this frequency than just the type displayed.

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1. While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **Com/Nav** key.

2. Touch the **Reverse Frequency Lookup** key to toggle the function.

Identifier and Type Shown For Freqs In Database.

The "+" Sign Indicates More Stations Associated With This Frequency.

Reverse Frequency Lookup Selected

Figure 15-28 Reverse Frequency Lookup Selected

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15.4.5   Crossfill

Dual units may be interfaced to crossfill information between the two units. This option will not be available unless dual units are configured.

When Crossfill is turned on with one GTN, it is automatically turned on in the other GTN. Some items are always crossfilled regardless of the crossfill setting; others are dependent on the crossfill setting.

The GTN can be can also be interfaced with the GNS 400W/500W units. The GTN can automatically send the Active Flight Plan and active Direct-To course to the GNS unit. The GTN User Waypoints can be manually sent to the GNS unit. The GNS unit can manually send its User Waypoints to the GTN unit. Waypoint names longer than six characters, or duplicates, sent from the GTN unit to the GNS unit will replace some characters with a "+" sign, while leaving significant characters to aid in identification (such as, USR003 becomes US+003).

> **NOTE:**   Upon crossfill being activated, the GTNs may take up to 10 seconds to crossfill the flight plans. The pilot must verify the flight plan in each unit prior to use. The GTN and GNS units must have databases with the same cycle.

> **NOTE:**   When GPS navigation is lost in either unit, crossfilling may not be available until GPS is restored in both units. Crossfilling will resume once the flightplan is changed on one of the units or crossfill is re-enabled.

15.4.5.1   GTN-to-GTN Crossfilling

This data is always crossfilled:

- User waypoints
- Flight plan catalog
- Alerts (traffic pop-up acknowledgement, missed approach waypoint pop-up acknowledgement, altitude leg pop-up acknowledgement)
- External sensors (transponder status and commands, synchro heading)
- System setup:
    - User-defined NAV frequencies to store favorites
    - Date/Time convention
    - Nearest airport criteria
    - Units (Nav angle, Fuel, and Temperature)
    - User-defined COM frequencies to store favorites
    - CDI Scale setting
    - ILS CDI Capture setting

This data is crossfilled only if crossfill is turned on by the pilot:

- Active navigation (flight plan)

> **NOTE:** There is an installer option to turn on a system message that will be provided anytime crossfill is turned off to alert the pilot that flight plans are not being crossfilled.

1. While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **Crossfill** key to toggle between Enabled and Disabled Crossfill.

Touch Key to Enable Crossfill With Dual GTN Units

Figure 15-29 Selecting Crossfill

2. When Crossfill is about to be enabled, you will be prompted to note that data will be overwritten in the other unit. Touch **OK** to enable Crossfill or touch **Cancel** to return to the System Setup page without enabling Crossfill.

Touch OK to Enable Crossfill With Dual Units

Figure 15-30 Confirming Crossfill Selection

15.4.5.2   GTN-GNS Crossfilling

⚠️ *NOTE: When the active flight plan on the GTN contains legs or features that are not supported by the GNS, those legs will not be crossfilled and will not be present in the active flight plan on the GNS.*

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- GTN to GNS – Active flight plans, active direct-to, User waypoints
- GNS to GTN – User waypoints

[GNS Crossfill Settings]   1.   While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **GNS Crossfill Settings** key to reach the GNS Crossfill settings.

Touch OK to Enable Auto Crossfill With Dual Units

Touch OK to Manually Transfer User Waypoints
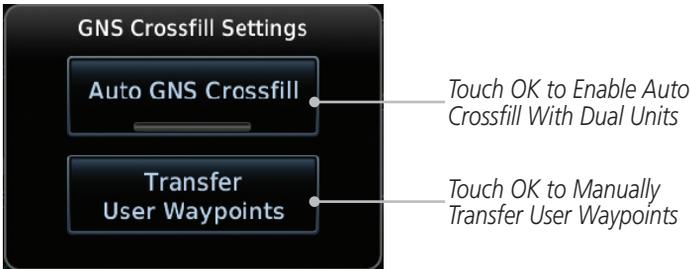
Figure 15-31 GTN-GNS Crossfill Selection

[Auto GNS Crossfill]   2.   Touch **Auto GNS Crossfill** to enable Crossfill and send the Active Flight Plans and the active Direct-To course to the GNS unit.

[Transfer User Waypoints]   3.   Touch the Transfer User Waypoints key to transfer the User Waypoints from the GTN unit to the connected GNS unit.

Transfer Of User Waypoints In Progress
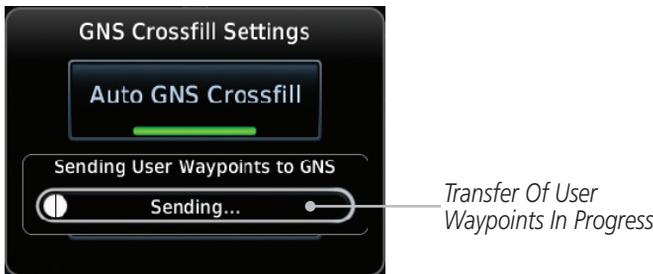
Figure 15-32 GTN-GNS Crossfill

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15.5   Alerts Settings

The Alerts Setup page controls two functions: Arrival Alerts and Airspace Alerts. Arrival Alerts, when active, will generate a message when the aircraft is within the selected proximity of the destination. Airspace Alerts generate a message and filtering of the Nearest Airspace list. The altitude component of Airspace Alerts are dependent on both aircraft and airspace altitude and the values set for the Altitude Buffer.

15.5.1   Arrival

1.   While viewing the Setup page under the Systems heading, touch the **Alerts** key.

Touch to Select Distance Values

Arrival

Select Airspace Types
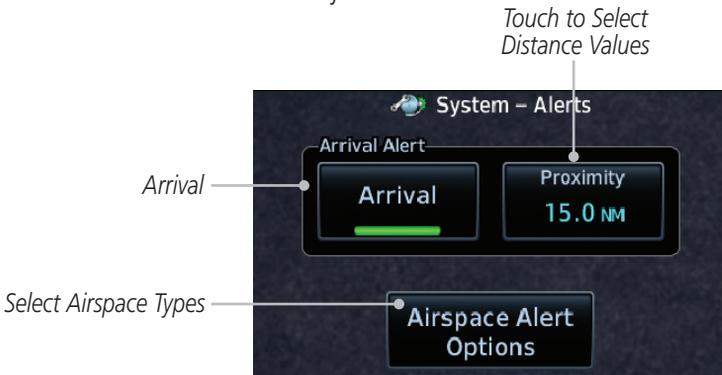
Figure 15-33 Alerts Setup Page

2.   Touch the **Arrival** key to toggle activation. A green bar will appear when it is active.

15.5.2   Proximity

Touch the **Proximity** key to set the Destination Proximity distance values. A numeric keypad will appear. Select the desired values and then touch **Enter**.

Selected Proximity Value

Touch Key to Delete Values

Use the Numeric Keypad to Select Proximity Value

Figure 15-34 Arrival Alert Proximity Selection

15.5.3 Airspace Alert Options

Airspace Alert Options

1. While viewing the Setup Alerts page, touch **Airspace Alert Options**.

Selected Airspace Type (green bar)

Airspace Altitude Buffer

Figure 15-35 Airspace Alert Selections

Altitude Buffer 200 FT

Enter

2. Touch the **Airspace Altitude Buffer** key to set the buffer altitude value. A numeric keypad will appear. Select the desired value and then touch **Enter**.

Selected Altitude Buffer Value

Touch Key to Delete Values

Use the Numeric Keypad to Select Altitude Buffer Value

Touch Enter Or Press Small Knob To Save Values

Figure 15-36 Altitude Buffer Selection

3. Touch the Airspace type keys to toggle activation. A green bar will appear when it is active.

✓ **NOTE:** *The Airspace Alert setting does not alter the depiction of airspace, or change the Smart Airspace setting for the main map page.*

✓ **NOTE:** *Airspace alerts for Prohibited airspace cannot be disabled.*

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15.6   User Fields

The User Fields selection allows you to configure the data field type shown at the right of the display when it is not occupied by the control for a transponder. The data shown in the field may be selected from a list after touching the desired field.

> **NOTE**: Data Field Types that use the term "Destination" refer to the final destination in the flight plan.

> **NOTE**: ETE to Destination is not available when a procedure is loaded and there are waypoints in the Enroute section of the flight plan.

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **User Fields** key, then touch an available field on the side of the display.

Touch to Select Data Type

Touch to Restore Defaults

2. Touch the **Data**, **Function**, or **Page** tab to display a list of available selections. A list of information types will be displayed.

Selected Field Type

Field Type List. Touch To Select Data Field

Slider Indicates More Selections Available. Press Finger and Slide To View More Selections.

Figure 15-37 Map Data Field Type Selections

3. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys or touch the display and drag your finger to scroll through the list. Touch the desired item to select it or touch the **Back** key to cancel selection.

Data Field Type	
ACTV WPT - Active Waypoint	MSA - Minimum Safe Altitude
B/D APT - BRG/DIS from Dest APT [1]	NAV/COM - Active NAV/COM FREQ
BRG - Bearing to Current Waypoint	OAT (static) - Static Air Temperature
DIS - Distance to Current Waypoint	OAT (total) - Total Air Temperature
DIS to Dest - Distance to Destination [2]	RAD ALT - Radar Altimeter
DTK - Desired Track	Time - Current Time
ESA - Enroute Safe Altitude	Time to TOD - Time to Top of Descent
ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival	TKE - Track Angle Error
ETA at Dest - ETA at Destination	TRK - Track
ETE - Estimated Time Enroute	Trip Timer - Timer Display
ETE to Dest - ETE to Destination	VOR/LOC - Tuned VOR/LOC Info
Fuel Flow - Total Fuel Flow	VSR - Vertical Speed Required
GS - GPS Ground Speed	Wind - Wind Speed and Direction
GSL - GPS Altitude	XTK - Cross Track Error
Generic Timer - Timer Display	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field

Table 15-8 Data Field Types of Information

Note 1:   B/D APT is the straight line distance.

Note 2:   Dist to DEST is the distance along the flight plan.

Function Field Type	
CDI - Course Deviation Indicator	OBS/Suspend/Unsuspend Button
Flap Override - Flap Override [1]	On Scene - "On Scene" Mode Toggle
GPWS Inhibit - GPWS Inhibit [1]	TAWS Inhibit - TAWS Inhibit
G/S Inhibit - G/S Inhibit [1]	Gen Timer - Generic Timer Control
HTAWS RP Mode - HTAWS RP Mode [2]	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field

Table 15-9 Function Field Types of Information

Note 1:   With TAWS-A enabled

Note 2:   With HTAWS enabled

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Page Field Type	
Blackout Mode	Utilities - Utilities Page
DFLT NAV - Default Navigation	Checklist - Checklist Page
Flight Plan - Flight Plan Page	Fuel PLAN - Fuel Planning Page
Map - Map Page	SCHED MSG - Scheduled Messages
Nearest - Nearest Page	Trip PLAN - Trip Planning Page
NEAR APT - Nearest Airport Page	VCALC - VCALC Page
PROC - Procedures Page	User FREQ - User Frequencies
Approach - Approach Page	WPT INFO - Waypoint Information
Arrival - Arrival Page	Weather - Weather Page
Departure - Departure Page	CNXT WX - Connext WX Page
Backlight - Backlight Page	FIS-B WX - FIS-B Weather Page
Services - Services Page	Stormscope - Stormscope Page
Traffic - Traffic Page	SiriusXM WX - Sirius XM WX Page
Terrain - Terrain Page	OFF - Do Not Display Page Field

Table 15-10 Page Field Types of Information

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15.7   Units Settings

The Units Setup page allows you to select the conventions for the various units that are displayed.

Units Type	Units Values
Altitude/Vertical Speed	Feet(FT/FPM), Meters (M/MPS)
Distance/Speed	Nautical Miles (NM/KT), Kilometers (KM/KPH), Statue Miles (SM/MPH)
Fuel[1]	Gallons (GAL), Imperial Gallons (IG), Kilograms (KG), Liters (LT), or Pounds (LB)
Nav Angle[1]	Magnetic (°), True (°T), User (°u)
Magnetic Variation	Enter numeric value, E or W
Position Format	LAT/LON, MGRS, UTM
Pressure	Inches of Mercury (IN), Hectopascals (HPA), Millibars (MB)
Temperature[1]	Celsius (°C) or Fahrenheit (°F)

Table 15-11 System Units Setup

Note 1: Only these unit types will be crossfilled in dual GTN installations.

15.7.1   Setup Units

Use these settings to set the units for values displayed in the unit operation.

1.   While viewing the System page, touch the **Units** key.

Touch Key To Set Units
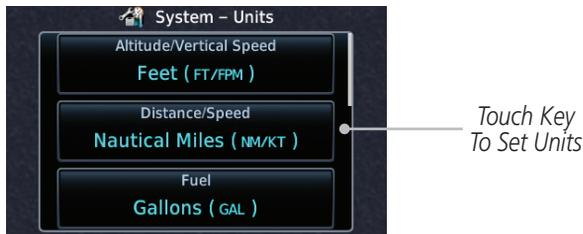
Figure 15-38 System Units Page

2.   Touch the key for the desired units. A window with a list of unit values will appear. Touch the desired value on the list.

Figure 15-39 System Units Selection Windows
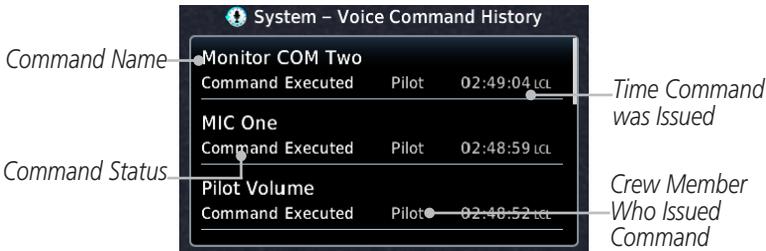
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3. After making the desired selections, touch the **Back** key to return to the Setup page.

15.7.2   Setting a User-Configured (Manual) Nav Angle

There are three variation (heading) options: Magnetic, True, and User. If "Magnetic" is selected, all track, course and heading information is corrected to the magnetic variation computed by the GPS receiver. The "True" setting references all information to true north. The "User" selection allows the pilot to enter values between 0º and 179º E or W. When configured by the installer, there may also be a fourth option: External. If "External" is selected, the GTN Nav Angle will be synchronized with the on-side MFD.

> **NOTE:**   When changing the Nav angle, the DTK on the Flight Plan page for an approach does not change until that approach is reloaded.

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Units** key.

2. Touch the **Nav Angle** key and then the **User** key.
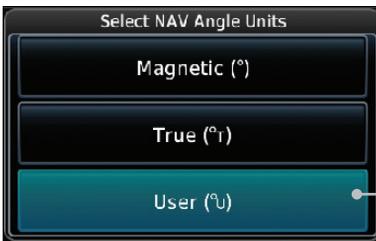
Touch to select User
(manual) mag var

Figure 15-40 Nav Angle Selections

3. After User is selected, touch the **Magnetic Variation** key to set the value.
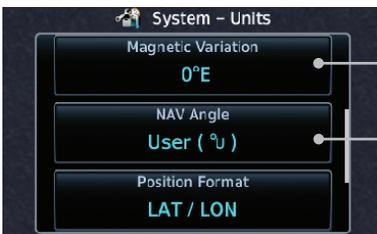
Touch To Set Manual
Mag Var

User Nav
Angle Selected

Figure 15-41 Magnetic Variation is Available for Editing

![GARMIN logo]

Enter

4. Touch the keys on the numeric keypad to set the Magnetic Variation and then touch **Enter**.

Touch To Toggle E/W Hemispheres

Touch Key to Delete Values

Use the Numeric Keypad to Select User (manual) Magnetic Variation

Touch Enter Or Press Small Knob To Save Values
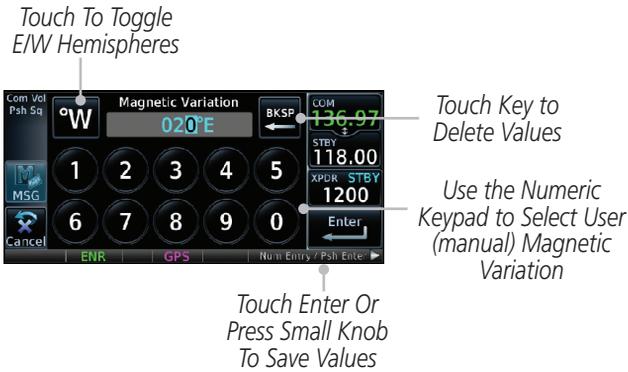
Figure 15-42 Numeric Keypad for Setting Manual Magnetic Variation

5. The User Nav Angle value will be used for all angular values. Remember to change the value when traveling to an area requiring another value.

15.7.3   Position Format Selection

There are three Position Formats available: Lat/Lon, the Military Grid Reference System (MGRS), and the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) grid system. The format selected will be shown in all locations where position information is shown.

> **NOTE:** The Position Format Selection function is available in SW v4.10, and later.

MGRS Position Format
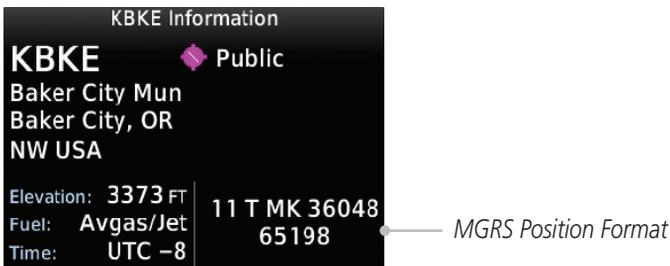
Figure 15-43 MGRS Position Format Shown On Waypoint Info Page

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100 km Square Identifier

Grid Designator

Easting Numeric Location

11 T MK 36048
65198

Northing Numeric Location
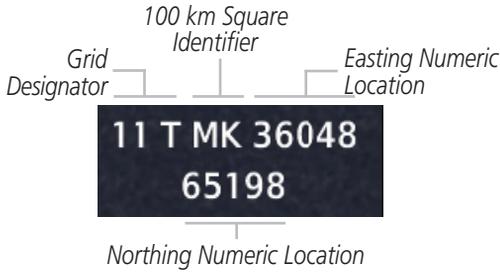
Figure 15-44 MGRS Position Format Detail

Latitude Band

Grid Zone

Easting Value

11 T 0436048
4965198

Northing Value
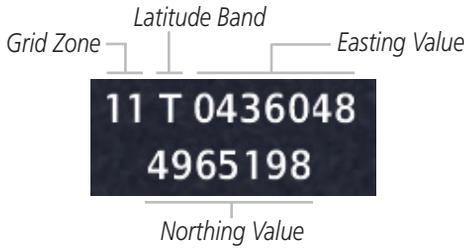
Figure 15-45 UTM Position Format Detail

1. While viewing the System page, touch **Units** key.

2. Touch the **Position Format** key.

Select Position Format

LAT / LON

MGRS

UTM

Touch to select Position Format

Figure 15-46 Position Format Selection

3. Touch the desired Position format.

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15.8   Audio

The Audio Settings allows the adjustment of the volume the click sound when controls are touched.

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Audio** key.

Volume Level

Touch The Arrow Keys To Adjust Click Volume

Touch To Select Voice (TAWS Only)

Touch To Select Voice Call Outs (Optional)

Figure 15-47 Audio Setup Selection

2. Touch the Arrow keys to adjust the Key Click Volume.

3. Touch the **Male** or **Female** key to select the audio voice type.

4. When HTAWS is installed, a Voice Call Outs option may be available. Touch the **Voice Callouts** key to select the Max Voice Call Out value.

NOTE: VCOs are available down to 100 feet above terrain when HTAWS is installed and use GSL above terrain to generate callouts (no radar altimeter required). If a radar altimeter is interfaced to the GTN, alerts are available down to 50 feet and the height above terrain from the radar altimeter is used to generate the callouts.

5. Touch the **MAX Voice Callout** key to select the value.

Touch To Select Max Voice Call Out

Touch To Select Voice Call Out Value

Figure 15-48 Select Voice Call Out Value

6. Touch **Back** when complete.

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15.9 Backlight Settings

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The backlighting of the display and bezel keys can be adjusted automatically or manually. The default setting (automatic backlighting adjustment) uses photocell technology to automatically adjust for ambient lighting conditions. Photocell calibration curves are pre-configured to optimize display appearance through a broad range of cockpit lighting conditions. A manual offset creates a deviation form the normal curve. Manual adjustments may be made from +100% to -10%. The negative adjustment is limited to prevent the backlight from being accidently decreasing the backlight to the point where the display of information could not be seen.

The backlight offset function is not available when a dimmer input is active. The GTN is capable of accepting lighting inputs from the built-in photocell, aircraft dimmer bus, or both. If the lighting is not satisfactory, contact the installer to adjust the curves.

Manual backlighting adjustment can be accomplished using the existing instrument panel dimmer bus or the following procedures.

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Backlight** key.
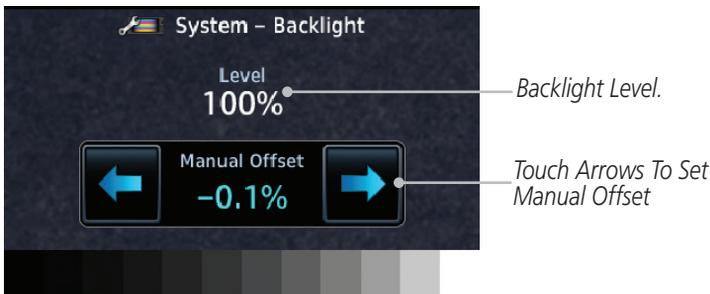
Figure 15-49 Backlight Level Setting

2. Touch the **Manual Offset Arrow** keys to set the Manual Offset level.

3. After making the desired selections, touch the **Back** key to return to the Setup page.

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15.10   Connext Setup - GSR 56

This page provides information about the GSR 56 and the Connext Registration page. See Section 15.3.3 - GSR 56 Status for more details.

1. While viewing the System page, touch **Connext Setup** to access the GSR 56 LRU Status page.

2. Touch **Connext Registration** to set up the Connext account. Follow the information provided in Section 15.3.3 - GSR 56 Status.

15.11   Connext Setup - Flight Stream 210 and 510

The GTN interfaces with the Flight Stream 210 Bluetooth transceiver and Flight Stream 510 wireless datacard. Using a Flight Stream and the GTN, flight plans are sent and received over Bluetooth. In addition, GPS position is provided from the GTN and attitude is forwarded from a connected GDU. The GTN can also configure the Flight Stream's Bluetooth.

The Flight Stream 510 also includes a Wi-Fi transceiver for updating databases. Refer to Section 18.2 for more information on updating databases with a Flight Stream 510. The GTN can configure the Flight Stream 510's Wi-Fi.

1. While viewing the System page, touch **Connext Setup** and then the **Flight Stream 210** or **Flight Stream 510** key.

Touch to Configure Bluetooth

Touch to Configure Wi-Fi (Flight Stream 510 Only)

Touch To Configure Flight Stream Features

Figure 15-50 Connext Setup for Flight Stream 510

NOTE: Turning Flight Plan imports off will remove the ability of the GTN to receive flight plans from the Flight Stream. This could be used if there are repeated erroneous attempts by a portable device application to send flight plans to the GTN.

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2. Touch the **Bluetooth Setup** key to manage the Bluetooth connection.

Touch To Set The Bluetooth Name

Touch To Manage Paired Devices

Figure 15-51 Bluetooth Setup for Flight Stream

3. Touch the **Wi-Fi Setup** key to manage the Wi-Fi connection.

Figure 15-52 Flight Stream 510 - Wi-Fi Setup

4. Touch the **Features** key to manage Flight Stream Features.

Figure 15-53 Flight Stream 510 - Features Setup

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15.11.1 Operation

Data output from the GTN and Flight Stream occurs automatically and requires no pilot action (such as, flight plan, GPS position, and attitude). Additionally, ADS-B traffic and weather can be output from the Flight Stream when connected to a GDL 88 or GTX 345 and XM WX and SiriusXM satellite radio information can output when connected a GDL 69. From the Connext Setup page, the pilot can enable/disable flight plan importing, change the Flight Stream Bluetooth name, and manage paired devices. The Flight Stream 210 and 510 also support sending and receiving GSR 56 SMS messages and controlling the GSR 56 Iridium phone when used with a compatible portable application.

From the Connext Setup page, the pilot can enable/disable Flight Stream features (flight plan importing, phone/SMS, and database transfers), setup Flight Stream Bluetooth and Wi-Fi, and manage paired Bluetooth devices.

On the GTN's Paired Devices page, the device status indicates if the portable device is connected and communicating with the Flight Stream. The "Auto-Reconnect" setting determines if the Flight Stream will automatically connect to up to four devices when in range. When this setting is disabled, the pilot must initiate the connection from the device. For devices that always reconnect automatically, this setting will not be shown. Removing a device from this page by pressing "Remove" will require the device to be paired again before transferring data.

> **NOTE:** If the pairing is removed from either device (portable device or GTN) it must be removed on the other device before a new pairing to that same device is established again. Essentially, pairing must be removed on both devices before repairing.

Figure 15-54 Managing Paired Devices

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15.11.2 Pairing a Device

New devices can only be paired with the Flight Stream when it is in "Pairing Mode." The Flight Stream will be in pairing mode when the GTN is navigated to the Connext Setup page and/or the Manage Paired Devices page. The pairing must be initiated by the portable device. Pop-ups displayed on the portable device and GTN will be displayed to confirm the pairing.

Accept Bluetooth pairing with device "Jacob's Phone"? Passkey: 385882

Yes   **No**

Figure 15-55 Confirm Pairing With A New Device

Selecting "Manage Paired Devices" opens a page that lists all of devices paired to the Flight Stream.

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15.12   Connext Setup - Other Bluetooth Devices

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The GTN can also configure the Bluetooth transceiver in other units, such as the GTX 345.

Touch To Enable Bluetooth

Touch To Set The Bluetooth Name

Touch To Manage Paired Devices

Figure 15-56 Connext Setup for GTX 345

From the Connext Setup page, the pilot can enable/disable Bluetooth, change the Bluetooth name, and manage paired devices. On the Paired Devices page, the device status indicates if the portable device is paired and connected. To connect a different device when the maximum number are already connected, the existing connection must be ended by removing the portable device pairing or by disconnecting or disabling Bluetooth on the portable device. Removing a device from this page by pressing "Remove" will require the device to be paired again before reconnecting.

> **NOTE:**   If the pairing is removed from either device (portable device or installed avionics) it must be removed on the other device before a new pairing to that same device is established again. Essentially, the pairing must be removed on both devices before re-pairing.

New devices can only be paired while the unit is in "Pairing Mode." Pairing mode is active while on the Connext Setup page or the Manage Paired Devices page. The pairing must be initiated by the portable device. A pop-up will be displayed on the portable device to confirm the pairing.

15.13   Voice Command

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> ✓ **NOTE:** *This feature is available in software v6.20, or later.*

The Voice Command page allows controlling the voice command function and viewing the voice command status and recent commands. Voice Commands are only available when connected to a compatible Garmin audio panel and when enabled by the installer.

Touch to Activate Voice Commands

Touch To View Recently Spoken Commands

Installed Voice Command Grammar Version

Voice Command Tone Status

Figure 15-57 Voice Command Setup

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Voice Commands** key.

2. Touch the **Voice Command** key to toggle activation. A green bar will appear when voice commands are active.

3. Touch the **Command History** key to open a list of recently spoken commands.

Command Name

Command Status

Time Command was Issued

Crew Member Who Issued Command

Figure 15-58 Voice Command History

16 MESSAGES

When an Message has been issued by the unit, the **MSG** (Message) key/ annunciator on the left side of the display will blink. Touch the **MSG** key to view the messages. After viewing the messages, touch the **Back** key to return to the previously viewed page.

System messages are not crossfilled between GTN units. Each GTN will display messages based on data received by that unit. This may result in duplication of messages between units, however the pilot should view messages on both GTN units when more than one is installed to ensure all messages are received.

Message List

Message Key - Touch To Toggle Message Display
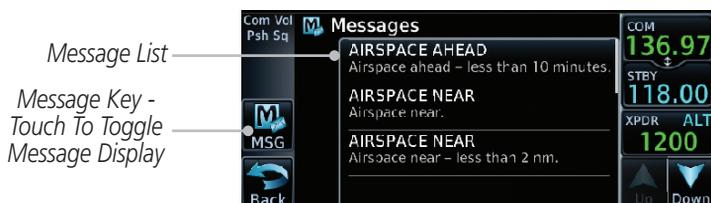
Figure 16-1 Message Display

Message	Description	Action
ABORT APPROACH - GPS approach no longer available.	This message is triggered outside the MAP if the GTN system can no longer provide approach level of service. Vertical guidance will be removed from the external CDI/HSI display.	Initiate a climb to the MSA or other published safe altitude, abort the approach, and execute a non-GPS based approach.
AIRSPACE ALERT - Airspace entry in less than 10 minutes.	The aircraft is predicted to enter an airspace type, within 10 minutes, for which alerts are configured.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

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Message	Description	Action
AIRSPACE ALERT - Airspace within 2 nm and entry in less than 10 minutes.	The aircraft is within 2 nm and predicted to enter an airspace type, within 10 minutes, for which alerts are configured.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
AIRSPACE ALERT - Inside airspace.	The aircraft inside an airspace type for which alerts are configured.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
AIRSPACE ALERT - Within 2 nm of airspace.	The aircraft is within 2nm of an airspace type for which alerts are configured.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
APPROACH DOWNGRADE - Approach downgraded. Use LNAV minima.	Approach has been downgraded from LPV or LNAV/VNAV, to an LNAV approach. Vertical guidance will be removed from the external CDI/HSI display.	Continue to fly the approach using published LNAV minimums.
APPROACH NOT ACTIVE - Do not continue GPS approach.	GPS approach could not transition to active (e.g., the GTN is on an approach and did not have the required HPL/VPL to get into at least LNAV, so is still in TERM).	Abort the approach, and execute a non-GPS based approach.
APR GUIDANCE AVAILABLE - Press "Enable APR Output" before selecting APR on autopilot.	The GTN is configured for KAP140/KFC225 autopilot, and approach guidance is now available.	Press the "Enable APR Output" key on the GTN, this will cause the autopilot to go into ROL mode. Engage the autopilot into approach mode. See Section 6.15 for additional information.

Message	Description	Action
CDI/HSI FLAG - Main lateral/ vertical flag on CDI/HSI is inoperative.	The Main Lateral Superflag or Main Vertical Superflag output has been turned off due to an over-current condition.	Verify course guidance is valid and correct by crosschecking with the GTN on-screen CDI and other navigational equipment. Contact dealer for service.
CDI SOURCE - Select appropriate CDI source for approach.	Aircraft is on a GPS approach but CDI is set to VLOC, or aircraft is on VLOC approach and CDI is set to GPS *and* aircraft is less than 2 nm from the FAF.	Select the appropriate CDI source for approach.
COM RADIO - Com locked to 121.5 MHz. Hold remote com transfer key to exit.	Com radio is locked to 121.5 MHz.	The external com remote transfer (COM RMT XFR) switch has been held and the com radio is tuned to 121.5. To exit this mode, hold the com remote transfer (COM RMT XFR) switch for two seconds.
COM RADIO - Com overtemp or undervoltage. Reducing transmitter power.	Com radio is in overtemp or undervoltage mode and transmitting power has been reduced to prevent damage to the com radio. Radio range will be reduced.	Decrease length of com transmissions, decrease cabin temperature and increase cabin airflow (especially near the GTN). Check aircraft voltage and reduce electrical load as necessary. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
COM RADIO - Com radio may be inoperative.	The com radio is not communicating properly with the system.	Press and hold the volume knob or the external com remote transfer (COM RMT XFR) switch, if installed – this will force the com radio to 121.5 MHz. Contact dealer for service.

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Message	Description	Action
COM RADIO - Com radio needs service.	The com radio is reporting that it needs service. The com radio may continue to function.	Cycle the power to the COM radio. Contact dealer for service.
CONFIGURATION - Terrain/TAWS configuration is invalid. GTN needs service.	TAWS is inoperative due to a configuration problem with the GTN. This message will be accompanied by a TER FAIL annunciation.	Contact dealer for service.
CONFIGURATION MODULE - GTN configuration module needs service.	The GTN cannot communicate with its configuration module. The GTN may still have a valid configuration.	Contact dealer for service.
COOLING - GTN overtemp. Reducing backlight brightness.	Backlight brightness has been reduced due to high display temperatures. The backlight level will remain high enough to be visible in daylight conditions.	Decrease cabin temperature and increase cabin airflow (especially near the GTN). Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
COOLING FAN - The cooling fan has failed.	The GTN cooling fan is powered, but it is not turning at the desired RPM.	Decrease cabin temperature and increase cabin airflow (especially near the GTN) to prevent damage to the unit. Contact dealer for service.
CROSSFILL ERROR - Crossfill is inoperative. See CRG for crossfilled items.	Crossfill is not working due to loss of communication with other GTN or due to one GTN needing service.	See Section 15.4.5 for a list of crossfilled items that will no longer be crossfilled. Contact dealer for service.

Message	Description	Action
CROSSFILL ERROR - GTN Navigation DB mismatch. See CRG for crossfilled items.	The navigation databases do not match between GTNs resulting in a loss of communication between two units.	Check the specified database version of both GTNs and ensure it is up-to-date. Update the specified database if needed.
CROSSFILL ERROR - GTN software mismatch. See CRG for crossfilled items.	Crossfill is configured "on" but is not working due to software mismatch.	See Section 15.4.5 for a list of crossfilled items that will no longer be crossfilled. Contact dealer to have software versions updated.
CROSSFILL STATUS - Crossfill is turned off.	Crossfill is turned off.	No action.
DATABASE - A procedure has been modified in a cataloged flight plan.	A new database update caused a procedure to be truncated because the flight plan now has too many waypoints or removed a procedure because it no longer exists in the database.	Verify stored cataloged flight plans and procedures. Modify stored flight plans and procedures as necessary to include the current procedures by re-loading those procedures to the stored flight plan routes.
DATABASE - Terrain display unavailable for current location.	The aircraft is outside the terrain database coverage area.	Terrain and TAWS functions will be unavailable. If terrain coverage is desired in the area, load appropriate coverage area on the external data card.
DATABASE - Terrain or Obstacle database not available.	The terrain or obstacle database is missing or corrupt.	Re-load these databases on the external data card.

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DATABASE - Verify airways in stored flight plans are correct.	A stored flight plan contains an airway that is no longer consistent with the current navigation database.	Verify that the airways in stored flight plans are correct. Modify stored flight plans as necessary to include the current airways by re-loading those airways to the stored flight plan routes.
DATABASE - Verify user-modified procedures in stored flight plans are correct.	A stored flight plan contains procedures that have been manually updated, and a navigation database update has occurred.	Verify that the user-modified procedures in stored flight plans are correct.
DATACARD ERROR - SD card is invalid or failed.	External data card has an error and the unit is not able to read the databases.	ChartView, FlightCharts, and Terrain databases will not be accessible by the unit. Contact dealer for service.
DATACARD REMOVED - Reinsert SD card.	External data card was removed.	Reinsert data card.
DATALINK - ADS-B In fault: UAT receiver.	The ADS-B In source has detected a UAT receiver fault.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - ADS-B In fault: 1090 receiver.	The ADS-B In source has detected a 1090 receiver fault.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - FIS-B weather has failed.	The FIS-B receiver is reporting that it has failed. The display of FIS-B products may be unavailable.	Contact dealer for service.

Message	Description	Action
DATALINK - GDL 69 is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for a Garmin datalink (GDL 69 or 69A) and the GTN cannot communicate with the datalink. Data from the datalink will not be available.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 ADS-B failure. Unable to transmit ADS-B messages.	GDL 88 is not able to transmit an ADS-B message due to a failure with the GDL 88 system or antenna(s).	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 ADS-B fault.	The GDL 88 has detected a fault with one of the GDL 88 UAT/1090 antennas.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 ADS-B fault. Pressure altitude input is invalid.	The GDL 88 has lost communication with the pressure altitude source.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 ADS-B is not transmitting position. Check GPS devices.	The GDL 88 has detected a position input fault.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 configuration module needs service.	The GDL 88 has detected a configuration module fault.	Contact dealer for service.

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DATALINK - GDL 88 control input fault. Check transponder is in correct mode.	The GDL 88 has lost communication with the transponder.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for a Garmin datalink (GDL 88) and the GTN cannot communicate with the datalink. Data from the datalink will not be available.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 needs service.	GDL 88 has detected an internal fault.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GSR 56 data services inoperative; registration required.	The GSR 56 is not registered. GSR Weather, Position Reporting, and Phone Services will be unavailable.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GSR 56 is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for a Garmin GSR 56 and the GTN cannot communicate with the GSR 56. GSR Weather, Position Reporting, and Phone Services will be unavailable.	Close the GSR 56 circuit breaker and ensure the GSR 56 is receiving power. Contact dealer for service.
DATA LOST - Pilot stored data was lost. Recheck settings.	User settings such as map detail level, nav range ring on/off, traffic overlay on/off, and alert settings have been lost.	Recheck settings.

Message	Description	Action
DATA SOURCE - Heading source inoperative or connection to GTN lost.	The GTN is configured to receive heading information but is not receiving it from any source.	Heading up map displays will not be available. Contact dealer for service.
DATA SOURCE - Pressure altitude source inoperative or connection to GTN lost.	The GTN is configured to receive pressure altitude but is not receiving it from any source.	If the GTN is being used to forward pressure altitude to a transponder, the transponder will not be receiving pressure altitude from the GTN while that message is present. Contact dealer for service.
DATA SOURCE - Radar Altimeter source inoperative or connection to GTN lost.	The GTN is configured to receive radio altitude information but is not receiving it from any source.	50 foot aural annunciation is unavailable for HTAWS installations. Contact dealer for service.
DEMO MODE - Demo mode is active. Do not use for navigation.	The GTN is in Demo Mode and must not be used for actual navigation.	Do not use for navigation. Power cycle the GTN to exit demo mode. Also ensure that the Direct-To key is not stuck.
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT - Flight plan import failed.	The requested flight plan could not be imported because the GTN was unable to decode the contents of the flight plan.	Check for proper operation of the needed components. If the problem persists. Contact dealer for service.
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT - Flight plan import failed. Catalog is full.	The flight plan catalog is full and the requested flight plan could not be imported.	Edit the flight plan catalog to remove unneeded flight plans.
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT - New imported flight plan(s) available for preview.	The GTN has received a new flight plan that is available for preview by the pilot.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

Message	Description	Action
FPL WAYPOINT LOCKED - Stored flight plan waypoint is not in current navigation database.	A stored flight plan waypoint is no longer in the current navigation database.	Verify stored cataloged flight plans and procedures. Modify stored flight plans as necessary to include waypoints that are in the current navigation database.
FPL WPT MOVED - Stored flight plan waypoint has changed location.	A stored flight plan waypoint has moved by more than 0.33 arc minutes from where previously positioned.	Verify stored cataloged flight plans and procedures. Modify stored flight plans as necessary to include waypoints that are in the current navigation database.
GLIDESLOPE - Glideslope receiver has failed.	The glideslope board is not communicating property with the system.	Fly an approach that does not use the glideslope receiver (VOR, LOC, GPS). Contact dealer for service.
GLIDESLOPE - Glideslope receiver needs service.	The glideslope board is indicating that it needs service. The glideslope board may continue to function.	Verify glideslope deviation indications with another source and crosscheck final approach fix crossing altitude. If another glideslope source is not available for verification, fly a GPS based approach. Contact dealer for service.
GNS CROSSFILL - Catalog full; not all GNS waypoint(s) transferred.	A user waypoint from the GNS could not be created because the user waypoint catalog is full.	Remove some of the waypoints from the catalog to make room for the waypoints from the GNS.
GNS CROSSFILL - GTN user waypoint(s) replaced with GNS user waypoints.	A user waypoint from the GNS replaced one or more existing waypoints on the GTN.	Ensure that the waypoints on the GNS have unique names before transferring to the GTN to avoid overwriting existing waypoints.

Message	Description	Action
GNS CROSSFILL - Waypoint transfer failed.	Waypoint transfer failed/incomplete.	The data transfer should be reattempted.
GPS NAVIGATION LOST - Erroneous position. Use other navigation source.	GPS position has been lost due to erroneous position.	Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service.
GPS NAVIGATION LOST - Insufficient satellites. Use other navigation source.	GPS position has been lost due to lack of satellites.	Wait for GPS satellite geometry to improve. Ensure the aircraft has a clear view of the sky. Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service.
GPS RECEIVER - GPS receiver has failed. Check GPS coax for electrical short.	Internal communication to the SBAS board is inoperative.	Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service.
GPS RECEIVER - GPS receiver needs service.	The GPS module is reporting that it needs service. The GPS module may continue to function.	Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service.
GPS RECEIVER - Low internal clock battery.	The GPS module indicates that its clock battery is low. Almanac data may have been lost. The unit will function normally, but may take a longer than normal period to acquire a GPS position.	Contact dealer for service.

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GPS SEARCHING SKY - Ensure GPS antenna has an unobstructed view of the sky.	The GPS module is acquiring position and may take longer than normal. This message normally occurs after initial installation or if the unit has not been powered for several weeks.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
GTN - GTN needs service.	The GTN has lost calibration data that was set by Garmin during manufacturing.	Contact dealer for service.
HOLD EXPIRED - Holding EFC time has expired.	The selected Expect Further Clearance (EFC) time for a user-defined hold has passed.	No action is necessary; message is information only.
HTAWS - Invalid Terrain Database.	The terrain database is of insufficient resolution for use with HTAWS.	Load HTAWS specific terrain database on the external SD card.
INTERFACE ADAPTER - GAD 42 configuration needs service.	GAD 42 indicates a configuration error.	Verify all input/output data from/to the GAD 42 Interface Adapter. Contact dealer for service.
INTERFACE ADAPTER - GAD 42 needs service.	GAD 42 indicates it needs service. The GAD 42 may continue to function.	Verify all input/output data from/to the GAD 42 Interface Adapter. Contact dealer for service.
INTERNAL SD CARD ERROR - GTN needs service.	Internal SD card has an error. This card is not accessible by the user.	Contact dealer for service.
INTERNAL SD CARD REMOVED - GTN needs service.	Internal SD card was removed or failed. This card is not accessible by the user.	Contact dealer for service.

Message	Description	Action
KEY STUCK - Direct-To key is stuck.	The Direct-To key has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Verify the Direct-To key is not pressed. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
KEY STUCK - HOME key is stuck.	The HOME key has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Verify the HOME key is not pressed. Press the Home key again to cycle its operation. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
KNOB STUCK - Dual concentric inner knob is stuck in the pressed position.	The dual concentric inner knob has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This knob press will now be ignored.	Verify the dual concentric knob is not pressed. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
KNOB STUCK - Volume knob is stuck in the pressed position.	The Volume knob has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This knob press will now be ignored.	Verify the volume knob is not pressed. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
LOCKED FLIGHT PLAN Cannot activate a flight plan containing a locked waypoint.	The user is trying to activate a flight plan that contains a locked waypoint.	Unlock the flight plan by modifying stored flight plans as necessary to include waypoints, procedures, and airways that are in the current navigation database.
LOSS OF INTEGRITY (LOI)- Verify GPS position with other navigation equipment.	Antenna may be shaded from satellites. The GPS module has reported a loss of integrity.	Make sure the aircraft is clear of hangars, buildings, trees, etc. Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.

Message	Description	Action
MAGNETIC NORTH APPROACH - Verify NAV angles are referenced to magnetic north (magnetic variation).	The NAV angle is not set to Magnetic and a magnetic approach is loaded.	Change NAV angle setting to Magnetic.
MAGNETIC VARIATION - Aircraft in area with large mag var. Verify all course angles.	MagVar is flagged as unreliable in the MagVar database. This normally occurs when operating at high latitudes that do not support a Nav Angle of Magnetic.	Verify that the geographical region supports navigation based on magnetic variation.
MARK ON TARGET - Waypoint creation has failed. MOT requires GPS position.	Mark on target waypoint creation has failed because of missing GPS position.	Wait for GPS satellite geometry to improve. Ensure the aircraft has a clear view of the sky. Reattempt waypoint creation. Contact dealer for service.
NAV ANGLE - NAV Angles are referenced to a User set value (U).	Nav angle is set to User.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
NAV ANGLE - NAV Angles are referenced to True North (T).	Nav angle is set to True.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

Message	Description	Action
NON-WGS84 WAYPOINT - See CRG. Location may be different than where surveyed for [WPT].	The active waypoint is not referenced to the WGS84 datum. See Note 1 at the end of the table.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
OBS - OBS is not available due to dead reckoning or no active waypoint.	OBS requires an active waypoint and is not supported in dead reckoning mode.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
PARALLEL TRACK - Parallel track not supported for leg type.	Parallel track is not supported on current leg type.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
PARALLEL TRACK - Parallel track not supported for turns greater than 120 degrees.	Parallel track is not supported for turns greater than 120 degrees due to the acute angle.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
PARALLEL TRACK - Parallel track not supported past IAF.	Parallel track is not supported on approaches.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Alert Acknowledge key is stuck.	The remote TAWS alert acknowledge (ALRT ACK) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the ALRT ACK key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.

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REMOTE KEY STUCK - Com push-to-talk key is stuck.	The Push To Talk key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored and the com radio will no longer transmit.	Verify the Push To Talk key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Com remote frequency decrement key is stuck.	The remote com frequency decrement (COM CHAN DN) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the COM CHAN DN key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Com remote frequency increment key is stuck.	The remote com frequency increment (COM CHAN UP) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the COM CHAN UP key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Com remote transfer key is stuck.	The remote com transfer (COM RMT XFR) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the COM RMT XFR key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.

Message	Description	Action
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Nav remote transfer key is stuck.	The remote nav transfer (NAV RMT XFR) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the NAV RMT XFR key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Pilot/Co-Pilot voice command push-to-command key is stuck.	The remote push-to-command key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the push-to-command key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Remote CDI key is stuck.	The remote CDI (CDI SRC SEL) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the CDI SRC SEL key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Remote go around key is stuck.	The remote go around (RMT GO ARND) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the RMT GO ARND key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.

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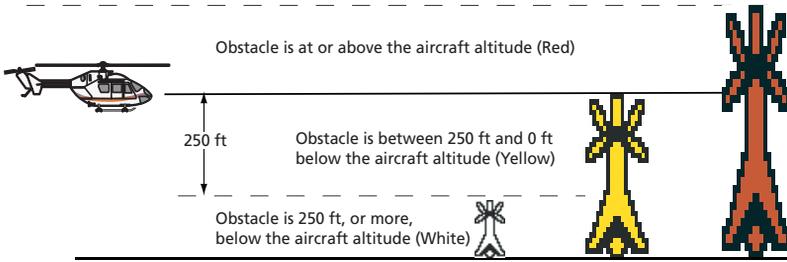| Message	Description	Action
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Remote OBS key is stuck.	The remote OBS (OBS MODE SEL) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the OBS MODE SEL key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - RP Mode key is stuck.	The remote RP MODE key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the RP MODE key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - TAWS inhibit key is stuck.	The TAWS INHIBIT discrete input has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the TAWS INHIBIT key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
SELECT FREQUENCY - Select appropriate NAV frequency for approach.	Correct NAV frequency is not set in the active NAV frequency for the approach procedure.	Insert the correct frequency into the active navigation frequency window.
SET COURSE - Set course on CDI/HSI to [current DTK].	The selected course on the CDI/HSI does not match the current desired track.	Set the CDI/HSI selected course to the current desired track.

Message	Description	Action
STEEP TURN - Aircraft may overshoot course during turn.	Flight plan contains an acute course change ahead which will require a bank in excess of normal to follow the guidance. If coupled to the autopilot, the autopilot may not be able to execute the steep turn needed to follow the course guidance.	No action is necessary; message is informational only. If desired, slow the aircraft to shallow the turn.
STORMSCOPE - Invalid heading received from StormScope.	The WX-500 StormScope reports that it has an invalid heading source.	GTN StormScope data is correct and may be used. Contact dealer for service.
STORMSCOPE - StormScope is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for a WX-500 StormScope but is not receiving data from it.	Close the Stormscope circuit breaker and ensure Stormscope is receiving power. Contact dealer for service.
TAWS AUDIO INHIBITED - TAWS audio inhibit input is stuck.	The TAWS Audio Inhibit discrete input has been active for at least 30 seconds. This input is active in all installations. TAWS audio may be heard at the same time as other audio alerts.	Contact dealer for service.
TIMER - Timer has expired.	A user-configured timer has expired.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

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Message	Description	Action
TRAFFIC - ADS-B In traffic alerting has failed.	The ADS-B traffic system is reporting to the GTN that the CSA application has failed. Traffic alerting on ADS-B traffic is unavailable.	Ensure the aircraft has a clear view of the sky. If the problem persists. Contact dealer for service.
TRAFFIC - ADS-B In traffic has failed.	The ADS-B traffic system may have lost GPS position or detected an internal fault.	Contact dealer for service.
TRAFFIC - TCAD has a low battery.	The GDL 88 is reporting that the external traffic system has a low battery.	Contact dealer for service.
TRAFFIC - Traffic device battery low. Traffic device user config settings not saved.	The TCAD system has indicated that its battery is low.	Contact dealer for service.
TRAFFIC - Traffic device has been in standby for more than 60 seconds.	The GTN is airborne and the traffic device has been in standby for more than 60 seconds.	Set the traffic device to "operate" on the traffic page if traffic alerts are desired.
TRAFFIC - Traffic device is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for a traffic device but is not receiving data from it. Traffic will not be displayed on the GTN.	Contact dealer for service.

Message	Description	Action
TRANSPONDER - Transponder 1 and 2 Mode S addresses do not match.	The GTN is configured for two transponders and their Mode S addresses do not match. This message is intended to assist installers and will not occur in a properly configured system.	Contact dealer for service.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - ADS-B is not transmitting position.	The transponder has insufficient data to support ADS-B.	Ensure the aircraft has a clear view of the sky. Contact dealer for service.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - ADS-B Out system fault. Pressure altitude source inoperative or connection lost.	The transponder has lost communication with the pressure altitude source.	Contact dealer for service.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder 1 or 2 is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for transponder 1 or 2 but is not able to communicate with the transponder.	Verify squawk code and altitude with ATC. Contact dealer for service.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder 1 or 2 needs service.	The transponder is reporting to the GTN that it needs service. The transponder may continue to function.	Verify squawk code and altitude with ATC. Contact dealer for service.

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Message	Description	Action
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder has failed.	The transponder has detected an internal fault and transponder functionality may be unavailable.	Contact dealer for service.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder is in ground test mode.	The transponder is operating in a mode intended for ground testing.	Cycle the power to the transponder.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder overtemp.	The transponder is reporting that its internal temperature has exceeded upper operating limits.	Decrease temperature and increase airflow near the transponder, if possible. Monitor aircraft electrical indications. Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder undertemp.	The transponder is reporting that its internal temperature has exceeded lower operating limits.	Contact dealer for service if this message persists.
TRUE NORTH APPROACH - Verify NAV Angles are referenced to True North (T).	A procedure is loaded that is referenced to true north and the active leg has a published true north reference.	Verify the Nav Angle is set to True North.
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoints were imported successfully.	All user waypoints were imported successfully.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

Message	Description	Action
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoint import failed.	User Waypoint import failed due to improper file format.	Ensure the media has the correct file format. If the problem persists. Contact dealer for service.
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoint import failed. User waypoint database is full.	User Waypoint catalog is full and the requested user waypoints could not be imported.	Edit the User Waypoint catalog to remove unneeded user waypoints.
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoints imported successfully - existing waypoints reused.	User waypoints imported and existing waypoints are used instead of creating duplicate waypoints.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
VCALC - Approaching top of descent.	User has configured a vertical descent calculation, and the aircraft is within 60 seconds of the calculated top of descent.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
VCALC - Arriving at VCALC target altitude.	User has configured a vertical descent calculation, and the aircraft is approaching the target altitude.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
VLOC RECEIVER - Navigation receiver has failed.	The nav radio is not communicating property with the system.	Use GPS based navigation. Contact dealer for service.

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Message	Description	Action
VLOC RECEIVER - Navigation receiver needs service.	The nav radio is reporting to the GTN that it needs service. The nav radio may continue to function.	Use GPS based navigation. Contact dealer for service.
WAYPOINT - Arriving at [wpt name].	User has configured the arrival alarm and is within the specified distance.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

Table 16-1 Messages

Note 1:   There are several reference datums that waypoints can be surveyed against. TSO-C146 normally requires that all waypoints be referenced to the WGS84 datum, but allows for navigation to waypoints that are not referenced to the WGS84 datum so long as the pilot is notified. Certain waypoints in the navigation database are not referenced to the WGS84 datum, or their reference datum is unknown. If this is the case, this message is displayed. Garmin cannot determine exactly how close the non-WGS84 referenced waypoint will be to the WGS84 datum that the GTN uses. Typically, the distance is within two nautical miles. The majority of non-WGS84 waypoints are located outside of the United States.

17 SYMBOLS

The following tables describe the symbols that are found on the Map display.

17.1 Map Page Symbols

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Symbol	Description
	Airport with hard surface runway(s); Serviced, Primary runway shown
	Airport with hard surface runway(s); Non-Serviced, Primary runway shown
	Airport with soft surface runway(s) only, Serviced
	Airport with soft surface runway(s) only, Non-Serviced
	Unknown Airport
	Restricted (Private) Airfield
	Intersection
	VOR
	VORTAC
	VOR/DME
	TACAN
	DME
	NDB
	Locator Outer Marker
	Heliport
	User Waypoint
	VRP

Table 17-2 Map Page Symbols

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17.2   SafeTaxi™ Symbols

Symbol	Description
(H)	Helipad
☆	Airport Beacon
☐	Under Construction Zones
⠿	Unpaved Parking Areas
◢◣	Hot Spot

Table 17-3 SafeTaxi Symbols

17.3   Traffic Symbols

TIS Symbol	Description
◆	Non-Threat Traffic
●	Traffic Advisory (TA)
◐	Traffic Advisory Off Scale

Table 17-4 TIS Symbols

TAS Symbol	Description
◇	Non-Threat Traffic (intruder is beyond 5 NM and greater than 1200 ft vertical separation)
◆	Proximity Advisory (PA) (intruder is within 5 NM and less than 1200 ft vertical separation)
●	Traffic Advisory (TA) (closing rate, distance, and vertical separation meet TA criteria)
◖	Traffic Advisory Off Scale

Table 17-5 TAS Symbols

Symbol		Description
Imminent Traffic (Traffic within ±500 feet AND 1.0 NM; OR no altitude AND within 1.0 NM)	Non-Imminent Traffic	
⧖	⧖	Traffic Closing Vertically
⬦	⬦	Traffic Diverging Vertically
▢	▢	Traffic not Closing or Diverging Vertically

Table 17-6 9900B TCAD Symbols

Symbol	Description
●	Traffic Advisory
◆	Proximity Advisory (color may be configured as cyan)
◇	Other Traffic (color may be configured as cyan)
◢	Out-of-Range Traffic Advisory

Table 17-7 9900BX (TCAS) Symbols

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Symbol	Description
◇	Basic Non-Directional Traffic
▲	Basic Directional Traffic
▽	Basic Off-scale Selected Traffic
◆	Proximate Non-Directional Traffic
▲	Proximate Directional Traffic
▼	Proximate Off-scale Selected Traffic
●	Non-Directional Alerted Traffic
◒	Off-Scale Non-Directional Alerted Traffic
▲	Directional Alerted Traffic
▲	Off-Scale Directional Alerted Traffic
▣	Non-Directional Surface Vehicle
⬠	Directional Surface Vehicle

Table 17-8 ADS-B Traffic Symbols

> **NOTE:** Color of basic and proximate traffic is dependent on configuration (cyan or white) and airborne/on-ground status of target (target is brown when on the ground, see the surface vehicles).

17.4 Terrain Obstacle Symbols

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Unlighted Obstacle (Height is less than 1000 ft AGL)	Lighted Obstacle (Height is less than 1000 ft AGL)	Unlighted Obstacle (Height is greater than 1000 ft AGL)	Lighted Obstacle (Height is greater than 1000 ft AGL)

Table 17-9 Obstacle Altitude/Color Correlation

Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line

Table 17-10 Obstacle Icon Types

Threat Location

Projected Flight Path

100 ft Threshold

Terrain above or within 100 ft below the aircraft altitude (Red)

Unlighted Obstacle

1000 ft

Terrain between 100 ft and 1000 ft below the aircraft altitude (Yellow)

Terrain more than 1000 ft below the aircraft altitude (Black)
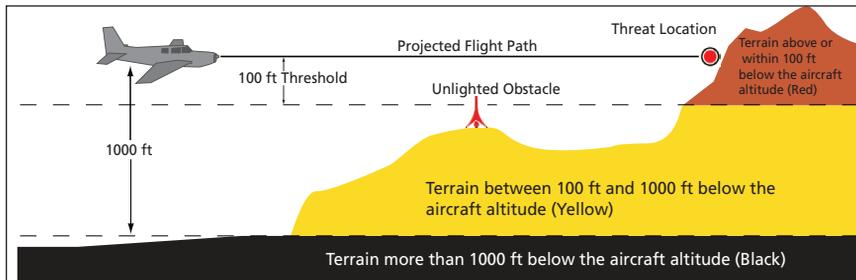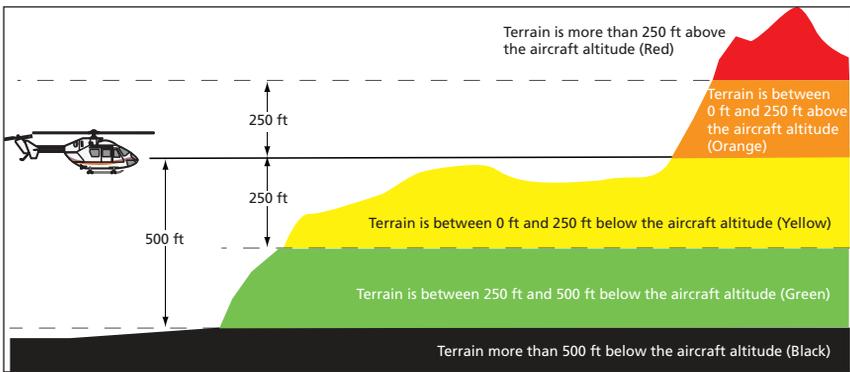
Figure 17-1 Terrain Altitude/Color Correlation

17.6 Basemap Symbols

Symbol	Description
	Interstate Highway
	State Highway
	US Highway
	National Highway - 2-digit drawn inside
	Small City or Town
	Medium City
	Large City

Table 17-11 Basemap Symbols

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17.7 Map Tool Bar Symbols

Symbol	Description
	Terrain Proximity Enabled and Available Indicator
	Terrain Proximity Enabled and Not Available Indicator
	Point Obstacle Enabled and Available Indicator (Software v5.12 and later)
	Point Obstacle Enabled and Not Available Indicator (Software v5.12 and later)
	Wire Obstacles Enabled and Available Indicator (Software v5.12 and later)
	Wire Obstacles Enabled and Not Available Indicator (Software v5.12 and later)
	StormScope Enabled
	Ownship is receiving TIS-B and ADS-R services (Software v5.11 or earlier)
	Possible incomplete traffic picture – ownship is not receiving one (or both) of the TIS-B or ADS-R services (Software v5.11 or earlier)
	Traffic Enabled and Available Indicator
	Traffic Enabled and Not Available Indicator

Table 17-12 Map Tool Bar Symbols

17.8 Miscellaneous Symbols

Symbol	Description
	Low-Wing Prop (Default Ownship)
	High-Wing Prop
	Kit Plane
	Turboprop

Symbol	Description
	Twin-Engine Prop
	Single-Engine Jet
	Business Jet
	2-Blade Rotorcraft
	3-Blade Rotorcraft
	4-Blade Rotorcraft
	High Visibility Arrow
	Basic Aircraft
	Non-directional ownship is shown if there is no heading or ground track. This typically only occurs during start-up. In helicopters without a heading source, the non-directional ownship symbol will also appear below 15 kts.
	Parallel Track Waypoint
	Restricted/Prohibited/Warning/Alert
	TFR (Temporary Flight Restrictions)
	MOA
	Class B Airspace
	Class C Airspace
	Class D Airspace
	User Waypoint

Table 17-13 Miscellaneous Symbols

NOTE: *Ownship icons are configured by the installer and can be colored magenta for enhanced visibility (Software v5.12 or later).*

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17.9 Stormscope Symbols

Symbol	Time Since Strike (Seconds)
	6
	60
	120
	180

Table 17-14 Stormscope Symbols

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18.1 Glossary

ACT, ACTV	active, activate
ADC	Air Data Computer
ADF	Automatic Direction Finder
ADI	Attitude Direction Indicator
AFM	Airplane Flight Manual
AFMS	Airplane Flight Manual Supplement
AGL	Above Ground Level
AIM	Airman's Information Manual
AIRMET	Airman's Meteorological Information
ALT	altitude
AP	autopilot
APR	approach
APT	airport, aerodrome
ARINC	Aeronautical Radio Incorporated
ARSPC	airspace
ARTCC	Air Route Traffic Control Center
AS	airspeed
ASOS	Automated Surface Observing System
ATC	Air Traffic Control
ATCRBS	ATC Radar Beacon System
ATIS	Automatic Terminal Information Service
AUX	auxiliary
AWOS	Automated Weather Observing System
BARO	barometric setting
BC	backcourse
Bearing	The compass direction from the present position to a destination waypoint
BRG	bearing
C	center runway
ºC	degrees Celsius
CDI	Course Deviation Indicator
CHNL	channel
CLD	cloud

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CLR	clear
CNXT	Connext
CONFIG	configuration
Course	The line between two points to be followed by the aircraft
Crosstrack Error	The distance the aircraft is off a desired course in either direction, left or right
CRS	course
CRSR	cursor
CTA	Control Area
CTAF	Common Traffic Advisory Frequency
CTRL	control
CUM	The total of all legs in a flight plan
DALT	density altitude
DB, DBASE	database
DCLTR, DECLTR	declutter
deg	degree
DEP	departure
Desired Track (DTK)	The desired course between the active "from" and "to" waypoints
DEST	destination
DFLT	default
DIS	distance
Distance	The "great circle" distance from the present position to a destination waypoint
DME	Distance Measuring Equipment
DP	Departure Procedure
DPRT	departure
DSBL	disabled
DTK	Desired Track
EDR	Excessive Descent Rate
EGNOS	Provides SBAS service for most of Europe and parts of North Africa
ELEV	elevation
EMI	Electromagnetic Interference
ENR	en route

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En Route Safe Altitude	The recommended minimum altitude within ten miles left or right of the desired course on an active flight plan or direct-to
ERR	error
ESA	En route Safe Altitude
ETA	Estimated Time of Arrival
ETE	Estimated Time En Route
ºF	degrees Fahrenheit
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FCC	Federal Communication Commission
FCST	forecast
FD	flight director
FIR	Flight Information Region
FIS-B	Flight Information Services-Broadcast
FISDL	Flight Information Service Data Link
FLTA	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance
FPL	flight plan
FREQ	frequency
FRZ	freezing
FSS	Flight Service Station
ft	foot/feet
G/S, GS	glideslope
GDC	Garmin Air Data Computer
GDL	Garmin Satellite Data Link
GEO	geographic
GLS	Global Navigation Satellite Landing System
GMA	Garmin Audio Panel System
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
GMU	Garmin Magnetometer Unit
GPS	Global Positioning System
GPSS	GPS Roll Steering
Ground Speed	The velocity that the aircraft is travelling relative to a ground position
Ground Track	*see Track*
GRS	Garmin Reference System
GS	Ground Speed
GTX	Garmin Transponder

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HDG	heading
Heading	The direction an aircraft is pointed, based upon indications from a magnetic compass or a properly set directional gyro
HFOM	Horizontal Figure of Merit
Hg	mercury
hPa	hectopascal
HPL	Horizontal Protection Level
HSDB	High-Speed Data Bus
HSI	Horizontal Situation Indicator
HTAWS	Helicopter Terrain Awareness and Warning System
Hz	Hertz

IAF	Initial Approach Fix
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IFR	Instrument Flight Rules
IGRF	International Geomagnetic Reference Field
ILI	Imminent Line Impact
ILS	Instrument Landing System
IMC	Instrument Meteorological Conditions
IOI	Imminent Obstacle Impact
INFO	information
in HG	inches of mercury
INT	intersection(s)
INTEG	integrity (RAIM unavailable)
ITI	Imminent Terrain Impact

L	left, left runway
LAT	latitude
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LCL	local
LED	Light Emitting Diode
Leg	The portion of a flight plan between two waypoints
LIFR	Low Instrument Flight Rules
LNAV	Lateral Navigation
LOC	localizer
LOI	loss of integrity (GPS)
LON	longitude
LPV	Localizer Performance with Vertical guidance

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LRU	Line Replacement Unit
LT	left
LTNG	lightning
MAG	Magnetic
MAG VAR	Magnetic Variation
MapMX	A proprietary data format used to forward navigation information between Garmin units
MAX	maximum
MAXSPD	maximum speed (overspeed)
MDA	barometric minimum descent altitude
METAR	Aviation Routine Weather Report
MGRS	MIlitary Grid Reference System
MIN	minimum
Minimum Safe Altitude	Uses Grid MORAs to determine a safe altitude within ten miles of the aircraft present position
MKR	marker beacon
MOA	Military Operations Area
MOT	Mark On Target
MOV	movement
mpm	meters per minute
MSA	Minimum Safe Altitude
MSAS	Provides SBAS service for Japan only
MSG	message
MSL	Mean Sea Level
MT	meter
mV	millivolt(s)
MVFR	Marginal Visual Flight Rules
NAV	navigation
NAVAID	NAVigation AID
NCR	Negative Climb Rate
NDB	Non-Directional Beacon
NEXRAD	Next Generation Radar
OAT	Outside Air Temperature
OBS	Omni Bearing Selector

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PA	Proximity Advisory
PC	personal computer
PDA	Premature Descent Alert
P. POS	Present Position
PTK	parallel track
QTY	quantity
R	right, right runway
RAIM	Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring
RAM	random access memory
REF	reference
REQ	required
REV	reverse, revision, revise
RLC	Reduce Required Line Clearance
RMI	Radio Magnetic Indicator
RNG	range
RNWY	runway
ROC	Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance
RT	right
RTC	Reduced Required Terrain Clearance
SAR	Search and Rescue
SBAS	Satellite-Based Augmentation System
SCIT	Storm Cell Identification and Tracking
SD	Secure Digital
SFC	surface
SIAP	Standard Instrument Approach Procedures
SID	Standard Instrument Departure
SIGMET	Significant Meteorological Information
SLP/SKD	slip/skid
SMBL	symbol
SPD	speed
SRVC, SVC	service
STAR	Standard Terminal Arrival Route
STATS	statistics
STBY	standby
STD	standard

SUA	Special Use Airspace
SUSP	suspend
SW	software
SYS	system
T	true
TA	Traffic Advisory
TACAN	Tactical Air Navigation System
TAF	Terminal Aerodrome Forecast
TAS	True Airspeed
TAS	Traffic Advisory System
TAT	Total Air Temperature
TAWS	Terrain Awareness and Warning System
TCA	Terminal Control Area
TCAS	Traffic Collision Avoidance System
TEMP	temperature
TERM	terminal
TFR	Temporary Flight Restriction
T HDG	True Heading
TIS	Traffic Information System
TMA	Terminal Maneuvering Area
Topo	topographic
Track	Direction of aircraft movement relative to a ground position; also 'Ground Track'
TRK	track
TRSA	Terminal Radar Service Area
UNAVAIL	unavailable
USR	user
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
UTM/UPS	Universal Transverse Mercator/ Universal Polar Stereographic Grid
V, Vspeed	velocity (airspeed)
VAR	variation
VFR	Visual Flight Rules
VHF	Very High Frequency
VLOC	VOR/Localizer Receiver
VMC	Visual Meteorological Conditions

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VNAV, VNV	vertical navigation
VOR	VHF Omni-directional Range
VORTAC	very high frequency omnidirectional range station and tactical air navigation
VRP	Visual Reporting Point
VS	Vertical speed
VSI	Vertical Speed Indicator
WAAS	Wide Area Augmentation System
WGS-84	World Geodetic System - 1984
WPT	waypoint(s)
WX	weather
XPDR	transponder
XTK	cross-track

18.2 Database Information and Updates

The GTN uses several databases to provide up-to-date aviation information. GTN databases can be updated by the pilot using an SD card or Flight Stream 510 wireless database card. The GTN can also synchronize databases in the cockpit with other displays using Database SYNC and Chart Streaming.

Information about the installed and standby databases can be viewed on the System Status page. Database SYNC and Chart Streaming can be configured in the menu on the System Status page.

The database card should not be removed except to update the databases stored on the card. For basic flight operations, a database card is required for database storage. The database cards cannot be shared between units.

18.2.1   GTN Databases

- **Navigation** - The navigation database contains information for waypoints and airports, such as procedures, runways, airways, airspaces, frequencies, and visual reporting points. For helicopter applications, a navigation database that includes additional heliports is available.

- **Basemap** - The Basemap database contains land and water data, such as roads, boundaries, rivers, and lakes.

- **SafeTaxi** - The SafeTaxi database contains detailed airport diagrams for selected airports. These diagrams aid in following ground control instructions by displaying the aircraft position on the map in relation to taxiways, ramps, runways, terminals, and services.

- **Obstacles** - The obstacle database contains data for obstacles, such as towers, that pose a potential hazard to aircraft. Obstacles 200 feet and higher are included in the fixed-wing obstacle database. The rotorcraft database includes all reported obstacles regardless of height. It is important to note that not all obstacles are necessarily charted and therefore may not be contained in the obstacle database. Several obstacle database options are available. Obstacle databases created for GTN software v5.10 or later include all power lines or only Hazardous Obstacle Transmission (HOT) lines depending on the type of obstacle database installed. HOT lines are those power lines that are co-located with other FAA-identified obstacles. The obstacle database is required for the TAWS and HTAWS functions.

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- **Terrain** - The terrain database contains terrain mapping data. The terrain database is required for the TAWS and HTAWS functions. Systems using HTAWS require a 2.5 arc second database while non-HTAWS applications can use a 9 arc-second database.

- **FliteCharts** - FliteCharts resemble the paper version of AeroNav Services (Formerly named National Aeronautical Charting Office) terminal procedures charts. The charts are displayed with high-resolution and in color for applicable charts. The GTN depiction shows the aircraft position on the moving map in the plan view of the approach charts and on airport diagrams.

- **Chartview** - ChartView resembles the paper version of Jeppesen terminal procedure charts. The charts are displayed in full color with high-resolution. The GTN depiction shows the aircraft position on the moving map in the plan view of approach charts and on airport diagrams.

Database Name	Where Stored	Update Cycle	Provider	Notes
Navigation	Internal memory	28 days	fly.garmin.com	
Basemap	Internal memory	As required	fly.garmin.com	
SafeTaxi	Internal memory	56 days	fly.garmin.com	
Obstacle	Internal memory	56 days	fly.garmin.com	
Terrain	Database card	As required	fly.garmin.com	
FliteCharts	Database card	28 days	fly.garmin.com	Disables 180 days after expiration date.
Chartview	Database card	14 days	Contact Jeppesen	Disables 70 days after expiration date.

Table 18-1 Database List

NOTE: Garmin requests that the flight crew report any observed discrepancies related to database information. These discrepancies could come in the form of an incorrect procedure, incorrectly identified terrain, obstacles and fixes, or any other displayed item used for navigation or communication in the air or on the ground. Go to www.flygarmin.com and at the bottom of the page select "Aviation Data Error Report."

18.2.2 Updating Databases with a SD Card

To update the GTN database use an SD card. Instructions on updating the GTN database and the required equipment is found at *fly.garmin.com*.

The ChartView database is provided directly from Jeppesen. Contact Jeppesen (*www.jeppesen.com*) for ChartView subscription and update information. An enablement card that is purchased from Garmin is separate from the Jeppesen database and is required to enable ChartView.

1. Download the database updates to the Garmin Database Card from the appropriate website.

2. Insert the database card into the slot of the GTN.

3. Apply power to the GTN.

4. The database update page will be displayed, listing all effective database updates on the database card. Databases cycles that are not effective or already installed will be kept on the Garmin Database Card as standby databases until they become effective. Hold down the dual-concentric knob while applying power to the GTN to force the update of these databases.

Figure 18-4 Updated Databases

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5. Select the desired database updates and press the **Update** key.

NOTE: *Do not remove power to the GTN while updating databases.*

6. The GTN will begin the update process and then verify the integrity of the installed databases.

7. Check that all databases are current and there are no errors. If a database is highlighted in yellow, it is either expired or missing.

Figure 18-5   Currently Installed Software/Databases

![GARMIN logo]

18.2.3   Updating Databases with a Flight Stream 510

GTN databases can also be updated using the Flight Stream 510 wireless database card with a portable device and the Garmin Pilot application.

1. Follow the instructions within the app to purchase and download the database updates.

2. Ensure the Flight Stream 510 is inserted into the database card slot and apply power to the GTN.

![Show WiFi Info key]

3. When prompted on the database verification screen, connect the portable device to the Flight Stream 510 Wi-Fi network. The network name and password can be displayed by pressing the **Show WiFi Info** key.

    Update Databases
    (((Connect to the Flight Stream WiFi Network
         "Flight Stream 510–8C4D"
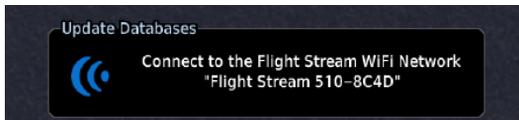
4. Once connected, open Garmin Pilot on the portable device.

    Update Databases
    (((Connected to Portable Device
         Open Portable Application
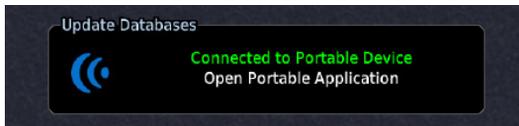
5. The Flight Stream 510 will check for database updates on the portable device and display the database update page or notify the pilot that no database updates are available.

    Update Databases
    (((Connected to Portable Device
         Checking for Database Updates...

    Com Vol / Psh Sq   Incoming Databases from samsung SM–T810   Select None   WiFi Info   COM 133.27
    Update   Navigation Database   STBY 121.22
             1606, Not effective until 26–MAY–16
             Pre–loading next cycle   XPDR STBY 1200
    Cancel   Basemap Database
             16M1, Expired 31–DEC–89
             Active database will be updated   Up   Down
                                                Com Freq ►

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6. Select the desired database updates. All selected databases will be transferred to the GTN, but the GTN may choose to not install all databases. Database cycles that are not yet effective will be preloaded and kept as standby databases until they become effective. Databases that are not supported by this GTN may be transferred and then SYNC'd to other Garmin displays.

7. Press the **Update** key.

> **NOTE:** *Do not remove power to the GTN while updating databases.*

8. The GTN will begin the transfer, update, and verification process. The terrain and charts databases can take up to 5 minutes each to transfer over Wi-Fi to the Flight Stream 510.

9. Check that all databases are current and there are no errors. If a database is highlighted in yellow, it is either expired or missing.

18.2.4 Database SYNC

Database SYNC allows the GTN to synchronize databases from a single unit to other Garmin avionics. The pilot only needs to update a single database card (SD card or Flight Stream 510) and the new databases are automatically SYNC'd through the units connected in the cockpit and configured for Database SYNC. Databases must be purchased for all avionics in the cockpit.

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Database SYNC is supported by these database types:

- Navigation
- Basemap
- SafeTaxi
- Obstacle
- FliteCharts
- Airport Directory

The database SYNC process may take several minutes, depending on how many databases have been updated. The status of the database transfers to a unit can be viewed on the System Status page under the "Standby" tab. The GTN will display the source of the received databases (for example: "Database SYNC - GTN #2"). If a database SYNC is pending, completed, or not authorized, the status will also be indicated.

When the SYNC is complete, if the aircraft is stopped and has yet to takeoff, the pilot will be prompted with the option to restart and update to the newly transferred databases.

> **NOTE:** *Restarting the GTN must only be performed when the aircraft is on the ground as navigation and communication from the restarted unit will be lost for a period of time.*

18.2.4.1   Resolving Database SYNC Conflicts

If the GTN determines that there are multiple LRUs with the newest cycle of a database, but they have different regions or types of that database (e.g., fixed wing vs. rotorcraft navigation database, different regions of the navigation database, or different obstacle database types) then a database conflict will occur. When a database conflict occurs, that database will not be SYNC'd until the pilot resolves the conflict. On the unit that has the desired databases to SYNC to the other units, press the **Resolve Conflicts** key that is located on the Conflicts tab of the System Information page.

18.2.5   Chart Streaming

While the Chart database is SYNCing in the background, the GTN will stream individual charts to other compatible displays. This enables all Garmin displays to use the latest chart database information even though the database is currently installed only on a single unit. Chart Streaming will begin after the chart database has begun SYNCing.

18.2.6   Database Troubleshooting Tips

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Problem	Action
Unable to download databases to the SD card	• Ensure you have a high capacity SD card programmer • Ensure that your card programmer is plugged directly into your computer and not into a USB hub, computer screen, or keyboard • Ensure the sliding lock tab is in the unlocked position (up, when viewing the card label-side up)
Database update fails	• Restart the GTN and retry the update • Download the databases to the database card again • Ensure that the databases were purchased for the system ID of the GTN that the database card is being used to update
Database SYNC fails	• Ensure that the databases were purchased for all the GTNs and GDUs in the cockpit • Ensure that all conflicts have been resolved (section 18.2.4.1)
Database cannot be selected for update	• Restart the GTN while pressing the dual-concentric knob until the Garmin logo is fully illuminated to veiw all database updates on the database card, regardless of effectivity • Download the databases to the database card again • Ensure that the databases were purchased for the system ID of the GTN that the database card is being used to update
Database cannot be transferred to Flight Stream 510	• Ensure that the databases were purchased for the system ID of the GTN that the database card is being used to update • Ensure that the database transfers are enabled for the Flight Stream 510 (section 18.2.3) • Ensure that all database updates have been downloaded to the Garmin Pilot application • Press the Show All DBs key on the database verification page to veiw all database updates on the portable device, regardless of effectivity
Database is transferred to Flight Stream 510 but cannot be selected for update	• Ensure that the databases were purchased for the system ID of the GTN that the database card is being used to update • Ensure that the transferred database is currently effective • Restart the GTN while pressing the dual-concentric knob until the Garmin logo is fully illuminated to view all database updates on the Flight Stream 510, regardless of effectivity

Table 18-1 Database Troubleshooting Tips

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18.3 Demo Mode

The GTN product contains a "Demo" mode that allows simulation of all operations of the product to allow practice and familiarization while staying on the ground.

⚠️ **WARNING:** *Do not use the GTN to navigate while Demo mode is active. Do not use or enter Demo mode while airborne.*

1. Press in and hold the **Direct-To** key and then apply power to the unit.

Demo mode is active.
Do not use for navigation.

Touch To Continue

Figure 18-6 Demo Mode Start Up Display

2. Touch the **Continue** key and Fuel keys as normally needed to start operations.

3. Touch the **Demo** key in the lower part of the display to reach the Demo Setup functions.

Demo Setup

Touch For GPS Settings

Touch For NAV Settings

Touch For Date And Time Settings
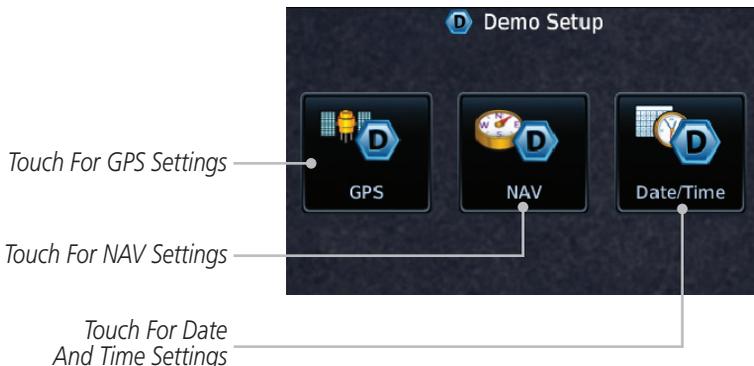
Figure 18-7 Demo Mode Setup

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4. Touch the **GPS** key to reach the Demo GPS Settings page. The Position Error values (Horizontal Protection Level Fault Detection [HPL FD], HPL SBAS, and Vertical Protection Level [VPL] SBAS) may be adjusted to reflect errors induced by naturally occurring conditions, but are normally not adjusted for most Demo mode operations.

Touch To Select GPS Solution

Touch To Select Lat/ Lon Coordinates For Current Position

Touch To Select HPL FD Values, If Desired

Touch For HPL SBAS Settings

Touch To Select Current Position From A Wpt In The Database

Touch For VPL SBAS Settings
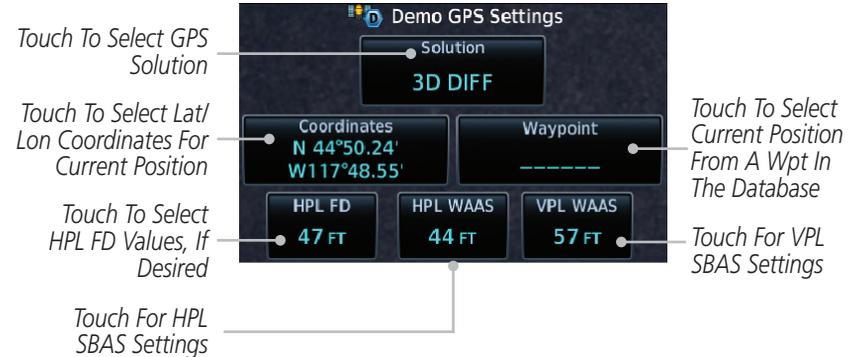
Figure 18-8 Demo Mode GPS Settings

5. Touch the **Nav** key to reach the Demo Navigation Settings page.

Touch To Select Vertical Speed

Touch To Select Airspeed

Touch To Select Track Mode

Touch To Select Altitude
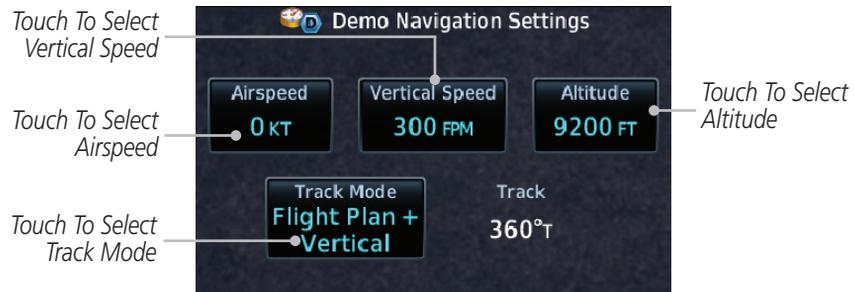
Figure 18-9 Demo Mode Navigation Settings

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6. Touch the **Date/Time** key to reach the Demo Date/Time Settings page.

Touch To Set Date

Touch To Set Time
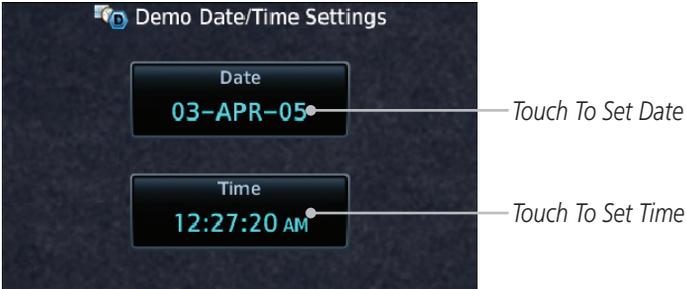
Figure 18-10 Demo Mode Date/Time Settings

7. After completing the settings for Demo mode, touch the **HOME** key or **Back** key to get started with operating the GTN.

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18.4 Glove Qualification Procedure

This procedure is used to qualify a specific glove for use with the GTN system by guiding the user through a variety of tasks that use the touchscreen. Due to differences in finger size, glove size, and touchscreens between the 6XX or 7XX unit, the qualification granted by this procedure is specific to the pilot/glove and 6XX or 7XX combination. GTN 6XX and 7XX units must be evaluated separately.

The GTN touchscreen uses capacitive touch technology to sense the proximity of skin to the display. A glove increases the distance between skin and the display glass and may reduce the ability of the GTN to detect touches. Therefore, when selecting a glove for use with the GTN, thinner gloves tend to work better than thicker gloves. Leather gloves and gloves designed to work specifically with capacitive touchscreen devices are often found to be acceptable. Additionally, altering your touch technique to use the pad of your finger to touch the unit rather than the tip will increase the touchscreen sensitivity while using gloves.

This qualification must be completed on the ground. Performing this procedure in flight is not authorized. Table 18-1 contains tasks that are required to qualify a glove. Table 18-2 contains tasks that are not required to qualify a glove, but may limit the manner in which some functions are accessed while a glove is worn.

1. Sit in the pilot's seat.

2. Start the GTN in Demo mode by pressing and holding the **Direct To** key during power up.

3. Perform the tasks listed in Table 18-1 and Table 18-2 with an non-gloved hand. You do not need to record any results for this step.

4. Perform the tasks listed in Table 18-1 and Table 18-2 with a gloved hand. For each task, determine whether the operation is the same or worse as it was without the glove. Record the results in Table 18-1 and Table 18-2. Items that may cause the operation to be worse include, but are not limited to:

    a. Multiple attempts to select a key

    b. Unintentional selection of adjacent keys

    c. Excessive force on the touchscreen to select a key

5. If all applicable tasks in Table 18-1 respond in the same way with and without a glove then the glove used to complete these tasks may be used by the pilot who performed this evaluation on the unit (6XX or 7XX) that was used during this procedure.

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Pilot: _____

Glove Description: _____

GTN (circle one): 6XX or 7XX

Task	Operation With Glove (circle one)	
Navigate to the Home Screen.	NA	
Touch the **Demo** key.	Same	Worse
Touch the **GPS** key.	Same	Worse
Touch the **Waypoint** key.	Same	Worse
Type "KSLE" using the touchscreen, then touch **Enter.**	Same	Worse
Navigate to the Home Screen (Press **HOME**).	NA	
Touch the **Flight Plan** key.	Same	Worse
Enter the following waypoints using the **Add Waypoint** key at the bottom of the list of flight plan waypoints: KSLE KMMV KONP BTG	Same	Worse
Select BTG, then touch the **Load Airway** key to load the following airway: V23 ALFOR.	Same	Worse
While viewing the flight plan page, touch the **Up/Down** arrow keys to scroll up and down to view the flight plan waypoints.	Same	Worse
Touch the **Back** key to return to the Home screen.	Same	Worse
Touch the COM standby frequency to activate the com frequency entry keypad (Task applicable to 635/650/750 only).	Same	Worse
Enter a valid com frequency and touch the **Enter** key (635/650/750 only).	Same	Worse
Touch the active com frequency to flip/flop the com frequencies. (635/650/750 only).	Same	Worse

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Task	Operation With Glove (circle one)	
Touch the active nav frequency to flip/flop the nav frequencies (750 only).	Same	Worse
Touch the **Menu** key (650 only).	Same	Worse

Table 18-2 Tests Required for Glove Qualification

Task	Operation With Glove (circle one)	
Navigate to the flight plan page.	NA	
While viewing the flight plan page, touch the list and drag up/down to view the flight plan waypoints.	Same	Worse
While viewing the flight plan page, touch and flick the list to view the flight plan waypoints.	Same	Worse
Navigate to the map page.	NA	
Touch the Map to enter Pan mode, then touch the **Graphically Edit FPL** key.	Same	Worse
Remove KONP from the flight plan graphically by touching KONP and dragging it to an area without any waypoints (Pan and zoom in/out as necessary to accomplish the task).	Same	Worse
Insert KSPB between KMMV and BTG by dragging the leg between KMMV and BTG to KSPB.	Same	Worse

Table 18-3 Tests Not Required for Glove Qualification

18.5 Telligence Voice Command Qualification Procedure

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In order to enable voice command functionality crew members must successfully perform and complete 17/20 (85%) voice commands in the Telligence aircraft qualification procedure. Crew members must be comfortable speaking into an aviation headset and proficient in English.

Voice Command Guidelines

NOTE: If a voice command is uninterpretable, verify the system is performing the intended action or displaying the desired data. If the system does not recognize a command, use the touchscreen to execute the function. The GTN Voice Command History details all commands performed.

- Position the headset MIC approximately 1/8-inch from mouth, align with bottom lip to avoid breath sounds in the microphone.

- Speak conversationally.

- Annunciate clearly.

- Speak in a normal tone and volume.

- Speak at a normal cadence (not too quickly or slowly).

- Pause briefly between activation of the PTC switch and when speaking the voice command.

- Review the commands prior to performing the qualification.

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Voice Command Instructions

1. Press and hold the Push to Command (PTC) switch.
2. Speak the entire command into the headset MIC.
3. Release the "PTC" switch.
   - A positive tone (low-to-high) indicates a command is successfully executed. (i.e., page changed, radio tuned, MIC selected, etc.)
   - A negative tone (high-to-low) indicates the command is either unrecognizable or it's an invalid request.

Successful Command Example

If "show approaches page" is spoken and the approach selection page displays immediately then a positive tone will sound.

Unsuccessful Command Example

If "show map page" is spoken and the traffic page is displayed then a negative tone sounds.

Telligence Voice Command Qualification Procedure

Speak the unbold phrase if the voice command in this procedure is not applicable to the aircraft's configuration. If the total number of successful commands is less than 17 the voice commands must be disabled in configuration mode. This procedure is to be completed on the ground with the engine running.

Example: If the requirement states a COM radio is required, but your GTN does not a have a COM radio, use the unbold command.

1. Start the GTN and acquire a GPS position.
2. Conduct the voice commands in sequential order while wearing an aviation headset. If necessary, a command can be attempted twice.
3. When the command is successful check the box next to the command.

□ **SHOW Flight Plan PAGE**

  *** Manually enter a flight plan with a towered airport as the destination ***

□ **SHOW Trip Planning PAGE**

□ * **TUNE Nearest Ground** or SHOW Nearest Airport PAGE

□ * **TUNE Nearest ATIS** or SHOW Nearest Weather Frequency PAGE

□ † **TOGGLE COM 2** or SAY Distance

□ **SHOW Map PAGE**

□ **ZOOM OUT**

□ **SAY Distance to Destination**

□ **SHOW Flight Timers PAGE**

□ † **SELECT COM 2** or SAY ETA at Destination

□ **SAY Active Waypoint**

□ **CREATE Waypoint Here**

□ * **TUNE Destination Tower** or SHOW Destination Runways PAGE

□ ‡ **SHOW Traffic PAGE** or SHOW Nearest PAGE

□ **SHOW Procedures PAGE**

□ **SHOW V-CALC PAGE**

□ **SHOW Current Time**

□ **SAY Desired Track**

□ **BACK**

□ **SHOW Voice Command History Page**

  * A GTN COM radio is required.

  † Two COM radios connected to the GMA are required.

  ‡ Traffic capability is required on the GTN.

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